

FIGHTING MAY BE RESUMED IN THE BALKANS

Board of Works

Government of Turkey Resigns and Young Turks Control the Situation--Formation of New Ministry Has Been Completed and Decision Reached to Continue the War--Turkey's Stand Regarded as a Last Desperate Resistance to the Inevitable

London, Jan. 24--An uprising of the young Turks following the resignation of the cabinet may result in the resumption of hostilities as they refuse to surrender Adrianople.

Berlin, Jan. 24--A semi official despatch received here from Constantinople says that the new Turkish ministry has been completed and that a decision has been reached to resume the war with the Balkan allies. Turkish peace representatives in London, it is stated are to be recalled and all previous negotiations are to be nullified.

WOULD COERCE TURKEY

St. Petersburg, Jan. 24--The Russian government is reported to have made representations to the powers posing the triple entente and triple alliance should intervene at once in Turkey to establish domestic tranquility and coerce the Ottoman government into making peace with the allies.

London Jan. 23--To the ambassadors of powers who were congratulating themselves that the concert of Europe had virtually settled the near eastern war to the delegates of the allied Balkan States and to all London except the Turkish plenipotentiaries, the news of the resignation of Kiamil Pasha and the appointment of Mahmoud Shekret Pasha to the grand vizierate, came as a bolt from the blue.

Whether this means war to a finish with the "Young Turks in the saddle," or is merely another exhibition of the resources of Turkish diplomacy, none can say, nor can any one definitely predict whether the powers will attempt to coerce Turkey into making peace or watch events take their course.

The Turkish delegates have cherished the conviction that the abandonment of Adrianople by the ministry would bring a Young Turk cabinet into power. The fact that Shekret Pasha has been appointed grand vizier, while Talaat Bey, who is a prominent member of the Young Turk committee and deputy for Adrianople, has been made minister of the interior, is significant.

YOUNG TURKS IN THE SADDLE

The Young Turks have labored valiantly for some time to regain power; their activity among army officers has been great, and prominent officers who recently returned from Tripoli and joined the Tchatalja army, are largely responsible for the revulsion of feeling.

Whether the advent of the Young Turk ministry means that the Ottomans will make a last fight with their backs to the wall depends upon the amount of support the Young Turks are able to command in the army. Should there be a division of opinion, as diplomats acquainted with Turkey predict, a military revolt against the new cabinet is in nowise improbable.

The delegates of the allies received the news with expressions of anger and sarcasm. Some offered the opinion that the Constantinople coup was a pre-arranged comedy, that Shekret Pasha did not participate in the grand council because he knew he would succeed Kiamil Pasha. They chafe more angrily under each successive delay which the Turkish tactics have raised against the conclusion of peace, because every day meant to them an enormous burden in keeping a majority of the men of their nations under arms, withdrawn from the industrial pursuits, a condition which will place their countries more and more, as they say, "in the power of the money lenders of the European bourses." And that is the condition they dread beyond all others as tending to undermine the real independence of their kingdoms.

WOULD WELCOME RUSSIA'S HELP.

They declare that their alliance is as strongly knit as at the beginning.

of the war and they are ready to resume hostilities at a moment's notice and carry on the campaign with greater vigor and with different and larger aims than the ambitions with which they began it. They cherish the hope and belief that if the war is resumed, M. Sazonoff's recent declarations to the Turkish ambassadors will ensure Russia's appearance on the stage in the role of active intervention. They think that Russian action would not lead to a European war, as has been generally believed, but would result in the complete dismemberment of the Turkish empire, which would include the loss of Constantinople and the Asiatic provinces.

The beginning of an agreement on this subject is understood already to exist among the powers, which gradually are becoming familiarized with the idea that the complete suppression of Turkey would mean the extinguishment of a source of constant disturbance to peace. The Mohammedans themselves as a whole, are not reluctant to accept foreign and civilized dominion, instead of chaotic Turkish government. Still those delegates best acquainted with the Turkish system think that the latest move has not the resumption of war as its aim but to squeeze better conditions from a desperate situation.

