

THE DAILY MAIL

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1938

TREATY PAYMENTS

SHORTLY after Confederation, the Indians ceded their title to the vast areas east of the Rocky Mountains to the Dominion government and in return were to receive annual gifts of cash with promises of assistance in agriculture, hunting, education and protection. The Indians were given special tracts of land known as reserves where they could hunt, fish and learn to farm. The coast Indians of British Columbia were also given reserves but no attempt to take away their title has been made and in the meantime they have become an important labour factor in the fisheries of the Fraser and Skeena Rivers.

The people on the reserves, estimated at around 123,000 in 1931, earn over six million dollars a year. In addition the Dominion holds in trust on their behalf something like fourteen million dollars, while schooling and numerous other services are given free. Fifty thousand of the Indians receive pensions under the terms of various treaties, the earliest being made in 1850 and the latest in 1930. The payment of these annuities, which amount to four or five dollars a head a year, is always made the subject of a definite ritual.

Early in February, notices are sent out notifying the Indians to gather at various points at a certain date to receive their annuity. Then a party of government officials starts out in seaplanes to cover a certain territory. For instance, the group covering Treaty 9 journeys across New Ontario, travelling from Ottawa to Fort Severn, Moose Factory and into Quebec to Nemaska and Neeskewesau, a total distance of some 4,000 miles.

In addition to making payments, questions regarding education, relief and numerous difficulties have to be investigated. The doctor is kept busy vaccinating, inoculating, examining and treating patients from the year before and others who have developed sickness or disease since his last visit.

Figures published by the Vital Statistics Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for 1935 show that there were over 4,000 little papooses born but over 600 of them died before they were one year old. Altogether more than 2,400 Indians died in 1935; seven old ladies and four old men were over 100 years old.

WHO WERE THE CANADIAN SOLDIERS?

WE CANNOT forget the slaughtering of 60,000 of our young Canadians in the Great War nor the maiming of an additional 173,000. It does not make a hate other nations for they, too, lost heavily in man power, but it does force us to realize that men can be made to hate each other. But when the cosmopolitan nature of Canada's war dead is considered, we know that different races, creeds, and tongues can live as brothers.

Canada is a land of many racial origins. The Census Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics gives 23 racial origins in Canada. The largest group is British, then French, German, Scandinavian and Ukrainian follow in order. When the war broke out, these various races rallied to the flag of their adopted land.

There were 156,000 English-born, 47,000 Scots, 36,000 Americans, 19,000 Irish, 5,000 Welsh and 3,000 Newfoundlanders. The enlistment in Canada of 1,200 Anstralians, 1,100 from British India, and 3,000 others from British South Africa, New Zealand, British Guiana, Tasmania, Fiji, Hong Kong, Isle of Man, Malta, the Falkland Islands and Aden, was rather remarkable. Among the recruits were men from most of the islands of the West Indies and others from seventy-five outlying spots in British Africa, along with 350 natives of South American countries, who claimed British ancestry.

In addition to the Empire-born and the American-born, there were 23,000 natives of continental Europe in the Canadian army. There were over 7,000 Russian-born and close to 6,000 Scandinavians, 2,000 from Austria-Hungary, 2,000 from Italy, 1,500 natives of France, 1,300 Belgians, 400 Roumanians, 400 Greeks and 260 Servians. Most remarkable of all was the line-up of 245 natives of Germany. Eight of the German-born and eight of the Austrian-born were officers. Every country in Europe was represented in the Canadian army. There were over one hundred Turks.

There were 700 Asiatics, 280 being natives of Japan and over one hundred natives of China. There were some from Arabia, Bhutan, Cochinchina, Siam, Siberia, Manchuria, India, Ceylon, Afghanistan, Persia and the Straits Settlements. There were thirty-two Africans.

CENSORSHIP GONE WILD

AT INTERVALS there appears further evidence that Germany's dictatorial rulers do not trust a suppressed people, and that is natural enough. No element of humanity submits entirely to government according to the whim of absolute rulers. Outwardly, dictators may appear secure; but, though it dare not become vocal, there is a strong feeling of resentment, and this must be curbed.

