

## THE DAILY MAIL

NEW BRUNSWICK'S ONLY HOME COMMUNITY PAPER

THE MAIL PUBLISHING COMPANY — J. L. NEVILLE, Managing Editor.  
Published every afternoon (except Sunday) at 327-329 Queen Street  
Fredericton, N. B.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, JANUARY 24, 1938

## OUR POLICE "PROTECTION"

THE MATTER of police protection in the city of Fredericton is one that would seem to demand the immediate attention of the City authorities. When day after day and week after week houses are broken into and no apparent results are shown on the part of the police the matter is a serious one. Whether the present police force is competent to handle the situation or not we do not know, but we know that results being achieved at the present time by our police force in regard to these robberies are practically nil. Within the last couple of days several residents in this city have been broken into. Extending over a period of a couple of years many business houses have been broken into, and with the exception of one or two arrests very little has been accomplished in the arresting of the offenders. It is time that a shakeup was made in connection with our police department. The citizens look to the police commission for protection. The police commission has the entire responsibility of handling the police department. This protection the citizens are apparently not getting. It is up to the police commission to see that a thorough investigation is made into the qualifications or lack of qualifications of the police force and the Chief of Police at its head, to handle the jobs for which they are being paid by the public. The public interest demands this probe which is long since overdue.

## USE OF RADIO FEES

INCREASE in the annual radio license fee to provide for future expansion is being considered by the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and the Government, according to an Ottawa despatch. With this comes announcement that the past year's operations will show a surplus in both revenue and capital accounts.

Considering the plans of the corporation to sell advertising time to United States firms at prices lower than commercial stations can offer, the report is of special interest. It shows that this remarkable proposition is not a means of escape from a tight financial corner.

A large amount of money is required to build and maintain high-powered stations, justification for which is to be doubted if they are to disseminate programs sponsored in the States. Radio users can tune in on these at any time, and there seems to be no valid excuse for increasing fees to make them accessible. It may be possible to make high-class Canadian programs worth the additional cost.

But one thing radio owners would like to know is whether or not a way can be found to utilize for service a larger proportion of the fees paid. Every time some one calls on them to demand sight of their licenses they are acutely conscious of the fact that they are paying for something of no value to them, and a nuisance besides.

There must be a method of avoiding the expense of an army of agents to check license holders. The collectors of a huge income tax do not find it necessary to ring doorbells, and every potential income-tax payer is trembling in his boots lest he overlook accounting for the last penny. Failure to pay promptly is costly. Is it necessary to share the \$2 license fee with agents every year to catch cheaters?

## ANOTHER NAZI RITUAL

AN OFFENBACH despatch states that radical Nazis have even invented a ritual to take the place of traditional Christian baptism.

Nevertheless, traditional Christian baptism will be going on long after Hitler and his works have been forgotten. The antics of a handful of Nazis will never succeed in upsetting the spiritual ceremonies that have been carried out for centuries, says the Windsor Star.

Every foolish move of this kind makes the defeat of Nazism that much more certain.

That Nazi authorities themselves are beginning to have some doubts as to the wisdom and success of their war upon religion is indicated in a Berlin despatch which says that with as little publicity as possible, the authorities quietly informed some fifty Protestant pastors, paroled over Christmas, that they need not return to jail. Since these paroles were granted, 31 other pastors, not let out for Christmas were liberated. Now only 13 of the original number sent to jail for opposing Hitler's church control plan are still behind bars. One of them is the Rev. Martin Niemöller, one time submarine commander and most defiant of all the clerical critics of the Nazi rule. Mr. Niemöller has been in custody since last July, without trial.

It is rather difficult for Canadians to picture a situation of this kind. Imagine several dozen prominent Canadian clergymen in jail for daring to be critical of the Federal Government.

## THE COST OF ST. HENRY

WE SHALL surely hear no more now about "the isolation of Quebec" on vital national issues. A rural constituency and an urban constituency have spoken, and they have both spoken in the same tone. Inflammatory efforts were made in both cases to "panic" the people on the highly sensitive subject of armaments. In both cases, they failed signally. The moderate and yet effective defence policies of the Liberal Government were emphatically sustained.

Nevertheless, the St. Henry campaign was no credit to Canadian politics. Mr. Houde's persistent repetition of a childish charge against the King Government after its basis had been denied by every responsible Minister in Ottawa was an insult to the intelligence of the electorate. It is very likely that it hurt his candidature more than it helped him. A plain and reasoned statement of the argument against armaments would probably have served him better.

In any event, his personality was undoubtedly more of an issue than his platform. "Camillien" is "good theatre." Those who seek only excitement in politics could not ask a more tempting bait. But obviously serious citizens are in a marked majority in the St. Henry division, just as they undoubtedly are in the whole Province of Quebec. They realized that it was the solvency and prosperity and, indeed, the safety of their native land with which they were dealing, and they voted for sanity and not for sensation.—Montreal Star.

