

THE DAILY MAIL

NEW BRUNSWICK'S ONLY HOME COMMUNITY PAPER

THE MAIL PUBLISHING COMPANY — J. L. NEVILLE, Managing Editor.

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Newsprint Situation.

THE newsprint situation has become further involved by the difficulties of one of the large consumers in the United States, though the trouble does not appear to be as serious to the industry as was at first supposed.

Payment for newsprint delivered on this account has been withheld indefinitely. In the aggregate the accounts overdue to Canadian companies total slightly in excess of \$10,000,000, divided amongst those companies who have contracted with the American consumer for his supply of newsprint. The amount owing to the American newsprint companies is much smaller, about \$2,000,000.

The financier also understands that all obligations of the parties in question towards the Canadian creditors will have ample collateral protection, and that the situation in the course of the forthcoming months will be rectified to the satisfaction of all.

So far as the future for newsprint is concerned, it is now appreciated that the new rate of \$50 per ton will be insufficient to offset the decline to 65 per cent. of production capacity. This contrasts with a run of 80 to 90 per cent. of capacity in the last six months of 1937, when, however, the price was substantially lower.

The longer future of newsprint depends of course upon the resumption of trade activity in the States and with the forthcoming election in that country, there should be at least a stiffening in the demands for the product. Having this on mind, it would seem that the tremendous shrinkage in the market price of the standard newsprint producers shares has brought values to a level which might make it advantageous to the average investor to consider commitments for ultimate appreciation, when the tide of business turns.

Discouragement.

SOMEWHERE today someone is discouraged. This "someone" could be multiplied many times. But one will serve as well as a million.

For this one the outlook is not bright. Things have gone awry. Time and again this or that has been tried, without results. "Maybe tomorrow will bring a change." But tomorrow only repeats today.

"What's the use?" keeps sounding louder and louder. "Why not chuck the whole business?" Thoughts of this sort keep echoing in the mind. "Who cares, anyhow? What difference does a single mite of a life mean?"

To you, discouraged one, wherever you are, remember this: No road leading to anything worth being or having ever has been level all the way.

No one, in all the history of those who have lived useful lives, has found the way easy. The tales we hear of those who succeed in everything they attempt are largely false, or at least magnified.

Neither in the realm of animate or inanimate nature is peaceful growth to be found. Everywhere, among all orders of life, there is struggle and failure. There are wounds and haltings. In spite of this universal condition, hindrances and interference continue to breed strength.

Discouragement is the great test of courage. It is a sort of sentinel, constantly on guard, who calls, "Who goes there?"

If one cannot answer, or gives the wrong answer, the outcome may be grave. But what of that one who can say:

"One who still is trying, and is going to keep on trying, in spite of disheartening happenings. One who has faith enough left in self to be ashamed of surrender! One who can look back over the centuries and see in them a long procession of men and women who won at last because they persevered to the end!" "The only failure is to admit failure."

Weekly Review of Conditions.

THE factors indicating the trend of economic conditions averaged considerably higher in the first week of March. Each of the six major factors, except wholesale prices entered into higher territory. The index of carloadings rose 3.6 p. c. and a gain of ½ p. c. was recorded in the index of capitalized bond yields. Common stock prices averaged ½ point higher and the amount of cheques passing through clearing houses was very much larger.

While only two of the six economic factors considered here recorded gains over the same week of 1937, the comparison was more favourable than for some months. Wholesale prices showed an increase of 0.2 p. c. while the index of capitalized bond yields was up 9½ p. c. over the same week of 1937. The index of carloadings dropped 0.7 p. c. while marked declines were shown in bank clearings, common stocks and shares traded.

The railway freight movement was more active in the 8th week of the year ended February 26, the adjusted index advancing from 76.8 to 79.6. Advances were recorded in both western and eastern divisions and the index of merchandise increased from 80.9 to 81.5. Aside from pulpwood and ore, each of the eleven commodity groups recorded declines from the first eight weeks of 1937. The total movement in the elapsed period of 1938 was 356,480 cars, a decline of 11,739 from the same period of last year.

