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## CZECHOSLOVAKIANS ARE CONCERNED OVER SUDETEN GERMANS' LATEST DEMANDS

### After Four Year Plan Austrians Can Decide Choice Of System

Increased Production and Shipping, Development Of Natural Resources and Elimination Of Jews

#### SCHUSCHNIGG'S FAKE PLEBISCITE AIRED

#### R. C. Bishops Urge Loyalty to Nazi Government

VIENNA, March 28—Announcing a four-year plan in which Austria will participate with Germany, Field Marshal Hermann Goering, Chancellor Hitler's right hand man and head of the German self-sufficiency campaign today presented plans for amalgamation of Austro-German industry on a scale that took Austria's breath away.

In a conference with his economic lieutenants, Goering approved a scheme for reopening the long-closed airplane factory at Wiener Neustadt, near Vienna.

The plans, disclosed in Goering's Saturday address and brought closer to realization today, embrace increased production in agriculture, hydro-electricity development, mining, armament, chemistry and a stepping up of shipping and communications.

Goering, campaigning for 100 per cent approval in the April 10 plebiscite of Austrian union with Germany, warned Jews in his Saturday speech they must get out of Austria, declaring:

"Vienna is not a German city because 300,000 Jews live here. Vienna must become German again. The Jew must know we do not care to live with him. He must go."

Goering said the court would consider the circumstances of "former Chancellor von Schuschnigg's fake plebiscite plan," and announced with a derisive fling at the Hapsburgs that the Monarchist movement is forever dead. He said National Socialism has no desire to destroy the Church or religion but warned "there will be no compromise if religion meddles in politics."

Goering was not specific as to whether von Schuschnigg himself might face trial. However, he promised a court airing of the cloudy political developments between the Feb. 12 Berchtesgaden conference of von Schuschnigg's announcement of the plebiscite which was to have been held March 13.

The crowd greeted every reference to von Schuschnigg with noisy derision. It made its greatest demonstration (Continued on Page Four)



H. C. MOTT, F.R.A.I.C., Architect and Engineer of Saint John, N. B., who has been elected Vice-President of the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada, at the annual meeting held in Montreal recently

### MONCTON COUNCIL ASKED TO ENDORSE AIRPORT AGREEMENT

MONCTON, N. B., March 28—At a special meeting of the City Council's committee of the whole of the City of Moncton which was called over the week-end by Mayor W. E. McMonagle a proposed agreement was submitted whereby an airport to the cost of five hundred thousand dollars will be erected by the department in collaboration with the City of Moncton which would become the eastern terminus of Trans-Canada Airways. The agreement awaits the endorsing of the reg-

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### Wigs On The Green

IT SEEMS THAT there is at the present time fat in the fire over the matter of the salary of the Secretary of the Board of Trade. The fat has been in the fire for several days, smouldering quietly, but it is now beginning to blaze up. It is understood that a request for a general meeting of the Board will be presented to the President of the Board, E. C. Atkinson, so that the matter can be thrashed out. There will be wigs on the green at the coming meeting if one is to judge by the remarks of influential citizens who belong to the Board. These citizens, and some of them include the best backers of the Board, resent a recent action taken by a small portion of the executive regarding the Secretary's salary.

It appears that at a recent meeting of the Executive Council of the Board attended by six of the twenty-one members of the executive that a motion was made to reduce the salary of the secretary from twenty dollars per week to fifteen dollars per month plus a ten per cent. commission for collecting Board dues. A reduction from twenty dollars per week to fifteen dollars per month was a big jump and no man could be expected to live on the latter sum, so it looked as if this was one way of dismissing the secretary, but the latter hung on. It was also decided to do away with the office room occupied by the secretary in the Estey-Gurtis building for which the Board was paying eight dollars per month. All this was to go into effect on March first.

The executive of the Board claim that the move was justified because of the financial position of the Board. It is pointed out that out of less than one hundred and fifty members that about seventy did not pay their dues of five dollars each last year and that the city grant has to be used in connection with tourist and other matters. In short it is claimed that the Board cannot afford to pay nearly eleven hundred dollars per year salary and another hundred for an office.

It is contended on the other hand that the Secretary of the Board is one of the officers of the Board elected at a duly called annual meeting and that according to the constitution he cannot be removed by the executive. It is claimed that the executive grossly exceeded its power in passing any such an order in regard to either the salary or the office rent. One lawyer claims that it will not effect the secretary's collecting his salary nor the office people collecting their rent as the action of the executive "is of no force or effect," and that is a lot of baloney. It is said that while a couple of the members of the executive who were present were newly elected and did not know the set-up that others were familiar with the organization and should not have taken the action which they did without consulting the full Board.