## SNAP SHOTS

Is it true that E. C. Armstrong will not serve under the present constituted Municipal Home Committee? He is one of the city's best officials and should be kept on the job.

Fredericton has four or five more burglaries during the past couple of days. Now see what the police force can do. Is the force as at present constituted capable of handling the situation? It is time that the whole matter was investigated by the Police Commission. The police department may be all right, but by their fruits we should know them.

St. Dunstan's church congregations are wonders on salaries but they should look after their heating system. They should get their furnace examined.

The U.N.B. co-ed, who spilled the coffee on the young man's "tux" felt like the devil.

The sisters of the skillet who walk around Parliament Square waiting to make dates should be chased.



## FINE, WELL KNOWN

(Continued from Page One)

About 9.45 o'clock they started for home, driving over the lake ice. When the car slid around in the dark on the smooth ice surface, the driver lost his sense of direction according to the survivor's story. It was a clear night, he said, but there were no stars visible.

Evidently mistaking the black patch for a shadow, or perhaps not even noticing it, according to the theory generally accepted here, the sedan moved forward and plunged into the hole where workmen had been cutting ice.

Word of the tragedy spread quickly through St. Andrews and volunteers soon started for the scene. A message to St. Stephen brought R.C.M.P. officers to the lake.

Meanwhile grief reigned in stricken homes. Mrs. Louis Hivon was doubly bereaved. Besides losing her husband she was a sister of William Craig. The latter's daughter, Margaret, was alone at home. Her father was a widower. Also surviving in the Hivon home are one daughter, Miss Antoinette, and a step-daughter, Miss Marjorie Coakley.

A wife and six children mourn the death of Mr. Howe. The children are Edward, Kathleen, Margaret, John, Cairine and a baby. Two sisters, Mrs. R. J. Hewitt and Miss Jennie Howe, St. Andrews, and two brothers, Geo. and Frank Howe, also survive.

McCurdy, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred McCurdy, is also survived by a sister, Margaret, and a brother Donald.

Storr, who was unmarried, resided with his sister Miss Georgie Storr. Also living in St. Andrews is a brother, James. Two other sisters survive Miss Elita Storr, in the United States and a Mrs. Jacobs, Elmsdale.

## DIED

INCH—Passed away at her home, Fredericton, N.B. Jan. 22, 1938, Mary Todd Inch, widow of the late Dr. George A. Inch, at the age of 89 years. Funeral Monday afternoon with service at the late home, 278 Church Street, at 3.30 o'clock, Rev. Dr. J. W. Bartlett will conduct the service. Interment will be made at the Rural Cemetery.

## UNITED STATES

(Continued from Page One)

economic minded Canadians and the other citizens of the country, who are ready and willing to take this risk of substituting the United Kingdom preferences for certain concessions in the American markets, even if a loss is suffered but they reason that it is worth while in order to help the Motherland in the present tense international crisis that is threatening the whole structure of the British Empire.

It is hardly a secret along Parliament Hill that the main object of the new Anglo-American Trade Treaty is to foster a policy of reasonable mutual concessions amongst the English speaking democracies of the world in order to combat the tactics of the totalitarian states such as Italy, Germany and Japan, who have formed an alliance that includes extreme nationalism as one of the main foundations upon which their future policies are based. Gradually, it is hoped that several other nations will join this group of democratic powers in a sort of economic union of a kind to replace the almost emasculated League of Nations at Geneva, which is nothing but a skeleton now. Already it is known that a number of nations are prepared to line up with the idea of the United States and the British Empire and they are France, Belgium, Soviet Russia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland and two or three others.

Economic nationalism could hardly survive in a world united in this manner, and Italy, Germany and Japan would either have to become reasonable and join in this freer world trade areas, or face bankruptcy and ruin. All experts agree that this is the likely alternative that will be faced by the totalitarian states of the world within the next few months and it is in the formation of this vital chain that Canada is an important link, with the present signs in Ottawa indicating that the Canadian sentiment favors a policy that will help Great Britain and the United States in this effort for international peace, not through arms alone but rather through economic means. At least the majority of Canadians are inclined to this point of view, if one may judge from the opinions expressed by their representatives in the Capital.

In the last twenty-five years, there

## Capitol

—NOW PLAYING—

Adventure Spiced With Romance

"SHE ASKED FOR IT"

WITH

William Gargan  
Orion Heyward  
Vivienne Osborne  
Richard Carle  
Roland Drew

NEWS : COMEDY  
Shows 3; 7:15; and 9:15  
Mat. 10-20; Evg. 15-25 Plus Tax

Here THURS., FRI., and SAT.

