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The following is from a letter just lately received:
"St. John, N. B., May 9, 1910.

Messrs. J. Clark & Son, Fredericton, N. B.:
Gentlemen:—

The carriage arrived at our home on Saturday afternoon and each of the members of my family were delighted with it, and personally, I agree with their views.

It affords me much pleasure to hand you a check for the amount due."

We have a large stock to select from.

J. CLARK & SON FREDERICTON and ST. JOHN

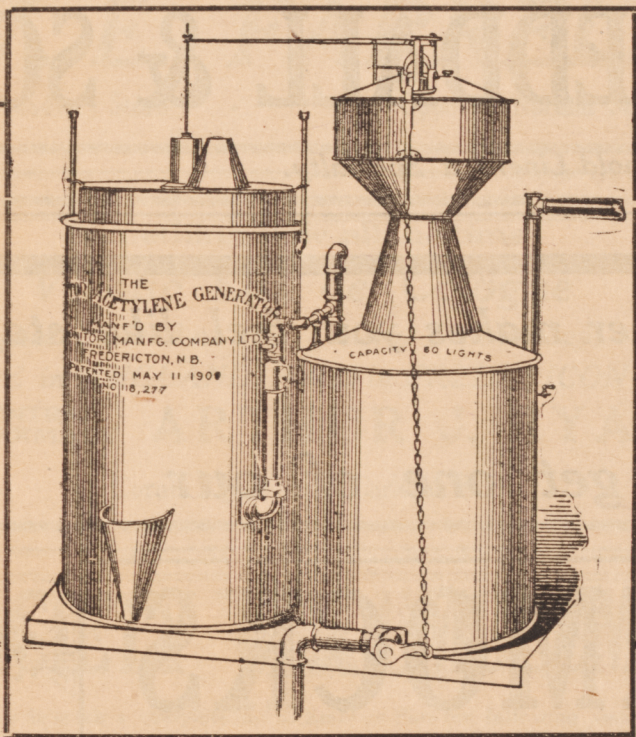
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New Patterns are now in

IT WILL REPAY YOU TO LOOK OVER OUR SAMPLE BOOKS IF YOU HAVE SOME PAPERING TO DO THIS SPRING

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ZION

June 20—The bright, sunny weather making all nature look beautiful after so much rainy weather.

Mr. Michael Kelly, the blind lecturer, who was in this place on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, had a very fine meeting.

The men of this place are doing their roadwork. The road plow makes the road much better.

Mr. Jas. Somerville has completed

HATRED OF FOREIGNERS AND OF REIGNING DYNASTY

Feeling Running High in Southern and Central China—Vast Organization of Secret Societies Behind the Unrest.

London, June 20.—The British Foreign Office has received information confirming the reports that native agitation against foreigners is running high in Nanking, that the foreign Consuls there have received warning that an anti-foreign outbreak was imminent.

Private advices from Nanking which is the capital of the Province of Kiangsu, are to the effect that there is widespread unrest in China, and it is not only dangerous to the present dynasty, but is complicated by the hatred for foreigners, which shows itself on the occasion of every native outbreak.

The chief areas of trouble are in the centre and south of China, where risings are occurring continually. The recent rising at Changsha was first a protest against official corruption and manipulations, which brought about an increase in the cost of rice, but the Hupeh at once, and became political and anti-foreign.

Behind this unrest is a vast organization of secret societies or guilds. They go by various names, but they have an extraordinary connection with one another. They are really branches of a mysterious central organization, which is best known as the "Triad." It extends all over China, and is found in Hongkong, Singapore, and other parts of Asia. The members of this organization number millions, and the leaders intend to bring the present regime to an end.

his new bridge which is a very fine one.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McDonald spent one day at their daughter's, Mrs. Woodworth. Mr. McDonald left for Toronto. We hear he intends taking a long contract on the new R. R. Mrs. Foster Cass is ill with a sore throat. Dr. Moore of Stanley, is attending her.

The people of this place have built a new fence around the graveyard.

MR. BORDEN'S CRITICISM OF THE QUEBEC BRIDGE

Some Plain Facts About the Great Structure which the Opposition Leader Failed to Discuss.

(Toronto Globe.)

Mr. Borden, as leader of the Opposition, has begun his Ontario tour with a searching critical treatment of the history of this 'national undertaking,' which he says will be when completed 'the greatest bridge in the world.' About the correctness of these characterizations there is no dispute, and, therefore, one may fairly express surprise that he makes no allowance for the enormous difficulty of the enterprise. Anybody can be wise after the event, and when by implication, if not explicitly, he tries to saddle the Laurier Government with responsibility for the collapse of the partially completed structure, he ignores the real hardness of the situation in which the Government was placed. Public opinion will be more tolerant, now that the difficulties are in a fair way to be overcome.

