

# BURDOCK'S BLOOD BITTERS

## Do Nagging Headaches Torment You?

Headaches are warning signals that something is wrong with your system. Whatever is the cause, Burdock Blood Bitters will bring relief. This great herbal remedy goes right to the root of disorders and restores the blessing of normal health, free from aches and pains. Recommended for 57 years. The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

for THE STOMACH  
BLOOD AND SKIN

## HOME AND SCHOOL MOVEMENT IN N. B., AIMS AND OBJECTS

We In This Province  
Lack Initiative and Al-  
low Our Affairs To  
Drift.

The Daily Mail has been requested to publish the following communication regarding the Home and School Movement:

Many and varied are the comments we hear on educational matters as one listens in reads or visits other places. It seems evident we parents in New Brunswick are shifting our responsibilities on our officials and teachers. As we glance over our boards of school trustees we see men and women of the finest type of citizenship, honorable and trustworthy, surely we owe them our support in return for their years of free service. But, the critics say "they are too conservative in their dealings with the public." If this is so, does it not seem to be the result of their experience and influence obtained from the fact that the home and the school have been two separate and distinct institutions here in New Brunswick? It is but natural to expect that officials and perhaps teachers here, as well as elsewhere in Canada, find it difficult at first, to understand this association of Home and School. Perhaps the separate and distinct attitude has been too deeply instilled into us during our youth and then fostered by misunderstanding problems concerning our children's school life. The member of any Board or society who cannot be led into taking action in principles which have not been thoroughly investigated by himself, or the body he represents, merits admiration; the same cannot be said concerning those who refuse to welcome and investigate a movement which is world-wide and this movement of Home and School Associations in worldwide.

We, in New Brunswick seem to lack initiative, and allow our affairs to drift, trusting blindly to officials to right our grievances. It is the right and indeed the duty of citizens to influence public opinion in favor of the attainment of the best possible educational system. We citizens and parents must rally our forces in support of our educational officials. Enlightened educationists everywhere welcome the fullest sympathy and co-operation between the home and the school. This is pre-eminently the object of the Home and School Organizations.

Dr. Munro, Chief Superintendent of Education in Nova Scotia says, "These two social institutions, most concerned with education find a point of contact. Amid the rush of modern life

## THE DAILY MAIL

Is on sale at the following places of business in the city—

### UP-TOWN:

W. G. Quinn, 147 Westmorland St.  
F. Denahoe, Smythe, & Charlotte Sts.  
Geo. A. Farris, 332 York Street.  
W. A. Erb, grocer, York St.  
Alonso Staples, York Street.  
B. Keetch, grocer, Charlotte-York Sts.  
J. E. Saunders, 199 Northumberland Street.

### DOWN-TOWN:

Crowley's Cigar Store, Queen St.  
Royal Cigar Store, Queen street.  
Hawthorne's Cigar Store, Queen St.  
T. M. Boyd.  
A. E. Eardley, Grocer, St. John and Brunswick Streets.  
H. C. Jewett, cor. Charlotte & Regent.  
VanWart Grocery, Cor. Charlotte and St. John Streets.  
C. C. Wood, Grocer, University Ave.  
O'Neill's Bakery, Regent Street.  
John F. Timmins, Grocery, King St.  
Devon, N. B.

Claude J. MacDonald, South Devon.  
J. R. Monteith, North Devon.  
J. K. Morrison, North Devon.  
and from the carrier boys in the city and in Devon and Marysville.

If you have any trouble in the delivering of your paper, please come down at ONCE!  
plain to us. Ring Phone 67 and we will have your paper at your

the home may not always be bearing its full share in the training of youth, but it cannot evade its responsibilities. After all, the school merely carries on what has begun in the home. When the teacher receives the child from its mother its future course has been largely laid down, so far as nurture (as compared with nature) has a part in it. How important then, that there should be an interchange of ideas and an intimate co-operation between the two; Parents should have continuous access to the information and leadership which only the school can supply for the years of infancy, and in turn, the school at every stage needs to be interpreted to the home, especially in this age of rapid and perplexing change of educational ideals."

