

## ANTHONY EDEN SEEN BY MANY AS CHAMPION OF BRITISH PRINCIPLE AND PRESTIGE

### N. B. Legislature Opened Here Today By Lieut-Governor

Third Session of Present House Gathered With Appropriate Ceremonies

#### BRILLIANT SCENE IN HOUSE

Important Legislation Is Forecast in the Speech From Throne This Afternoon

The third session of present Legislature was opened at three o'clock this afternoon by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor with the usual pomp and ceremony. His Honor read the Speech from the Throne.

Long before two o'clock the usual crowds including hundreds of students began to flock to Parliament Square. A large crowd entered the building and filled the gallery and corridors of the House and presented a brilliant and animated appearance. Sharply at three o'clock the fifteen gun salute was fired from two 18-pounders stationed on the river bank. The firing party was in command of Major Walter F. Blair of this city, Officer Commanding the 104th Battery of the 12th Field Brigade which is firing the salute. The party consisted of twenty-six of all ranks including Battery Sergeant Major G. E. Kitchen of this city, and in addition Lieutenant G. E. Chalmers of the R.C.A.M. Corps, who is medical officer.

The band of the First Battalion Saint John Fusiliers provided the music.

Aides-de-Camp to the Lieutenant-Governor were Major T. C. Barker, official secretary to His Honor and officer commanding the 90th Field Battery (Howitzer); Major C. A. Williams, E.D., officer commanding 'A' Company, Carleton and York Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon G. K. Holder, officer commanding the Saint John Fusiliers; and Major W. G. Jones, officer commanding the U.N.B. Contingent, C.O.T.C.

The personal escort of the governor was Lieutenant-Colonel H. F. Morley officer commanding the 3rd N. B. Medium Brigade, R.C.A. (The Royal Company of Artillery); Major A. A. Dodge, of this city, officer commanding the 12th Field Brigade, R.C.A.; Major H. N. Ganong, St. Stephen, officer commanding the Carleton and York Regiment; Major C. A. Williams, A.D.C. of this city, officer commanding 'A' Company of the Carleton and York Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel E. J. White, officer commanding the North Shore (N. B.) Regiment; Major S. C. Wright, of the New Brunswick Rangers; Major J. P. (Continued on Page Four)



HIS HONOR, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR J. C. L. MURRAY MacLAREN, who opened the Provincial Legislature this afternoon

### LARGE NUMBER SAILING TONIGHT 'LADY HAWKINS'

HALIFAX, N. S. Feb. 24—The liner "Lady Hawkins", Canadian National Steamships under the command of Captain H. O. Griffin, R. C. N. R. sails from Halifax today (Friday) night via Boston on a month long "Round voyage" to Bermuda, the Leeward and Windward Islands, Barbados, Trinidad and British Guiana, carrying a capacity to these southern holiday resorts.

Among the passengers embarking for this voyage will be His Excellency Vice Admiral Sir Humphrey Thomas Walwyn, K.C., C.B., D.S.O., (Continued on Page Five)

### B. C. LIBERAL MEMBER WANTS FISHING LICENSES TO THE JAPANESE REDUCED

OTTAWA, Feb. 24—The Japanese have a studied policy of monopolizing the British Columbia fishing industry, having fished out their own waters, Thomas Reid Lib., New Westminster, told the House of Commons today.

The British Columbia member, who said he was described in Japanese newspapers last year as "Number one bad man in Canada" for his attitude toward Orientals, sponsored a resolution to re-establish the policy followed between 1923 and 1927 of reducing progressively the number of fishing licenses granted to Japanese on the Pacific Coast.

For 40 minutes, Mr. Reid, who has never lost his Scottish burr despite 20 years in Canada, attacked the policy of granting wholesale fishing licenses to the Japanese. At the end, he announced he had been assured by the department of fisheries the subject would be studied and something

done about it. With that promise from Fisheries Minister Michaud he said he was not pressing his resolution to a vote.

If the terms of the Reid resolution were followed, the number of fishing licenses granted Japanese would be reduced 40 per cent next year and in five years none would be issued.

The Japanese control the cod industry of British Columbia, Mr. Reid stated. They control 90 per cent of the export of salt fish from British Columbia. They are in a position to dictate to canners and, through their organization, could cut off supplies.

