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TWO CENTS PER COPY

DR. CRIPPEN EXPIATES HIS CRIME ON THE GALLOWS

The Final Act in One of the Most Sensational Murder Cases of Modern Times
---Condemned Man Presented a Pitiable Appearance as He was Led to the Scaffold---Almost Collapsed at the Last Moment---Story of the Crime---He Made No Confession.

London, Nov. 23.—Dr. Hawley Harvey Crippen today paid the penalty for the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, the actress, within a few minutes of the stroke of nine, the morning hour officially fixed for the execution. The hanging was in Pentonville prison, where the prisoner had been confined since his return to this country following his arrest in Canada. The condemned man, who, throughout his trial and even until Home Secretary Churchill had refused a petition for his reprieve, had maintained an imperturbable calmness, presented a pitiable appearance, as he was literally led through the short corridor from his cell to the scaffold.

PUBLICITY AVOIDED

So eager were the authorities to avoid publicity that the usual batch of prisoners whose time had expired, were excused an hour before the usual time, thus clearing the street and office of all outsiders. The hoisting of a grim black flag which was seen as it shot to its place, through a lift in the fog, announced to the crowded streets that Dr. Crippen was dead.

Some time after the crowd had disappeared a notice was posted on the prison gates announcing that "Judgment of death has this day been executed on H. H. Crippen," in the presence of the governor of the prison, the under sheriff and Father Carey. The physicians' certificate of death was also displayed.

MADE NO CONFESSION.

The announcement of the execution from the prison was accompanied by the official statement that Dr. Crippen made no statement or confession whatsoever before being hanged.

Father Carey, who has been much with Crippen at Pentonville prison, remained at the prisoner's side throughout the night and accompanied him to the scaffold.

The streets in the neighborhood of the prison were well filled by the time the hanging occurred, although the fog was so dense that the outlines of the prison buildings could barely be seen from the street front.

There was a strong police guard on hand, which kept the crowd from approaching closely to the buildings.

STORY OF THE CRIME.

London, Nov. 23.—The execution of Dr. Hawley H. Crippen occurred here today and closed the criminal records of one of the most sensational of recent murder cases. The brutality of the crime committed by a man who had been known as of a gentle and kindly nature, the murderer's spectacular flight to Canada and the fact that the case against the doctor was purely circumstantial combined to make the tragedy of extraordinary interest, not only in London where the murder was done, but also in America, where both Crippen and his wife were born.

Crippen, slight in figure, was just past fifty years of age. He was born in Michigan and after studying medicine, practiced in the United States and Canada. In 1906, he married Cora MacKamotski, of Brooklyn, a vaudeville actress, whose stage name was Belle Elmore. They removed to London, where the doctor engaged in dental manufacture. Soon there was domestic indelicacy, due, Crippen alleged, to the attentions his wife received from other men. Then Ethel Clara LeNeve, a prepossessing woman, now about twenty-seven years of age, entered Crippen's employ as a typist. She sympathized with the doctor and the two fell in love. Mean time, Crippen and his wife were estranged.

Nearly a year ago, Miss LeNeve, feeling her position keenly, became impatient with the situation. About the same time the doctor was in need of money. Mrs. Crippen disappeared suddenly last February. Her husband inserted a death notice in the papers saying she had succumbed to an illness while visiting in California.

FLED FROM LONDON.

Actress friends of Mrs. Crippen persuaded Scotland Yard to make an investigation and the police officials interviewed Crippen on July 12. He threw the police off the scent, but on the following day fled from London, in company with Miss LeNeve, who was disguised as a boy. Subsequently their presence on board the Str. Montross was made known to Scotland Yard through wireless messages and as the Montross was approaching the harbor of Quebec, Crippen and Miss LeNeve were arrested. This was on July 31.

In the meantime the police had visited the streets in the neighborhood of the prison, were filled by the time the hanging occurred, although the fog was so dense that the outlines of the prison buildings could barely be seen from the street in front. There was a strong police guard on hand which kept the crowd from approaching the buildings.

