

Children's Headwear

WE HAVE
BONNETS AND HOODS
IN VELVET, SILK, ANGORA and CASHMERE
The Finest Goods at the Lowest Prices
A lot of elegant new shapes in millinery at
MISS MORGAN'S
YORK STREET

A New Brunswick Bond

with the Highest Class of Security behind it

\$30,000-- 6 per cent Second Mortgage Bonds of the
Maine and New Brunswick Electrical
Power Co., Ltd.
CAPITALIZATION :
1st Mortgage 5 per cent Bonds - 175,000
2nd " 6 " " " - 75,000
Stock - - - - - 200,000
Total Capitalization - - - - \$450,000
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT COST NEARLY \$500,000

Net earnings at present time, sufficient to pay all bond interest and over 6 per cent. on the \$200,000 of stock.
Company supplying light and power to Fort Fairfield, Presque Isle, Houlton, Maple Grove, Easton, Mars Hill, Blaine, Bridgewater, Monticello, Washburn, Andover, Perth, Aroostook Valley Railroad. Apply to

Maine & New Brunswick Electrical Power Co. Ltd., P. O. Box 332 St. John N.B.

ABOUT THAT JOB!

Bill Heads

Letter
Heads

Statements

Envelopes

And in fact anything in the Printing Line.

We can do

it to please

you at very

Reasonable

Prices

GIVE US YOUR ORDER
AND GET SATISFACTION

THE MAIL PRINTER

Subscribe for "The Daily Mail"



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Public Building, Campbellton, N. B." will be received at this office until 4.00 p. m. on Tuesday, October 18, 1910, for the construction of a Public Building at Campbellton, N. B.
Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of Mr. D. H. W. terbury, Clerk of Works, Custom House, St. John, N. B., on application to the caretaker, Post Office, Campbellton, N. B., and at this Department.
Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.
Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p. c.), of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted, the cheque will be returned.
The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, September 22, 1910.
Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for additions and alterations to the Public Building, Moncton, N. B." will be received at this office until 4.00 p. m. on Monday, October 17, 1910, for the work mentioned.
Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and on application to the Caretaker, Public Building, Moncton, N. B.
Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.
Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p. c.), of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted, the cheque will be returned.
The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, September 21, 1910.
Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

Woods Made a Contract to Sell Out the Dominion Alliance

Detectives Tell of Interview With Him at Windsor Hotel, Montreal---Alleged He Was to Get \$500 and His Tools \$100 Each---Documents Drawn Up for the Deal.

Montreal, Sept. 30.—With two Thiel detectives listening in the next room at the Windsor Hotel, John B. Woods, the retired "gentleman-burglar," according to evidence given in Judge Leet's court today, dickered with another Thiel detective in disguise as to the amount to be paid him for abstaining from pressing the charges he was engaged to bring against 108 liquor dealers in the city in the name of the Dominion Alliance.

This statement was made by the Thiel detective who masqueraded as "Joe Wright," a man who had some influence with those who were concerned in the Sunday selling cases. It was made in the preliminary investigation of the alleged conspirators, John B. Woods and James O'Sullivan, alias Ashton, defendants in the conspiracy charge brought by Lawrence A. Wilson. The third alleged conspirator slipped through the hands of the detectives.

Joe Wright was introduced to Woods in St. Lawrence Hall. He was sent out to find him, according to his own story. Over a dinner in the Hall Wright and Woods talked over the case. An agreement was made by which Woods was to receive \$500 for himself and \$100 a piece for his two confederates providing they did not appear for the trial.

Judge Leet, despite the assertions of the detective, said he could hardly

believe that Woods made the overtures to the detective. It would seem, he said, as if the detective was a part of the conspiracy. Lawyer Perron stated, however, Woods had made previous overtures to other parties to sell out and the detective was justified because it was "the duty of every good citizen to prevent the ruin of respectable citizens by the perjury of ex-convicts hired by the Dominion Alliance."