Hence the censorship of any spoken or written views that might encourage this dumb but rebellious element. But censorship in Germany has reached its most extreme and ridiculous form in the banning of a collection of speeches by former Premier Baldwin of Britain and President Roosevelt of the United States. These are branded as "undesirable literature."

The English-speaking section of humanity is fairly familiar with addresses delivered by these two outstanding leaders. Both are democrats; both speak the language of the common people. And isn't Germany full of common people? There's the point; and they must be kept down, remain voiceless. There could be no disputing, even in Germany, Earl Baldwin's statement in one address that "government, of whatever kind, tends more and more to influence the lives of the people." But what follows is different; "And if the liberty of the individual is to be preserved it is vital that the individual should know what is going on, should form his own opinions, should give his judgment, for that is the foundation of orderly, democratic government."

SNAP SHOTS

The members of the Board of Trade who skipped the annual meeting for the hockey game are sorry that they did attend the meeting instead. They would have got more kick out of it.

The town of Marysville deserves credit for the conduct of its town affairs. It had a good surplus for 1937.

It looks as if New Brunswick would have two new Supreme Court Judges within the next few months. We know two prominent Fredericton lawyers who should have the positions. They are each qualified and each have claims upon the party.

Believing that they know more about the other man's game than the man knows himself is the reason that so many otherwise wise men lose so much money in the stock market.

Being poor requires no struggle. The hard part is being poor and trying to live like the rich.

In France at the present time it is much easier to get rid of a Government than to form one.

The public should be assured that any delay in filling the six Senate vacancies is not because of lack of applicants.

One thing, at least, can be said for the so-called designing woman. Man usually furnishes the blue print.

Three Winnipeggers failed to convince a Magistrate that the alcohol found in their home was for toothache, and were fined \$200 apiece making no doubt whatever about the headache.

To determine just how much alcohol it requires to make a man drunk, or, falling short of drunkenness, to be less efficient in driving a car, is a problem as difficult as that of the Sophists: How many stones make a heap?

All members of the League of German Girls must learn housekeeping, according to the latest Nazi decree. Housekeeping learned under compulsion is sometimes hard on those in the immediate neighborhood.

FOR BABY

"Safety First"
Five generations of babies have been kept clean, fresh, fragrant, and free from skin troubles by the use of

BABY'S OWN SOAP
Best for Baby Soap for You

Canada 1938

The Official Handbook of Canada, which is just off the press, covers the present situation in the Dominion from Atlantic to Pacific, the weight of emphasis being placed on those aspects which are currently of most importance. All phases of the country's economic organization are dealt with and statistics are brought up to the latest possible moment. The text is accompanied by a wealth of illustrative matter which adds to the interest of the subjects treated. There are also two photographic inserts.

The economic survey is covered in nineteen chapters dealing with population, production, internal and external trade, transportation, education, etc., and an Introduction which reviews succinctly the world situation and conditions in Canada up to the time of going to press.

The feature article this year deals with the Trans-Canada Airway and its relation to the world's airway system. It is accompanied by a carefully prepared insert map printed in colour which adequately illustrates the subject. There is also a special section on the progress of prairie farm rehabilitation.

The price of the publication is 25 cents per copy, which charge covers merely the cost of paper and actual press work. A special price concession has been authorized in the case of teachers, bona fide students, and ministers of religion, since past experience has shown that considerable use has been made of this publication for educational purposes, and it is the policy of the Minister to encourage such use. To such individuals, therefore, the price is set at ten cents for one copy. Postage stamps are not acceptable, and applications must be accompanied by a postal note or by the appropriate coin enclosed between two squares of thin cardboard gummed together at the edges.

Application should be addressed to the King's Printer, Government Printing Bureau, Ottawa, Canada, and, since the supply is strictly limited for both the 25-cent and 10-cent classes, early application is suggested.

COLLECTION

(Continued from Page Eight)
will file papers for re-election in Ward Four.

