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'SALADA' TEA

CROP FIGURES ARE GUARDED

SECRET IN THE UNITED STATES

United States Field Reporters Work in Guarded Room After Estimates Are Made

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10 — Disaster, the Bible relates, was once averted in Egypt when Joseph interpreted a dream of the Egyptian Pharaoh and foretold the coming of seven fat years to be followed by seven lean ones; and how, through Joseph's advice, enough food was stored up during the plentiful years to provide plenty during the seven years in famine.

Today, says the Pathfinder, counterparts of this famous character hidden away in the Department of Agriculture also foretold the fat and the lean years. But unlike the Biblical character, they do not have prophetic vision nor ability to interpret dreams; they depend on cold facts and figures gathered carefully from all parts of the nation and on these they base their periodical estimates of crop production.

Their reports are made at least 18 times a year—one a month between January and July and two a month between July and January. Beginning with July estimates of the condition of each crop, except certain fruits, grain and truck crops, are made throughout the growing season. Estimates of cotton production are first issued in August and that of winter wheat and rye in December. Although the department has crop records dating back more than 70 years, crop reporting is comparatively a new institution. Less than a decade ago only five crops were being reported, but at the present time the number is more than 75 with an average of about 35 of one kind or another to each state.

Want Early Information

Since expected surpluses or carryovers may be fairly accurately computed from these reports it is readily seen that a rise or fall in prices is largely dependent on these estimates. Thus the farmer is interested. But other business men connected with mills, packing plants, stock exchanges, transportation companies, markets in general, etc., as well as economists, all want to know the amount of farm production as far ahead as possible!

After the Government had realized the necessity and value of such a service it set about developing the largest and most complete market reporting organization in the world. With headquarters in Washington where experts assemble and check the final figures the organization reaches out to more than 300,000 volunteer reporters, many of them farmers, county and state statisticians, thousands of mill and grain elevator operators who report the movement of grain and stock on hand and to many farmers who not only provide estimates but the actual amounts of grain and stock on hand twice a year. In computing estimates most of the reports are based on the acreage, condition of the crop and the amount of rainfall which can then be

compared with those of a "normal" year with reliable figures resulting.

Work Secretly

Since we have seen that prices depend a great deal on the expected production of all of these men work as secretly as possible. If the reports became known in advance of the release date various organizations and individuals could then take unfair advantages through speculation, etc. Thus drastic rules surround the tabulation and release of the reports. A law makes it a criminal offense for employees of the United States Crop Reporting Service to speculate or to become financially interested in anything which crop reports would affect, wilfully issuing false figures or giving out any information concerning these reports in advance of the release date to the public. Anyone convicted of violating this statute is subject to a maximum penalty of a \$10,000 fine 10 years in prison or both.

However, there is actually little chance of any employee having definite information concerning the reports, not even the Secretary of Agriculture himself, until a few minutes before the report is released; and at that time all those connected with the final tabulation are locked in the board room while it is being prepared. Reports from volunteer workers are separated by classes, by sections and by states and listed separately on large sheets which are then cut up and distributed to computers. There is no means by which these sheets may be identified by states or even crops except through reference numbers to which only one man holds the key. Reports from the state statisticians or the branch offices are sent to the Secretary of Agriculture in special envelopes or in case of haste, in code by wire.

Secretary Holds Key

These are delivered to the secretary and deposited by him, unopened in a container to which he alone has a key. There they remain until the morning of the day when the reports are to be sent out.

As soon as the crop figures for each state are determined they are turned over to the tabulators, who convert them into percentages of normal yields per acre for each state, probable total production for each state and finally the estimated totals for the entire country. During all this time the doors have remained locked and telephones disconnected but about a quarter of an hour before the release time—usually about 1 A. M. for cotton and 3 P. M. for other crops—the Secretary of Agriculture or his designated assistant enters the room to read and approve the reports. He, too, must then remain until after the reports are released.

Daily Mail advertisement brings results.

HUNDREDS NOW BACK TO WORK IN WESTERN CANADA

Noise of Rivetters Is Heard At Winnipeg—Construction Gains New Lease of Life.

