

SOME WEAK POINTS IN CANADIAN DAIRYING

Mr. Geo. H. Barr of the Dairy Division of the Agricultural Department at Ottawa in a recent address before an Ontario Society spoke upon the dairy question and incidentally referred to some of the weak points in that industry. The first, he said, was the dairy cow. The farmers did not take sufficient time and pains to be sure that a cow was producing enough butter fat. This could be done by weighing and testing milk once per week at least. He instanced herds which averaged from ten to fourteen thousand pounds of milk per annum. If the milk sold for \$1 per cwt., it was easy to see that one cow was making her owner only \$17.60 per annum, while the other average one was making her owner from \$100 to \$140 per annum. In order to get these fine results it cost about \$50 per annum per cow for feed and care and attention. One herd of eleven cows had averaged 10,011 pounds of milk per annum, the best cow giving 12,227 pounds and the poorest 8,528 pounds. It was easy to pick out neighboring dairies in any section of country that were paying their owners, one \$65.00 per annum per cow more than the other. This was only possible by cow testing carefully carried out. The best way to get the best cow was to breed only from the best sires.

The second weak spot was the cream-gathering system imperfectly applied. If perfectly applied and if everyone would use care in handling the milk, cream gathering would be all right, but where one farmer had his hand-separator set up in his stable where all the impure air generated could work upon the milk for an hour or more, it was better to take the milk right away out and take it to the creamery without separating, Mr. Barr had watched Eastern Townships butter and it had steadily deteriorated in quality for the last six years. He thought it was due to hand separators being used too extensively instead of leaving the separating to be done at the creamery where conditions were more sanitary and where a more expert man was generally at the helm. Mr.

Barr said many farmers had manure pits behind their cattle and under their stables. That accounted for the fact that E. T. butter was coming into Montreal lately, with the cow flavor still sticking to it. He advocated skimming the cream very thick and rich in order that it might ripen better. When it was 35 per cent., of butter fat it made better butter than to have a larger amount at 17 per cent. The cream must be cooled to at least 50 degrees F. and kept that way until delivered at the creamery. The separator agents had a lot to answer for in telling purchasers that, in winter, the separators could go without washing after usage for twice of three times. Here again the creamery had better facilities for washing their one separator than did several different farm-houses hot fitted with steam heat. The solution of the good butter question depended largely upon getting larger factories with a bigger volume of goods. The creamerymen then could afford higher class and higher priced help, and do better work. Mr. Barr said any farm at all should support twenty cows upon 100 acres.

The third weak point was the lack of cool-curing rooms connected with the cheese factories and cold storage connected with the creameries.

The fourth weak point was the employment of cheap labor in the creameries and cheese factories. In 1911, every butter or cheese maker in Ontario would be required by the Government to take out a certificate or license. Quebec introduced syndicate inspection and Ontario had copied it and gone away ahead of Quebec in putting it into force. They had Government inspectors drawing all their salaries from the public funds who had the power to make a butter maker or cheese maker shut up his place if he had unclean or filthy accessories to his establishment. The inspector was perfectly independent of the farmer or maker and could thus make them come up to the mark better than under the Quebec system, where the inspector is partially paid by the patrons and maker. The factories are larger in Western Ontario.

MORE MONARCHS THAN EVER GATHERED BEFORE

King's Funeral will Gather Great Assemblage of the Mighty—Enormous Demand for Seats.

London, May 13.—More crowned heads and other high and mighty personages than the world has ever seen together before will be in King Edward's funeral procession.

Prices of seats along the route are being pushed up to enormous figures, far higher than when Queen Victoria was buried.

The most significant feature in the situation, the Westminster Gazette thinks, is that the demand comes principally from Americans and Germans.

One fashionable thoroughfare like Piccadilly from \$2,000 to \$5,000 asked for one day's use of a single room.

Near Paddington Station, where the coffin will be placed on board a railway train to be conveyed to Windsor, a tiny, dingy first floor window was let today for \$1,000. No window on that same street can be obtained for less.

One man who owns a four-story house near the Marble Arch has already netted a thousand dollars and expects to double that sum.

Outside another house which has a very small bit of ground in front carpenters are building a stand to "accommodate" ninety-six persons at \$15 a piece.

Seats on the roofs of buildings which are not on the direct route but are high enough to give a distant view of the procession are fetching \$15 each.

WRONG ROUTE SOLD OUT

Small fortunes have been made by people occupying houses which overlooked the route followed by Queen Victoria's funeral procession. They let all the available places in their buildings immediately after King Edward died. It is now known that next week's procession will follow a different route.