There are those who believe that the secretary has been given a raw deal or that rather a raw deal has been attempted. On the other hand, the executive will probably present its side of the case at the general meeting to be called within the next few days. After all it is only right that these things should be discussed out in public, if the latter is to be expected to have confidence in the Board.

The Board of Trade should be one of the most important organizations in any city or town. Our Board has done, and is doing, excellent work. The Daily Mail has been one of the best boosters that the Board has ever had. We have no hesitation in saying that our boosting of the Board a few years ago, in a large measure helped to increase its membership three-fold, the present Secretary also did his part in this connection.

If the Board is to continue to succeed and we sincerely hope that it will, let it come right out in the open at regular meetings and discuss its affairs. In this connection let it take the press into its confidence. THE BOARD DOES NOT APPRECIATE THE ASSISTANCE WHICH IT HAS RECEIVED AND IS RECEIVING FROM THE PRESS. IF IT WERE NOT FOR THE PUBLICITY WHICH THE BOARD GETS FROM THE PRESS IT MIGHT JUST AS WELL CLOSE ITS DOORS. This fact may not be recognized by some of the younger members with lots of gall but no experience. It should, however, be appreciated by the older members from whom more is to be expected.

The point now is, what is the Board going to do for an office and a secretary? Can it do without an office and can it get a secretary for fifteen dollars per month?

### P. Muise's Services No Longer Required By The U. M. W.

NEW WATERFORD, N.S., March 28—Report is common from Union headquarters that P. G. (Paddy) Muise, a former vice-president of the United Mine Workers of America in District 26 and for the last year an international representative of the organization, has been notified by International President John L. Lewis that his services are no longer required. (Continued from Page Four)

### Col. House Advisor of Woodrow Wilson Dies

(Special to The Daily Mail)  
NEW YORK, March 28—Col. Edward House, died today aged seventy-nine. During the World War he was the personal advisor of President Woodrow Wilson. He was also his representative at the War Council at Versailles when the Armistice was signed. He stated a few months ago that a United States war could be averted by strengthening of the navy and merchant vessels.

### ITALIAN GOV'T. IS UNABLE ANSWER CORDELL HULL

Plea For Aid to Refugees Leaves Rome Embarrassed

ROME, March 28—The Italian Government appears to be acutely embarrassed by President Roosevelt's appeal for international co-operation to extend sanctuary to Austrian refugees.

After as full information as possible had been gathered from abroad, the American embassy here admitted that Ambassador William B. Phillips had seen Count Galeazzo Ciano on Thursday and that no definite reply had been received as yet. American officials who were asked why they had maintained the same secrecy as the Fascists and kept all knowledge of President Roosevelt's note from American correspondents replied that they thought it was confidential.

### Regional Drama Festival Opens Tonight

(Special to The Daily Mail)  
TORONTO, March 28—The central regional drama festival will open tonight at Hart House which has been sold out for a week. Three plays will be put on, "Maria Chapdelaine," "Half Baked Wager," and "The Old Maid."

### S.P.C.A. Manager For 48 Years Resigned

J. R. Innes has retired as secretary manager of the Canadian Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals after a 48-year association with that body. Ill-health forced his retirement. He was well-known to thousands of Montrealers.

### Henlein Takes Steps To Ensure Nazi Rights In Czechoslovakia

Czechs Number Less Than Half of Nation's Population and Coalition Said to be Not Permanent

#### OTHER SMALL MINORITIES IMPORTANT

Called To Leader's Colors Might Have Bearing On Result of Election

### \$30,000 FIRE AT SACKVILLE EARLY SUNDAY MORNING

SACKVILLE, March 28—The most disastrous fire experienced here for years took place yesterday shortly after midnight when damage to property estimated around \$30,000 resulted from a fire which broke out in the business section of Bridge street.

Four of the buildings burned today were owned by Mrs. W. Hamill Oulton. These included a store recently occupied by Charles S. Wigmore, containing some radio equipment; J. H. Mills' hardware store; C. H. Estabrooks' meat market and The Sackville Post printing plant.

The fifth building burned was that owned by W. T. Wood and occupied by Russell G. Ward's meat market. An adjoining building, also owned by Mr. Wood and occupied by Chapman's barber shop and the Arcady beauty shop, was badly damaged, as was these firms' equipment. (Continued on Page Four)

PRAHA, March 28—Czechs viewed with concern today the latest demand of Konrad Henlein, Czechoslovak Nazi leader, for new elections so that his Sudeten German followers might regain their 'rights.'

Czechs feared that if the government submitted to his demands for an election Henlein might attempt to rally all minorities, including more than 2,000,000 Slovaks, within the state to his colors.

As the minorities and Czech population are nearly evenly divided, a successful move of that nature would make Henlein dominant in a newly elected parliament, these circles said.

