

# GIGANTIC "WIRELESS" FRAUD IS BROUGHT TO LIGHT

Investigation into the Affairs of American Wireless Company Discloses Rotten Condition Existing—Officials are Arrested, and Only Released on very Heavy Bail.

New York, June 16.—United States officials raided the handsome Broadway offices of the United Wireless Telegraph Company yesterday and caused the arrest of Christopher Wilson, president of the company; Samuel S. Bogart, first vice-president, and William W. Tompkins, president of the New York Selling Agency, which officers of the wireless company, say, was formerly their fiscal agent, but had ceased to represent them.

Chief Inspector Mayer subsequently gave out a long formal statement, in which he charges that, although the company has been running at a loss, the price of its shares has not advanced by manipulation of fictitious values and that the officers of the company have sold out their stock to the general public at a profit estimate in one instance at between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000, with other instances in proportion.

Wilson was released in \$25,000 bail, and Bogart in \$10,000 bail, far appearance on July 11, when a further hearing will be held before a federal commissioner. Tompkins could not find the \$10,000 bail required and he spent the night in the Tombs.

The specific instance of alleged fraudulent use of the mails is given as the mailing of a letter on March 1, 1910, to Michael O'Brien, of 920 Main Street, Waterbury, Conn.

"There are 28,000 shareholders of the company throughout the country," said Inspector Mayer, in his statement, "many of whom have placed their savings in the stock of the company through false representations made by its officers. The real assets

of the company, consisting of land stations, patents, manufacturing plants worth at a conservative estimate \$400,000 or an actual worth of two cents a share at par value.

"Two million shares have been issued, at a par value of \$10 a share, but the stock has recently been put up at \$50 a share. Thus," argues the inspector in his statement, "by taking the last amount quoted (\$400,000 of actual assets) at \$50 a share the stock is really worth as \$400,000 is to \$1,000,000,000, or \$4,000 a share."

A long resume of the company's birth and history follows. The inspector says it was originally incorporated under the laws of Maine in 1904 as the Amalgamated Wireless Securities Company, and that it had merely a legal existence until it changed its name in 1906 to its present title and took over the assets and business of the defunct American De Forest Wireless Telegraph Company, which was then running at a loss and in default in interest on its bonds, exchanging therefor its own securities on a ten for one basis.

Winnipeg, Man., June 16.—If the charges of the United States post office against the United Wireless Telegraph Company in New York are true the shareholders scattered all through western Canada stand to lose a big sum, for R. A. Grant, agent for Manitoba, admits that western farmers have subscribed for at least 11,000,000 worth of stock, though this is not all paid up. Grant says he works under the Seattle manager, Mr. Parker, and that he has sold stock in good faith and with implicit confidence in the President.

## The Smoking Habit

By Etienne Burnet.  
(Of the Pasteur Institute, Paris.)

Tobacco has always had its detractors and its worshippers, never its indifferent. It brings pleasures that are more psychological than physiological. Humanity would miss it more than it would miss playing cards. It is adored by recluses and it gives pleasure in social life. It is the opium of the Western world.

Here is the indictment: Smokers, chewers and snuffers absorb a whole series of poisons or of substances that are at least harmful, of which nicotine is the principal; the others are ammonia, carbonic acid, prussic acid and divers pyridic bases. Smoking is the absorption of the products of a dry distillation of fermented leaves. Just as there is alcoholism, so there is tobaccoism, acute tobaccoism and chronic tobaccoism. Nervous disorders, troubles of the sight and hearing, disorders of the heart action and of the arteries, slow digestion, dyspepsia, maladies of the mucous membrane of the mouth and tongue—what a list of crimes! Tobacco must be a sweet thing that for its sake mankind should brave so many terrors at once!

And here is the eulogy: According to many old-time physicians there was scarcely an organ that tobacco did not soothe, scarcely a disease that it did not cure—paralysis, epilepsy, neuralgia, intestinal stranguation, constipation. It has been asserted a hundred times that smokers are immune to epidemics. According to Vassalli, at the time of the great epidemic of influenza in 1889, there was not a single case among the workers in the tobacco factories at Genoa. Smoke protects the teeth against decay. It has been believed to be efficacious against consumption.

Researches have been made to find out if tobacco possesses an antiseptic property. The experiments of Miller and Tassinari show that its smoke prevents the development of disease germs. It is true that all smoke contains traces of formal.

Tobacco contains from 44 to 4 per cent. of nicotine, according to where it comes from. But the strength or mildness of tobacco does not depend solely upon the nicotine it contains. According to Pontay 3.5 ounces of tobacco give in burning

1.25 grains of prussic acid; according to Habermann, from .30 to 1.25 grains. The prussic acid is formed only at the moment of combustion. Again, 15,432 grains of tobacco produce in burning 2.5 cubic inches of Habermann, passes into the smoke, carbonic acid, according to Pontay, .031 of a cubic inch, according to Toth.

Half the nicotine, according to the rest remains in the end of the cigarette or cigar—in the "butt." But all that enters the mouth in the smoke is not absorbed by the system, and happily one becomes immune to it.

It is less dangerous to take the smoke into the lungs than it is to swallow saliva that has dissolved the principles of tobacco. More nicotine is absorbed from what is swallowed than from what is inhaled.

Smoke slowly. The same weight of tobacco gives off resinous products in proportion to the rapidity with which it is smoked. The same quantity burned in five minutes yields three times as much as when it is smoked in fifteen minutes.

Nicotine gathers in the end of a cigar or cigarette; this should not be kept between the lips or teeth and should not be smoked almost to the end.

Washed smoke is less toxic. The Orientals eat as if they knew this, and we should not do badly to adopt their narghilies.