King George most carefully revised the routes proposed because of the crushes at certain spots during Queen Victoria's funeral. Trafalgar Square, one of the best points of vantage was cut out because, although it is easy to crowd people therein, it is difficult to disperse them again through the narrow converging streets.

If some people make money out of this funeral others will lose. To the poor the funeral means a public holiday and loss of wages. This will be the more serious because Whit Monday is also a public holiday. Therefore a movement has been started by Selfridge, an American merchant, to pay employees full time despite the holiday. This example is being largely followed.

IMPATIENT FOR NEW STAMPS

Stamp collectors are greatly agitated over the possibilities of a new issue. King George is widely known as a collector and a philatelist expert. It is understood that he will insist that the new stamps be real works of art.

In theatrical circles it is said that George V. will be an even better patron of plays than Edward VII. It is believed that he prefers historical drama and dislikes musical comedy. The last piece he saw was "The Scarlet Pimpernel," a drama of the French Revolution, which ran only two nights before King Edward died.

Managers say that although the audiences are slim now, they are better than was expected. Many people buy tickets in order to comply with King George's expressed desire that the theatrical employees shall not suffer.

YUKON RIVER NOW FREE OF ICE

Dawson, Yukon, May 13.—The ice on the Yukon River broke up in front of Dawson yesterday afternoon and thousands of dollars wagered on the time of this event changed hands. One hundred tons of supplies were caught on Lake George, and as the roads are too bad for horses, dogs are being used to carry them. Steamers from Dawson to the upper Yukon will start Saturday. The advance guard rushing in for spring work passed yesterday. The Dawson provision market is depleted.

SOCIAL GOSSIP

On Monday evening at the residence of his father ex-Alderman John McKnight Queen Square, Mr. Ivan McKnight very pleasantly entertained his friends to a social dance. About forty guests were present and it was not until the early hours that the merry party broke up. All voted Mr. McKnight a very pleasing host.

Mr. W. E. Trites is at Salamanca for the week end.

Mr. Roy McGibson is home for the summer vacation, having completed his second year at the Baltimore dental college.

Mr. Kenneth Chestnut is visiting his mother, Mrs. Henry Chestnut for a few days.

Mrs. B. E. Cowan and child of Douglas Ave. St. John is a guest of her father Mr. J. R. McConnell.

The Misses Beverley proved themselves very charming hostesses on Friday evening last, when they entertained at a ladies' bridge of four tables. Miss Jean Cooper was the winner of the first prize while the consolation went to Mrs. Will Chestnut.

Miss Margaret Wiley arrived home to day from Kansas City, where she has spent the past eight months visiting her sister Mrs. Wm. Cooper. Miss Wiley spent a few days in Chicago on her way east.

Mrs. H. G. Chestnut went to St. John on Tuesday.

Mrs. Currie of St. John has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Bedford Phillips, George St.

At the residence of Mrs. John Palmer, Regent St. on Monday evening, a surprise party was given for Mrs. J. W. McConnell, who with Rev. Mr. McConnell and family are soon to remove to Charlottetown. The party took the form of a "Linen Shower" and Mrs. McConnell received very many beautiful and costly gifts. About thirty ladies were present. Mrs. Palmer was assisted in serving luncheon by Mrs. J. Hugh Calder, Miss Sherman and Miss Palmer.

Mr. D'Arcy McGrath, of Grand Falls was in the city for a few days this week.

Mr. Bernard Allen of the U.N.B. has accepted a position with Mr. Walter Jackson, lumber surveyor, of Springhill for the summer.

Mr. Upton Hill, U.N.B. '08 was in the city on Thursday. Mr. Hill has resigned his position on the G.T.P. to join the staff on the Government Geological survey.

HELP WANTED

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED to sell to mothers, reliable article much needed in every home, especially used by workmen. Splendid opportunity for bright young men and women. Good salary—Exclusive territory—Permanent position. Commissions from repeat orders will alone assure good annual income. Write today. Sellery, Dept. L. Higgins Block, Moncton, New Brunswick.

PUBLIC NOTICE

His Worship, Mayor Thomas, most respectfully requests that the merchants and citizens of Fredericton give expression to their sorrow by draping their respective premises in mourning so far as possible until after the funeral of our late beloved Sovereign King Edward VII. that business be generally suspended during the hours of the funeral on Friday May 20th, and that the Public Schools be closed on that day.

J. W. MCCREADY
City Clerk.

City Hall, May 10th, 1910.



MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, June 10th, 1910, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years 12 and 6 times per week each way between GILKS and I. R. C. STATION and GILKS and MORAN from the 1st October next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of GILKS, MORAN and BLISSFIELD, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector at St. John.

G. C. ANDERSON,
Superintendent.
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Mail Service Branch,
Ottawa, 27th April, 1910.