MARYSVILLE TOPICS

A Presentation to Major W. H. Gray-- Skating Very Popular--K. of P. Uniform Rank to Install Officers

Marysville, Jan. 24--Major W. H. Gray was presented a few days ago with a very pretty pipe and case by Lieut. C. W. Staples of the 71st York Regt. The pipe is a handsome one and is needless to say the popular Major is proud of his gift.

Notwithstanding the disagreeable storm of last night a large number of our young people enjoyed a skate in the old rink which the recent rains flooded and being followed by a cold snap resulted in excellent ice forming. By the light of barn lanterns a very delightful evening sport was enjoyed.

The contest that is being conducted by Marysville Lodge No. 18 Knights of Pythias started in earnest last night, those present taking a great interest in the movement, which promised to result in great deal of good being done and a benefit to the order.

Next Thursday the officers of the Marshall Co. No. 9, Uniform Rank will be duly installed all members are requested to be present. A good time is promised.

NORTH CAROLINA MAN ONE HUNDRED YEARS OLD

Charlotte, N.C., Jan. 24--Mr. Harry Garrison one of the most widely known residents of this section of the State celebrated his 100th birthday anniversary today at his home at Mallard Creek. The entire membership of Mecklenburg Camp of Confederate veterans of this city made a pilgrimage to the home of the centenarian to help in the celebration.

FORMER AMBASSADOR

New York, Jan. 24--Joseph H. Choate, former United States ambassador to Great Britain, received the congratulations of many friends today on the occasion of his eighty-first birthday anniversary. Mr. Choate is in excellent health and is to be seen daily at his law office in Wall Street.

The West Indian Treaty Discussed in Commons

Liberals Tell the Government in Plain Language That Canada Wants no Meddling in Her Affairs on the Part of the British Unionists--Hon. A. K. McLean, Hon. Dr. Pugsley and Dr. Michael Clark Made it Decidedly Uncomfortable for Tory Front Benchers--Foster Refuses Information

Ottawa, Jan. 23--Canada resents outside meddling in her affairs. Notice to this effect was served in parliament today and was emphasized by almost continuous applause and other marks of approval.

The speaker was A. K. MacLean, the financial critic, who in the course of a vigorous and able address upon the prospective trade treaty with the West Indies treaty pointing out that interference of English Unionists in Canadian affairs.

He severely criticized and challenged the truth of the statement of Hon. George E. Foster in London to the effect that had the last Canadian election resulted otherwise than it did there would have been no West Indies treaty, pointing out that Hon. W. S. Fielding had taken the first steps in this direction.

He quoted the declaration of the former minister of finance that Canada, recognizing her imperial responsibility had decided to extend her preferential tariff to the West Indies without demanding any concession in return.

There was perhaps some excuse for the inaccurate statement of Mr. Foster, Mr. MacLean admitted in the fact that the minister of commerce, had been surrounded by "members of the Unionist party who had assisted financially and otherwise in the last Canadian campaign." These gentlemen were apostles of a preferential tariff in the shape of additional food taxes for England, and Mr. Foster had "found it easy to play the demagogue," under their inspiration.

SCORES UNIONIST DRIVELLERS.

"It is unfortunate for this country and unfortunate for the empire," proceeded Mr. MacLean amid applause, "that so many of these individuals in England believe that the country was saved by the defeat of reciprocity. It has been particularly unfortunate for Canada and for the empire that our country has been afflicted by so many insane and puerile speeches from traveling English Unionists."

The vacuous views of such men as Walter H. Long was a gratuitous offence to the people of Canada. These peripatetic Unionists apparently derive their knowledge of trade questions from the effusions of the versifier and poet laureate of the Jingo amalgamation.