At this point there was some passage between counsel and the judge. Mr. Perron said that the city had competent police officers to make cases of illicit selling of liquor, if there was any going on at all in the city, and that surely the Dominion Alliance should not have attempted to make cases on the word of two convicts. Fox, the missing man, is alleged to be a ticket-of-leave man.

Following the first meeting with Woods, the detective had several agreements as to the day set for the payment of the money. Woods had a contract drawn up in writing, which would establish the agreement between them. This contract was a lawyer-like document drawn up by Woods, and was presented as evidence in court today.

Fox and Ashton were also present at these meetings, and at the last one Woods was arrested, but Fox escaped. Both Woods' confederates

were to receive from Wright \$100 and fare across to the United States.

HOW ROBERTS MET WOODS.

John R. Roberts, secretary of the Dominion Alliance, explained to the court that Woods was introduced to him by a friend as a man quite fit to carry on the cases. He personally did not know Woods' record. He hired him to make these cases, and he was to have two assistants. Two men allotted did not appear and Woods procured two others, and said they were reputable citizens of Lancaster, Ont.

When Woods was arrested, numerous documents were found on him, relative to his work with Mr. Roberts, of the Alliance. They were filed. One exhibit was a list of articles seized at the Ranelagh Club, which it was alleged operated without a license.

This memorandum also contained a line saying that Judges Choquet and Bazin, License Commissioners, were members of the Ranelagh Club, which it was alleged had had liquor on hand without license.

A manuscript "Why I Went Wrong" one of a series he was writing for the Canadian Century, an his recent exploits in the burgling of dwelling-houses, was also found in his pocket. The case was continued until Tuesday for enquete.

SENATOR MCGREGOR MAY BE NEW GOVERNOR

Ottawa Oct 2.—It is rumored that Senator W. D. McGregor of New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, first vice-president of the Nova Scotia Steel Company will be offered the Lieutenant-governorship of Nova Scotia in succession to the late Hon. J. D. Fraser.

The appointment has not yet been considered by the cabinet council it is considered probable. The ensuing vacancy in the senate would then probably be filled by Hance J. Logan.

WIDOW OF SIR JAMES EDGAR PASSED AWAY

Toronto, Sept. 30.—A cable received from England today announced the sudden death of Lady Edgar, widow of Sir James D. Edgar, former Speaker of the House of Commons. A peculiar feature is the fact that on September 28th her brother, J. Bramley Ridout, died in England.

Lady Edgar was president of the National Council of Women of Canada, and was well known in Montreal, where she has a daughter teaching at the Edgar School in Guy Street.

Of Lady Edgar, 'Famous Women of Canada,' says: "Matilda, second daughter of the late Thomas C. Ridout, for many years cashier of the Bank of Upper Canada, and the representative of an old United Empire Loyalist family in Ontario, married in September, 1865, James G. Edgar, barrister, a prominent public man, who became Speaker of the Canadian House of Commons in August, 1896. He was created K. C. M. G. in 1898, and died in 1899. Lady Edgar has been well described as a woman of clear intellect and graceful tact. For many years she has taken an active interest in the National Council of Women, and at the time of her death was the president of the National Council of Canada.

She took an active part in the International Council of Women which met in Toronto in June, 1909, and contributed greatly to its success.

She has at different times been president and vice-president of the Women's Canadian Historical Society of the United Empire Loyalist Society. She is the authoress of 'Ten Years of Upper Canada in War and Peace,' which book won the praise of no less a critic than the late Mr. Gladstone.

Recently she published the life of General Brock, which was also favorably received.

She is survived by three daughters and two sons.
Miss Carrie Derick, president of the Local Council of Women of Montreal expressed deep regret at hearing of Lady Edgar's death.

LAKEVILLE CORNER

Sept. 27.—Now that the harvesting season has begun, the farmers are busily engaged in shipping their produce to market. All speak of a shortage in the potato crop.

Rev. Mr. Stebbings of Gibson occupied the pulpit in the Methodist Church on Sunday afternoon in the absence of the Rev. Mr. Wass.

