

ATTENTION

HOUSEKEEPERS.

When in need of something New and Nobby in the Furniture Line, call at my warerooms on King St. I have a large and well assorted stock to select from, and my Prices cannot be discounted in this city.

Come in and look over some of the Bargains we are offering.

HOWARD ROGERS, King St. near N.B. Foundry

Give your servants GOLD DUST to clean with, treat them rightly and you will have few occasions to insert a "help wanted" ad

They say a good workman is known by his tools. You cannot expect your maid to keep everything ship-shape unless you give her every modern help. To keep house without GOLD DUST is to do work by hard, old-fashioned methods. For cleaning everything and anything about the house—from cellar to attic—GOLD DUST is worth its weight in gold. It cuts grease and dirt like magic, does away with scouring and scrubbing, and saves time and tempers.

Your servant can do more and better work and keep sweet with the aid of GOLD DUST in all household cleaning.



Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Makers of FAIRY SOAP, the oval cake.

STRIKERS NOW ANXIOUS TO RETURN TO WORK

Willing to Accept Company's Offer but President Hays Will Have None of it—Will Take Back Any Men that are Needed, but Declines to Reinstate Those who Have Been Active Leaders in Making Trouble.

Montreal, July 27—President Garretson, of the order of Railway Conductors and President Lee, of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, came to Montreal today and called upon President Hays, of the Grand Trunk, with a view of settling the strike.

"We met Mr. Hays," said Mr. Garretson, "and laid before him that if a friendly settlement was possible by honorable means we were favorable thereto, but if there was not such a possibility we would fight to a finish. President Hays' reply was not direct except to say that he did not see how anything could be done at this stage. If he had anything further to say he would let them know by wiring them to Toronto on Thursday."

In explanation of the visit, President Garretson said: "We made no suggestions to any great extent as to means of a settlement. We made it apparent that our mission was friendly because we took into consideration the hardships placed on the public who were dependent on the Grand Trunk services, and for no other reason."

Tonight the Grand Trunk gave out a statement to the effect that Presidents Lee and Garretson for the striking unions and President Hays and Vice President Fitzgibbon for the Grand Trunk. The representatives of

the men stated that the striking employees would be all sent back to work if they should be taken back, just as they were before the strike started, to their old positions, at the rates of pay offered by the Grand Trunk when it accepted the report of the board of conciliation.

"It was proposed that the question of when the new rates should go into effect and other matters should be arbitrated."

"The answer of the Grand Trunk to this was that they could not do such a thing. It was stated that there was no feeling on the part of the management against their fellow employees, but they could not guarantee them their old positions, or the other conditions demanded. The union officials were told that if the men wished to go back to work all who had not been guilty of misdemeanors since the strike started would be given employment as fast as places were opened for them."

MILITARY ORDERED OUT

Lansing, Mich., July 28—The Grand Trunk strike situation at Durand has reached such a critical stage that two battalions of the Michigan National Guard have been ordered into their armories to await orders that might be forthcoming, to move to Durand. The sheriff and prosecuting attorney of Shiawassee county say they cannot control the situation without aid from the governor.

FASTING AND ITS VALUE AS A CURE FOR BODILY ILLS

There are indications that fasting whether to cure indigestion and other ailments to which flesh is heir or just for the mere pleasure of the thing, is going to become a craze on this continent. In Canada the practice has yet to find general popularity, but in the United States within a few months there have been several remarkable instances.

A year or two ago strange reports came from New Zealand about a band of fasters who had their headquarters at Wanganui, the place made famous by the fact that it was there William Webb won his laurels as champion sculler of the world and where he afterward lost his title to Richard Armitage another New Zealander. All sorts of remarkable cures were announced and many people—a dozen, at least—fasted for from 30 to 40 days while others exceeded the 20th day without experiencing any ill-effects.

These people drank nothing but orange juice and ate absolutely nothing attesting to the fact by sworn affidavit, and so fashionable a thing did fasting become as a cure or divers ills that it became a serious menace to the medical fraternity who appointed one of their number, Doctor Bakewell, of Auckland, to visit Wanganui and make a special investigation of the matter. This doctor was a pronounced sceptic from the first, but he was obliged to admit that he believed the statements of many reputable people in Wanganui to the effect that they had actually come what they claimed to have come and had experienced considerable benefit from it.

From the very earliest times fasting has had a connection with religious creeds. A theory had been advanced that it originated from a desire to cultivate the soul at the expense of the body to punish the vile body for its supposed hampering of the soul in its struggle to reach a higher level of spiritual truth.

AS A RELIGIOUS PRACTICE.

Mohammed instituted a fast of thirty days in each year, and strenuously recommended its observance as a salutary exercise of obedience to the will of God and His Apostle.

In Eastern lands the freeing of mind from matter was held to be the means of union with God or at least it was that the refraining from all luxurious pleasures was the way to restore the soul to its original purity.

