FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, AUGUST 19, 1937

Facing Both Ways

PREMIER WILLIAM ABERHARTT talks one way and legislates another. What he says is that the Alberta Government has no intention of interfering with the general business of banking, and that dictatorial methods will not be used by his administration. He says also that Albertans and their government have no intention whatever of separating themselves from the Dominion. He says further that the banks would suffer no loss in cooperating with the Government of Alberta.

What he proposes under the actual banking legislation adopted at the gagements. recent session of the Legislature, is that the Alberta Government be given control of bankers in Alberta through its Social Credit Board, and that bank managers and employees be required to take out licenses. Read in connection out some time ago by The Daily Mail, irrigation proves the co-operative tion with the recent letters explaining policy to Social Credit members of the Legislature and the letter to Canadian bankers, the Premier's protestations do not square with the facts. He intends to interfere most flagrantly While the board is awful and not in with the sound credit operations of the banks and to force the extension of it with the Queen Hotel, for incredit to all Alberta citizens at the rate of \$25 a month. He-intends to do that or all the laws and the letters of explanation have been dust to throw in the eyes of electors and are meant to hide the paucity of the Government's accomplishments

The Premier and his Minister of Municipal Affairs, Hon. Lucien Maynard, should get together before making public statements as to what the policy really is. Hon. Lucien Maynard is quoted in despatches from Alberta ting away to a bad start. as saying that the banks could "close up and get out" if they refuse to do what the Government wants them to do; that is, place the depositors' money at the disposal of the Socail Credit Board for payment of a monthly dividend of \$25 a month to each adult.

Hon, Lucien Maynard is credited with being a very shrewd politician. That being so, what is one to think of the thoughts which such a man keeps in reserve when he says in a public speech that "it is the duty of the Government to provide food, clothing and shelter for the people." Throughout the lepression and to this day every Canadian Government has been doing just that for all those who have been in need of them. But it is acting for the rest of the people of Canada who pay more taxes out of their earnings and productive activities, and it is doing this as a temporary but regrettable measure until every adult has a chance to improve his condition by "his own" efforts. Governments have a duty to preserve peace, law and order for those who are the real providers of food, clothing and shelter; that is, for the producers and workers of Canada and their dependents.

One of the encouraging by-products of the latest legislative attempt to try out economic lunacy in AAlberta is that the newspaper press of Canada, including that of Alberta, is almost a unit in condemning the irresponsible legislation enacted by the recent Alberta Legislature in an obvious attempt to embroil Province and Dominion in a jurisdictional squabble.

Provincial rights has been a rallying cry for generations, and sometimes with real reason, in Provincial campaigns. But it also has often been used as a herring drawn across the trail when a Government felt public support falling away and wished to divert attention from its record. But the attempt has never been so flagrant or so absurd as the one just made by the Aberhart Government. It is time that the people of every Province should make it plain that above Provincial or any other kind of rights stand the rights of individual citizens, and that other rights are valid so long as they aid jaunty officers when they go out to stated that Tommy Farr would be a most the general public. When Provincial politicians ignore the terms of Confederation and deliberately take rights which were given to the Dominion Parliament and Government by the British North America Act, they are committing a crime against the unity of Canada. If they want the Confederation pact amended, the proper way is to place their case before the Royal Commission just constituted by Ottawa with the Hon. Newton Rowell

Every citizen of Canada has cause to value his citizenship both in Dominion and Province, but he gets the greatest benefit from his dual citizenship when Provincial and Dominion Governments and law-making bodies do their proper work within their allotted sphere. These governments should be a team playing for the good of all Canadians, and wherever there arises a doubt as to the position and powers and duties of any player in what team, the Supreme Court and the Privy Council are available to pass upon any reference to them.