In addition, Japanese control sockeye salmon fishing at the mouth of the Fraser River, the House was told. Japanese fishermen, Mr. Reid said, have been known to assault white Canadian fishermen who invaded these waters, boarding boats, wrecking engines and cutting nets.



Provincial Parliament Buildings where Third Session of Present Legislature was Opened this Afternoon.

### Welcome To Legislators

AGAIN the citizens of the Capital City of the Province extend a hearty welcome to the members of the Provincial Legislature which opens this afternoon. With the opening of the House, Fredericton for the time being takes on new life, and an added air of importance. In regard to the representatives in the Legislature, it is safe to say that New Brunswick has never had a finer body of men in the Legislature than those who sit on both sides of the Throne today.

New Brunswick is today and always has been fortunate in the character of the men who in one walk and another have adorned the political history of our province. We have had men in our provincial Legislature who would have been a credit to any legislative body in the world. Many of them have made names for themselves that will be remembered as long as New Brunswick lasts. Any country which is worth living in is worth helping to govern well.

We know that while our members may differ in their ideas of how a country or province should be governed that each and every one of them, irrespective of party affiliations is willing to do his part towards helping to govern his country and all, while they may disagree, have the interest of their country and province at heart.

Some people have the idea that the great men of this province are of the past. It must be remembered, however, that the problems of the present day legislators are much heavier than were many of those that had to be handled by the Legislature of by-gone years.

There is one vacant seat in the front Cabinet row today. The vacancy causes regret not only amongst the members and officials of the Legislature but amongst the citizens generally. All who had the pleasure of knowing Hon. Dr. Roberts, Minister of Health and Labor, learned a few days ago of his death, with feelings of sincere regret.

We hope that the Legislators will enjoy their stay with us and that their deliberations will be fruitful and in the best interests of the province which all irrespective of political affiliations are doing their best to promote.

### MASSES IN ENGLAND VIEW THE ERST-WHILE FOREIGN SECRETARY AS CHAMPION OF BRITISH PRINCIPLE, PRESTIGE

LONDON, Feb. 24—The resignation of Anthony Eden is the first tremor of a political upheaval whose dimensions are not yet measurable, but which may easily destroy the Chamberlain Government.

That four or five Ministers didn't accompany Eden into retirement isn't because they lacked the desire to do so. They were restrained only by the argument that so great a defection would destroy the Government overnight; necessitate a general election, with a Labor victory practically certain; and would paralyze Britain at a time when Europe was swaying in the balance between peace and war.

Eden, it is well-known, is supported by most of the younger Ministers and by a large block in the Conservative Party, certainly not less than 30 per cent of Conservative strength. His political stock, which had reached such dazzling heights in the fall of 1935, had slumped during subsequent years when British foreign policy had been largely a matter of com-



HON. FRANCIS BRIDGES, M.L.A. Speaker of the House

### ONTARIO GOV'T. PLANS MEASURES FLOOD CONTROL

TORONTO, Feb. 24—At the opening of the second session of Ontario's Twentieth Legislature which took place yesterday the speech from the throne announced the introduction of a measure which will provide work in connection with the controlling of floods in that province.

The 2,000-word throne speech forecast introduction of a bill incorporating the Grand River Conservation Commission—an organization seeking flood control of that western Ontario river—and survey of the Thames to discover what flood-control methods could be taken. It also announced the government intended to effect a "complete revision of the course of study in all grades of both the elementary and secondary schools."

### Mrs. Lynds, Nurse In Moncton, On Way To South Africa

MONCTON, N. B., Feb. 24—One of the twenty Canadian nurses who have accepted positions at the new Groote Schuur Hospital in Capetown, South Africa, Miss H. Jean Lynds, R.N., arrived here this morning on the Maritime Express of the Canadian National Railways enroute from Calgary where she has been pursuing her professional duties for some years to Captown via Halifax. Miss Lynds was formerly of Moncton and is a daughter of L. C. Lynds, former Canadian National Ticket Agent in this city and later General Agent in Saint John, N. B. until his retirement a few years ago. Miss Lynds will spend a day or two here with the members of her family before proceeding on to Halifax to embark for South Africa.



HON. F. C. SQUIRES, M.L.A. Leader of the Opposition in the Legislature

### LD. BEAVERBROOK PLEASSED SUPPORT PREM. CHAMBERLAIN

NEW YORK, Feb. 24—Lord Beaverbrook, British newspaper publisher, called for England yesterday, expressing pleasure that a parliamentary move to censure Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain had been voted down. He expressed sharp disagreement with any suggestions that the resignation of Anthony Eden as foreign secretary represented a "partial surrender to the dictators."