Wholesale prices still maintained a lead over the same week of 1937, but the gap was narrow. Wholesale prices advanced during the first 14 weeks of 1937 and the position in the early part of April was considerably higher than at the present time. Bank clearings which had dropped to a low level in the preceding week recovered smartly in the week under review. The adjusted index was higher than in any other week of the present year with one exception. The economic index based on the above mentioned factors showed a considerable gain in the first week of March.

Canada's Employment Gains.

THE state of employment in Canada recorded improvement on February 1, over the same date of last year. The gain in the general index of employment was 6.1 per cent. from 104.1 to 110.4. The index of employment in manufacturing unaffected by relief, moved up five points to 110.3. Logging and construction showed noticeable gains over the same time of 1937. The gain in mining was 4.5 per cent., while trade showed a recession of nearly one-half per cent.—The Financier.

Fur Farming In Canada.

THE Canadian fur farming industry continued its growth in 1936, the number of farms increasing to 8,140 from 7,495 in 1935. Revenues were decidedly higher, increasing \$1,017,076 during the year to \$6,537,503. The sale of pelts accounted for a total of \$5,707,922; and sale of live fur-bearing animals, \$829,581. The number of animals on the farms at the end of 1936 was 221,015 of the value of \$9,837,760. The principal kinds were silver fox and mink, the former numbering 151,696 valued at \$8,345,552 and the latter 44,631 at \$1,313,613.

Snapshots

Who was the two good looking girls who had the fist fight? They just stood up and went to it man fashion. The fight was a draw.

We hope that the roads and streets department will keep up the good record, made this winter, in keeping the streets sanded so people won't break their necks.

It is not so windy today in the vicinity of Parliament Square.

The men who took off their outside windows and gave away their heavy red underwear will not have long to wait.

According to some of the members of the hospital board the old wing is unsanitary and is a fire trap and major operations are carried on in an adjoining room to where babies are expected to arrive. The whole equipment and accommodation is inadequate. Two or three years ago when The Daily Mail came out with a similar story about dirt, rats, unsanitary conditions and fire trap conditions, at the hospital, there were those who contradicted us. People are beginning to find out, and many have found out, that The Daily Mail generally knows what it is talking about. We get the facts and are not afraid to present them to the public. Now the hospital trustees, some of whom criticized us at the time, are telling us the same thing that we told them several months ago.

Go to it, gentlemen. Now try and remedy the conditions which we brought to the attention of the public, many months ago.

INDEPENDENCE

(Continued from Page One) Italy and Germany. The aim was by restoring confidence to establish peace on a firm basis.

The value of the negotiations now is destroyed.

"One purpose for which our government was prepared to enter into negotiations with Hitler was appeasement," said The Sunday Times (Independent) in an editorial.

"That purpose could be attained in one way only—by the removal of suspicion and distrust, by conciliation by just dealing with the genuine grievances, by dispelling the fear that all over Europe now paralyses every effort to establish mutual confidence."

"Hitler's violation of Austria is a negation of all that . . . to proceed now with the talks with Berlin about appeasement would be mockery."

Her efforts to secure concerted action to restore Austrian independence rejected by Italy, France now is pressing for a joint Anglo-French declaration that the independence of

Daily Foreign News Comment

(By H. M. PAINT of the Daily Mail Staff)

It cannot be too often pointed out that Nazi foreign policy cannot be restrained by treaties. It is an impossible task to negotiate a lasting settlement of any question with the present government of Germany. A treaty to them is merely an expression of the respect for the strength of the two contracting nations at a given moment. Should conditions change either in respect to military power or political expediency, it is considered by them that the treaty has become void.

As to this, the maximum which is devoutly held by the German General Staff, and the futility of negotiations will be realized.

The maxim is:—"If you feel that you have the superiority in military strength over your adversary, the only deterrent against using it, is the fear that you may be defeated."

For democracies to enter into treaties which they consider binding, with dictatorships, which consider such agreements temporary expedients, is to submit to curtailment of freedom of action without adequate gain. To enter such agreements or open negotiations under veiled or open threats is simply to play the opponents' game.

