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city with the men who are try-  
ing to make it go.

# The Daily Mail

WEATHER  
Light to moderate winds,  
mostly easterly, cloudy with  
local fog today and on Friday;  
not much change in temperat-  
ure.

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FREDERICTON, N. B., THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1935

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## What Tilley Has Done For N.B. What Tilley Will Do For N. B.

In Splendid Radio Address Last Evening, Hon. Premier Tilley Outlined the Accomplishments of His Government and Gave a List of Things His Government Will Do If Returned.

PREMIER L. P. D. TILLEY made one of the best political speeches of his career last night when, speaking over a radio hook-up from Saint John, he answered the radio talk given last week by Hon. A. A. Dysart, leader of the Opposition.

Hon. Mr. Tilley also gave a clear outline of the accomplishments of his government and also outlined what his government will do when it receives a mandate from the people to return to power on June 27 next.

Hon. Mr. Tilley spoke over the radio as follows:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—

On the 27th of June next, you will be called upon to render your decision at the polls.

It will be your privilege and your duty, as fair-minded citizens, to decide whether you believe that under world-wide conditions of depression, the present government under my leadership, has shown initiative action and rendered service to the people of the Province of New Brunswick, and whether you are satisfied, to indicate by your vote that the actions taken by my government have demonstrated the fact that the government is grappling with the problems which arise from day to day, and are prepared, with increased energy, to carry on when returned after the 27 of June next.

I take the liberty of replying to some of the points raised by my Honourable friend, Mr. Dysart, in his radio address of Friday, May 31st, and in doing so, I shall endeavor, notwithstanding that some of the Leaders of the Opposition Party take the reverse attitude to keep clear of all derogatory personalities. I have always claimed, and still claim, this above all times, is not the period for narrow political partisanship, nor is it the time and place to attempt to belittle the men in public life, no matter to which party they belong, who are endeavoring to the best of their ability, and with all their time and energy, to work out a satisfactory solution to the many trying and difficult problems which are submitted for Government consideration.

There are, however, a few remarks made by the Hon. Mr. Dysart in his radio address, that I cannot overlook.

He commenced his address by referring to me as an appointee under the Baxter Government as President of the Executive Council, which he refers to as a position offered to me as purely one of official ornament of the House. Well, if that be so, then just let us pause for a moment to make a comparison of my political services with those of the Honorable gentleman.

According to the synoptic report of the House, the Honourable Mr. Dysart's political record stands as follows: He was first elected to the House in 1917. He was made Speaker of the House from March 1921 until 1925, which position he filled with grace and dignity. In other words, as Speaker of the House, he was debarred from any debates or from attending any Party caucuses, and if I may be permitted to say so, the position of Speaker of the House, while a most dignified one, is as ornamental as the position of the President of the Executive Council. This position was held by the leader of the Opposition until July 17, 1925, when he was appointed by the Veniot Government as Minister of Lands and Mines which position he held for two months and five days. His party having been defeated in 1925 election, he was chosen as House Leader in the Session of 1927. He was voted a salary of \$1,000.00 as Leader of the Opposition by the Baxter Government (\$500. more than is paid the Leader of the Opposition in the Nova Scotia Government). He resigned as Leader of his party in April, 1930, was re-appointed House Leader in session of 1931, and 1932 was confirmed as Leader by a Party Convention.

### Premier Tilley's Service

In 1912, I was first elected as a Member of the Legislature for the constituency of the City of Saint John; re-elected in 1917; defeated with my colleagues by 23 votes in 1921; re-elected with the Baxter Government in 1925; appointed President

of the Executive Council on the swearing in of the Baxter Government. While holding what my Honourable friend calls this ornamental position, I may be permitted to state that I assisted in rendering at least two outstanding achievements of the Baxter Government, namely—

(1st) With the Honourable J. B. M. Baxter as delegates from his Government, we succeeded in obtaining the taking over of the Valley Railway by the Canadian National Railway, even though the Mackenzie King Government was in power in Ottawa, thereby saving the Province some \$250,000.00 per annum paid out in deficits on this road;

(2nd) As I think the then Premier the Honourable Mr. Baxter will admit, I played no unimportant part in securing the present Liquor Control Act in the Province of New Brunswick.