WINNIPEG, May 11—The noise of the rivetter, music in the ears of the unemployed who are returning to work by hundreds in Winnipeg, is again heard downtown these days.

The new post office building and the new Federal building are being built with large numbers of men finding work on them.

Other indications that the country is moving back to normal are observable on every hand.

The Manitoba Telephone system, which has been improving its position for the last two years, again has had a successful year.

The surplus for the first four months of 1934 was \$106,300.96 against \$54,667.44 for the same period in 1933. Total revenues were \$5,000 in excess of those in 1934 and nearly 300 new services were installed during the period.

SUGGESTS THAT C. G. D. ROBERTS BE SENATE MEMBER

The Ottawa correspondents are busy these days reorganizing Premier Bennett's Cabinet. Every day a new Cabinet—the lads are quite clever at it. One guess is as good as another.

We note with regret that the Ottawa correspondents do a great deal of their reorganizing by shifting discarded Cabinet Ministers into the Senate.

Our opinion is that the time has come to give the Senate a new deal and a square deal, and not to unload on it the tired, retired or fired politicians from the House of Commons, of whom there are already too many in the Upper Chamber.

The newspaper correspondents would do the public a good turn if they would suggest something in the way of new blood for the Senate, men of standing who have not worn out their welcome in the House of Commons and want to use the Senate as a cyclone cellar.

If the Senate is to survive it must acquire merit with the public, and the way to acquire merit is to put the right sort of men in it, persons let us say, who can talk on an intellectual level with the Right Hon. Arthur Meighen, and discuss Shakespeares and the musical glasses with the same competency as they can the tariff or the national debt.

We suggest, as a starter, a university professor two—Sir Robert Falconer, for instance—and, since we are to have a literary governor-general in Mr. Buchan, another literary man, say Charles G. D. Roberts, to chat with him and bear him company in the exalted circles in which he moves.—The Montreal Standard.

Canadian full cream, evaporated, in small cans, 16 ounces and 6 ounces, has a good sale in Scotland and competes against Dutch full cream.

THE DAILY MAIL

Is on sale at the following places of business in the city—

W. G. Quinn, 147 Westmorland St.
F. Donahoe, Smythe & Carleton Sts.
Geo. A. Farris, 382 York Street
W. A. Erb, grocer, York St.
Alonso Staples, York Street.
S. Keetch, grocer, Charlotte-York Sts.
J. E. Saunders, 199 Northumberland Street

Arthur D. Shatford, Cor. Northumberland and King Sts.

DOWN-TOWN
Crowley's Cigar Store, Queen St.
Royal Cigar Store, Queen St.
Hawthorne's Cigar Store, Queen St.
A. E. Eardley, Grocer, St. John and Brunswick Streets

VanWart Grocery, Cor. Charlotte and St. John Streets
A. T. Sweed, Grocer, Charlotte St.
C. C. Wood, Grocer, University Ave.
White's Grocery Store, George St.
John F. Timmins, Grocer, King St.

DEVON, N. B.
J. R. Monteith, North Devon, and from the carrier boys in the City and in Devon and Marysville.

If you have any trouble in the delivering of your paper, please complain to us. Ring Phone 67 and we will have your paper at your door at ONCE!

Wheat prices continue to show improvement and the demand for grain is continuing to improve.

The policy of the Wheat Agency not to permit the market to run away ahead of world prices is bearing fruit with the stilling of violent opposition in Great Britain and the movement abroad of large quantities of wheat.

Broomhall, the British authority on grain market trends, looks for greatly improved exports through Montreal and other Canadian ports.

He points out that the spread between Liverpool and Buenos Ayres and Winnipeg is gradually narrowing and that, quality considered, Canadian wheat is as good value today, perhaps better, than any in the world.

John J. McFarland, manager of the Government Wheat Agency, has followed a canny course ever since the world statistical situation has placed the Canada trade in a healthy situation. He has poured wheat into the Winnipeg pit, if trade comment be true, and permitted price in foreign countries to come within measurable distance of the pegged price here.

All of which is appreciated by the trade.