Whether the educational authorities in New Brunswick realize it or not, there is a good deal of criticism abroad concerning our educational system. Criticisms aimed at Boards of School Trustees are very often the result of parents not being familiar with the school law, by which the Boards are governed. Some criticisms may be malicious; some of it is well-disposed; some ignorant; and some of it is enlightened and well-informed; but whether the criticism is well-founded or otherwise, it is the aim of the Home and School Association either to answer that criticism satisfactorily, or to help to remove the cause of it. The organization is not concerned with dictatorship but it is concerned with influencing and arousing public interest and public opinion in matters pertaining to the welfare of the children in home, school, community and country, and preserving harmony between these institutions. While searching for data in this province concerning 'get-together' of officials, teachers and citizens, a very interesting paper was found suggesting the co-operative idea. It had been read some years ago before a 'Teacher's Institute' meeting in Carleton County. This teacher had become interested, and investigated the movement of Parent-Teacher Organizations. The only apparent recompense received was the fact that the article was published in the 'Annual Report of Schools in New Brunswick. This article appeared in the 'Report' before the National and International Federation of Home and School Associations were organized, which occurred during the World Federation of Educational Associations held in Toronto in 1927. The fact that this article was lost sight of or was never sighted by others than the educational officials show again the lack of interest on the part of citizens on school matters. The Annual Report is published by the Department of Education for the use of the public; but is this enough? Should public interest in education and child welfare not be aroused in every way possible? The combined efforts of parents and teachers in school clubs is but another step in the advancement of education. We are always progressing, education cannot be, nor never has been static; public opinion is the governing power.

Let us hope to bring this movement forward in New Brunswick, side by side with the other provinces in Canada and the countries of the world. Six provinces are represented on the Canadian Federation Board. Ontario alone has a membership of over 35,000 people. Thirty-three countries are represented on the International Board. England sends the following message in the 'International News', "The time is ripe for this great movement of home and school to go straight ahead. In this rapidly changing world people are being forced to realize there is much to be learned, especially about the most vital of all subjects, the child's development as a whole." Miss Ishbell MacDonald, daughter of the Prime Minister of England is President of the International Board. In opening new quarters shared by several educational societies, Miss MacDonald emphasized the importance of the Home and School work. She states, "It has been proved that most

maladjustments are brought about by the wrong handling of the child by adults, and that mental health for the coming generation can only be secured if parents and teachers realize together the first principles of child psychology."

The movement has made rapid progress in the world. Interesting data could be added to strengthen the article which was published in the 1926 Report of Schools in New Brunswick. Trial methods of organizing and functioning, before helps from the federation offices were available, may have caused fatalities in clubs in the past; Now, sound principles of procedure discovered through experience and conference in the Councils Provincial Federations, etc., safeguard the movement. Surely, in this enlightened time Boards of School Trustees and others will not hesitate to support the Home and School Clubs for the sake of the children in our homes and schools. At a recent meeting held under the auspices of the Fredericton Home and School Association, in the Provincial Normal School, at which Dr. H. H. Hagerman, Principal of the School, gave an excellent address on Visual Education, Dr. A. S. McFarlane, Chief Superintendent of Education in New Brunswick, ably supported the Home and School Movement. Mr. W. G. Fox, B.A. Inspector of Schools in this district, states, "A Parent-Teacher Association functioning properly in any community is an asset of first importance." In order to function properly the School Clubs are necessary.

The Home and School Association follows the example of the Great Leader when it places a little child in its midst. It is the child on whom all eyes must be focused. It is only by his needs being supplied that the economic structure of a nation can be rebuilt. Again, in the prophet Isaiah's vision of World Peace, it closes with the significant phrase, "A little child shall lead them." Is it not worth the 'Get-together'?

M. S. MENZIES,

Convener, Organization & Extension Comm. Fredericton Home and School Association.

Fredericton, N. B.  
Jan. 19, 1935.

(NOTE)—The Home and School Objects; Creed; Reasons, summarized why these associations are desirable; General Principles which are universally applicable; Reasons why these associations should appeal to officials; Educators; Parents and Citizens, can be secured on request.

President, Fredericton Home and School Association, Dr. F. A. Wightman, 225 Northumberland St. Fredericton, N. B.

Cor. Secretary, Mrs. A. R. Menzies, 120 Rookwood Ave. Fredericton, N. B.

