

Express Wagons

and from the factory that has supplied us ever since business. Our purpose is to sell only good, reliable work to hundreds of satisfied customers.

allowing is from a letter just lately received:

"St. John, N. B., May 9, 1910.

Mr. J. Clark & Son, Fredericton, N. B.:

Dear Sirs:—

The carriage arrived at our home on Saturday afternoon and each of the members of my family were delighted with it, and personally, I agree with their views.

It affords me much pleasure to hand you a check for the amount due."

We have a large stock to select from.

J. CLARK & SON FREDERICTON and ST. JOHN

Marvellous Growth of Canada From Time of Confederation

From the Ancient Acadia, Ceded to Great Britain by France in 1713 Followed by Ontario and Quebec in 1763 the Dominion Has Gradually Grown until it Now Comprises Half the Continent--What it will Ultimately Become, no Man can Safely Prophecy.

(Toronto Globe)

Yesterday the whole Dominion of Canada completed the forty-third year of its career as a Confederation; to-day it begins its forty-fourth. It is by no means old as the lives of nations go, or even the lives of the individuals, and yet no nation has had on the whole a more marvellous evolution. Stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the St. Lawrence to the Arctic Ocean, the Dominion now includes within its consolidated area what were half a century ago nearly a dozen fragments of territory among which the only bond was that they were all British American. How these all came to be "British" and how they came to be "Canadian" is a story that has never yet been told in a manner adequate to the theme; perhaps the time is not far off when some one equipped necessary historic knowledge and the equally necessary prophetic vision will render to the Dominion the great service of explaining to its people the marvel of its existence.

The political story of the Dominion may be regarded as beginning with the treaty of Utrecht, which was agreed to in 1713 by Queen Anne of Great Britain and Louis XIV of France. By it were permanently ceded or conceded to Great Britain "Acadia, with its ancient boundaries" and the "bay and straits of Hudson, together with all lands, seas, sea coasts, rivers, and places situate in the said bay and straits, and what belong thereunto." Acadia was subsequently split up into Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and New Brunswick, which remained separate from one another until they were all incorporated in the Dominion of Canada between 1867 and 1873. Nova Scotia had a Parliament of its own from 1758, Prince Edward Island from 1769 and New Brunswick from 1784.

The Hudson's Bay Company's charter was granted in 1670 to the "Merchants Adventurers of England trading to Hudson's Bay" but it did not secure to them peaceful possession of all the territory it purported to convey to the proprietors. There were French "adventurers" there before the British "merchants" ever thought of trading in Hudson's Bay, else Ontario would have had no part of the shore of that sea for a northern coast line. The Hudson Bay Territory as secured to the company by the treaty of Utrecht, included the entire country drained by the Red River in the United States as well as in Canada and by all the tributaries of the Saskatchewan. As the result of the union of the Hudson's Bay Company with the Northwest Fur Company in 1820 it is included all the territory north of the forty-ninth parallel to the Rocky Mountains. All this became part of the Dominion by purchase in 1869, and out of it have since been carved the highly individualistic Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, with all the entirely unorganized or partially organized territory to the north of them.

What is now the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario was ceded to Great Britain by France in 1763, and was made by Royal proclamation in that year one Province of Quebec. It was subdivided in 1791 into Upper and Lower Canada, each with its own Parliament, and these two self-governing Provinces were partially re-consolidated into the Province of Canada in 1840, to be re-separated and reunited in 1867.

British Columbia as it is bounded today was discovered in 1793 at sea by Captain Vancouver and on land by Alexander Mackenzie. The whole territory, including Vancouver Island, was from 1820 to 1849 under the control but not the ownership of the Hudson's Bay Company. Vancouver Island and British Columbia were separate Provinces until their union in 1866, and thus consolidated they

came into the Dominion by annexation in 1871.

Those who are best acquainted with the facts of British America history and who therefore know best the apparently insuperable obstacles that had to be overcome in order to bring together into one political organization all these detached fragments of territory are the most likely to feel perennially surprised at the accomplishment of the final result. This is not the time or place for detailed explanations, but there are three of a general character that ought to be specified because they involve influences which are still operative, and which, taken together, constitute the best guarantee of the continued national evolution of the Dominion as part of the British Empire; pro-British sentiment called out by Great Britain's essentially magnanimous treatment of all parts of British America, the moulding and moderating effect of a gradually evolving institutional organization that spread over the whole country irrespective of administrative boundaries, and the commercial unification of interests effected by the dual access to the ocean through Hudson's Bay and the St. Lawrence River. The St. Lawrence made possible the confederation of 1867; Hudson's Bay and all the history that belongs to it made possible the expansion of 1870 and the subsequent years, including the extension to the Pacific Ocean.

It is useless and unprofitable to speculate as to the ultimate political status of the Dominion; no man now living will see it organically changed the only positive assertion one may safely make about it is that all detailed predictions will for the most part prove incorrect. The matter of greatest interest is that the obstacles already overcome were incomparably greater than those at present apparent, while the national momentum has been enormously increased as the result of heroic struggle, high-minded statesmanship and invincible optimism.