(Special to The Daily Mail) Czechoslovakia, Feb. 24—The government today discussed as they called it the "error" of Neville Chamberlain. They stated in case of war their task would be to hold off the enemies until aid came from the Allies, France and Russia.

### Four Power Pact Would Restrict Nazi Expansion Aims

Chamberlain Cabinet Preparing Plans and Instructions to Ambassadors to Berlin, Rome

#### CONDITIONS AND OBJECTIVES

Mediterranean For Italian Lake Naval Parity And Suez For Il Duce

Instructions and plans are being prepared by the Neville Chamberlain Cabinet for the purpose of bringing about a fourpower friendship between Great Britain, France, Germany and Italy that would ensure the peace of Europe for a generation.

Political sources understood word had been sent to Sir Neville Henderson, Ambassador at Berlin, to lay the groundwork for the visit here next of Joachim von Ribbentrop, new German foreign minister, who is coming to take formal leave of his post as ambassador of Britain.

As Mr. Chamberlain and his colleagues worked on instructions for the Earl of Perth, ambassador to Italy, for the Anglo-Italian talks, Lord Perth was enroute to London to receive instructions which he will take to Rome to open negotiations with Count Ciano, Italian foreign minister.

The Associated Press said Great Britain's main conditions as listed by competent quarters are:

1. Withdrawal of Italian forces from Spain and the Balearic Islands.
2. Reduction of Italy's forces in Libya, North Africa.
3. Cessation of anti-British propaganda in the Near East.
4. Some agreement on naval armaments in the Mediterranean.
5. Italian recognition of British commercial interests in Spain.
6. Possibly an Italian undertaking to establish Emperor Haile Selassie of Ethiopia, who fled his country when the Italians conquered it in 1935-36, as a puppet emperor over at least a part of his former domain.
7. Italian support for a four-power pact among Britain, Italy, France and Germany, thereby imposing restrictions on Nazi expansionist aims.

Italy was expected to raise difficulties over at least two points, The Associated Press learned, reduction of the Libyan forces and the project of doing something for Haile Selassie. She already has accepted the proposal to withdraw her forces from Spain.

Italy's Objectives The following were understood to be Italy's chief objectives:

1. Recognition of the conquest of Ethiopia, which Italy annexed on May 9, 1936.
2. Some form of neutralization of both the Suez Canal and the Strait of Gibraltar to give Mussolini a guarantee his fleet never will be bottled up in the Mediterranean.

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### DE VALERA STILL HOLDING OUT FOR UNITED IRELAND

LONDON, Feb. 24—Partition of Ireland still is the stumbling block to an Anglo-Eire understanding.

Prime Ministers Chamberlain and de Valera restated their positions in an hour-long meeting tonight as the resumed negotiations to settle outstanding problems got under way.

The heads of the delegations apparently failed to find a solution to the problem. There were no indications of concessions by either side which would smooth a path to agreement.

A 90-minute meeting of the full delegations followed, at which the subjects of partition, finance, trade and defence all were discussed.

Sir Samuel Hoare, home secretary Malcolm Macdonald, dominions sec-

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### FORTIFICATIONS, INDUSTRY IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA TO OFFSET WAR ATTACKS

PRAHA, Feb. 24—Czechoslovakia lies next to Germany and has almost 3,500,000 Germans in her population. Nearly two-thirds of the Germans are concentrated in Bohemia, the northwestern section of the country which is bounded on three sides by Germany.

It would be a long time before effective help could be expected from allies, the general said, adding that "our task is to hold off the enemy without outside help during the first phase of the fighting."

"For this purpose a far-flung system of fortifications is being erected along our borders," he stated. "These should give our possible enemies reason to ponder whether plans of brutal aggression would have any chance of success."

He said industry was ready to be put on a war basis on short notice and plans for wartime feeding of the population have been worked out.

The leaders steering Czechoslovakia through the present "critical period" are ready to give Germans, Hungarians, Poles and other minorities every share in public and economic life short of autonomy.

Czechoslovakia is ready to defend herself against sudden attack without waiting for outside help, the chief of the general staff said today.

The republic's whole defence plan, General Ludwiz Jan Krejci explained, is based on realization that war now begins without declarations and move with swiftness, due to airplanes and motorized troops.