A NOVEL CEREMONY IN UGANDA



"DANDI, THE NEW KING OF UGANDA."



KING DANDI EATING THE KINGDOM.

Mwanga, the late King of Uganda, died in exile in the Seychelles in May 1903. His body was recently exhumed and brought to Mengo, and reinterred on August 3, part of the burial service in the cathedral and part at Kasubi (the tomb of King Mtesa), being read by Bishop Tucker. It was buried in the same tomb as King

Mtesa, though in a separate vault. Next day a ceremony—previously deemed impossible—took place. Daudi, though king in name, was not fully recognized, but on August 4 he "ate the drum," i. e., he ate a sacred drum on which a python is carved, and went through various ceremonies appertaining to taking over the kingdom. Mounted on a historic stool

outside the gate of his court he was dressed (over his clothes) with two bark cloths, a calf skin, and a leopard skin, ank presented with shield, spears, bow and arrows, to remind him how his fathers dressed and with what they fought and conquered, and that he must follow in their footsteps in bravery and caring for his country. He was then carried

back in state to his house on the shoulders of a chief, according to custom. Daudi was fourteen years old on August 15. He was lately taken to golf, and the Europeans at Kampala (Mengo) have entered him as a member of their club. He shows promise of making a good player and is keen on the game.

MRS. MARTIN DECLARED TO BE INSANE

New York, Nov. 23.—With the declaration of Dr. Walter Washington, an alienist, that she is insane, counsel for Mrs. Caroline B. Martin have rested their case in the hearing to prove that she could not be brought to trial, charged with the murder of her daughter, Okey Snead, the East Orange bath tub victim. Dr. Washington testified he is positive that Mrs. Martin does not realize her position or her need of having counsel.

"A common delusion of insane people is to believe they are sane and the rest of the world insane," the witness said when asked to explain the fact that Mrs. Martin has insisted that she is fully responsible.

"Does Mrs. Martin say she is sane and the rest of the world insane?" "I do," interrupted the woman.

"I mean Essex County, N. J.," she added.

On behalf of the state, evidence will be presented to show that Mrs. Martin is legally responsible and should be placed on trial for the alleged crime.

Ited the Crippen home in Hilldrop Crescent and in the cellar unearthed parts of a woman's body. The medical experts who examined these parts failed to prove they were from body of Belle Elmore. Nevertheless, the jury that heard the Crippen case were satisfied that they were.

Crippen was indicted and convicted of the murder of his wife, the evidence including testimony that he had bought and administered poison after which he dismembered the body. He was sentenced to be hanged on Nov. 8th, but secured a stay of execution until today. An appeal on his behalf was denied by the criminal court and appeals and a petition for a reprieve were rejected by Home Secretary Churchill. Miss LeNeve was indicted and charged with being an accessory after the fact but was acquitted.

CONFESSION RUMORS.

London, Nov. 23.—Now that Dr. Crippen's lips are forever sealed, the usual post-mortem rumors of an eleventh hour confession are afloat. These should be read in knowledge that on Sunday last the condemned issued a signed statement in which he protested his perfect innocence, and that since that day, as for several days

(Continued on page four)

SUFFRAGETTES MAKE IT LIVELY FOR LIBERAL LEADERS IN LONDON

London, Nov. 23.—The rioting of the suffragettes which began with an assault on Premier Asquith, yesterday continued throughout the night. Driven from one district to another, so many of the women as escaped arrest would gather at another point and renew the battle.

Advancing under cover of the fog at 2.30 o'clock this forenoon, a militant band circumented the police and stormed the Asquith residence in Downing Street. They hurled stones and metal weights at the house, breaking the glass in all the lower windows.

Earlier in the night the women smashed the windows in the homes of Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, Lewis Harcourt, secretary of state for the colonies and Winston Spencer Churchill, the home secretary. Augustine Birrell, the veteran chief secretary for Ireland was the victim of the most vicious of injuries assaulted. As a result of injuries from blows and kicks, the aged statesman is today confined to his bed and under the care of physicians. He has been compelled to cancel all immediate private and official engagements.