It is for this reason that Anthony Eden's resignation before the commencement of British negotiations with Italy must command the respect of the British people. The happenings in Austria during the past week must do much to convince Britons of the wisdom of Eden's views. We may not be wrong in supposing that at heart Neville Chamberlain and the British Cabinet share Eden's opinion. It is quite possible that they too regard negotiations with Italy as a temporary expedient to stave off open rupture with Italy and Germany during the critical months of spring and early summer. It might even be surmised that Eden has sacrificed himself to avoid a clash before Britain's rearmament programme is completed.

Nothing is left today in Europe of the old static diplomacy. No situation can be regarded as settled or pigeonholed for future reference. We have entered a period where diplomacy must be fluid, elastic, and prepared for surprising development daily. It is some comfort to remember that this very quality has always been the strongest point in Britain's foreign relations.

Our adversaries are becoming bolder. It was commented a year ago that Hitler placed great reliance in the shock-absorbing qualities of the British Sunday and timed his coups to occur over the week-end. The Austrian occupation however was carried out in mid-week with brazen nonchalance.

Czechoslovakia be safeguarded. The French press today makes a direct appeal to Britain.

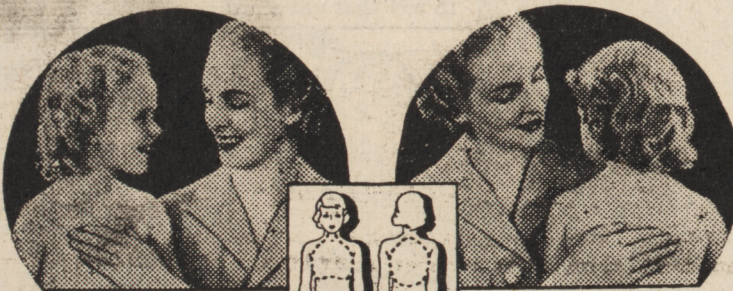
VICTORIA HOSPITAL

(Continued from Page One)

take the public into your confidence. How would it do for some one of the trustees to take the public into their confidence and lay the cards on the table and to tell them the whole story. Some day we are going to get the School Board to do the same thing.

Several months ago The Daily Mail pointed out the unsatisfactory conditions at Victoria Hospital and we were criticised for so doing by some of the same trustees who now agree that the old hospital is an unsanitary, rotten fire-trap and should be replaced. Chickens come home to roost. But we heartily support the trustees in their efforts for improvement.

Helps END A COLD Quicker



The 3-Minute VapoRub Massage

Massage VapoRub briskly on the throat, chest and back (between and below the shoulder blades). Then spread it thick over the chest and cover with warm cloth.

Almost before you finish rubbing, VapoRub starts to bring relief two ways at once—two direct ways:

1. Through the Skin. VapoRub acts direct through the skin like a poultice or plaster.

2. Medicated Vapors. At the same time, its medicated vapors, released by body heat, are breathed in for hours—about 18 times a minute—direct to the irritated air-passages of the nose, throat and chest.

This combined poultice-and-vapor action loosens phlegm—relieves irritation—helps break congestion. While the little patient relaxes into comfortable sleep, VapoRub keeps right on working. Often, by morning the worst of the cold is over.

Avoids Risk of Stomach Upsets
This safe, external treatment cannot possibly upset the stomach, as constant internal "dosing" is so apt to do. It can be used freely, as often as needed, even on the youngest child.

Now White—Stainless
Thanks to a new process, VapoRub now comes to you in white stainless form. Only the color is removed; it is the same VapoRub—the same formula and the same effective double action.

VICKS VAPORUB
Mothers! Look in your VapoRub package for full details of Vicks Plan—a practical home guide to greater freedom from colds. In clinic tests among 17,353 people, this Plan cut sickness from colds more than half!

Follow Vicks Plan for Better Control of Colds

Local Club In Tie With Woodstock

WOODSTOCK, N. B., March 14—Woodstock Garrison Badminton Club and Fredericton Badminton Club played a tie match here on Saturday evening, each winning twelve events.