I served from 1925 to 1931 as President of the Executive Council, and from 1931 to the present date as Minister of Lands and Mines, and from June 1st, 1933, to date, as Premier of the Province of New Brunswick.

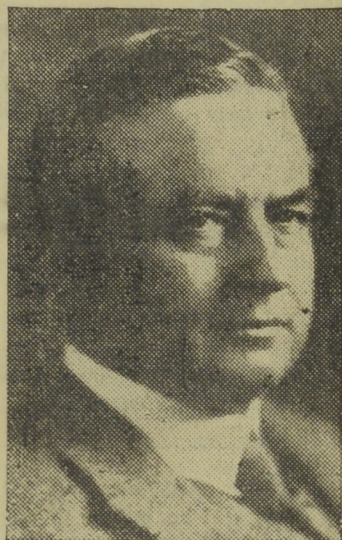
### Finest Roads And Bridges

The Honourable gentleman states correctly, that during the life of the present Government from the Baxter Government 1925 to date, the public debt of the country has been increased. Quite true, but this Province has something to show for such expenditure, namely, the finest roads and bridges per capita of any Province in the Dominion.

My Honourable friend says that the Liberal Federal Government in 1927 endeavored to help New Brunswick to a safe, financial position, by taking over the Valley Railway, and thereby relieving the Province of six million dollars liability, but the Honourable gentleman forgot, or shall I say, intentionally omitted, to give the public a correct statement of the facts.

When the Veniot-Foster Government was in power from 1921 to 1925, the Hon. W. E. Foster, then Premier went on many occasions to Sir Henry Thornton and the Federal Leader, Hon. MacKenzie King, at Ottawa, petitioning and requesting the taking over of the Valley Railway, but without success. It remained for the incoming Baxter Government to complete the transaction. The records will show that the then Premier Baxter and the so-called ornamental President of the Executive Council Tilley, acting for and on behalf of the Government, journeyed two or three times to Montreal, interviewed Sir Henry Thornton and the Federal Government, and succeeded in 1927 in having the Canadian National Railway take over the Valley Railway, thereby relieving the Provincial Treasury of an annual net deficits for running expenses and interest charges, of some two hundred and fif-

Answers Mr. Dysart



HON. L. P. D. TILLEY,  
Premier of New Brunswick, Who  
Outlined His Policies on Radio  
Last Evening

ty to two hundred and seventy thousand dollars, which our Opposition friends always charged up to capital account, in order to make their annual deficit look smaller.

My Honourable friend also stated in his radio address, that we milled through the Public Works Department as an expenditure account in 1930, on the roads and bridges of the Province, some eight and a half millions. He is out in his figures only about two million dollars, but in these days of exaggeration and erratic state-ments by some of our political opponents, a few such misquotations seem to be neither here nor there.

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## THE REV. DR. M'KERROLL NEW MODERATOR

Two Ballots Necessary  
At Presbyterian General Assembly

MONTREAL, June 5—Rev. Dr. D. L. McKerroll, Victoria Presbyterian Church, Toronto, tonight was elected moderator for the next year at the opening of the 61st annual General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada.

He succeeds Rev. Dr. J. S. Shortt of Barrie, Ont.

He defeated Rev. Dr. Malcolm Campbell, First Presbyterian Church, Montreal; Rev. Dr. George E. Ross, Fredericton, N. B.; and Rev. Dr. John R. Maclean, Huntington, Quebec.

Three ballots were required to reach a decision. The first eliminated Dr. Ross and the second Dr. Maclean.