Mr. Birrell was making his way on foot through St. James Park to the Athenium Club, when he was set upon by the women and badly beaten. Policemen rescued him and helped him to a motor car in which he was taken home.

One hundred and fifty-six women and two men who took part in yesterday's riots were arraigned in the Bow Street Court today. At the direction of Home Secretary Churchill, those charged merely with obstruction were discharged. The others, against whom complaints of assault and the wilful damage of property have been made were returned to jail to be held for trial later. Most of the women prisoners appeared in court carrying bags containing a change of clothing, hopeful of the glory of martyrdom in jail. Some brought their knitting and plying their needles busily during the proceedings greatly amused the spectators.

Among those held was Mrs. Haverfield, daughter of Lord Abinger, who according to the testimony introduced had promised to bring a revolver with her on the occasion of the next suffragette demonstration.

STOCK MARKET CONDITIONS HAVE AN UNSETTLED TONE

New York, Nov. 23.—Wall Street—U. S. Steel and Union Pacific opened at last night's closing prices and Reading advanced 14. The state of these market leaders was characteristic of the torpid conditions of the whole. The majority of stocks that sold at last were quoted at last night's prices. American Car Pfd. reached 1 from yesterday's advance, American Smelting declined 1/4 and National Railways of Mexico second pfd. 1/4.

(Quotations from direct private wires of J. M. Robinson & Son, Bankers, St. John, N. B., Members of Montreal Stock Exchange)

Open	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated, ...	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2
Atchafalca, ...	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Smelters, ...	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Brooklyn, ...	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Canadian Pacific, ...	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2
Great Northern, pfd., ...	124	124	124
Northern Pacific, ...	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Pennsylvania, ...	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
Reading, ...	152 1/2	152 1/2	152 1/2
Southern Pacific, ...	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2

Union Pacific, ...	177 1/2	178
U. S. Steel, com., ...	79 1/2	80 1/2
Dominion Iron, ...	61 1/2	62
La Rose, ...	14.75K	4.85

MONTREAL MORNING SALES

Dominion Iron—60 @ 61 1/2; 150 @ 61 1/2; 135 @ 62.	
Quebec Ry.—25 @ 56 1/2; 35 @ 56 1/2; 50 @ 56 1/2; 300 @ 57; 25 @ 57 1/2; 20 @ 56 1/2.	
Cement Pfd.—5 @ 85 1/2; 7 @ 86.	
Montreal Power—100 @ 58 1/2; 21 @ 139; 29 @ 138 1/2.	
Asbestos Com.—5 @ 14.	
Porto Rico—67 @ 50;	
Rio—276 @ 103 1/2; 5 @ 103 1/2; 100 @ 103 1/2.	
Nippissing—100 @ 10.66.	
Detroit—100 @ 55.	
Crown Reserve—100 @ 276.	
Dominion Iron Pfd.—5 @ 102 1/2.	
Northern Ohio—10 @ 40.	
Bank of N. S.—23 @ 280 1/2.	
Eastern Township Bank—16 @ 162.	
Toronto Ry.—10 @ 124 1/2.	
Montreal Telegraph—10 @ 145 1/2.	
Bank of Montreal—2 @ 247; 5 @ 246	

CHATHAM MAN BADLY HURT THIS MORNING

Chatham, Nov. 23.—(Special)—Mr. John McMahon, while trying to stop his horses from running away at Chatham Junction this morning was thrown under the sloven wagon and run over. He was painfully injured, but is expected to recover.

Mr. F. M. Tweedie, who has been appointed President of the Chatham Curling Club offers a trophy for competition for the members of the club during the coming winter.

PASSENGER TRAFFIC WILL BE HEAVY

St. John, Nov. 23. (Special)—There promises to be a big passenger traffic on C. P. R. Steamers sailing from St. John during the next few weeks. Many western people are going to their former homes and in the Old Country to spend the Christmas holidays and it is understood all bookings have been taken.

Senator Domville and Hon. W. C. H. Grimmer, Surveyor-general, are passengers on the Steamer Empress of Ireland due at Halifax on Friday.

