

OUR MERCHANTS
Patronize our local merchants
and leave your money in your
city with the men who are try-
ing to make it go.

The Daily Mail

WEATHER
Strong winds and gales,
cloudy and becoming colder
with snow; Thursday, strong
winds, fair and cold.

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FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1935.

Two Cents Per Copy

American Girl Forced To Pay Rent For Cell While Prisoner

Isobel Steele Charged at Rate of Two Marks a Day for Her Prison Lodging—Was Released by Intervention of U. S. Government.

Boston, Jan. 2.—The Nazis not only put Isobel Lillian Steele in prison—but they made her pay rent for this doubtful privilege!

The American girl, jailed four months and finally released in December through the intervention of the United States government, told about this strange quirk of the German law today.

Took Her Money

"I had 30 marks when I entered Alexanderplatz, the Berlin City Prison, charged with being a spy," she said as she rested in her New York hotel room. "They took this away from me. They said I would have to pay rent, and this 30 marks would be applied at the rate of 1½ to 2 marks a day for my lodging.

"Friends sent in 10 or 15 marks to me later, and they also took that away—for rent. I had 500 marks (about \$200) saved up at home so that some day I could go back to America. They took that, too.

"The American consulate tried to get it back for me. Their request was refused. The 500, so the authorities said, was concerned with my case, and would be kept. I never got it back. When I left prison I had only 36 marks, 32 pfennigs (about \$15) which they kindly consented to let me keep."

She was forbidden, said official orders, to attend church services; to smoke cigarettes; to read foreign newspapers; to write letters to certain friends. She was forbidden to converse with her cellmates, or even to say "Hello" to other prisoners being exercised at the same time with her in the courtyards of Alexanderplatz or Moabit.

Her cell in Alexanderplatz, a cell she occupied until Oct. 10, was an 8 by 4 foot cubbyhole with a toilet in one corner and a backless stool. If she sat on the bed, which folded against the wall, she was reprimanded. Perhaps three times a week she was hurried downstairs to face the interminable questioning of officials trying to establish her as a co-plotter with Baron Jurek Sosnowski, the notorious Pole.

Her food was soup, diluted coffee, and black bread carved off in great hunks. She was fed thrice daily, at 7 a.m., 1 p.m., and 4.30 p.m. At 7 p.m. the lights were switched out. It was Miss Steele recalled yesterday, that the prisoners found their few precious hours of release in whispered conversation.

Through an aperture in their windows, the prisoners would converse huskily about the offenses which caused them to be jailed. If the matrons caught them, they would lose their recreation period. The United States government made life a trifle easier, (Continued on Page Four.)

CARDINAL BOURNE OF R.C. CHURCH DIES IN ENGLAND

(Special to The Daily Mail)

London, Jan. 1.—Francis Cardinal Bourne famous Roman Catholic Archbishop of Westminster died in London late Monday night. He was for 31 years an archbishop and has been ill for several months. Cardinal Bourne was a thorough Englishman in all his ideas and one who believed that in many respects England was more of a factor in Catholic circles than was Rome. During the later years of Cardinal Bourne's regime many hundreds of Anglicans including a number of clergymen with High Church views became adherents of the Roman Catholic communion.

Our Government House

The Premier of Ontario, who is making such a fuss about abolishing the Government House at Toronto, has recently been enjoying the hospitality of the Governor of one of the British West Indies islands at the Government House at Nashua, B.W.I. He was entertained while there at the public expense. At the same time he has been kicking about the entertaining of distinguished guests at the Government House in Toronto. All of this seems funny and not very consistent.