But his most deft stroke is the decision to permit all who have May contract wheat to spread their options to the July by paying a premium of 1 3/8 cents a bushel. This takes a great anxiety off the shoulders of holders of the May, who had executed to have to deliver to him on the Winnipeg option before May 31. Now that they can use the July option at will they will probably be in the pit buying for export in the normal manner. All of which is helping Mr. McFarland to carry out his surprise.

NOTICE OF SALE

To the heirs-at-law and next-of-kin of Richard G. Shaw, also known as George Robert Hart, late of the Parish of Canterbury, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, deceased, and to all others whom it may in any wise concern:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under and by virtue of the provisions of The Property Act, and under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the twenty-fourth day of February, 1928, made between Richard G. Shaw, of the Parish of Canterbury, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, of the one part, and Edgar F. Scheibe, of Lincoln, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, of the other part, and duly recorded in York County Records in Book 204, pages 332-333, under official number 80420, on the 26th day of March, 1928, there will, for the purpose of obtaining payment of the money secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in the payment thereof contrary to the provisions of the said Indenture of Mortgage, be sold at Public Auction in front of the POST OFFICE in the CITY OF FREDERICTON, in the County of York, on SATURDAY, the FIRST DAY OF JUNE, 1935, at the Hour of TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON, the lands and premises mentioned and described in the said Indenture of Mortgage as follows:

"ALL that certain lot or parcel of land situate in the Parish of Canterbury, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Being an irregular and triangular lot at or near the southwest corner of Skiff Lake, being a projection or point of land lying southwesterly of the Northcote Island so-called, in said Lake. Meaning and intending to convey the point upon which said Shaw now has a log cabin, the land hereby conveyed, lying east of a line beginning at a spruce tree on the southerly side of said point where it joins the mainland, running thence north across the point, and containing not over four (4) acres. Together with all the houses, out-houses, barns, buildings, edifices, fences, improvements, profits, privileges, and appurtenances, to the same belonging, or in any manner appertaining; and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and also all the estate, right, title, right and title, homestead interest, use, possession, property, claim and demand either at law or in equity, of him the said mortgagor, of, in, to, or out of the same, and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances.

Being the same premises described in an Indenture between James Murchie's Sons Company and Richard G. Shaw, dated June 15, 1915 and recorded in the Registry Office of York County in the Province of New Brunswick in Book D-7, pages 523-523, said document being numbered 65512."

Together with the buildings and improvements thereon and the appurtenances and privileges to the same belonging.

Dated this 22nd day of April, A.D. 1935.

(Sgd.) EDGAR A. SCHEIBE (L.S.)

Mortgagee.

Hanson, Dougherty & West, Solicitors, Fredericton, N. B.

Of Interest to Women

DEMONSTRATION DINNER

The girl students of the Vocational Classes of the Fredericton high school who were hostesses recently to the faculty served the following seven course dinner, as part of their training:

Grape fruit.
Vegetable soup
Small fish entrée.
Baked ham, potatoes, spinach and beets.
Small fruit salad
Sherbet.
Small Cake, coffee.

It is just a question if the public at large appreciate and realize the value of a course at school which comprises home making as well as good foundation in academic subjects.

GARDENING WITH ROCKS

A few years ago a steep bank at the end of the lawn was regarded as a distinct handicap. Grass and ordinary flowers could not survive spring

downpours. About the only solution was large trees and in front of these a screen of shrubbery or vines to hide the raw earth. Now-a-days, people want such banks to create a rock garden and often where no bank exists, one is raised by artificial and expensive means. This is not to be confused with the old stiff and rather unsightly rockery. In the kind advocated here, boulders are set into the side of the hill, embedded so deep that frost will not seriously disturb them, and also will lead back into the main bank. Between the rocks a miniature Rocky Mountain range is created with gulleys, alpine meadows, crags and steep canyons. Seed catalogues usually list alpine rock garden plants separately. It is most important to secure seeds and plants suitable to Canadian conditions and it is also advisable to get special literature on the subject, or visit a neighboring rock garden, before attempting too elaborate a lay-out.