The assembly has a big agenda ahead of it. There is a long list of reports on Church activities, some of which may give rise to considerable debate, and there are reports of special committees, including that appointed to look into the administration of Knox College, Toronto; and a committee studying a proposal for the enlargement of synods. The assembly will meet morning, afternoon and evening, except Saturday when they will only meet in the morning, the rest of the day being devoted to sightseeing and rest.

The assembly is expected to continue for ten days approximately, depending on the degree of expedition with which they can dispose of the business before it.

Tomato plants, celery plants, and all kinds of annuals for sale at Bebbington's Gardens.

## Veniot Charges Not Sustained Says Commissioner

Third Degree Charges  
"Are Definitely Dis-  
proved," According To  
Commission Finding—  
Report Before House of  
Commons.

OTTAWA, June 6—Chief Justice J. B. M. Baxter of New Brunswick gave the Royal Canadian Mounted Police complete absolution in his findings as a commissioner to investigate charges levelled in the House of Commons at the force by Hon. Dr. P. J. Veniot, Liberal member for Gloucester. The report was tabled in the House Wednesday by Hon. Hugh Guthrie, minister of justice, who appointed the commission after Dr. Veniot had made his charges earlier in the session.

Two charges of third degree methods being used by police were "definitely disproved" the commissioner found, while no evidence was adduced at the hearing to substantiate charges of dereliction of duty on the part of the smuggling preventive force as charged nor of irregularities in connection with the destruction of liquor cargo and food supplies on the seized vessel, "Paul T" at Bathurst.

No debate arose on the report in the House yesterday, but Dr. Veniot took occasion to charge that the secretary of state (Hon. C. H. Cahan) had tabled in the House an answer to a question he had asked in relation to the destruction of stores on the Paul T, which was not the same answer which appeared in Hansard, official record of the House proceedings.

### Completely Absolved

Chief Justice Baxter's report concluded that "the charges have to a large extent been based upon statements and rumors which should have been more completely investigated before they were put forward as accusations against the R.C.M.P., whose conduct emerged from this inquiry without any reflections upon it."

Dr. Veniot made certain charges about the activities of the R.C.M.P. in Bathurst and vicinity, and decided that he would welcome an investigation and that he was prepared to prove everything he said.

Examination revealed charges of third degree methods were unfounded, the report concluded, from evidence given by the two men assumed by police to be those referred to by Dr. Veniot.

Dr. Veniot declared at the hearing that his statement of having seen the boats from his sick-room window was an error of the Hansard reporter.

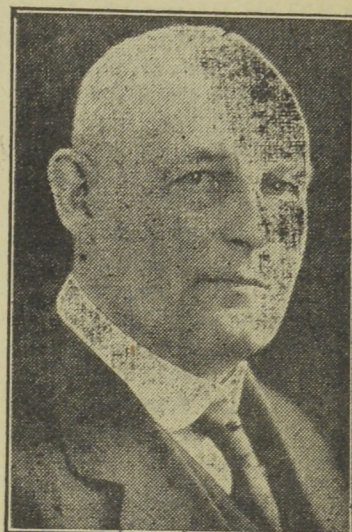
### No "Parading" Shown

No witnesses deposed as to the "parading" of Bathurst streets by the crews of the patrol boats, the commissioner stated. There were three or four men to a boat but, "as I have before pointed out, at the time material to the charge the boats were not in the harbor. The suggestion of dereliction of duty contained in the charge is not substantiated."

### Definitely Disproved

It was quite possible for an officer to mistake other stains on the car for blood stains. All the officers denied that they said a piece of the mudguard had been found on the road. "My conclusion is that if the R.C.M.P. or any other representative of law and order cannot ask a man questions when he is not under arrest the task of administering justice in criminal cases will be rendered extremely more difficult than it is at present. This charge, like the preceding one, is definitely disproved."

Destruction of the stores seized on the vessel Paul T. involved food supplies which were to a great extent spoiled by age and valued at about \$40 or \$50, the commissioner found. About



HON. CHIEF JUSTICE BAXTER  
Who Finds the Veniot Charges  
Are Unfounded

25 persons witnessed the destruction, which was carried out in accordance with the law governing seizures. Of the witnesses about 20 were children.