BRITISH STEAMER LOST OFF SPANISH COAST

London, Nov. 23.—A steamer which foundered off the north coast of Spain on Nov. 7, is now believed to be the British Indian Liner, Abhona. The Abhona was of 4,066 tons and was built this year. She sailed from the Clyde, November 3 for Ragoon, British India, arriving at Plymouth, November 5. This was her maiden voyage and she carried no passengers. The crew numbered 90, of whom thirteen were whites.

Mackay—10 @ 92.	
Twin City—1 @ 111.	
Montreal Cotton—25 @ 135.	
Illinois Pfd.—75 @ 89 1/2.	
Montreal Street—10 @ 224 1/2.	
Soo—50 @ 134 1/2.	
Paper Pfd.—20 @ 162 1/2.	
Merchant's Bank—19 @ 186.	
Molson's Bank—29 @ 210.	

THE MEXICAN REVOLUTION

Wild Scenes of Disorder Marked the Night at Several Points

Government Troops on the Alert and Appear to Have the Upper Hand of the Situation.

El Paso, Tex. Nov. 23—5.30 a. m. —At this hour a temporary lull is taking place in the fighting at Terreon with the government in full control of the city.

Wild scenes of disorder marked the night in that city and the death list is estimated at 60 or 70, largely on the insurgent side. The revolutionists lack organization and leadership and their supply of arms and ammunition is limited. At this hour fighting has also ceased at Chihuahua. The insurgents are massed outside the city and have control at a large territory. The government forces and property owners are in possession of the city.

The wires on the El Paso branch of the Mexican Northwestern Railroad have been cut and nothing can be learned as to the situation at Casas Granada, where an attack was expected early in the night. Special trains will start for that point at daylight. The Railroad belongs to the Pearson Syndicate, the Madera Branch of which has fallen into the hands of the insurgents.

Parral, Gomez, Palazio, and Jimenez, are reported traitors.

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 23.—It is reported desultory fighting began on the outskirts of Chihuahua at midnight and that at the towns west of the Chihuahua and Pacific Railway to Madera have been practically against Diaz and a general movement against Chihuahua itself from that side will follow in a day or two.

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 23—2 a. m. —All is quiet at Mexico City, Puebla, Orizaba, and Pachuca. Fighting broke out again last night at Parral and fighting continues at Terreon. Heavy fighting is reported at San Ysidro, seven kilometres from Chihuahua.

Washington, Nov. 23.—In response to a request from the department of justice, which is charged with the responsibility of seeing that the United States is not used as a base of war in connection with the Mexican revolution, the war department today instructed General Hoyt, commander of the department of Texas to respond to requests from U. S. marshals for the assistance of the troops in preventing violations of neutrality.

Mexico City, Nov. 23.—There is no foundation for the rumor that harm had come to President Diaz, through the activities of the revolutionists. Foreign Minister Croel announced today the National Executive was in good health, adding that he deplored the circulation of untruthful stories that were injurious to the republic.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 23.—Reports from Monterrey declare a large number of federal troops are en route to Menlova, Coahuila, to meet Madero, who is reported marching on that place with about 1,000 well equipped cavalry and several hundred infantry. This force it is said, is being augmented by recruits all along the line of march.

CONFLICTING REPORTS

El Paso, Nov. 23.—Latest reports are that Chihuahua is in great danger it being estimated that between 8,000 and 10,000 revolutionists are gathered between the city and the plant of the American Smelting and Refining Company. All responsible citizens are armed and expected to be attacked at any moment. Crowds of defenders occupy the tops of the banks, churches and large buildings throughout the city.

All information indicates that the Madera line out of Chihuahua is in the hands of insurgents. The line is owned by an English syndicate headed by Dr. F. S. Pearson. Wires are cut and little information can be secured.

The report that many soldiers had been killed by the dynamiting of a bridge and wrecking of a train on the Madera branch of the Mexico and Northwestern road and confirmed here today. Reports state that a captain was among the killed. Early reports that 300 were killed are doubtless