"It is time parliament protested against the interference of these Unionists who would lecture Canadians out of the fulness of their contented ignorance. It is time they recognized that there is a national resentment on this side of the water. I have no objection to the Unionists using their best efforts to perpetuate and consolidate the empire. But I suggest to them that they devote their time and talents to grappling with the difficult political problems which confront them at home and cease to be medieval and foolish before they turn their attention to Canadian affairs. Parliament is justified in protesting in the most vigorous fashion against their gratuitous interferences in Canadian politics."

FOSTER'S BUNCOMBE

Those who thought today's parliamentary consideration of the West Indies treaty would be of routine character and devoid of happenings were disappointed. Captain Walter Long, son of Rt. Hon. Walter Long, was in the speaker's gallery and listened with interest to the keen criticisms of his father's conduct in Canada. But there were other unusual features.

Mr. MacLean described Mr. Foster's declarations to the English Unionists as "absolutely untrue, absolutely unfounded, and absolutely unworthy of himself."

Speaker Sproule stopped him and asked him to retract.

"I will not take time to debate the point of order now," replied Mr. MacLean, "I will substitute the statement that his words were a cause of the greatest astonishment and surprise to his well wishers."

Mr. MacLean's comments found

pointed and eloquent endorsement from Dr. Michael Clark, of Red Deer, who observed that "the tariff reform muddle was now almost a corpse at the heart of the empire. Recent events having blown to atoms the whole house of cards." It smacked of the proverbial conduct of the rat to the sinking ship to see the "extreme haste with which Premier Borden recently avowed that he had no connection with Bonar Law."

Dr. Clark alluded to the fact that Canada's trade with the United States last year was \$406,000,000 and her trade with the West Indies, Australia and New Zealand combined was \$16,000,000. He wished the minister well, "but," he added, amid laughter and applause, "as a member of the trading firm of Canada I trust our chief commercial agent will not let the expense account of the agent run away with the products of the order."

Another lively incident occurred when Dr. Clark twitted the minister of finance on his previous declaration in connection with the reciprocity agreement, that trade arrangements meant less of fiscal independence and enquired, amid renewed laughter, whether this arrangement would afford "poor timorous loyal Ontario."

The Red Deer man, who described the present proposals as "the smallest mouse which ever proceeded from a large mountain," with cleverly assumed anxiety asked Hon. M. White whether he had "carefully looked into this thing to see if the fiscal independence of Canada is not in danger."

Hon. Mr. White retorted by calling Dr. Clark a "political chameleon" by reason of the fact that he had advocated a navy built in Canada while advocating free trade in commercial commodities. Then Mr. White warned and incidentally gave Mr. Foster the chance which many think he has been shrewdly awaiting.

(Continued on page 5)

LAVINE CASE ATTRACTS MUCH PUBLIC ATTENTION

A considerable number of spectators attended the police court this morning when the preliminary examination of Louis Lavine, who is charged on the complaint of Mr. W. S. Thomas, manager of the local branch of the Bank of New Brunswick, and complainant, was the first witness. He swore that on December 21 Lavine presented to him at his banking office a bill of exchange on S. Arscott & Co. of St. John for five hundred dollars, drawn by accused and payable at sight. Lavine asked for cash, stating that he had telephoned the Arscott Company the night before and had been told that it was all right to draw. On the strength of the statement, witness put the bill through, paying Lavine \$498.75, charges being deducted. On December 23 Lavine did the same with another sight draft on Arscott & Co., for five hundred dollars, which was cashed in the same way. On December 27 accused presented a third draft for five hundred dollars on Arscott & Co. to the discount clerk, who passed it to witness. Witness had no conversation with Lavine on that occasion. Lavine received cash for that draft as in the case of the others. The three drafts were forwarded to St. John for presentation to the drawee. Subsequently they were returned unaccepted. Since the drafts came back witness had had conversation with Lavine about the drafts. On one or two occasions Mr. H. W. Binning, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was present in court.