In New Brunswick the late Hon. A. G. Blair, who was one of the best premiers this province ever had, made some mistakes. All other premiers have made mistakes, which is natural. Mr. Blair made a mistake in abolishing the official residence of the Lieutenant-Governor in this city. This was done more than forty years ago. Since that time lieutenant-governors for the time being have resided at wherever place they belonged. The Government House of the Province has been hawked around like an Arab's tent. Sometimes it was at Chatham, sometimes at St. Stephen and at other times in some remote spot down in Albert county or in Kings county. When the Governor-General or some distinguished member of the Royal family visited our provincial capital he was generally housed in a private car in the station yard. The last time the Governor-General came here his car was on the track leading to a wood yard on the C. N. R. siding back of Charlotte street. This had a nice mud puddle approach. New Brunswick is the only province in the Dominion which does not have at its capital an official residence for its Governor. The Governor should live at the capital of the province and it was only on condition that he live at the Capital that he was entitled to use any of the income coming from the sale of the Old Government House property in the way of interest on the proceeds of the sale. This interest is to be used by the Lieutenant-Governor for the time being and "applied by him toward establishing an official residence in the City of Fredericton and towards his maintaining such an official residence and grounds. The maintenance and upkeep are to be approved by the Executive Council committee." This is to be found in the Acts of Assembly 1921, Chapter 2.

Under this section, which is the only authority of any kind by which the annual interest from the \$50,000 fund received from the Dominion in 1920 can distribute for any purpose, there can be no possibility of disbursements of this money legally except in the event of the Lieutenant-Governor establishing an official residence in the City of Fredericton "which residence shall," says the Act, "be approved by the Executive Council Committee as being suitable for Government House for the time being, and the maintenance and upkeep shall be approved by the Committee of the Council."

The fact is that year after year the annual interest from the \$50,000 has been paid to different Governors who have complacently accepted the same and have used it for entertaining and other expenses. These moneys have never been used in the only way they rightfully could have been used,—for the upkeep of a Government House, grounds, etc., in Fredericton. It has been alleged at large that this has been used by Lieutenant-Governors to defray the expense of entertaining. Even if this were so, it would be an entirely irregular and unwarranted use of the money. The money spent here in entertaining visiting dignitaries is very small, these entertainments being few and far between. If it goes to pay for the annual ball held at the opening of the Legislature it is entirely wrong that the money of the Province should be applied for this purpose, that is, for the private entertainment of a few selected persons who may receive invitations to this function. It is not for the benefit of the Province as a whole.

But the expenses of the Lieutenant-Governor's Office, as indicated in the Public Accounts from year to year, shows that many of the expenses of such entertainments are paid out of the general revenue as a contingent account. This has been the same under different political parties and in connection with our various Lieutenant-Governors ever since Hon. P. J. Veniot in 1920 made the mistake of selling Old Government House. If all these expenses are paid out of the contingencies account then the interest account should be practically intact and should be accumulated for a building fund or for some similar expenditure in connection with the Governor's residence and grounds. It cannot be used for anything at all. For instance, a man would not use it for taking a trip somewhere on private business.

Some funny items have appeared in the Governor's Accounts in different years. One funny one is an item regarding \$350.00 for 150 engraved certificates and for printing invitations and tickets for the Loyalist Society.

Why the Loyalist Society any more than the Saint Andrew's Society, or of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, has not been explained. As both political parties are on the public accounts committee and as the representatives of each have agreed to these various expenditures one cannot blame the other.

Every loyal citizen of New Brunswick believes that the representatives of His Majesty in this Province should be properly housed and that they should entertain with becoming dignity. They believe that the Province should be willing to bear to a reasonable extent the expense—but the PUBLIC, WHO PAY THE BILLS, ARE ENTITLED TO KNOW THE DETAILS. If this interest money is for a certain purpose it is only right that it be used for that purpose only. In that case it should go for the UPKEEP OF A GOVERNMENT HOUSE IN FREDERICTON, WHICH IS THE CAPITAL. The Province should supply a Government House.

(continued on page four)

THE DEATH OF DR. MOREHOUSE MOURNED IN N. B.

Well Known Upper Keswick Physician Passed Away on Tuesday; the Funeral on Thursday Afternoon—Was Widely Known and Popular.

Friends all over Central New Brunswick and especially in York County, will learn with sincere regret of the death of Dr. Oscar E. Morehouse, Upper Keswick physician and district medical health officer, who passed away at the Victoria Public Hospital early on Tuesday. Dr. Morehouse has been in close touch with Fredericton for many years and had a host of warm personal friends in this vicinity.