## ONE WOMAN TO ANOTHER

A married woman's Secret on ENDING PAIN AND DELAY NOW

Don't be alarmed or nervous when nature fails. Get a married woman's dependable secret about regaining happiness and relief from distress. Only a woman knows how another woman can suffer at times, so read every word of this message from another woman who wants to help women everywhere. We positively guarantee our successful Royal-Vibor No. 1, Compound, ACTS QUICKER THAN JUST ORDINARY PILLS OR TABLETS. Compounded of time tested vegetable ingredients used by physicians and nurses for over a quarter of a century because of reputed power to relieve pain and aid in restoring a normal flow. Type often favored for conditions where ordinary regulators might fail. Does not contain any narcotics, habit forming or harsh mineral drugs, only pure laboratory tested vegetable extracts used for their effectiveness in functional menstrual disturbances. Pleasantly relieves many of the most stubborn unnatural delays quickly, often in 3 to 5 days without pain or inconvenience. Grateful testimonials like these from women from coast to coast. Mrs. F.: "I was delayed for nine weeks. Had the natural flow in 3 days." Mrs. N.: "I was about 6 weeks past, in 5 days I was O.K. It is wonderful, being odorless, tasteless and pleasant to take." Mrs. S.: "Delayed 3 weeks. Menses started on 4th day. Simple as ABC." Mrs. S.: "I was two months overtime—started menstruating on 5th day. I don't know how to thank you." Many others. Why experiment or suffer unnecessarily when you can get this proven remedy by return mail? Order now. Use airmails. Fast service. Regular package \$3.00. Special Royal-Vibor No. 2 Formula, for obstinate conditions \$5.00. To insure absolute freshness, Royal Vibor is not sold in drug stores. State age when ordering. To insure package add 25c. extra. Sold only by the Royal Laboratory, 768 Royal Bldgs., Box 140 Windsor, Ont. (SUGGESTION: Clip this ad out and put it away. It may come in very handy some day. Or show it to some needy friend—one good turn deserves another).

## INCREASED TAXES OFTEN DEFEAT INT. PURPOSE

In Every Province Revenue Has Decreased as Taxation Increased—New Brunswick Showed Decline in Gas Tax and in Licenses.

Increased taxes often defeat, to some extent at least, the purpose for which they are intended and this is shown to be true in a comparison of official figures made by the Montreal Motorist's League and which covers registrations, license fees and gasoline tax on motorists in every province of the Dominion between 1931 and 1933.

The figures released today indicate that in every province of Canada motor vehicle registrations decreased from 1931 to 1933 as taxation of motorists generally was increased. In this period, too, the net revenue from gasoline tax and licenses declined in Alberta, Manitoba, Nova Scotia, Quebec, Saskatchewan and New Brunswick, while British Columbia and Ontario showed an increase.

Registrations in Alberta with a five cent tax on gasoline in 1932, showed a decline of 8.3 per cent in that year and, with a six cent tax in 1933, a further drop of nearly one per cent, while their total revenue from gasoline tax and licenses declined by \$555,653 from 1931 to 1933.

British Columbia with a seven cent gasoline tax suffered a decline of 7 per cent in registrations in 1932 and 2.6 per cent in 1933. The revenue from gas tax enabled them to show an increase of \$276,362 in the total obtained from the two taxes between 1931 and 1933.

Manitoba dropped 4.8 per cent in registration in 1932 with a seven cent gasoline tax, and 4.1 per cent in 1933, while the net loss in revenue from the gasoline tax and licenses amounted to \$4,799 between 1931 and 1933.

The decline in registration in Nova Scotia, with a six cent tax amounted to 6 per cent in 1932 and 1.7 per cent in 1933 and the collections from the two taxes showed a net loss of \$16,347 from 1931-1933.

Quebec with a six cent gasoline tax, registered a decline of 6.6 per cent in registrations in 1932 and 3.5 per cent in 1933, while between 1931 and 1933, the net revenue from the gasoline tax and licenses declined by \$868,030.

Saskatchewan registrations, where the gasoline tax is six cents, dropped 15.5 per cent in 1932 and 7.7 per cent in 1933 and the net loss of revenue between 1931 and 1933 from gasoline tax and licenses amounted to \$872,645.

New Brunswick, with a tax of seven cents, showed a decline of 16.6 per cent in registrations in 1932; 4.4 per cent in 1933, while the net loss in revenue in gas tax and licenses between 1931 and 1933 was \$336.

In Ontario with a six cents tax, registrations dropped 5.5 per cent in 1932 and 2.1 per cent in 1933, but the combined income from gas tax and registrations increased.

## NOTICE OF LEGISLATION

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the City of Fredericton will seek legislation at the next Session of the Legislative Assembly authorizing the said City to issue debentures in a sum not exceeding SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$60,000.00) for the purpose of constructing permanent pavement in the said City.

Dated the Eighteenth day of January, A.D. 1935.

F. I. HAVILAND,  
City Clerk.

## WHEN THE OCCASION REQUIRES THE PURCHASE OF A FUNERAL

Those who investigate will find our prices lowest. Prompt and efficient service. Complete stock and equipment. Complete funeral including motor hearse and services \$50, \$75, \$100 and upward. No extra charge for delivering to rural districts.