The greatest weakness of the Alberta legislation is that it proposes to do away with the umpire—an umpire who is provided to meet just occasions. Premier King's request that the umpire should decide before action takes place under the startling and unprecedented laws just enacted at a psecial session, is reasonable and conciliatory. Premier Aberhart states that he is dumbfounded that such a reques should be made. No other Canadian of experience was surprised, and even Mr. Aberhart seems to be dumbfounded more for public consumption than otherwise. The whole absurd affair is one more sign that the Social Credit experiment is now on its way to its predestined and final doom

"To Err Is Human"

IN the hurry of turning out a daily paper mistakes are inevitable, but apparently no other mistakes are so unforgivable. Let a name be misspelled or wrong initials given and there is vigorous protest. Much of this kind of news comes in by telephone, and many voices are notoriously indistinct. The public speaker claims he is misquoted, when, as a matter of fact, the paper's report indicates what he did say, perhaps in a moment of carelessness or departure from his text.

But not all mistakes are in the press. TheGananoyue Reporter, prompted perhaps by experience, has been looking into this business of getting things wrong, and here is what it has discovered:-

An editor, who had his attention called to a misttake in one of his columns, didn't feel so aggrieved when he recalled that on the same day there was a letter in his postoffice box that did not belong to him; he called 98 on the telephone and got 198; he called for a spool of No. 50 thread and got a spool of No. 60; he got his milk bill and there was a mistake of ten cents in the company's favor; he felt sick and the doctor told him that he was eating too much meat, when he hadn't tasted meat for two months; the preacher turned in his church notes with ihe name of the society president mis-spelled, and the editor got the blame for it; the garage man said this car was missing because it needed a new timer, and he cleaned the spark-plugs and the flivver has run fine ever since. And no doubt you can pick out a few more that oculd not be blamed on the editor.

While the press is not seeking exoneration for the mistakes it makes, there is some satisfaction in knowing that it is not a solitary offender against accuracy. The trouble that follows is because so many people are watching for errors in the paper; leager to protest, while there is no public interest in a wrong telephone number, an incorrect bill for the milk, or a foolish diagnosis of what is wrong with the flivver, or the physical structure of its owner. These are affairs for the individual, while what a paper prints appears to be everybody's business. After all, why shouldn't it be?

SNAPSHOTS

The members of the City Council and several smaller projects. and of the Board of Trade who were preparing the civic reception for the Acadians from New England had all o all this trouble. Once having made strained a point to keep their en-

Owing to improvements made at that institution is now doing a rushing business. There is a large increase in the number of boarders. stance, none of the boarders leave until they are requested to do so.

New Brunswick did not get much the Royal Commission. This province was passed over when the members were selected. This is get-

There are two kinds of co-eds: hose woh are class conscious, and those who are conscious of class.

It may be just a coincidence, but you'll notice when the world is a

As we understand it, the idea of ocial security is to care for everybody except those who are too poor to make trouble.

up more about electricity.

There are 2,000,000 boys and girls playing in school bands. Sometimes ticing at the same time.

wcoden dummy whose voice on the conditions in Alberta. radio commands the greatest audi-

Just a few drops up seach nostril. VATRO NOL Quickly, breathing again becomes clear!

COST OF

(Continued from Page One) Pacific Railway in the southeast There are 27,500 acres under irrigation near Taber, also in the south,

There is no question but what irrigation will produce bumper wheat crops in the driest of years, such as their trouble for nothing. The visit- has been experienced recently, but ors evidently could not gather their the cost has been largely prohibitive different cars together for the return It cost farmers in the Lethbridge Whoever had the arranging of Northern area \$50 a year for water this trip for the Acadians, should rights per acre, plus \$5 a year for have made sure of his arrangements maintenance. The Province guaranbefore he put our local organizations teed the bonds to the extent of \$5,-000,000 and later was forced to go heir arrangements they should have deeper into the scheme. Today the Government is involved to the extent of \$10,000,000.

"The only solution appears to be to write this debt off," one informed the County Jail following the carding observer said. "The whole history of form is best. Where farmers run the scheme whemselves they will see rents are collected.'