The funeral will be held tomorrow with prayers at the late home in Upper Keswick at 1.30 o'clock followed by a service at St. Paul's Anglican church at Zealand, conducted by Rev. E. Duncan McQueen at two o'clock. Interment will be made in St. Paul's churchyard.

Dr. Morehouse had been ill for several weeks and for the past ten days his condition had been so critical that all hope was given up. The Keswick physician had been removed to the Victoria Hospital here on Saturday.

Born at Upper Keswick, 77 years ago, the late Dr. Morehouse had practised his profession from 1889 until 1926 at Upper Keswick. He had been district medical health officer of the western division of the province for a number of years and fulfilled his duties well and faithfully. Popular with everyone the late Dr. Morehouse will be widely mourned. His splendid personal qualities made him loved and respected by a host of people.

Besides his wife, he is survived by two sons, Dr. Oscar E. Morehouse, of Montreal, and Robert H. at home; three daughters, Mrs. Owen Branscombe, of Moncton; Mrs. Charley Bailey of Saskatchewan; and Miss Evelyn, who is a student nurse at the Royal Victoria Hospital in Montreal; two brothers, Horace of Houlton, Maine; Albert of Burr's Corner; and Avery of Zealand; also one sister, Mrs. Hugh McElwee of Houlton, Maine.

Dr. Morehouse had an active public career, both in municipal and provincial affairs. Born at Upper Keswick on August 5, 1857, he was a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Morehouse of that place.

For several years Dr. Morehouse was a member of the York County Council and for one served as warden of York County. In 1910, in a by-election as a supporter of the Fleming government he was elected to the Legislative Assembly and in the general election of 1912 he was re-elected, retiring in 1917.

At one time he was president of what was then known as the York-Sunbury Fish & Game Protective Association and he maintained on his own property a private trout pond which he kept well stocked. He was chairman of the local board of health before the present Health Act came into existence and among his duties under that Act were included chairmanship of the Fredericton sub-district board of health. Included in these duties also were health lectures given by him at the Provincial Normal School here.

Doctors William Warwick, J. M. Cameron and G. W. Bailey will represent the Department of Health at the funeral of the late Dr. Morehouse tomorrow afternoon. W. W. Hubbard, president of the York and Sunbury Historical Society, and Rev. Dr. F. A. Wightman, the vice-president, will represent the society. Several others from Fredericton plan to attend the funeral service. The train from here is not expected to arrive at Zealand until twenty minutes to three o'clock and prayers will not be held until the arrival of the Fredericton train. Originally it had been planned to conduct the prayer service at 1.30 o'clock.

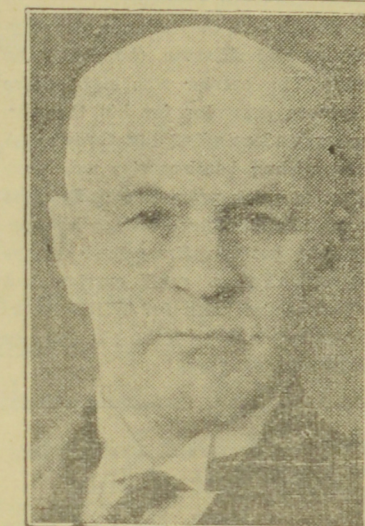
Italy Unwilling To Abandon Policy

FULLERTON SEES YEAR OF PROGRESS

Chairman of C. N. R. Trustees Grateful For Bright 1935 Prospects.

Montreal, Jan. 2.—"We have reason for gratitude that the prospects for 1935 are as bright as they are," states Hon. C. P. Fullerton, K.C., chairman of the trustees of the Canadian National Railways, in a New Year message to officers and employees of the Canadian National System.

"The year just closed, on the whole, has been one of encouragement. Business throughout the Dominion general-



HON. C. P. FULLERTON
Chairman of the Canadian National Railways.

ly has shown an improvement over the immediately preceding year. While there are many obstacles to economic recovery still to be overcome, there are indications that the upturn in business will continue.