CANADIAN GEOGRAPHICAL

In the May number of the Canadian Geographical Journal a graceful and appropriate tribute is paid to the King and Queen who have won to so conspicuous a degree the respect and deep affection of the British peoples all over the world; and the occasion of the Jubilee is fittingly marked by an article on George V and his wife at Sandringham. The writer spent years on the famous Royal estate, and describes from personal knowledge the simple unassuming life of the King as a country gentleman, and the Royal couple's keen interest in all that concerns the welfare of their household and tenants.

Mr. R. P. Gorham, in the same number, tells the story of Fredericton, the picturesque little capital of New Brunswick, which not long ago celebrated the 150th anniversary of its foundation.

In another article, by Marius Barbeau, we are transported three thousand miles or so to the Nass River, in northern British Columbia, and given a great deal of information about its Indians and their singular traditions, their famous totem poles, and the volcano that filled their forefathers with terror when it belched molten lava and fire and deadly gases down to the banks of the Nass. A Canadian who has spent many years in remote parts of China, writes very interestingly of a journey into eastern Tibet, the character of the country, and the odd manners and customs of its inhabitants. This like all the other articles in the Journal is illustrated with numerous photographs taken on the spot.

The Editor himself contributes an account of a visit to one of the frontier towns of Western Canada, McMurray, at the junction of the Athabasca and Clearwater; the end of steel and the jumping-off place for Great Bear Lake and the rest of the Far North. From here the steamers of the Hudson's Bay Company carry passengers and freight down the Athabasca and the Slave Rivers to Fitzgerald, where the rapids end navigation, and other boats take them on north from Fort Smith. From McMurray, also, aircraft will take you, with what a short time ago would have seemed incredible speed, into once inaccessible corners of Northern Canada. It is a stirring story, and one that makes us realize the tremendous possibilities of this new frontier in the north.

Canadian fruit-picking and packing paraphernalia, such as fruit-picking ladders and box shooks, have created a favourable impression in South Africa, to which country there are two direct steamship lines from Canada—ex Montreal and Saint John. A third shipping line is operated from British Columbia.

TO OUR ADVERTISERS

In order to be sure that your advertisement gets in The Daily Mail all changes should be handed into the business office of this paper at 9 a.m. Short transient notices will be taken up to 10.30 a.m. Advertisements requiring extra space and requiring to have mats cast for same should be handed in the day previous to publication.

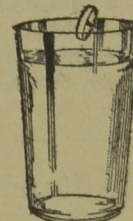
Even Rheumatic Pains Eased Fast Now!

BAD HEADACHES, NEURITIS PAINS OFTEN RELIEVED IN MINUTES THIS WAY

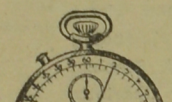
Remember the pictures below when you want fast relief from pain. Demand and get the method doctors prescribe—Aspirin. Millions have found that Aspirin eases even a bad headache, neuritis or rheumatic pain often in a few minutes! In the stomach as in the glass here, an Aspirin tablet starts to dissolve, or disintegrate, almost the instant it touches moisture. It begins "taking hold" of your pain

practically as soon as you swallow it. Equally important, Aspirin is safe. For scientific tests show this: Aspirin does not harm the heart. Remember these two points: Aspirin Speed and Aspirin Safety. And, see that you get ASPIRIN. It is made in Canada, and all druggists have it. Look for the name Bayer in the form of a cross on every Aspirin tablet. Get tin of 12 tablets or economical bottle of 24 or 100 at any druggist's.

Why Aspirin Works So Fast



Drop an Aspirin tablet in a glass of water. Note that BEFORE it touches the bottom, it is disintegrating.



IN 2 SECONDS BY STOP WATCH An Aspirin tablet starts to disintegrate and go to work.

What happens in these glasses happens in your stomach—ASPIRIN tablets start "taking hold" of pain a few minutes after taking.

When in Pain Remember These Pictures

ASPIRIN IS THE TRADE MARK OF THE BAYER COMPANY, LIMITED

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP BARGAIN FARE

FROM ALL C. P. R. STATIONS IN NEW BRUNSWICK—TO:

Montreal \$7. **Toronto \$12.**

Going—FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1935

Return Limit—From Montreal MAY 21, 1935
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INFORMATION AND TICKETS FROM ALL AGENTS

CANADIAN PACIFIC