It is worth while to recall the fact that not till within a very few years did anybody except a few enthusiasts in and about the city of Quebec have any faith in the feasibility of a cantilever bridge across the St. Lawrence River at the selected site. Nowhere in the world had a span of the length there required been attempted, not to say accomplished. When the believers in the bridge failed after long effort and persistent advocacy of convince successive Governments of the expediency of undertaking the work they endeavored to accomplish their purpose by forming a private company to carry it out. It was and is obviously absurd to suppose that unassisted private capital would prove adequate to the task they assumed, and, therefore, financial aid from the Dominion Parliament was not only justifiable but inevitable; the bridge could not be constructed without it.

Plans for the structure were prepared as carefully and intelligently as the world's experience of cantilever construction made practicable at that time. Mr. Cooper of New York, who stood in the very front rank of his profession, was selected as chief consulting engineer. The Phoenix Bridge Company of Philadelphia, were competent contractors. When a difference of opinion arose between their engineer and Mr. Cooper the company and also the Government could not undertake to decide between them. To take the side of the former was to dismiss the latter and there was not enough known with certainty to warrant any such action. Much has been learned in various ways since that time, and all that has been so learned makes the role of adverse critic easier than it would have otherwise been. Mr. Borden will probably find, however, that the public will incline to regard his expatriation of the bridge disaster as tending toward ghoulishness.

Far more important than the gloomy past of this great project is the promising future. The plans for the new structure have been prepared with the utmost care. The contractors will be held to their work with vigilance and peremptoriness. The financing of the bridge has been put beyond all peradventure by basing it broadly and frankly on the credit of the Dominion as part of the National Transcontinental Railway. Progress may be slow, but it will be sure, and no delay will take place. By the time the main line of the railway is completed to the river on each side some method of transporting freight across the St. Lawrence will be devised for temporary use; there is no need to 'cross that bridge' until the country reaches it.

PATTEN AND OTHER COTTON CORNERERS INDICTED IN NEW YORK

Charged with Conspiracy in Restraint of Trade—Said to Have Made Millions in "Squeeze."

New York, June 18.—James A. Patten, Eugene B. Scales, Frank B. Hayne and William P. Brown, known in Wall street as "the Big Four," because of their dominance in the cotton market gained through spectacular bull operations, and four other brokers and operators, are charged with violations of the Sherman anti-trust law in an indictment that was returned yesterday by the special federal grand jury that for nearly two months, has been investigating the alleged cotton pool.

The charges on which the inquiry was begun were made by Attorney-General Wickersham, who stated his belief that through the formation of a pool to control the cotton market certain operators and brokers had conspired in restraint of trade.

Named as co-defendants with "the Big Four" are Morris H. Rothschild, Sydney J. Harman, Robert M. Thompson and Charles A. Kittle. The first four men and Mr. Rothschild appeared before Judge Hough yesterday afternoon and bail of \$5,000 each was named in their cases. Bail was later furnished by these five defendants before United States Commissioner Shields, Messrs. Harman, Thompson and Kittle did not appear and bench warrants for their arrest were issued. Mr. Thompson is at present in Europe.

The indicted men have won millions of dollars in cotton speculation and Mr. Patten is said to have netted between \$15,000,000 and \$20,000,000 in his recent famous corner of the wheat market. The indictment is based upon alleged violation of sections 1 and 2 of the Sherman anti-trust law and it contains five counts.

The indictment charges that the defendants on Jan. 1, 1910, conspired with various corporations engaged in the cotton spinning business in Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina to monopolize a part of the cotton trade and commerce of several states relating to the crop of the year beginning Sept. 1, 1909, and ending Sept. 1, 1910.

A deaf but pious English lady, visiting a small country town in Scotland, went to church armed with an ear trumpet. The elders had never seen one, and viewed it with suspicion and uneasiness. After a short consultation one of them went up to the lady, just before the opening of the service, and, wagging his finger at her warningly, whispered: "One foot and ye're out!"

MANAGER OF DEFUNCT ST. STEPHEN'S BANK IN FINANCIAL TROUBLE

J. T. Whitlock, and His Brother, Lacking the Support of the Late Bank are Unable to Continue Their Private Business.

St. Stephen, N. B., June 19.—The latest developments in the affairs of the defunct St. Stephen's Bank is the assignment to Geo. J. Clarke, K. C., one of the committee of three appointed by the shareholders to act with Curator Kessen in the winding up of the affairs of the bank, of Julius T. Whitlock, cashier of the bank, who was also secretary to the board of directors and also of his brother, R. Watson Whitlock, who carried on a large insurance agency in the name of the former. Two other local concerns who were generously assisted by the St. Stephen's Bank and now find it difficult to transact business, are understood to be in financial difficulties.

POSTMASTER'S SUICIDE

Was Under Watch, but Secured Razor From a Drawer, and Blew Out the Light

Alexandra, Ont., June 20.—Postmaster E. A. Newman of Fassifern cut his throat this morning at two o'clock with a razor, and expired immediately.

The deceased was thirty-seven years of age, married, and removed from Montreal to Fassifern about three years ago, where he purchased a store and took over the postoffice, at what is virtually a country crossroad, situated about three miles from this town. He had been drinking heavily.