The root of Oriental asceticism lies in the belief that the Absolute or All was the only real existence, that the individual phenomena, especially matter in all its forms, were really nothing, and were to be despised and avoided as involving reparation from the Absolute. The east with its glow-

ing imagination presented a most fertile soil for the practice of asceticism a branch of which was fastin

STYLITES ON HIS TOWER.

The power of abstinence under extreme religious fervor is indicated by an outstanding example. In the fifth century a remarkable class of anchoritical ascetics grew up.

The first of these, Simeon Stylites retired from monastic life and built a pillar, the top of which was but a yard in diameter. Here he stood.

In this mode of life he spent thirty seven years, his neck loaded with an iron chain his lips engaged in constant prayers, during the recitation of which he bent his body so that his forehead touched his feet. He said to have frequently limited himself to one meal in a week and during the forty days of Lent abstained entirely from food. The story of this man forms the subject of one of Tennyson's poems.

In the year 1357 the wife of John de Rygeyway Cecilia was thrust into prison for the murder of her husband. She there remained mute and abstinent from food and drink for the space of forty days. This wonderful occurrence was represented to the King on fully trustworthy testimony and he was pleased to grant the woman a pardon on the assumption that she was innocent and had been sustained in her fast by spiritual powers.

An individual who attracted a great deal of attention in the way of fastin was John Scot a Teviotdale man. He had been unsuccessful in a lawsuit and knowing himself to be unable to pay, took sanctuary in the abbey of Holyrood House where out of a deep displeasure, as the chronicles say, he abstained from meat and drink for the space of thirty or forty days together.

The King, hearing of this, would put it to the trial. Scott was accordingly lodged in the Castle of Edinburgh, in a room to which no man had access, and being given a little bread and water, was left to his solitary thoughts.

IN ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND

After a space of thirty-two days he was found not to have taken even the meagre nourishment placed before him. This proof having been given, he was granted freedom, and on coming forth into the street, half naked, declaimed his power to fast as he pleased.

In the minds of many people this was taken for a miracle, others thought him mad. In a short time the novelty wore off and people neglected John Scott.

He thereupon left the country and went to Rome where he gave like proof to Pope Clement VII. The Pope gave him a testimonial in proof of his abstinence.

CANADIANS LOSE MONEY TRADING IN WALL STREET

(Montreal Witness)

Considering that there were again violent declines in New York, our local market acted much better this morning than it has for some time past. It cannot be very flattering to our local pride to see stock of such intrinsic value as Street Railway, Power, Canadian Pacific, Ogilvie, and Lake of the Woods thrown senselessly up and down because New York stocks are acting crazily, neither can it be flattering to Dominion Steel Corporation common dropping nearly twenty points shortly after the declaration of an assured dividend, for a year at least, and when the company has the best of prospects.

There have been three or four causes for the earthquake in our market. One was the fact that the banks tightened their purse strings against the brokers; another was the fact that far too many Canadians operate in Wall Street, and when they get nipped there, have to throw their good Canadian stocks on the market at whatever they will fetch; and a third was that there were a number of margined accounts in this market whose owners could not stand the strain of being called upon for more margins indefinitely.

Our market at the present time is however, in a better technical condition than it has been for a long time past, and buyers can make little mistake in purchasing half a dozen attractive issues, of which Steel common is one of the best. Steel at 52 pays nearly eight per cent, and there can be no doubt that in a little while it will show buyers an attractive profit.

It is said that the banks have at last begun to lend money on stocks more freely and at easier rates, being convinced that about rock bottom has been reached in prices, and if that is so, continued improvement in the list ought to be noticeable, in spite of the way Wall Street has continued to act.

The lessons of the successive breaks in New York of late have been drastic, but they will not have been altogether in vain if they keep Canadian people in the future from throwing their good money in that quagmire, where an issue may decline fifteen or even thirty points at one fell swoop. A little more attention on the part of Canadian investors will mean loyalty to our own securities on a strong and buoyant local market. The time has come when Wall Street reverses should have no effect on our stock market situation.

HAYING TIME

The Feeding Value of Hay Depends Largely on the State of its Growth, and the Greatest Care is Needed to Determine the Best Time to Cut.

Much of the value of hay depends on the time when the grass is cut. It cannot all be cut, of course, precisely on time, yet so great is the difference in value that much pains should be taken to cut it at the time of greatest needed value. Again, it makes a wide difference in the value of the hay for what purpose it is fed. Cows in milk and all young stuff do best on early cut hay, while working horses and oxen do best on hay cut somewhat later in the season. Maturing grasses make rapid changes in contents and character of food nutrients near the time of maturing the growth, hence this feature should be critically looked after in its proper season. If we would have the hay, therefore, of the greatest possible feeding value this feature of its condition must be closely attended to. The feeding value of hay has been so closely studied of late that it is a comparatively easy matter to know what is wanted in this matter of the condition of the growing grasses.