SHOULD BE IN EVERY HOUSE WHERE IT IS POSSIBLE. THE LAWS OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH DEMAND

SANITARY PLUMBING

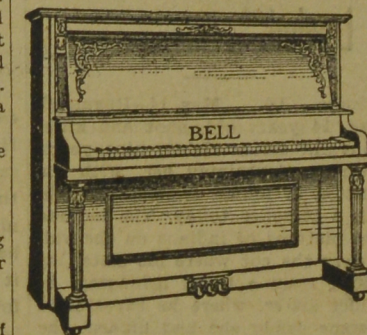
and we can fill the demand. Orders for the installation of Bathtubs and Closets will be promptly filled. These are of scientific design and excellent material, and specially recommend our Low Tank Syphon. Our Workmen are Skilful and Competent. Our prices moderate for High Class work.



D. J. SHEA,

CARLETON ST.
Fredericton, N.B.

THE DEFINITION



When you don't know or are not sure you consult some one who Does Know, Some one who is sure, don't you. In other words when in doubt you look for information. Now in buying a Piano you want the Best Value for your money. THE SECRET of our success along these lines are due to the fact that WE KNOW THE BEST.

Our experience covering a period of over twenty-five years has taught us what are the Best Piano on the market. Namely the HEINTZMAN & Co., BELL, COURLEY. LOOK US UP WE EMPLOY NO AGENTS.

McMURRAY & CO.
THE PIANO PEOPLE

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE

To Albert E. Everett of the City of Fredericton in the County of York an Province of New Brunswick, Hotel Keeper, and all others whom it may in any wise concern—

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twenty-sixth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and made between the said Albert E. Everett, of the One Part, and me, the undersigned E. S. RANNEY MURRAY of the City of Saint John in the County and County of Saint John, of the Other Part, registered in the York County Records in Book J-5, pages 301, 302, 303, and 304, there will for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Indenture, default having been made in the payment thereof, contrary to the Provisions of the said Indenture, be sold at Public Auction in front of the Post Office in the City of Fredericton, on Saturday the Twenty-eighth day of MAY NEXT at the hour of twelve o'clock Noon, the leasehold lands and premises described in the said Indenture of Mortgage as follows:—All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Block Number Seventeen in the Town of Fredericton, and bounded as follows:—Beginning at the point of intersection of the South Western side of "Brunswick Street with the North Western side of Westmorland Street in the City of Fredericton, thence from the said point running South Westwardly along the North Western side of Westmorland Street aforesaid one hundred and thirteen (113) feet, thence at right angles North Westwardly and parallel "Brunswick Street aforesaid one hundred and sixty-four (164) feet three (3) inches, thence North Easterly "right angles and parallel to Westmorland Street aforesaid one hundred and thirteen (113) feet to the South Western side of Brunswick Street aforesaid, and thence along the same South Easterly one hundred and sixty-four (164) feet three (3) inches to the place of beginning, containing one rood and "twenty-seven perches more or less, and being part of Lots Number 263, 265 and "267 in said Block Seventeen Town of Fredericton (except as therein except "ed).

Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and the privileges and appurtenances to the said premises belonging, or in any way appertaining; together with the Indenture of Lease relating to the same and all benefit and advantages thereunder. Dated this thirty-first day of March A. D. 1910.

(Signed) E. S. RANNEY MURRAY
Mortgagee. (L. S.)
A. J. GREGORY, ESQ.,
City Clerk.

R. W. McLellan P. J. Hughes

McLELLAN & HUGHES
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS

Money to Loan at Low Rates R.E. Security
The only things as contagious as vices are virtues.

AMUSEMENTS

Bijou
TO-DAY

PAT HARRINGTON
Two New Character Songs

"IMP" FEATURE

Special Songs for the Children
on Saturday.

DAILY MATINEE

CLASSIFIED ADS.

not exceeding one inch, one insertion, 25 cents; three insertions, 60 cents; one week \$1.00; one month \$3.00.

WANTED

WANTED.—A woman for the corset department. Also a smart good-sized boy. Apply at once
FRED B. EDGECOMBE CO., Ltd.

Wanted — A plain cook. Good wages. Apply after 8 p. m. to
MISS GREGORY,
At Judge Gregory's,
Corner Church and George St's.

BOYS WANTED.—To sell the Daily Mail. There's money in it.

HARD PINE LUMBER

uitable for Building, also for Posts
inches square.
Telephone 413
R. T. BAIRD

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Post Office in Fredericton, on Saturday, the twenty-first day of May, at twelve o'clock, noon, five shares of the Capital Stock on the Fredericton Gaslight Company.
GREGORY & WINSLOW,
Solicitors.