Reduce Debt

In presenting the financial statement, Ald. Pettigrove showed the current account surplus to be the first in seven years and the largest in the history of the town. Assets of the town were placed at \$67,397.97, and outstanding municipal bonds \$27,000. The bonded indebtedness of the community was reduced by \$1,000 during 1937. All financing was done through current accounts until 1934. Ald. Pettigrove stated, when a bond issue of \$22,000 was floated. This is now reduced to \$20,000.

Total tax collections, including those in arrears, were slightly over the total assessment during 1937, he said. As an indicator of business conditions in the town, he pointed out that \$1,918.74 was collected in tax

OUR MAIL BAG

OUR "HOCKEY" TEAM

Editor, The Daily Mail,
Fredericton, N. B.,
Dear Sir,—The Fredericton hockey team known as the Capitals, with the Big Bill Gill as coach, expect the support of the hockey fans, but when they put on an exhibition of hockey that was in evidence last night with the Saint Croix team we wonder why the Capitals should expect any support whatever from the hockey fans in Fredericton. High School and Grade VIII children can put on a better grade of hockey than was seen here last night.

Yours truly,
HOCKEY FAN.

CONFEDERATION

(Continued from Page One)
vault, whose combinations are known not only by one, two or three, but by a whole array of officials and politicians familiar with the safety devices for unlocking the doors. Surely public opinion should be more attentively on guard and surely a new series of combinations should be worked out in the national interest. During the present fiscal year Dominion taxation alone will approach the staggering amount of \$450 million. This is the highest on record and is about 10 per cent greater than in the boom year 1928-29. As our national income is only about three-quarters of its 1928-29 level, the increased burden on Canadian business can be appreciated.

"One of the main reasons why we are faced with unbalanced budgets and unwarranted taxation has been the constant constitutional strife between the federal and provincial governments. These learned and legal disputations, both before the Supreme Court and the Privy Council, have involved a senseless expenditure on the drafting of useless enactments, in the hearing of test cases and the carrying on of court proceedings and have brought about duplicate services, which might have been better left to one unit of government.

"Is it not high time, therefore, for Canadians to set up again the banner

arrears in 1935; \$3,400.09 in 1936, and \$5,462.53 last year.

If the suggestion of Mayor Long is acted upon, a mass meeting of the citizens of Marysville will be called in the near future so that their reaction as to the employment of a district nurse may be ascertained.

To eliminate the dust nuisance, Alderman Charles Finnmore suggested that George, Water, Morrison, Bridge and Allen streets on the eastern side of the river be paved next summer. The matter will be recommended to the incoming council with the suggestion that the work might be paid for out of current revenue.

Capitol

NOW PLAYING

GENE AUTRY

THRILLS
as big as the West!
ACTION
as exciting as a six-gun!
MUSIC
as lively as a bronco!

BOOTS AND SADDLES

With Smiley Burnette, Judith Allen, Ra Hould

ADDED ATTRACTION
A GREAT DRAMA OF
NEWSPAPER LOVE!

A GIRL WITH IDEAS

with
WENDY BARRIE, WALTER PIGEON, KENT TAYLOR, DOROTHEA KENT, GEORGE BARBIER

HERE MONDAY:

"She Asked For It"
with William Gargan Orien Heyward

Annual Meeting

The Annual Meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty will be held on

Friday afternoon at
Four o'clock, Jan. 21st
in the City Hall

JEANNETTE BEVERLY,
Secretary-Treasurer.

of economic consolidation and unity? Should we not frustrate the momentum of the centrifugal forces at work in our land and check any movement toward dissolving the Confederation? The march of the provincial legions has tended to obliterate the guiding footprints of the Fathers and we have lost the trail. It is perhaps not too ardent a wish that the present Rowell Commission will be successful in restoring the old orientation of public thinking and action in Canada.

ROBICHEAU

(Continued from Page One)
to a hangman—and he will—then he must pay the cost of the hanging out of his own pockets. However, it was learned today that the municipality will reimburse him.

