

### SAARLANDERS DISILLUSIONED

Grumble at Economic Hardships; Some Learn What Concentration Camps Mean

And what is more, even the most SAARBRUECKEN, Germany, Nov. -There are a lot of sadly disap loyal Nazis are finding that their pay pointed persons in the Saar today as checks buy less and less almost from the process of absorbing the territory week to week as the cost of living goes up faster than wages do

A large proportion of the Catholic progress of absorption has clergy and many laymen regard some been ably carried out. The "grafting of the National Socialist theory and operation" with which it began has practice as heresy even if Gauleiter been a distinct success. It has also Joseph Buerckel himself is a Catholic probably been as painless as it was and even if he does have a crucifix possible to make it. Furthermore, be hanging on the wall of his bedroom. fore the people made their decision, Buerckel accuses cortain elements they were told very plainly what re- among the clergy-he says he hopes sults they could expect from the op- they are only in the minority--of beration. The patients are notoriously ing hostile to the government and inreasonable, though, and the Saar with stirring up the people against it. anders are grumbling a good deal. h He has expelled some of the priests ing back to Germany has proved to be is natural those who were opposed to from the territory.

But a good many people who voted for the Reich have been grumbling too. If the Saarlanders had to choose ing cut off economically from France Saar. Instead he sends his "concenagain tomorrow between control by almost at one blow and being rejoin-tration camp prisoners" to camps outthe League of Nations, annexation to ed to Germany could not help but side the Saar-some of them to one at France or returning to Germany, they cause trouble. would undoubtedly make very much Wages Lag as Prices Rise the same choice as the authorized vot ers did in the January plebiscite;

discipline, and which the Liberals call gone up approximately 25 per cent in Government in this way. tyranny, is proving to be hard for the last six months. Wages in gener-

and their prerogatives to the Nazis certainly have increased. and the Saar is getting its share of

made two especially significant "campaign promises." They promised vot ers that many, if not most of them, in the territory

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#### Learns of Concentration Camps

on the French market, which is now

out off by customs, courrency and treats

port, among other things, 80,000 liters

of milk a day from across the frontier.

Before the Saar plebiscite the Nazis

Now it can import none.

inesses in the rest of Germany.

Both promises have been kept. Coman economic hardship to a large proportion of the population. And Gaul-Many economic adjustments have portion of the population. And Gaul-eiter Buerckel has set up no concenproved painfully hard to make. Be- tration camps in the territory of the Dachau in Bavaria apparently-or he puts them in regular jails here.

The "concentration camp category A shortage of comparative statis- of prisoners seems to include critics more than 90 per cent would choose tics here is worse than the butter and of the regime, Jaws, alleged compork shortages put together, and pre- munists and persons accused of "un-But many of them-perhaps most- cise figures seem impossible to get, social conduct" such as profiteering. re better Germans than they are but according to most reliable estim- At various times unruly Nazis also, Nazis. The lesson which the Nazis call ates the cost of living here must have apparently, have been guests of the

There has been, however, far less al lag considerably behind this and political trouble and far less rough plebiscite. Now there seem to be no taxes and current costs and "volun- treatment of non-Nazis in the Saar more than 1,250. Non-Nazis have lost their positions tary' contributions to party causes than Saarlanders themselves, as well as the outside world, thought there

A good many small industries have would be. imprisonment by political methods on been hard hit, too. Several of them One reason for this is that the Gerhave relied to a considerable extent man Government promised in the

Rome agreements before the plebia ite that for twelve months after tak parriers, and few of them are able ing over the territory it would take to compete with the better organized, no discriminatory action aganist any more efficient firms in the same bus bona fide Saar resident because of his political activities or on account of These same customs and currency his race, religion or nationality. The barriers have made it impossible for Reich also promised to protect Saar the Saar to buy foodstuffs from residents against any such action by France. The territory used to im- anybody else.

#### Many Anti-Nazis Flee District

Germany has lived up to these promises with a faithfulness which few, if any, other countries could or would equal.

One reason why there has been so would be worse off economically in little trouble is that many anti-Nazis Germany than they had been under were able to leave the Saar before the League of Nations. And Gauleit- Germany took it over. Although it er Buerckel himself promised that he is harder to do so now than before, would set up no concentrations camps it is still easier to emigrate from the Saar than it is to do so from other parts of the Reich, and this will continue to be the case until the Rome agreements expire, March 1, 1936.

Another reason is that there is a special International Court here to

There are no exact figures on the number of those who have left the Saar since the plebiscite but what seems to be the most reliable estimate puts the number at between 4,500 and 5,000. More will leave during the four and one-half months which still remain of the year's 'truce' guaranteed by the Rome agreements.

Most of the Saar's Jews have already left or will do so before next March 1. There were approximately 6,000 Jews in the territory before the

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