Evidence showed that two of the three drafts cashed by Lavine had been endorsed by W. A. B. McLellan and that Lavine had informed Mr. Thomas that he had talked to Arscott & Co. by telephone and had been told to make the drafts on that firm.

Court rose at 1 p.m. to resume at 2 p.m.

Mr. H. W. Binning, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was present in court.

Evidence showed that two of the three drafts cashed by Lavine had been endorsed by W. A. B. McLellan and that Lavine had informed Mr. Thomas that he had talked to Arscott & Co. by telephone and had been told to make the drafts on that firm.

Court rose at 1 p.m. to resume at 2 p.m.

Mr. H. W. Binning, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was present in court.

Evidence showed that two of the three drafts cashed by Lavine had been endorsed by W. A. B. McLellan and that Lavine had informed Mr. Thomas that he had talked to Arscott & Co. by telephone and had been told to make the drafts on that firm.

W. S. THOMAS' EVIDENCE.

Mr. William S. Thomas, manager of the local branch of the Bank of New Brunswick, and complainant, was the first witness. He swore that on December 21 Lavine presented to him at his banking office a bill of exchange on S. Arscott & Co. of St. John for five hundred dollars, drawn by accused and payable at sight. Lavine asked for cash, stating that he had telephoned the Arscott Company the night before and had been told that it was all right to draw. On the strength of the statement, witness put the bill through, paying Lavine \$498.75, charges being deducted. On December 23 Lavine did the same with another sight draft on Arscott & Co., for five hundred dollars, which was cashed in the same way. On December 27 accused presented a third draft for five hundred dollars on Arscott & Co. to the discount clerk, who passed it to witness. Witness had no conversation with Lavine on that occasion. Lavine received cash for that draft as in the case of the others. The three drafts were forwarded to St. John for presentation to the drawee. Subsequently they were returned unaccepted. Since the drafts came back witness had had conversation with Lavine about the drafts. On one or two occasions Mr. H. W. Binning, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was present in court.

Evidence showed that two of the three drafts cashed by Lavine had been endorsed by W. A. B. McLellan and that Lavine had informed Mr. Thomas that he had talked to Arscott & Co. by telephone and had been told to make the drafts on that firm.

Court rose at 1 p.m. to resume at 2 p.m.

Mr. H. W. Binning, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was present in court.

Evidence showed that two of the three drafts cashed by Lavine had been endorsed by W. A. B. McLellan and that Lavine had informed Mr. Thomas that he had talked to Arscott & Co. by telephone and had been told to make the drafts on that firm.

Court rose at 1 p.m. to resume at 2 p.m.

Mr. H. W. Binning, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was present in court.

Evidence showed that two of the three drafts cashed by Lavine had been endorsed by W. A. B. McLellan and that Lavine had informed Mr. Thomas that he had talked to Arscott & Co. by telephone and had been told to make the drafts on that firm.

Court rose at 1 p.m. to resume at 2 p.m.

Mr. H. W. Binning, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was present in court.

Evidence showed that two of the three drafts cashed by Lavine had been endorsed by W. A. B. McLellan and that Lavine had informed Mr. Thomas that he had talked to Arscott & Co. by telephone and had been told to make the drafts on that firm.

Court rose at 1 p.m. to resume at 2 p.m.

Mr. H. W. Binning, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was present in court.

Evidence showed that two of the three drafts cashed by Lavine had been endorsed by W. A. B. McLellan and that Lavine had informed Mr. Thomas that he had talked to Arscott & Co. by telephone and had been told to make the drafts on that firm.

Court rose at 1 p.m. to resume at 2 p.m.

Mr. H. W. Binning, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was present in court.

Evidence showed that two of the three drafts cashed by Lavine had been endorsed by W. A. B. McLellan and that Lavine had informed Mr. Thomas that he had talked to Arscott & Co. by telephone and had been told to make the drafts on that firm.