Mrs. Wm. Porter and the Misses Andrews of St. John arrived by Str. Victoria on Saturday. They are visiting friends in this place.

Now that the hunting season has opened, the usual number of sportsmen have arrived, wending their way to the hunting grounds, among the number being Mr. Bert Porter of St. John who was a guest of Mrs. Geo. Byno.

An inconvenience in the mail delivery to the residents of French Lake has been removed by the installation of a post office known as "Randall Corner," for which much praise is due to our ever-worthy representative Col. H. H. MacLean, M. P. "He's the right man in the right place."

OUR PREFERENTIAL TARIFF PRAISED BY COMMISSION

Has Been Strong Factor in Developing Trade with the West Indies---A Similar Concession Should be Granted to Canada, Says Commission's Report.

London, Sept. 27.—The report of the Royal Commission on trade relations between Canada and the West Indies was issued yesterday. It is signed by Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Mr. W. S. Fielding, Mr. W. Patterson, Lord Islington, and Sir Daniel Morris. It comprises some sixty pages, besides voluminous appendices.

The commissioners strongly represent that the preference granted to the West Indies by Canada for some years has been great value in furnishing a favorable market for West Indian sugar just when the United States, through the development of their own colonial policy ceased to require West Indian sugar as largely as formerly. The West Indies are strongly urged to make reciprocal concessions to Canadian goods so that the advantage already obtained may be continued.

The commission advises that any preference to be granted to Canada by the West Indies take the form of a reduction on Canadian goods, leaving the duties on foreign goods as at present, but so long as the agreed amount of preference is provided, each colony should be free to make its own tariff policy. Canada it is pointed out, cannot be expected to make arrangements with the smaller colonies only, but if several of the larger ones are ready to enter into the proposed agreement, a preferential scheme might be adopted and reasonable time allowed to the other colonies to come in.

UNSATISFACTORY STEAMSHIP SERVICE

The existing steamship service is pronounced satisfactory, and it is recommended that, when the co-operation of the British post-office, is possible a faster service be established, one branch to run from Montreal and St. John and another from Halifax. The need of cheaper cable communication is emphasized, and it is suggested that this might be brought about by the acquisition of the cables about by the consolidation of several by the several governments concerned.

and the utilization of wireless for communication with the smaller islands.

Considerable attention is paid to the controversy between West Indian shippers and the Canadian refiners as to the existence of West Indian combine to obtain excessive prices and to the special concessions made to refiners a year ago respecting the importation of a limited quantity of foreign raw sugar at preferential rates. It is recommended that in any scheme for the betterment of trade relations that may be proposed, that the special concessions to the refiners be withdrawn, inasmuch as the West Indies would regard that step as essential, but that the percentage of preference allowed by Canada be reduced and made definite and unqualified.

The West India colonies generally are reported to favor reciprocal arrangements with Canada with the exception of Jamaica, which was influenced by a fear, which the commissioners did not think was justified, that making such arrangements would provoke retaliatory tariff legislation by the United States.

\$30,000 BLAZE AT AMHERST, N. S.

Amherst, Oct. 2.—Fire here this morning caused a loss of \$30,000. The flames broke out in the building in the centre of the town, occupied by D. M. Ferguson, dry goods, and A. J. Crease druggist. The fire had a good start before the firemen arrived. There is a total loss of Ferguson's stock, and other building is thoroughly gutted. The building is of brick and the walls are intact.

Crease saved part of his drug stock. The loss is largely covered by insurance. Ferguson has \$15,000 on his stock and \$12,000 on the building. Crease has \$4,000 on stock, and \$1,000 on furniture. The origin of the fire is not known.

"The Church In Darkness"!

DO NOT DEPEND ON OTHERS FOR YOUR LIGHT

Be Your Own Producer
Use a "Monitor Generator"

And Have Light Always

CHURCHES USING A "MONITOR" HOLD UNINTERRUPTED SERVICES EVERY SUNDAY NIGHT

The Best -- Safest -- Cheapest and
Never Fails to Supply Light.