TO RENT.—House and Barn on Rainsford Lane, so called, 3 miles from City. Suitable for parties wishing to camp out for summer. Good spring close to house.
Apply to ROBERT A. ANDERSON, on Spring Hill Road near Fredericton, or to HENRY B. RAINSFORD.

SPRING

Have you seen the robin,
Sitting in the tree,
In his song he's telling you,
To drop a line to me.
Your ceilings want whitewashing,
Your walls need paper too,
And now's the time to have it done
So send your order through,
TO
R. J. WEAR
House and Church Painter and Decorator
Shore Street,
Fredericton, N. B.

WAGNER DICKERSON & CO.

BANKERS AND BROKERS
Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange

Special Department for the Purchase and Sale of odd lots Listed and Unlisted Securities

25 Broad Street New York

"Did you hear about the red white and blue wedding this morning?" "No; what about it?" "The bride was in red, the bridegroom thought he had left the ring at home and turned white, and the bride's father, who had all the bills to pay, looked exceedingly blue."

RECIPROCITY WOULD BE UNWISE NOW

Montreal Board of Trade Think Canada's Rapid Growth Renders it Inopportune.

Montreal, May 13.—After continuing for some time the discussion on reciprocity, started at their former session, the Board of Trade last night decided that Canada would be unwise in entering into reciprocity with the United States, drawing up the following resolution, which will convey to Sir Wilfrid Laurier their beliefs:—

"That in view of the marked progress being made at the present time by this country and the great future which lies before it under a continuance of present conditions, this council is of the opinion that the time is not opportune for a treaty of reciprocity with the United States.

"That while being in favor of Canada maintaining the most friendly relations with the United States, the council considers that the very causes that commend a reciprocity treaty to its people, that is access to our undeveloped natural resources and an extended market for their manufactured products are from our point of view, those for which Canadians stand to lose most and that this country cannot afford to endanger its growing manufacturing industries or to have its natural resources exploited for the benefit of the United States.

"That the council believes that before long the United States will in their own interest allow free entry to our natural products, and, therefore, that no concessions such as are inevitable in a reciprocity treaty are either necessary or advisable.

"That, above and beyond material points reciprocity with the United States must inevitably tend towards a slackening of the tie that bind us to the Mother Country, and that this council takes the strongest stand against anything that would even remotely work to that end, being convinced that our every interest either of business or sentiment, requires that Canada shall remain a part of the British Empire."

For Turkey salad, shred a green sweet pepper divested of its seeds very fine and add a cupful of very finely chopped cabbage, the same quantity of minced celery, a cupful of diced apples, two dozen white grapes seeded and cut in half and a dozen broken English walnut meats. Stand the mixture in a cold place until ready to serve. Then press out all the liquid and dress with mayonnaise. Serve on lettuce leaves with green pepper rings and white celery tips for garnish.

NEW BRUNSWICK FREE OF BROWN TAIL MOTH

William McIntosh Reports that Search for this Pest in Province has Proven Fruitless.

(St. John Standard.)

New Brunswick is entirely free from the inroads of the brown tail moth. Mr. William McIntosh who has been employed by the agricultural department of the local Government to make a thorough search throughout the province for any signs of the brown tail moth, returned to the city yesterday on his last trip for the spring.

To a Standard reporter last evening Mr. McIntosh said that not the slightest sign of the little brown pest could be found. He had recently visited St. Andrews, St. Stephen, St. George and several other points. Short talks were delivered and chart prepared by the Government showing the moth in the different stages of its development were left at the different schools. This method, Mr. McIntosh thinks, to be the best way of awakening interest in the matter. Many places where re visited, he found that the school children had thoroughly investigated the entire neighborhood in search of the moth.

It was being persistently rumored that the dreaded insects were finding their way into St. Andrews. Only last evening, he had received a letter he said from there, enclosing a specimen of the alleged brown tail moth which proved to be of a different and quite harmless species. The moth is now within 40 miles of the province in the State of Maine and it has also found its way into Nova Scotia.

The average person can scarcely comprehend or even realize the vast amount of damage which would result if the moths in question once got a foothold in the province. They would practically destroy all kinds of trees and shrubbery, and have been known to ever devour smaller plants. When once they immigrate to a place it is the most difficult thing to get rid of them. In five years one nest alone would breed on a conservative estimate, about thirty billion of moths. They are creating considerable damage in Maine at present, and the State authorities are expending thousands of dollars to have them exterminated. The greatest danger of the moths making their way into the province was that they could be carried in clothes and in similar ways.

Tourist—"This seems to be a very dangerous pass, I wonder there is not a warning board up." Guide—"Yes. There was one up for two years, but no one fell over, so it was taken down."