

CANADA'S DELEGATE SPEAKS AT GENEVA

Rural Children Lack High School Chance Says an Institute

Teachers' Gathering at Moncton Urge Improved Conditions for Children.

MONCTON, Nov. 2—The United Teachers' Association held double sessions yesterday. At the teachers' meeting, Sergeant-Major Oliver, of the Provincial Normal School, spoke on physical instruction and emphasized the need for such work in the schools. Following his talk, the Institute went into divisions, with Allan Hopper presiding at the high school division. Prof. R. E. D. Cattley, of the U.N.E., addressed this section on "The Teaching of Latin," following which a discussion was led by Miss Ethel Murphy. In the intermediate section, Lawrence Reinsborow presided and brief talks were given by Miss Mamie Widbur, Ronald Gaskin, Gerald McKewen and George Freeman, on "Helpful Hints," and discussion was led by H. P. Hovey, Miss Janice A. Fowler presided at the primary section meeting, at which brief talks were given by Miss Ida M. Cove and Miss Louise Dobbeltstein. Discussion was led by Miss Jessie Stanard. In the French section, H. P. Bourgeois was the chairman. Miss Creola LeBlanc read a paper on "Directing the Tardy Child," and Miss Martina Doucet gave a lesson in "Nature." Discussion was led by Aurore Bourque. At the trustees' session, G. A. Taylor presided and those who spoke were Dr. A. S. McFarlane, Inspector A. E. Daigle, Mrs. G. Dunham, D. B. McKinnon and E. C. Rice.

During the afternoon, Dr. A. S. McFarlane, chief superintendent of education, was the principal speaker, while others who addressed the trustees' meeting were G. A. Taylor, E. C. Rice and Dr. F. A. Dixon. The discussion and addresses dealt mostly with lack of high school facilities for rural children and a resolution was passed calling the Board of Education of the province to take some definite action in regard to this matter.

The salvation of the world lies in adult education, declared Dr. M. M. Coady, professor of education at St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, in speaking before the Institute of the counties of Westmorland, Kent and Albert. Dr. Coady was speaking on the extension work being carried out by the university and he explained in detail the plan of the courses and the success which they had met, particularly in fishing, mining and lumbering areas.

He stated that the only way to combat Communism and Socialism was by means of education and argued that extension courses were of exceptional value. He went into various phases of the courses and outlined in a vivid manner the credit unions and other co-operative organizations functioning in various sections of the three provinces as the result of extension work and adult education. He told of the formation of study clubs, the literature used in different clubs and of later developments, such as the formation of credit unions, the opening of stores and the establish-

CAN. DELEGATE AT GENEVA GIVES VIEWS

Would Oppose Exceptions That Would Weaken General Embargo.

"Economic sanctions are the key to the whole position," Dr. Walter A. Riddell, Canada's permanent representative at Geneva, told the sub-committee. He said to make exceptions not only would upset collective action but would prove prejudicial to other countries observing the sanctions imposed by the League.

He warned such procedure would also postpone the effectiveness of a general embargo and said he could not associate himself with anything that would weaken the sanction boycotting Italian goods. His speech was regarded by members as the turning point in a complicated discussion.

Sought Consideration

Rumania and other countries had asked for special consideration in connection with application of sanctions. The Rumanian delegate said his country had a credit balance of 40,000,000 lei (approximately \$400,000) against Italy.

The date for cutting off purchases from Italy will be set by the League's "general staff" of 52 nations, which is expected to meet tomorrow. But several delegates proposed Nov. 14 or 15 for the actual start of the boycott. The earlier date was suggested by Anthony Eden, Great Britain's minister for League affairs.

Before Aloisi arrived, smiling, to be greeted at the station with a Fascist salute from a group of Italians, a spokesman from Italy told The Associated Press: "Italy does not refuse to negotiate peace. But we are not running after peace."

When Mr. Dysart comes down to breakfast there are a half dozen or more waiting for him. When he comes out from the breakfast room the number has increased to a dozen. Some of these are looking for jobs—any old job, whether the applicant is qualified to fill it or not. When he leaves the hotel for his office at the Departmental building there is another bunch scattered along between the hotel and the Departmental doors, and again another crowd waiting inside the building. This is kept up morning, noon and night. The newspaper reporters are amongst the offenders as they must get the news.

Amongst those waiting yesterday to see the Premier was a lame man who asked Mr. Dysart to give him \$150. Boys were there to sell football tickets and others that wanted jobs. He saw them all.

How Mr. Dysart stands all this dear only knows. He is always in good humor and he is always ready with a joke. There is no high-hatting about Allison Dysart. He is good-hearted, perhaps to much so. But if someone keeps trying to put things over him, the good Premier is likely to explode sooner or later. You cannot pull his leg. There has never been a more popular Premier than the present one, both with the staff in the buildings and with the public. He acts the real gentleman. The same may be said in this regard about all the other members of the Cabinet. They are good fellows, one and all.