There had been no evidence that people had "prayed" that the food stores be left to them for children, nor that there had been any starving children in the district.

### Stolen Liquor

With reference to the stolen liquor, a hole had been dug under the house in which it was stored and 22 cases stolen. Some liquor was discovered later but because of the fact that the liquor was smuggled it was impossible to identify it as part of that stolen and no theft charge could be laid. There was nothing to support a suspicion that the police were attempting to shield anyone in this incident.

When this liquor seizure was destroyed it was not thrown on a dump as charged, the commissioner found, but the tins were broken open and thrown into the sea from seven to 20 feet from shore. The bottles were broken with the possible exception of three. The commissioner found no evidence to substantiate the charge that school children were at the scene of the liquor dumping but that there were some youths there who were not in the habit of attending school, two of whom have since served jail sentences.

(Continued on Page Four)

## Public Meetings In This Vicinity By the Liberals

Two public meetings in the interest of the Provincial Opposition party were held last evening and both were large and enthusiastic. One meeting was at St. Margaret's Hall at Victoria Mills and the other was at Barker's Point. The speakers at both meetings were J. B. McNair, the provincial president of the Liberal Association, and three other candidates—Ald. H. Ralph Gunter, of this city, Ernest Stairs of Southampton, and Stewart Durling of Canterbury. The different speakers dealt with various issues of the campaign, including Old Age Pensions, school books, road improvements, and the matter of lumbering and hydro in this province. The different candidates who were present at the meeting all reported that they are meeting with a grand reception throughout the different sections of York County which they have visited.

### TAKEN ILL AT MONCTON

C. McN. Steeves of Saint John, formerly of this city was taken ill in Moncton last week and is in the hospital in that city. His condition is improved this week but the latest report is that it will be some weeks before he can return to his home at St. John.

## OUR CITY

The Daily Mail as a home community paper is interested in everything that makes for the benefit of our city, our county and of our province. If at times this paper seems to get after things it does so for the reason that we wish to see our city, county and our province made even a better place in which to live. We have the prettiest city, the prettiest girls, the best men and women to be found anywhere. We have a good straight lot of business men who need only our whole-hearted support to make things go. They need our support in their business. If they can make their business successful—and they can do so only with our individual support—then they can, through our Board of Trade and similar organizations help to make our city and the surrounding country a brighter and better place in which to live. The women through their Women's Institutes, Daughters of the Empire, C. W. L., and King's Daughters, etc., can do the same thing. The writer has travelled far and has lived in large cities in Western Canada and elsewhere. We have often thought that if Fredericton put the same amount of boosting and community spirit behind our local affairs and our local institutions as did some of the places in the West, we had much more to boast.

But we lack a community spirit and some people would rather see a venture fail than have the other fellow receive any credit for making it go. We have seen cases in this community where men and women have worked hard to make a venture a success, have spared no time or energy to promote something for the good of the community and were entirely unselfish in so doing. Jealous persons butted in and drove the workers out and then made a fizzle of the work which was being so well accomplished. This has been done more than once . . . it often happens.

Let us all get together and boost. Don't knock the city and say "I wish I were away somewhere." You will find, as many others have found, that you will go farther and fare worse.

"If you want to live in the kind of town,  
That's the kind of a town you like,  
You need not pack your clothes in a grip,  
And go on a long, long hike.

You'll find elsewhere what you left behind,  
For there's really nothing that's new.  
A knock at your town is a knock at yourself,  
It isn't your town—it's you.

Real towns are not made by men afraid,  
Lest somebody else gets ahead,  
Where everybody works and nobody shirks,  
You can raise a town from the dead.

And if, while you make your personal stake,  
Your neighbor can make one, too,  
Your town will be what you want to see,  
It isn't your town—it's you."