A couple of neighbors were spending last night watching him. About two o'clock Newman got up and went to a bureau drawer, evidently to get a cigar, but actually secured a razor. Showing it to the guards, he blew out the lamp and, before they could realize the situation, he had cut his throat, with fatal consequences.

HARVEY STATION

June 20.—The community was much shocked on Saturday morning on learning that Mrs. Georgina Little, wife of Alexander Little of York Mills had died suddenly during the night after giving birth to a child. She was the youngest daughter of the late J. B. Nesbit of Frog Lake. She was a lady of high character and intelligence and was held in high esteem by a large circle of friends. She formerly taught school and then studied nursing at the Massachusetts General Hospital from which institution she graduated some years ago.



Apply Zam-Buk to all wounds and sores and you will be surprised how quickly it stops the smarting and brings ease. It covers the wound with a layer of protective balm, kills all poison germs already in the wound, and prevents others entering. Its rich healing herbal essences then build up from the bottom, fresh tissue and in a wonderfully short time the wound is healed!

Zam-Buk's popularity is based on merit. It is a real 'walk cure.' Be sure and get the real thing. "Zam-Buk" is printed on every packet of the genuine. Reuse all others, for all druggists and stor or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

ALBERTA'S NEW ATTORNEY GENERAL

Hon. Chas. R. Mitchell Native of Newcastle and Graduate of University of New Brunswick.

The Toronto Globe contains the following sketch of the new attorney-general of Alberta, Hon. Charles R. Mitchell.

The Hon. Mr. Mitchell is a son of the late James Mitchell, Inspector of Lighthouses, and he was born at Newcastle, N. B., on November 20, 1872. To most Canadians the name of this new Minister, together with his native Province, at once suggest another Mitchell of New Brunswick—the Hon. Peter Mitchell one of the fathers of Confederation and the man who first organized and administered the Department of Marine and Fisheries at Ottawa. Alberta's Attorney General is, in fact, a nephew of this pioneer of Liberalism in New Brunswick. He received his education at Harkins' Academy, Newcastle and the University of New Brunswick, from which institution he took degrees both in arts and civil engineering in 1894. Whilst benefiting by the practical nature of the latter studies, Mr. Mitchell decided to take up the study of law as a definite profession and he began his studies in the office of the late Hon. Andrew Blair at St. John practising later with the Hon. L. J. Tweedie at Chatham. In 1897 King's College, Windsor, conferred the degree of B.C.L. upon him.

WENT WEST

In 1898 Mr. Mitchell heard the call of the west to young men of promise and came out to Medicine Hat. When he threw in his fortunes with the ranching town, Kipling had not yet discovered it nor its wonderful "basement," and the American journalistic chimera that the Hat was the storm-centre of the west was still credited. There possibly were other disadvantages for a young lawyer in living in Medicine Hat in those early days, but if so Mr. Mitchell has loyally forgotten them, and to him Medicine Hat, in the past, present or future, is the choicest spot in the great west.

MARKED PROGRESS

It is a way of the west that it speedsily makes the newcomer its own. And that pretty southern town in the land of the Cypress Hills considers the capable young barrister as deserving of the honor recently conferred, or any the future holds in store for him. From the start he has been identified actively with the municipal growth of that city. His public spirit made him undertake first as Councillor, a share of the municipal work and for several years he was appointed District Court Judge for the judicial district of Calgary.

Mr. Mitchell was married last year at St. Thomas, Ontario, to Miss Clara Fraser, the daughter of the late Alexander Fraser.

She practiced her profession at Boston and Jamaica Plains, Mass., for some time. She returned to her home at Frog Lake about seven years ago and kept house for her brother and took care of her invalid mother until last summer when she was married to Mr. Little. She leaves her husband and aged mother, two brothers, J. Harry Nesbit and Wm. P. Nesbit of Coburn and three sisters, Mrs. M. A. Coburn of Manners Sutton, Mrs. Chas. Gallop of Kingsclear and Mrs. Gillis of St. Stephen. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon and was the largest ever seen here, which showed something of the high regard in which deceased was held in the community.

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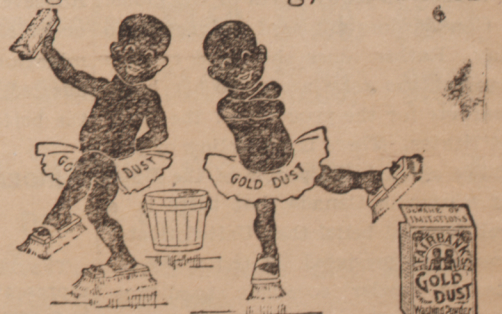
I give notice to our up-town customers that I will open on Saturday next, June 18th. the store on Westmorland St. formerly known as the Mrs. Weaver Home Bakery. For their convenience all Cakes and Pastry the same as sold in our Regent St. Store.

W. BUTCHER Regent Street

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