There has never been so many meetings of the Cabinet as there have been since the new Government came into office in June last. During the mornings and afternoons it is the custom to hear delegations, and there never has been so many as in recent months. It has been necessary to postpone the routine cabinet business until evening. Then the sessions last from about 8.30 p. m. until long after midnight, sometimes one or two o'clock in the morning, so that the Government "while their supporters sleep work up and onward in the night."

This gives the outsider an idea of how the Premier and his Cabinet have to work. It is no wonder that the man said "There is not money enough in New Brunswick to induce me to be Premier."

SHERIFF GIVEN KEYS TO OFFICE THIS MORNING

Sheriff C. N. Goodspeed was handed the keys of the office this morning by his predecessor, Roy W. Smith, and the former is now occupying the Sheriff's Office in the County Court House. Owing to a misunderstanding of an amendment to the act regarding the appointment of a sheriff, ex-Sheriff refused to hand over the keys yesterday which was to have been the day when the new sheriff's appointment took effect. However, it was learned this morning that Chief Justice J. B. M. Baxter, Saint John, advised (Continued on Page Four)

ing of banks to handle the community monies. As great examples of the work, Dr. Coady cited the cases of Sweden, Denmark and England.

ROYAL HONEYMOON COUPLE ARE VISITING IN MONTREAL

(Special to The Daily Mail)

MONTREAL, Quebec, Nov. 2—A Royal honeymoon couple on a round-the-world tour are in the city today, being the Prince and Princess of Asturias, travelling under the name of Prince and Princess Don Juan de Borbon. They disembarked recently from the S.S. "Bremen" at New York City and after also visiting Philadelphia and Washington arrived here from the latter city on "The Montrealer" train of the Canadian National Railways, reaching Bonaventure Station yesterday.

The Royal couple are much interested in Canadian cities and scenic attractions and with this in view have planned to stay over two days in the metropolis to become acquainted with its many historic and modern features before proceeding to points farther west.

Leaving the city on Sunday morning, their itinerary in Canada includes visits to Toronto, Niagara Falls and Winnipeg, from which point they will make Jasper in Alberta their headquarters for nearly a week, exploring the scenic beauties of the Canadian Rockies and surrounding territory in and adjacent to Jasper National Park. There they will take sight seeing drives along the trails and foothills frequented by visitors from all over the world during the tourist season. From Jasper they proceed to Vancouver to get a glimpse of Canada's Pacific coast and then will visit Seattle, Los Angeles and San Francisco, from which point they embark for Yokohama, Japan.

Premier Dysart and His Job

"There is not money enough in New Brunswick to induce me to be Premier, even if I could land the position," said a well known newspaper man who spent a couple of days in Fredericton this week. The gentleman in question stayed at the Queen Hotel, which, during the time that the Legislature is in session and during Cabinet meetings is usually thronged with Cabinet Ministers, office seekers, delegations to interview the government, and others with axes to grind. The Queen Hotel puts one in mind of the old Russell House at Ottawa. It is and has for many years been the headquarters for politicians, and many a political deal has been hatched in this old building. Governments may come and Governments may go, but this old hotel and its connection with the official life of the Capital goes on for ever. Many private members may go to a nice homelike hotel like the Waverly Hotel, where they have all the comforts of home. Others stop at the Barker House, but the big healers and the like stop at the Queen.

But to get back to Premier Dysart. The man who remarked that he would not like to be Premier Dysart had been watching the difficulties under which the Premier labored.

Before Mr. Dysart awakes in the morning—generally about eight o'clock—calls begin to go in over the telephone to the Queen from persons who want to speak to the Premier in his room. He has a phone by the bedside and always answers these calls. Sometimes they are long distance calls. Sometimes they are local ones.

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OTTAWA APPEALS TO PEOPLE FOR FINANCIAL SUPPORT, CO-OPERATION

OTTAWA, Nov. 2—In making the announcement of a \$75,000,000 Dominion government bond issue, last night, Finance Minister Dunning commented on the general financial situation as follows:

"There are times in which the financial responsibilities of a government are practically onerous. To the maintenance of ordinary government services is now added the very heavy burden involved in meeting the problem of unemployment. At the same time we must all recognize that there are limits to the amount of debt which present and future generations of Canadians can be called upon to bear, and the government has no uncertain view as to the necessity of the early balancing of the budget and the orderly financing of its maturing and callable obligations. While our problems are weighty I see none that cannot be solved by energy, co-operation and common sense.

"I appeal to all those who are interested in the financial stability and welfare of our country to support the present issue. I have every confidence that the offering will receive from the Canadian public an immediate and favorable response."

A \$75,000,000 Dominion government bond issue will be offered to Canadian investors on Monday next, Finance Minister C. A. Dunning announces. The money will be used for general purposes and the bonds will be in two maturities, four and 1½ year, at two and three per-cent, respectively.