On the other hand, Henlein's challenge was interpreted in political circles as a sign he is willing to continue a 'policy of legality.' Henlein coupled with his demand an assertion that he controlled 1,600,000 votes and 81 seats in the parliament 55 in the chamber of deputies and 26 in the Senate.

In 1935, there were 8,200,000 ballots cast in Czechoslovakia. Through a coalition of Czechs and Slovaks the government has 163 of the 300 votes in the chamber.

Besides 3,500,000 Germans and 2,000,000 Slovaks among the 15,000,000 (Continued on Page Five)

## Retaliation Of United States Gov't As The Result Of Mexican Oil Seizure

### Washington Will Stop Purchase of Mexican Silver On April 1st

MEXICO CITY, March 28—President Lazaro Cardenas yesterday announced the United States had cancelled its purchases of Mexican silver effective April 1, in a move interpreted here as reprisal for Mexico's expropriation of her foreign oil industry.

(Treasury Secretary Morgenthau in Washington announced the United States treasury would discontinue silver purchases April 1 since the government had decided to "re-examine certain of its financial and commercial relationships with Mexico.")

Diplomatic sources said the effect of the asserted cancellation of Mexico's economy might be negligible for the time being, but was significant as indicative of a major shift of the policy of tolerance extended Cardenas's

three-year-old liberal regime by the United States government.

The United States treasury has been buying 5,000,000 ounces of newly mined Mexican silver each month, paying around \$2,500,000 for it at the artificially-maintained New York price which gave Mexico large profits.

The Mexican government took over the \$400,000,000 oil industry operated by 17 British and United States companies March 18. The drastic move followed refusal of the companies to comply with an arbitral award raising wages and other benefits of their 18,000 workers.

The fate of the Cardenas government was said to rest upon working out the difficult economic situation precipitated by the expropriation—a (Continued on Page Four)

### FORMER PREMIER'S BODY HAD BROKEN LEG AND BRUISES

TORONTO, March 28—The Ontario attorney-general's department received a report Saturday from Dr. E. R. Frankish, provincial medico-legal expert that an examination of the body of Hon. Walter Scott showed a fractured leg and extensive bruises.

The former Saskatchewan premier died Wednesday in Homewood Sanatorium, Guelph.

No decision has been made whether an inquest will be held.

### BATHURST PAPER NET SALES \$815,025, REPORTED IN FINANCIER

Against \$258,929 in 1936; Net Profit Up From \$47,372 to \$454,158

A late issue of The Financier contains the following item of special interest to the business people of the North Shore and the province generally:

Bathurst Power and Paper Co. Ltd. for the year ended December 31, 1937 shows a remarkable gain in net sales which amounted to \$815,025, compared with \$258,929 in 1936 and \$248,794 in 1935.

The gain in net profit for the year was even more spectacular at \$454,148 equivalent to \$1.18 on the 'A' stock, as against \$47,372, or \$0.12 per

share, in the previous year, and \$0.23 in 1935.

Working capital declined approximately \$300,000 to \$1,887,294, reflecting expenditures on new plant, betterment, etc., during the year. Plant account increased from \$6,780,887 to \$7,797,158.

EDMONTON, March 28—The Rowell Commission opened sessions here today. The Social Credit Government did not present a brief but a few weeks ago the Conservative leader moved the reversal of his decision.

### FEDERAL JURISDICTION OVER LOAN SHARKS IS CHALLENGED IN HOUSE

#### W. G. Clark, M.P., and Deputy Attorney General J. B. Dickson Heard From At Capital

OTTAWA, March 28—The Federal probe of ways and means to smash the loan shark business in Canada received its first major setback last week, as three Provinces, Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba, refused to concede the Dominion Government had full jurisdiction over small loan companies.

Opposition from the three central Provinces revealed a distinct division of opinion among the nine Provinces. Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Saskatchewan and Alberta have signified their willingness to surrender their authority to the Dominion. Prince Edward Island and British Columbia have not expressed their opinion.

Speaks for Ontario  
Hon. Gordon Conant, Attorney-General in the Hepburn Cabinet, spoke for Ontario today, and declared the Dominion should fix maximum interest

rates only, and he said his Province would legislate to control all other charges. He promised rigid enforcement of laws and full co-operation with the Dominion; but he said, extra charges on loans belonged under Provincial control of civil and property rights. He urged Ottawa to strengthen the statutory definition of a money lender.

The Ontario Attorney-General refused comment on a proposal that the Federal Government enact legislation, under ancillary powers provided in the Constitution and leave it to the courts to decide the legality of its action.

"We have refrained from asserting our jurisdiction because of opposition," Colonel Thomas Vien (Lib., Outremont) told the committee. "The only way to cut this Gordian Knot is (Continued on Page Four)