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CAN WORK WONDERS IN BEAUTIFYING

We can give you entire satisfaction at small cost

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in simplicity of workmanship.

A Child can run it.

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HOUSES, STORES, CHURCHES.

Makes Cooking Easy and Pleasant.

And is the CHEAPEST Machine on the Market Today.

The Monitor Manufacturing Co. Ltd.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

Bargains in Furniture

I beg to inform my friends and the public that I have opened a Furniture Store on King St., (three doors below Longs Hotel) and have in stock all kinds of FURNITURE, CARPETS, LINOLEUMS, etc. which I am prepared to sell at prices that cannot be discounted in this city. Give us a call.

Enlarging and Framing of Pictures a Specialty.

HOWARD ROGERS, King Street

Think of Last Summer--

You can remember days when the heat inside your kitchen was so great you could hardly bear it. With the right stove you would have made a better hostess. Save your health. Don't put up with the drudgery of a coal range. You can have a clean, cool, pleasant kitchen. The

New Perfection

Oil Cook-stove

does away with all drudgery of cooking. Why should you be a slave to a coal range when you can have an Oil Cook-Stove that is cheaper than coal, cleaner than coal, doesn't "smell," doesn't smoke, lights instantly, can be put out instantly, leaves no ashes, and doesn't heat the kitchen. With one of these stoves you can boil, bake or roast the most elaborate dinner. You can change from a slow to a quick fire, or the other way about, by simply turning a wick. Apply a match, and instantly the heat from an intense blue flame shoots upward through the turquoise-blue enamel chimneys to the bottom of pot, kettle or oven—but nowhere else. The stove has every convenience that can be thought of: Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping food and dishes hot, drop shelves to hold coffee or teapots, towel rack; in fact every convenience possible.

The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove ornamental and attractive.

Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited.

WEDDING STATIONERY.

Have your wedding invitations printed at The Mail Office. We have a fine stock to select from and our work and prices will suit you.

JOB PRINTING.

The Mail Printery is well equipped for all kinds of Job Printing. We have now a large stock of envelopes which we can turn out at very low prices.

LATEST INFORMATION FROM FIGHT QUARTERS

Reno, Nev., July 2—Reno has settled down to the quiet before the big storm on next Monday. There being little interest at the fighters' headquarters, the greater part of the crowds remain down town today packing the streets, hotels, gambling places and fight headquarters. Discussion regarding the merits of the principals is rife and each man seems to have many supporters. But arguments are cool and as yet the police have not had any trouble with any who have come to see the contest.

To the sporting world at large the announcement that George Harting would hold the watch at any fight would be almost a bond that the fight would be fair. Time keeping at a fight is almost vital. At Hartings appointment Jeffries and Johnson gave the same comment, "I am satisfied." While the gambling places are well filled at all hours, the scarcity of better at the commissioner's headquarters is somewhat surprising to the wagering fraternity. Betting improved a bit last night, however. At Tom Corbett's it was announced today that about \$15,000 was placed on Jeffries yesterday at 10 to 6. With two exceptions the amounts were under \$2,000. But Corbett has \$7,000 at his brother's place to put on Jeffries.

The betting commissioners expect large amounts of money will be placed today and tomorrow. They explain that the crowd here is composed in major parts of men who have business in Reno and haven't come to wager any large amounts of money. The arrival of special trains between now and Monday will boost the betting, they believe.

Tex Rickard's final announcement that he would positively referee the fight, probably also will cause money to loosen up.

Rickard has recovered from all nervousness he may have felt over the financial outcome of the battle. He now believes his profits from the battle alone will amount to \$100,000.

"I expect the receipts to be about \$250,000," he said. "Our expenses have been a little less than \$100,000. We should clear about \$100,000." Seat sales here since the tickets were brought up from San Francisco by Jack Gleason have been very pleasing to the promoters. The higher priced seats sold quickly on account of their good location and a large part of them were reserved before the sale opened here. Many sought the \$10 seats because they were higher up

and spectators who hold them will get the benefit of a breeze if one is blowing on the day of the battle.

Fans who expected to purchase \$5 dollar seats will be disappointed for there will be none at this price.

Celebrities continue to arrive here on every train. Frank Gotch created a stir about the hotels last night when he walked around greeting friends. None was happier to see Gotch than Jeffries himself. When the giant Iowan farmer wrestler appeared at the gate of Jeffries' yard the pugilist rushed out and grasped his hands warmly. "It's great to see you Frank," he shouted gleefully. Gotch was much impressed with his friend's condition. He freely predicted victory for Jeffries. Every thing is calm at Johnson's camp. The negro has ceased all work with the exception of walking. His entire camp says he is fit and last night the champion's helpers gave substantial proof of their sincerity in the statement by placing \$5,000 with a betting commissioner to be placed on Johnson at the prevailing odds.