The results:
Mixed doubles—Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Lindsay (W), defeated Miss Gertrude Davis and C. W. Argue, 15-8 15-11. Miss Connie Jones and R. A. Page (W), defeated Miss M. J. Chestnut and Guy Scovill, 15-8, 12-15, 15-9. Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Wallace (F), defeated Miss Alberta Bailey and Robt. Brown, 15-8, 11-15, 15-9. Mrs. K. Smith and G. Richards (F), defeated Miss Kathleen Bowlin and Vaughan Thompson, 16-10 7-15, 15-10. Miss Charlotte Winslow and C. J. Jones (W), defeated Miss J. Mawhinney and Bud McKnight, 15-1, 15-6. Mrs. W. H. Haines and Tom McKnight (F), defeated Mr. and Mrs. G. Y. Jones, 15-8, 4-15, 17-14. Mrs. Guy Scovill and W. E. McMackin (F), defeated Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Boucher, 15-4, 15-10. Miss Hazel Hagerman and H. F. Nickerson (W), defeated Miss Mary Grace and Cyril Barnes, 15-12, 15-10. Miss Bernice Schofield and Stuart Jamieson (F), defeated Mrs. F. W. Mitchell and J. D. Winslow, 15-11, 15-10. Mrs. R. N. McCunn and Don Kitchen (F), defeated Miss Mary Bowlin and Fred Rudge, 15-4, 15-9. Miss J. Burt and R. V. Wilson (F) defeated Miss Muriel Hunter and K. E. McLaughlan, 15-8, 15-10. Miss C. Smith and W. R. Miller (W), defeated Miss Helen Spike and James Bedell, 18-16, 15-8.

Ladies doubles—Mrs. D. A. Lindsay and Miss Connie Jones (W), defeated Miss Gertrude Davis and Mrs. W. H. Haines, 15-4, 15-3. Mrs. H. P. Boucher and Miss Kathleen Bowlin (W), defeated Mrs. D. W. Wallace and Miss M. J. Chestnut, 15-9, 15-8. Mrs. K. Smith and Miss M. Mawhinney (F), defeated Miss Alberta Bailey and Miss Hazel Hagerman, 15-7, 4-15, 17-14. Miss Mary Grace and Miss Helen Spike (F) defeated Mrs. G. Y. Jones and Miss Muriel Hunter, 15-1, 18-13. Mrs. F. W. Mitchell and Miss Mary Bowlin (W), defeated Mrs. R. N. McCunn and Mrs. Guy Scovill, 18-16, 15-6. Miss Charlotte Winslow and Miss Claudia Smith (W), defeated Miss Bernice Schofield and Miss J. Burt, 15-6, 15-2.

Men's doubles—D. A. Lindsay and Ronald Page (W), defeated C. W. Argue and D. W. Wallace 15-8, 15-9. Guy Scovill and G. Richards (F), defeated C. J. Jones and Robert Brown, 18-15, 13-15, 18-16. Vaughan Thompson and H. F. Nickerson (W), defeated Bud McKnight and Tom McKnight 15-11, 15-5. W. E. McMackin and Don Kitchen (F) defeated H. P. Boucher and G. Y. Jones 15-6, 15-6. J. D. Winslow and K. E. McLaughlan (W), defeated R. V. Wilby and Stuart Jamieson, 7-15, 15-8, 15-3. Cyril Barnes and James Bedell (F), defeated W. R. Miller and R. Rudge 9-15, 18-17, 18-16.

DIED

HODGE—In this city, March 13, 1938, Miss Fannie Hodge, daughter of the late James and Catherine Griffiths Hodge, aged eighty-nine years. Funeral tomorrow, Tuesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from her late residence, Campbell Street. Service by Rev. Dr. George E. Ross, pastor of St. Andrews Presbyterian Church and interment at the Rural Cemetery.

DELONG—Passed away at 12.15 o'clock on the morning of March 14, 1938, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jack Draper, Victoria Street, Mrs. Mary Helena Delong, aged 57 years. Funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon from her late home, 259 Victoria Street, with services conducted at 3.30 o'clock by Rev. John Linton. Interment will be made at the Rural Extension cemetery.