(Continued on page five)

BREEDERS IN CONVENTION

An Important gathering Convenes at Columbia South Carolina

A Unique Association Which Has a Membership of Nearly Two Thousand and Practical Breeders

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 21--The annual convention of the American Breeders' Association, which began its sessions at the University of South Carolina today, has attracted a large number of delegates from all sections of the country. The association meets in conjunction with the International Corn Exposition, which will be opened here next Monday.

The object of the American Breeders' Association, whose membership embraces nearly two thousand scientific and practical breeders, is unique. Its aim is improvement of the human race as well as animal and plant life. The animal breeders are endeavoring to breed a better class of horses; cows that will yield more milk and better; meat animals that will yield steaks and chops more tender and better flavored; while the plant breeders are working for wheat that will yield finer flour and more of it; corn that will contain more protein; plants that will resist blight and the attacks of rust and smut; cereals that will flourish in spite of drought; fruits that will grow far north and flowers that will bloom all summer.

The program of the present convention has been prepared largely with the view of increasing knowledge of horse breeding and of either exploding or substantiating the numerous theories advanced on that subject. Other subjects such as animal and plant breeding in general and eugenics will be dealt with but the discussion will centre upon the horse.

President Mitchell of the University of South Carolina welcomed the delegates at the opening of the convention. Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, president of the association, presided over the session and delivered an address.

The convention sessions will continue three days, the first two days being given over to scientific discussions and the last day to an inspection of the International Corn Exposition. Sunday morning the delegates will leave for Charleston in response to an invitation from the chamber of commerce of that city. Stops will be made at the Clemson College experiment station and at Summerville, where a visit of inspection will be made at the only tea farm in America.

INTERESTING LECTURE ON FORESTRY SUBJECTS

A. Knechtel Gave Enjoyable Talk on Forest Scenes--Illustrated by Lantern Views

Mr. A. Knechtel, Inspector of Dominion Forest Reserves of the Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, gave his illustrated lecture on "Forest Scenes in Canada" in the Normal School building last night under the auspices of the Natural History Society. He is going through the Maritime Provinces lecturing on forestry subjects, as a part of the forestry branch of the educational campaign and will visit St. John, Moncton, Amherst, Truro, Halifax and Parrsboro and possibly Chatham.

Mr. Knechtel showed a number of fine lantern views illustrating various points in forestry. The weather was not favorable but nevertheless his lecture was well attended. He has lectured in this city on previous occasions and is known as a most interesting talker.

RACING THIS AFTERNOON

Last night's storm of snow and rain did prevent the Celestial City Driving Club from running off its matinee races on the river speedway this afternoon as originally intended.

GREAT INTEREST IN BUSINESS MEN'S DINNER

Committee Now Seeking Speakers From outside Places--Large Attendance Assured Already

The committee in charge of the third Annual Business Men's Dinner, which is to be held in the Y.M.C.A. Hall on Wednesday evening next are working hard to make the affair a great success, and judging by the interest being manifested in the banquet there will be a large and representative number in attendance. One of the Committee said today that prominent gentlemen were being communicated with and at least two speakers of note would be here for the function. It is hoped to make the announcement of the names of the speakers on Monday.

Tickets for the banquet are now on sale at the stores of C. Fred Chestnut and G. Y. Dibblee and the committee urge those contemplating attending to secure their tickets as early as possible. As heretofore the principal object of the banquet is to bring all the business men of the city, whether members of the Board of Trade or not, together for a discussion of matters pertaining to the general good of the City and its possibilities; also to establish a greater community of interest among the business men.

PERSONAL

Mr. A. E. Shaw of Toronto is at the Queen.

Mr. J. N. Macfarlane of Montreal is in the city.

Mr. A. J. McIntyre of Toronto is registered at the Queen.

Mr. C. H. Jackson of Oxford, N. S. is in the city.