All grasses and clovers put on their greatest amount of feeding value at about the time of maturing their growth for one year. This is of course at the time of blossoming. Then when the grasses are in full bloom is the time of the greatest value for feeding and is the time when they should be cut for hay. The change from its best estate is very rapid after the grass has perfected its growth. Usually there is no more than a week's time between the different fields on any farm when the grass is at its best. To avoid serious loss this requires rapid work.

After journeying to Venice and repeating his performance, Scott continued his way to the Holy Sepulchre, after visiting which he returned to England. Here for indiscreet speeches against King Henry's divorce from Katherine he was sent into prison and fasted fifty days. Scott's case was carefully investigated by Archbishop Spottiswood and Signor Albergati, of Corozina and each was thoroughly satisfied that there was no deception he "being in truth, able to fast for extreme lengths of time."

Lime Juice

Finest quality West India Lime Juice, "25 cents a bottle"
Montenot Lime Juice, "40 cents a bottle"

George Y. Dibblee

Druggist

Opp. City Hall.

CLOSING OUT SALE

2000 Sheets of Music to be sold at Low Prices. Ranging from 5 to 15c. A large stock of Music Books also reduced below cost. 8 Pianos all new to be sold at Cost. 3 Gramophones and Records. 1 second-hand Piano. 2 second-hand Organs. A good assortment of Music Rolls and Musical Instruments including :-

VIOLINS, BANJOS, TROMBONES, ACCORDEONS, MELRONOMES, MOUTH ORGANS, VIOLIN BOWS, STRINGS, ROSIN, FIXINGS, INSTRUMENT CASES.

SALE STARTS SATURDAY MORNING.

E. P. Baker Piano and Music Co.

The Monitor Generator

THE NON-EXPLOSIVE

CAN WORK WONDERS IN BEAUTIFYING

We can give you entire satisfaction at small cost		in simplicity of workmanship. A Child can run it. Let us "Show You"
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HOUSES, STORES, CHURCHES.

Makes Cooking Easy and Pleasant.

And is the CHEAPEST Machine on the Market Today.

The Monitor Manufacturing Co. Ltd.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

Carriages and Express Wagons

Our own make and from the factory that has supplied us ever since we have been in business. Our purpose is to sell only good, reliable work and we can refer to hundreds of satisfied customers.

The following is from a letter just lately received:

"St. John, N. B., May 9, 1910.

Messrs. J. Clark & Son, Fredericton, N. B.:

Gentlemen:—

The carriage arrived at our home on Saturday afternoon and each of the members of my family were delighted with it, and personally, I agree with their views.

It affords me much pleasure to hand you a check for the amount due."

We have a large stock to select from.

J CLARK & SON FREDERICTON and ST. JOHN



.... SPECIAL

We wish to announce that we will give 20 p. c. discount off all Summer Clothing for the next 30 days. This is a Genuine Offer. Call and be convinced. Semi-Ready Clothing is the King of Ready-Made Clothing. SOLD ONLY BY

WALKER BROS.

Notice to Plumbers, &c.

All contractors, plumbers, and others having charge of plumbing work in this city are required to hereafter comply strictly with the fourth and other regulations of the Provincial Board of Health with respect to Plumbing and House Drains—more particularly by filing with the Local Board plans and specifications of proposed work for approval. Compliance with this law will hereafter be strictly enforced. Blank forms will be furnished on application to the undersigned.

By order of the Fredericton Board of Health.

Dated this 29th day of June, A. D. 1910.

CHAS. W. BECKWITH, Secretary.

Fredericton Board of Health.

JOHN G. ADAMS

THE LEADING UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

QUEEN ST. NEXT QUEEN HOTEL



ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

The census gives Peoria, Ill., a population of 66,950.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT

The assessment roll for the City of Fredericton for the year 1910 is now in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection, and all persons therein assessed are hereby required to pay the amount of their respective taxes forthwith to the City Treasurer, at his office in the City Hall, Fredericton. A discount of five per cent. will be allowed on all taxes paid in, on or before the 18th day of August next, after which execution may be issued, and proceedings had thereon, as by law provided.

Dated at the City Hall, Fredericton, this fourteenth day of July A. D. 1910.

ISRAEL R. GOLDING, Collector and Receiver of Taxes.

MURPHY'S BAKERY

Delicious Turnovers, Raspberry and Strawberry Filling, (Pure Fruit), Pound Cake, Sultana Cake, Fruit Cake, Best Bread and Rolls in City.

Mail and telephone orders will receive prompt attention.

W. J. MURPHY
Phone 365-21 95 Regent St.

Many a man has found the real riches of life by looking into the faces of the poor.