On the other hand, farmers have harvested good crops where in six years others in the same year have not had a paying crop. It is predicted the best-paying crop since 1929 will be harvested on the Lethbridge of a look in for a start in regard to Northern scheme, with some yields running as high as forty bushels to the acre. Last year irrigated land gave an average of twenty-four bushels of wheat to the acre, as against six bushels elsewhere in the dis-

The Lethbridge Northern scheme has been of particlar benefit to the sugar-beet farmers, and some 20,000 acres is under cultivation this year, mess the ladies wear hats to match with prospects of a ten-ton per acre yield. More than 3,000 are sown to canning and seed pea and bean crops

MET LAST NIGHT Routine business occupied the at-

tention of the management of the Fredericton Exhibiton, Ltd., in its weekly meeting last night. Various Shocked by Wire, Says Abernart committees reported, and it was stat--Headline. He ought to have read ed this morning that everything is progressing satisfactorily for the opening of the event on Sept. 11.

ONTARIO, Aug. 19-Premier Aberhart speaking yesterday at a Social you think you hear them all prac- Credit picnic stated that he and his government would continue to further the work of the Social Credit Move is on to organize all radio system which he claims has been the actors. The leader might be that only possible remedy under existing

NEW YORK, Aug. 19-Max Schmeling, German heavyweight completed his fifth trans-Atlantic cross War-mad Japan is reversing the ing yesterday. He conferred with old adage and beating its plowshares Uncle Mike Jacobs about his fight into swords to be carried by her with Joe Louis. The German fighter walkover for the brown bomber.

> ROME, Aug. 19-Military manoe uvres in Sicily have ended. Mussolini in a speech said that invasion of Sic ily was impossible. However, the Italian premier stated that the military would further be strengther ed. The King of Sicily reviewed the troops today and tomorrow Mussolini is to make a speech.

Here's that Fast "Phillips" Way

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ATLANTIC

(Continued from Page One)

andings alone were valued at slighty more than \$2,570,000 on the marcet, but all four Atlantic provinces share in the lobster fishery. Like the sardine, the lobster is largely dried, used for canning, and Canadian canned lobster rates high in export markets as well as within the Dominion, but in recent years a big bus- 1936 landings were not so very far iness in live lobsters has been de short of accounting for half of the veloped with the United States.

Cod \$3,000,000 Fish

though the trade has suffered in re- meal and oil.

Capitol \

CLAIRE TREVOR CESAR ROMERO

Added Attraction

Killers, kidnappers, crooks they scurried like rats before this six-foot whirlwind of wild-cat and whipcord astride a streak of horseflesh.

'EMPTY SADDLES'

HERE MON., AUES., WED. NEXT WEEK

with Jean Muir-Barton MacLane

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

"DRAE GERMAN COURAGE"

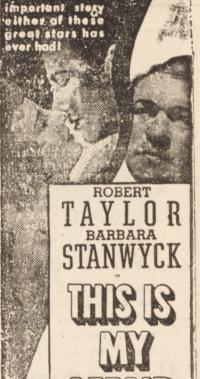
cent times as a result of the unsettled conditions in many export mar- Musical: "Dancing On the Ceiling"

Haddock came next after sardines in Atlantic marketed value last year when the catch was worth only a few dollars less than \$1,291,000. By far the greater part of the Dominion's landings of haddock comes from Nova Scotia waters. Most of the fish are sold fresh but some of them are smoked-finnan haddie are smoked haddock-some are canned, some

New Brunswick tops the Atlantic provinces in herring catch and its!

herring marketed value for the coast as a whole. In other words, the coast The cod stands next to the lobster value total was \$1,190,500 and New mong Atlantic fisheries products, Brunswick's share of the catch was so far as annual marketed value is worth close to \$506,600. Atlantic concerned. As a matter of fact, until herring are sold fresh, canned, smoka comparatively few years ago the ed, kippered, and pickled, and they cod was in first place. The 1936 are also used for making fish meal catch amounted in value to \$3,299,100 and oil. British Columbia's herring in round figures. Codfish is market- catch, by the way, is ordinarily larged in a number of different forms, er than that of the Atlantic provin but, mainly, fresh and dried. Can- ces. It is used mainly in prepar ada has done a big export business in ing drysalted fish for shiument to dried cod for a great many years, the Orient and in the manufacture of

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