"It may be some time yet before we get back to what represents a normal position, but it is distinctly heartening to feel that we as a nation are on our way. Improving business conditions will be quickly reflected in additional traffic for the railways, thereby providing increasing employment for railway workers. We have reason for gratitude that the prospects for 1935 are as bright as they are.

"To our large staff throughout the Dominion, I would like to say that the trustees are deeply conscious of the loyalty and co-operation given freely by all ranks throughout the year."

MARYSVILLE CHURCH HELD WATCH-NIGHT

Introducing the week of prayer in Marysville a Community Watchnight service was held on New Year's Eve in the United Church of Canada beginning at nine o'clock. The program was divided into three parts of one hour each. The nine o'clock hour of song and fellowship was followed by the layman's hour at ten o'clock and the minister's hour at eleven o'clock. The laymen were represented by S. J. Hallett, John Cawthra and Chester Cochrane who spoke on different phases of personal evangelism. Rev. F. A. Dunlop, Rev. M. H. Manuel, and Rev. W. Steadman Smith, spoke on the past, the present and future of life's experiences.

Music was furnished by members of the various choirs, including special numbers by Miss Margaret Manuel, Prof. J. Peterson, Donald and Gertrude Cochrane, and Thurman Wister. A service was held in connection with the tolling of the church bell in farewell to the old year and welcome to the new year. During the tolling of the bell, Rev. Mr. Manuel read Longfellow's poem "Ring Out the Old, Ring in the New." The service was much appreciated by the large attendance from the various churches.

Boundary Question In Central Europe Blocks An Early Pact.

Paris, Jan. 2.—Long standing differences over the permanence of boundaries established by post-war treaties appeared to have checked hopes for an early Franco-Italian accord.

Premier Mussolini was understood to have been unwilling to accept an agreement which would involve abandonment of his policy of encouraging revision of the treaties which set up the existing frontiers in the Danubian basin.

As a result, it was reported Foreign Minister Pierre Laval had decided to postpone his projected visit to Rome which was expected to promote Franco-Italian rapprochement.

France has long been committed to support the Little Entente—Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and Rumania—in its determination to maintain the status quo in Central Europe.

Mussolini has been friendly toward Hungary's ambition to regain part of its territory handed to its neighbors in the rearrangement of the European map.

Proposals for the protection of the independence of Austria were reported to have been an allied factor in obstructing consummation of the preliminary negotiations, conducted by telephone.

It was emphasized here that postponement of Laval's visit, originally scheduled for tomorrow, did not signify complete breakdown of the negotiations.

"The peace of Europe for the next 50 years depends on these negotiations," one official source said, "and there is no use to rush things before the groundwork is laid."

Rome, Jan. 2.—French ambassador Charles de Chambrun today continued his efforts to overcome obstacles in the way of a Franco-Italian political understanding and a treaty guaranteeing the independence of Austria.

Still optimistic that he might have the groundwork laid for the proposed visit of Foreign Minister Pierre Laval this week, de Chambrun was engaged in active negotiations at the Italian foreign ministry.

He found time to address the French colony in Rome at the annual New Year reception given by the French Embassy. He eulogized the friendship between Italy and France and expressed confidence that the present negotiations here would be successful.

C. F. INCHES NAMED REPRESENTATIVE

Provincial Government Acts on Proposed Closing of Railway Branch-

ST. JOHN, Jan. 2.—The provincial government has appointed C. F. Inches, K.C., to represent the various interests affected by the proposed abandonment of the Elgin and Havelock branch of the Canadian National Railways and the Pennfield and St. Stephen branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway. It was announced by Premier Tilley.

On behalf of the Government, Mr. Inches will represent all those interests that might be affected by the proposed closing down of these branches. Mr. Inches has been instructed to receive all information or protests that might be submitted to any municipality, corporation, individual or others affected by such closure. After receiving such protests, Mr. Inches will prepare a brief and arguments for submission before the Board of Railway Commissioners when the matter in question comes before it.