THE OLD DOG

Everybody remembers the old dog. He had a place in our childhood homes only a little lower than that occupied by ourselves. Everybody loved him for his devotion, his willingness and affection. He met us at the gate when we were coming home from school. He whimpered, fawned and leaped about us. We were glad we were home, we youngsters who bossed, teased and loved him, and he left damp kisses on our faces as we entered the gate.

The old dog understood his own worth full well. He believed the farm could not well be run without him. He asserted his importance wherever occasion presented itself. When he trotted through the farmyard the pigs nosed away the straw and sat up sleepily to watch him. The chickens huddled closer together. The cattle eyed him with respect. In the stable the old plow-horses turned from their feed to touch noses with him. Always the old dog was good friends with the horses.

The old dog had his daily routine for work. He was busy all day long, and he did his work gladly. In the dewy morning he attended the cattle to the wide pasture lands, then he trotted slowly back to his breakfast of bread and milk and meat scraps. Next he followed the old team out to the field and up and down the long sweet-smelling furrows. Towards mid-day he took a nap beneath the shade trees.

ST. STEPHEN BANK SOLD TO BANK B. N. A.—\$22,000

St. Stephen N.B., June 30—Tenders for the St. Stephen Bank and lot were opened this afternoon when it was found that the Bank of British North America were the highest bidders. It is learned on good authority that the sum tendered was \$22,000.

Although it is impossible to learn anything from Curator Kessen or the committee appointed to assist him in winding up the affairs of St. Stephen Bank, yet it is rumored that the next lowest tender was \$4,500 less than that amount. That tender was also from a banking institution.

When this building and lot were bought from the directors of the Bank of B.N.A. some years ago by the St. Stephen Bank, the sum was \$8,000. It originally cost \$40,000. The new owners will take charge Oct. 1.

It is reported on good authority that a meeting of the creditors of J. T. Whitlock, recent cashier of the defunct bank, his indebtedness was found to be \$172,000, and his brother R. W. Whitlock has an indebtedness of \$64,000. The capital stock of the bank was \$200,000.

It is understood that an adjournment was made to learn further particulars.

COUNT ZEPPELIN IS VEXED BUT NOT DAUNTED

Osnabruck, June 30—Count Zeppelin has arrived here. The latest information from the scene of the disaster indicates that the airship is a total wreck. The reconstruction of the craft will not be attempted but all the available parts will be used in the construction of a new airship.

The motors of the Deutschland as well as the vertical string panes were found not to be damaged.

The semi-annual session of the County Council of the Municipality of York will convene at the Council Chamber, Fredericton, on TUESDAY, the FIFTH day of JULY, next, at 10 a. m.

F. ST. JOHN BLISS, Secretary-Treasurer of York.

COOPER'S FLY KNOCKER

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A sure and effective remedy against FLIES AND MOSQUITOES

QUART TINS 50 CENTS

George Y. Dibblee

Druggist Opp. City Hall. Wholesale Agent

Sole Agent for WM. COOPER and NEPHEWS

Look! Look! Look!

Bargains in Pianos

For One Week only

write or call for information

E. P. Baker Piano and Music Co.

I give notice to our up-town customers that I will open on Saturday next, June 18th. the store on Westmorland St. formerly known as the Mrs. Weaver Home Bakery. For their convenience all Cakes and Pastry the same as sold in our Regent St. Store.

W. BUTCHER Regent Street

Give your servants GOLD DUST to clean with, treat them rightly and you will have few occasions to insert a "help wanted" ad

They say a good workman is known by his tools. You cannot expect your maid to keep everything ship-shape unless you give her every modern help. To keep house without GOLD DUST is to do work by hard, old-fashioned methods. For cleaning everything and anything about the house—from cellar to attic—GOLD DUST is worth its weight in gold. It cuts grease and dirt like magic, does away with scouring and scrubbing, and saves time and tempers.

Your servant can do more and better work and keep sweet with the aid of GOLD DUST in all household cleaning.



Made by THE N. E. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Makers of FAIRBANK SOAP

WALL PAPER

New Patterns are now in

IT WILL REPAY YOU TO LOOK OVER OUR SAMPLE BOOKS IF YOU HAVE SOME PAPERING TO DO THIS SPRING

HALL'S BOOK STORE

MUNICIPALITY OF YORK

The semi-annual session of the County Council of the Municipality of York will convene at the Council Chamber, Fredericton, on TUESDAY, the FIFTH day of JULY, next, at 10 a. m.

F. ST. JOHN BLISS, Secretary-Treasurer of York.

"I suppose" began the inquiring summer visitor engagingly "that the wealth in this part of New Hampshire is in the soil."

The native regarded the shining blade of his scythe reflectively.

"I reckon it is" he mildly assented.

"I don't know anybody hereabout that ever got any out of it."