H. R. ADAMS  
459-461 KING STREET  
(Next Wilmot Church)

## Of Interest to the Women

### THE FIRST SPRING HATS

### HAVE SHALLOW CROWNS

NEW YORK.—First spring hats present.

with new shallow crowns, lower in front than in back, have made their debut here with a showing of original Paris models designed for American reproduction.

The chapeaux designed by Schiaparelli, Agnes, Suzy, Rose, Descat, Molyneux, Patou, Germaine Page, Blanche et Simone and Marthe stressed these forecasts on advance spring headgear.

1. Hats may be worn either pitched over the right eyebrow or off the face.
2. Crowns are shallow sometimes as low as one inch in front and rising from two or three inches in back.
3. Cartwheel brims are in again for resort wear.
4. Veils are back on toques.
5. Black, deep garnet red, navy blue and natural are outstanding straw colors.
6. Straws are flat and smooth or slightly roughened.

New spring toques appeared in a modified pillbox shape, shallow in front, rising slightly in back and extending well down over the curls at the back of the head. Airplane wings of straw perched on each side of the crown or a mother of pearl flower tucked into left front, were the favorite trims.

Many were worn with sheer black which filmed the eyes and nose and hung loose. All were worn well pitched over the right eye.

Off the face hats, however, were worn well back of the forehead, sometimes even far enough to reveal the hairline. They were generally designed with three inch brims rolling up in the front and shallow turned-down brims in the back.

Bretons, too, stepped out on the style stage. One was trimmed with tiny green and white feathers thrust through the upturned brim, another banded with ribbons of a contrasting color.

### ACCESSORIES AS GIFTS

Collar and cuff sets make lovely gifts, and there are ever so many flattering types.

"Portrait" collars of real or simulated duchess lace are one of the newest. There are formal satin collars which drape in high cowl effect and fasten in back with rhinestone buttons. And there are scores of metal-shot silks—still very important.

Lingerie touches are charming in ruffled organdies and batistes. Bright velveteen gilets have dozens of uses. A flat fur gilet to match the trimming

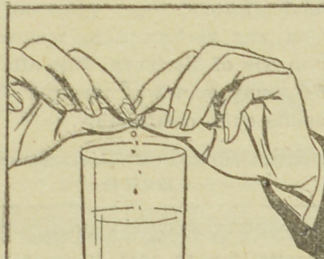
### SLANTS ON STYLE

Dark winter suits are often relieved by a bright blouse. High cowl necked blouses come in gay colors of flame as well as gold and silver. Tailored flat crepes, also in bright colors are a little less exotic.

Evening clothes couldn't be swankier. Those who can afford it have, furmine or fox evening wraps, if not, they content themselves with long coats of velvet or possibly brocade taffeta. There are shorter wraps, too, of lame or velvet. Metal cloth evening dresses, and bouffant taffeta gowns add to the festive appearance.

## NOW SORE THROAT EASED IN LESS THAN 3 MINUTES!

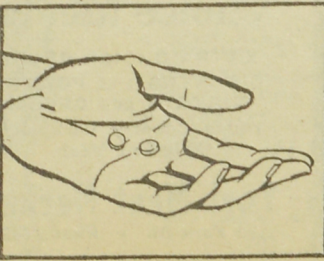
Rawness, Irritation Go at Once  
Note Directions for  
New Instant Treatment



1. Crush and stir 3 Aspirin tablets in a third of a glass of water.



2. Gargle thoroughly—throw head way back, allowing a little to trickle down throat. Repeat—do not rinse mouth.



3. If you have signs of a head or chest cold take 2 Aspirin tablets—drink a full glass of water. Repeat in 2 hours.

Incredible as it may seem, doctors are now prescribing a way that relieves raw, painful sore throat in as little as 2 to 3 minutes!

All you do is crush and stir 3 Aspirin tablets in 1/3 glass of water and gargle with it twice.

Aspirin tablets disintegrate so completely no irritating particles are left. Results are immediate. At once soreness is eased—discomfort allayed.

Everywhere throat specialists urge this fundamental treatment instead of less effective old-time "washes" and "antiseptics." Remember this. And when you buy, see that you get ASPIRIN. It is made in Canada and all druggists have it. Look for the name Bayer on every Aspirin tablet. Aspirin is the trade mark of the Bayer Company, Limited.

DOES NOT HARM  
THE HEART