MELES—Passed away March 14, 1938 at her home, North Devon, Mrs. Jennie Yerxa Miles. The funeral will take place Wednesday afternoon with services at the home at 2.00 o'clock conducted by Rev. C. Harry Atkinson. Interment will be made at the Rural cemetery.

PUBLIC MEETING

CHINA, WHAT NEXT?

—BY—

The Distinguished Chinese Scholar
Educator and Diplomat

Dr. Heng Chih Tao
Normal School

Wednesday, March 16th

8:15 P. M. Silver Collection
Audience Fredericton Peace Council

Capitol

—NOW PLAYING—

It's crisp and fresh . . . and piping hot!

'LOVE ON TOAST'

A Paramount Picture with
Stella ARDLER, John PAYNE,
Grant RICHARDS, Benny BAKER,
Katherine KANE, Isabel JEWELL, Luis ALBERNI.

NEWS : COMEDY
Shows at 3: 7:15; & 9:00
Mat. 10-20; Evg. 15-25; Plus Tax

Here THURS., FRI., and SAT.

'Exiled to Shanghai'

—With—
Wallace FORD - June TRAVIS

ADDED ATTRACTION:
"Prescription For Romance"

—With—

Wendy BARRIE - Kent TAYLOR

IMMEDIATE

(Continued from Page One)

ends of the earth. The absorption of Austria seemed to be final and complete, but provision for some sort of plebiscite April 10 was announced.

The exact question to be put to the Austrian people was not known, but it was assumed they would be asked merely to approve an accomplished fact. There seemed no doubt the new Nazi Austria would approve.

Austria, it was made clear, will be drawn immediately into the German economic structure and articulated to Germany's four-year plan for economic self-sufficiency.

At Linz where Hitler and his aides consulted it was announced Germany had adopted laws—with the same provisions as Austrian constitutional laws—making effective the union of the two states.

A second announcement said Hitler had become chief of the merged Austro-German military forces and that Austrian soldiers immediately were to take an oath of loyalty to the Reich and Hitler.

Other functions of the two states, now one, were being drawn together.

General policies of the German states were to be taken over into Austria. One significant statement was that Austrian Jews would not be permitted to wear the swastika.

Ministers of the old chancellery said the new German nation was to be a land of youth and vitality. Thus persons of both sexes who have reached the age of 20 will be permitted to vote in the coming plebiscite.

A broadcast stated the Anschluss decree, in five articles:

"1. Austria is a land of the German

GAIETY

NOW PLAYING

WELCOME TO THE ORCHID ROOM... THE GAYEST SPOT ON EARTH!

THE HOLLYWOOD HOTEL

DICK POWELL
ROSEMARY LANE
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GLENN FARRELL
LOLA LANE
JOHNNIE DAVIS
ALAN HOWBRAY

Direct from the Orchard Room of the At the HOLLYWOOD HOTEL PROGRAM

LOUELLA PARSONS
FRANCES LANGFORD
JERRY COOPER
FRANK WILES
DUANE THOMPSON
RAYMOND PAGE
AND HIS ORCHESTRA

BENNY GOODMAN & HIS SWING BAND

"LET THAT BE A LESSON TO YOU" "THE INTERESTING HAZARD TRAP" "TO LIKE A FISH OUT OF WATER" "SOLICITED IN THE WOODS"

WARNER BROS. PICTURES

NEWS : USUAL PRICES

HERE WED., and THURS.

The Perfect Love Story
JOAN BENNETT HENRY FONDA

—IN—

"I Met My Love Again"

Reich.

"2. On April 10 there will be a free and secret plebiscite in which German men and women (this may exclude Jews) may vote.

"3. The plebiscite shall be decided by a simple majority of the vote cast.

"4. To carry out other modifications in the form of the state new decrees will be issued.

"5. These laws become effective upon announcement (at once).

"The Austrian national government is entrusted with carrying out these measures."

There were indications this union of German-speaking states came sooner than Hitler had hoped. It was understood he had seen this step as a venture to be undertaken within a few months, but decided to go ahead with it when he visited Linz, where he arrived yesterday from Berlin, and saw the almost fanatical enthusiasm of the Austrian people.

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