Those who are required to be present at the execution when it takes place, are the sheriff, charged with the execution, the jailer, medical officer or surgeon of the jail, and such other officers of the prison, and such persons as the sheriff requires. Others who will be permitted to attend are any justices of the district, county or place to which the prison belongs and such relatives of the prisoner or other persons as it seems to the sheriff proper to admit within the prison for the purpose, and any minister of religion who desires to attend.

William A. Ross, who was one of the crown prosecutors, stated this morning that the attorney general had instructed him to lay no charge against Frances Ward, girl friend of Robicheau, who is at present in the General Hospital. Miss Ward has been released but she will be in the hospital about two more weeks.

Frances Ward
A girl on a hospital cot was listening to a musical program on a radio loaned her by a nurse.

There was a lull in the program—then a new announcer's crisp voice. William Robicheau, the news announcer said, had been found guilty of the murder of Aaron N. Cohen and sentenced to hang.

The girl burst into sobs and buried her face in her hands. That was how 23 year old Frances Ward got word in the General Hospital that Robicheau, her 24 year old sweetheart, had been condemned to die on the gallows, April 20.

"She felt it very keenly," Mrs. Wilfred Hawkes of the Salvation Army, who has visited Miss Ward daily for the last fortnight, related.

Mrs. Hawkes was with the girl a short time afterward, endeavoring to comfort her. Tense nerves eased by a sedative, Frances Ward joined Mrs. Hawkes in prayer.

"She is stronger physically, notwithstanding her grief," Mrs. Hawkes said. "She is bearing up very well and is receiving every care and attention. The nurses are very kind to her. She is deriving comfort from her religion too. She was a Sunday school teacher before coming to St. John."

The girl came from the little village of St. Francis, in Kent County.

Gaiety

NOW PLAYING

GREAT!



... because it's a triumph of spectacle!

... because it touches your heart!

... because in stars, production, thrills it's even mightier than "Mutiny on the Bounty"!

RUDYARD KIPLING'S

CAPTAINS COURAGEOUS
with
Freddie BARTHOLOMEW
Spencer TRACY
Lionel BARRYMORE
Melvyn DOUGLAS
A VICTOR FLEMING

Here Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday
Next Week—
"THE GOOD EARTH"
—with—
PAUL MUNI — LUISE RAINER

NOTICE OF SALE

To the Administrator of the Estate of Annie M. Griffiths, late of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, Married Woman, deceased; and to Benjamin J. Griffiths, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, Merchant; and to all others whom it may in any wise concern:

Public Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in The Property Act, and under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Leasehold Mortgage bearing date the twentieth day of January, A. D. 1919, made between the said Annie M. Griffiths, wife of Benjamin J. Griffiths, of the City of Fredericton in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, Merchant, and the said Benjamin J. Griffiths, of the one part, and Margaret Grieves, of the City of Fredericton in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, Spinster, of the other part, and duly recorded in York County Records in Book 170, pages 49-52, under official number 69278, the twentieth day of January, A. D. 1919, there will, for the purpose of obtaining payment of the moneys secured by the said Indenture, default having been made in the payment thereof, be sold at Public Auction in front of the Post Office in the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, on Saturday, the twenty-sixth day of February, A. D. 1938, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the lands and premises mentioned and described in the said Indenture of Leasehold Mortgage as follows:

"All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate and being in the City of Fredericton in the County of York, known as Lot Number 385 in 'Block 24 of the Town Plat of Fredericton, fronting on the northeastern side of George Street."

Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging, or in any manner appertaining.

Dated this 21st day of December, A. D. 1937.
(Sgd.) ETHEL M. STEEVES,
Sole Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Margaret Grieves, deceased, Mortgagee.
Hanson, Dougherty & West,
Solicitors, Fredericton, N. B.

Rosebud
always "clicks"
with me!

Rosebud treats a man right. It gives the cooler, sweeter, better smoke he's sure to enjoy. If you're keen for fragrance and satisfying mildness, pack Rosebud in your pipe bowl, touch a light to it and you'll agree with a host of Maritime men who say that "Rosebud 'clicks' with me!"

ROSEBUD
Cut smoking tobacco

THE MARITIME SMOKE