Don Terry, Rosaland Keith, In  
"A Fight to the Finish"

ADDED ATTRACTION:—

"Alcatraz Island"

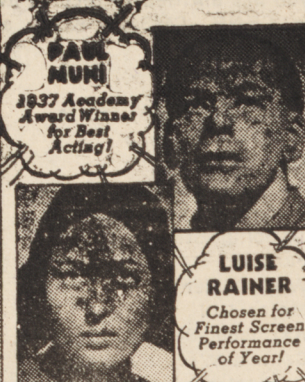
It Thrills the World With the  
Startling Drama of America's  
Most Famous Prison.

has been a remarkable drawing together of the forces of the Empire and those of the United States. A quarter of a century ago, Great Britain was faced with war clouds on the European scene, and at home, a domestic situation was troubled with unemployment, class restlessness, growing taxation and a number of other unhealthy signs. In the United States, the domestic situation witnessed the completion of a giant colonization scheme and the whole nation was becoming unbelievably strong. In fact, they began to reach out for the trade of the Far East, in South America and elsewhere. However, they

## GAIETY

NOW PLAYING

H.G.M.'S FINEST  
ACHIEVEMENT...AT  
POPULAR PRICES!



In two hours crowded with  
thrills... comes the mighty  
drama... you've waited three  
years to see! The outstanding  
picture of all times!



THE  
GOOD  
EARTH  
Starring  
PAUL MUNI  
LUISE RAINER  
WALTER CONNOLLY · TILLY LOSCH  
Charley Grapewin · Jessie Ralph  
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

Here THURS., FRI., and SAT.

Jeanette MacDonald and Allan Jones

—IN—

"THE FIREFLY"

took shelter behind the classical advice of George Washington to avoid any political entanglements in the Old World and in general, the United States Government was coldly indifferent to the problems and dangers of Europe. Today, the whole thing has changed radically. Both Great Britain and the United States face similar problems at home and abroad. They have similar social and industrial problems, especially about strikes, unemployment, taxation, cost of living, wages, and arbitrary Government interferences. On the scene of the international political strife, both powers are known to dislike dictatorships, they hate war, they want to avoid commitments abroad, and yet as two of the wealthiest and strongest powers of our times, they are unable to sit back and remain inactive in any international crisis. The Anglo-American Trade Treaty is the key of the whole scheme, and many sentimental men and women of this country are strongly in favour of a policy which aims to aid these efforts of the United States and the British Empire to safeguard peace in the world, since they are of the opinion that together these two powers control the wealth and commerce, and any organization which sponsors freer world trade under the guidance of these democracies may prove a useful means to force the totalitarian states to listen to reason, because today more than at any time in the history of mankind, economics play an extremely vital role in any struggle by force of arms.

In fact, the mere negotiations between these democratic nations of the world have been instrumental in causing a marked change of attitude on the part of the dictators, and the completion of this diplomatic scheme should open the way for political reconstruction, for fresh disarmament conferences, and perhaps, the rectification of the whole international situation, with the strong possibility that Canada will have contributed more to the success of this pain than history will ever be able to disclose through the sacrifices or unselfish gestures of this young country in the interests of greater Anglo-American co-operation.

VICKS  
VATRO-NOL  
for nose & throat  
... Helps  
PREVENT  
many colds  
JUST A FEW DROPS UP EACH NOSTRIL

## Canadian National Railway Company Bonds

Guaranteed unconditionally by the

## Government of the Dominion of Canada

as to both Principal and Interest

The Bank of Canada is authorized by the Minister of Finance to receive,  
on behalf of the Canadian National Railway Company,  
subscriptions for the following bonds:

Four-Year 2% Bonds, due January 15, 1942

Issue Price: 99.25% and accrued interest,  
yielding approximately 2.20% to maturity

AND

Thirteen-Year 3% Bonds, due December 15, 1950

(Callable on or after December 15, 1945)

Issue Price: 97.00% and accrued interest,  
yielding approximately 3.29% to maturity

The 2% Bonds will be dated January 15, 1938. The 3% Bonds will be dated December 15, 1937. Principal and interest will be payable in lawful money of Canada. Interest on the 2% Bonds will be payable without charge, semi-annually, at any branch in Canada of any chartered bank. Interest on the 3% Bonds will be payable without charge, semi-annually, at any branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in Canada (Yukon Territory excepted).

These Bonds will be a direct obligation of the Canadian National Railway Company, the capital stock of which is owned by the Dominion of Canada. Payment of principal and interest on these bonds will, under authority of the Parliament of Canada, be guaranteed unconditionally by the Government of the Dominion of Canada. A copy of the guarantee will be endorsed on each bond.

Proceeds of this issue will be used exclusively for the repayment of temporary loans obtained by the Company from the Government for the redemption of funded debt which has matured and for capital expenditures.

Payment is to be made in full with accrued interest against delivery of interim certificates on or about January 18, 1938.

Denominations: 2% Bonds \$1,000  
3% Bonds \$500 and \$1,000

Subscriptions may be made to the Head Office of the Bank of Canada, Ottawa, through any branch in Canada of any chartered bank or through any recognized dealer, from whom copies of the official prospectus containing complete details of the issue may be obtained. The Minister of Finance reserves the right to allot subscriptions in full or in part.

The subscription lists will open on January 10, 1938, and will close as to either maturity or both, with or without notice, at the discretion of the Minister of Finance.

OTTAWA, January 7, 1938.