This will be the first major financial operation of the new government, the only other loans negotiated since Prime Minister Mackenzie King formed his third administration Oct. 23 were some short-term treasury notes sold earlier this week. It will be new money and will not be used for re-funding.

CANADA'S MOST VIOLENT QUAKE 282 YEARS AGO

Of the 1638 earthquake little is officially known, as comparatively few white people were settled in New France then. Montreal did not yet exist as a settlement. Maisonneuve has not yet arrived, and the alleged Indian village of Hochelaga was nowhere to be found. Indians reported to the settlement in Quebec having experienced the quake in various parts of the province.

Death Of China's Premier Would Be Grievous Affair

JAPAN FEARS THE POWER OF CHIANG KAI SHEK IN CHINA

Military Leaders of Japan Found Military Co-operation With Chiang Hopeless.

That Japan views with disfavor the growing power of Chiang in Northern China is seen by observers in the Orient.

At the conference of military and diplomatic officials in Tokyo a month ago, military leaders said that co-operation with Chiang was hopeless.

Chiang, they said, regarded himself as powerful enough to resist Japanese pressure. It was also feared he would consolidate his grip at the present meeting of Kuomintang leaders in Nanking.

From this the Japanese saw a possible rapprochement with the Soviet Union directed against Japan. The Japanese, it was indicated here, desired to find a Chinese leader capable of assuming responsibility for an independent northern government with Japanese support. Such a government would be able to seize customs revenue collected at Tientsin.

This would support the regime without requiring a financial effort on Japan's part, it is held.

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BENNETT TAKES FIRST REST IN FIVE YEARS

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 2—Former Premier R. B. Bennett who resigned with his Government on October 23, will leave Ottawa next week for an extended holiday, the first he has taken voluntarily in more than five years.

Mr. Bennett will go first to Calgary where he represents the Constituency of Calgary West and scene of his legal labors for more than 30 years. His plans thereafter have not been announced, but it is understood that he will journey to some warmer climate for the early winter, prior to assuming his duties as leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons.

KING OF ITALY PUBLICLY SUPPORTS MUSSOLINI

Declaring the campaign is for Italy's "life, her security and her future," the King appealed to foreigners to spread word of Italy's mission of civilization.

Heretofore the King's approval of Il Duce's Ethiopian venture has been tacit through his presence when Mussolini spoke and in acts supporting the campaign. He spoke at the University of the City of Rome.

The suggestion that Italy be given a mandate over Ethiopia was made by the Jesuit publication, Civiltà Cattolica, as a possible solution of the present crisis.

In Book Review

The proposal was made in the No-

Premier of Japan Was Victim of Communists — In Serious Condition at Hospital.

NANKING, China, Nov. 2—Wounded three times, Wang Ching-Wei, Premier of China, was in a serious condition in hospital last night.

Police identified the assassin as a reporter for a Chinese news agency. They said he used a camera to shield his pistol.

The other official wounded was Chang Chi, former president of the Judicial Yuan, but his injury was not serious. Tsesung Chun-Min, vice-minister of interior for railways and Kan Nai-Kuang, chief of the political bureau of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek's headquarters, although in the general line of fire, escaped injury.

The important meeting of the Chinese leaders was resumed despite the assassination attempt. Major political and military leaders were here from most sections of China.

Members of the Kuomintang (the dominant government party) were assembling outside the meeting hall for photographs when the shooting occurred. Sun Ming-Hsuan, standing about 35 feet away, started a sharp volley of pistol shots.

The premier and Chang Chi fell. Some 15 or 20 shots were fired as the bodyguards immediately surrounded the officials and then began shooting.

Among those endangered by the shots was Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek, China's "strong man," and virtual dictator. Also in the group posing for pictures were President Lin Sen and other high officials.

(A Japanese Foreign Office spokesman in Tokyo said if Wang Ching-Wei it would be a "grievous development both for China herself and for Sino-Japanese relations, because Wang Ching-Wei was the official chiefly responsible for promoting Sino-Japanese co-operation.")

EARTHQUAKE FAILS TO WAKEN QUINTUPLETS

CALLANDER, Ont., Nov. 2—It takes more than an earthquake to waken the Dionne quintuplets.

While the tremor shook the hospital home of the famous babes sufficient to frighten the aroused nurses, the children slept soundly. Wakened by the first rumble of the quake, the nurses ran to the cots of the quints and remained there until all was quiet.

The quake was also felt in the farm home of Mr. and Mrs. Oliva Dionne, 100 yards from the hospital, and the parents anxiously inquired whether their little daughters had been disturbed.

Hallowe'en still is an unknown quantity to Dionne quintuplets. Dr. Allan Roy Dafee said yesterday.

The babies followed their usual routine, and were put to bed at the same time as on any other night. They are all in "splendid" condition, Dr. Dafee said.

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