The hygienists believe we should not smoke on an empty stomach; but to say so would be to lower oneself in the eyes of the true smoker.

Weak hearts, diseased lungs, tired or excited brains are better off from abstinence or the greatest moderation in smoking. But if we have none of these organic defects, let us smoke and know how to smoke. But at the same time, we shall never become ill from abstaining.

It would be waste of time to wage war upon tobacco. Civilized man will never give it up. As we see inveterate smokers attain extreme old age, as life and fate have not created two classes of men, smokers and non-smokers, the only sensible rule if moderation. This applies to the consumer as well as to the hygienist. To retain the pleasure and minimize its risks, each according to his strength and his temperament, there is wisdom.

thought), Queen Victoria's dead."

"Who's got her job?" asked the lumberman.

"The Prince of Wales."

"Gee whiz!" exclaimed the lumberman. "He must have been well in with Laurier."

Flies may be killed by means of a weak solution of formalin or formaldehyde exposed in saucers in the rooms. This is made by adding a tablespoonful of formaldehyde to a pint of water. The burning of pyrethrum in a room is also effective.

## "TRUTH'S" VIEWS ON SOCIAL RESPECTABILITY

Famous London Journal Gives an Illustration as to How it May be Attained Now-a-Days.

(London Truth.)

My father was a laborer, and I am a lord.

When education was reserved for the rich they do not seem to have availed themselves greatly of the advantage, for many of the important discoveries, inventions and improvements we owe to the sons of the poor, and few of the celebrated writers, musicians, or artists were sons of the rich.

The education I received at the public expense enable me to obtain employment which afforded opportunities for advancement, and eventually I amassed a vast fortune.

"Society" has its scots; they are the connecting links between the unimportant rich and the impecunious "great."

The wife of a fashionable artist sought our acquaintance. My portrait, which her husband painted, cost a thousand guineas; but at their house we met the peeress to whose disinterested negotiations I owe my knighthood.

That step up the social ladder cost some twenty thousand pounds.

A philanthropic duchess came forward next to welcome us on the way. Her public benefactions and her private b's relieved me of a further large amount; but to compensate for this we were introduced to "society." I was elected to several clubs, and vouchers for the Royal Enclosure were accorded to us.

An impecunious but important politician later procured for me a baronetcy—for a consideration, part of which was for the purposes of the government, and part he retained for himself. He is an inveterate opponent of corruption in municipal corporations.

There appears to be no inclination to interfere with free trade in titles, for subsequently I was offered, and I accepted, a peerage in return for a substantial contribution to the funds of the party.

Ability, industry and enterprise made me rich; bribery has made me respected.

Without fees to the fashionable I should be still but a local celebrity, severely ignored by the neighboring magnates. Directly and indirectly it has cost me some two hundred thousand pounds to attain social respectability.

THE LATE ROBERT REID.

The funeral of Robt. H. Reid, formerly of this city, who died last Wednesday at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. T. Medley Richards, of Edmundston, took place last Friday. The first part of the burial service was read in the house by the Rector, Rev. A. H. Crawford, and the hymns, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," and "My God, My Father, While I Stray," were sung. Interment was made in the Church of England cemetery at St. Leonard's, where the deceased lies beside his wife and daughter. The deceased's four sons, Millard, Duncan, John and Harry, acted as bearers, and Mr. T. Medley Richards took the charge of the funeral arrangements.

Why Have an Overheated Kitchen in Summer?

When the sultry days come and the coal range makes the kitchen almost unbearable and cooking a dreaded task, put out the range fire and try the newest method of cooking in hot weather—use a

New Perfection Oil Cook-stove

What a contrast! The kitchen no longer is stifling hot, the work is now done with comfort, and the housewife is not worn out with the heat.

She saves her strength, keeps her health and is better able to enjoy the summer.

The New Perfection does everything that any other stove can do—all the family cooking, baking, washing and ironing. No smoke, no dust, no odor. Heat is applied directly and not wasted. A turn, and the flame is out.

The New Perfection stove has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot, drop shelves for the coffee pot or saucepans, and nicked towel racks.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove very attractive and invites cleanliness. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the



Cautionary Note:—Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited.

## LORD GREY ARRIVES IN GREAT BRITAIN

Declares that There is no Country Like Canada, and that the Maritime Provinces are as Good as the Western Ones.

Bristol, England, June 16.—On the arrival of Earl Grey here today he was immediately surrounded by a band of eager pressmen, but he held his own against a fire of questions with frank good humor and subtle avoidance of controversial topics.

"We had a delightful voyage in a most comfortable ship. The development of Canada is going as strong as it can go. The Maritime Provinces are as good for immigration as the northwest, and the prospects were never brighter," he said.

"Why don't you come and see the country. You cannot understand it till you see it and visit it and when you have visited it once you won't be happy until you have seen it a dozen times."

Earl Grey added that the Canadians were pleased with the present class of immigrants. He was finally asked about the imperial spirit of Canada. "The imperial spirit is all right in Canada," he answered. "Why, they are more imperial than you are. I wish you would come to Toronto and see the empire day celebration, as I saw, then you would know what I mean. The people in Canada believe in themselves and their future as part of the empire."

TWO PRELIMINARIES

It will be time to talk reciprocity with the United States when they've lowered their tariff to something like Canada's. And the only reciprocity talk of theirs that we can listen to is tariff legislation in the shape of reductions. If Uncle Sam scales his tariff down on certain things, we will do the like with certain things of ours. And the negotiations to this end can be most informal. But if the United States thinks that Canada will send delegates to negotiate a treaty that their Senate can refuse to ratify they are greatly mistaken.

Department of Militia and Defense  
Frederickton Rifle Range.  
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS, marked on envelope "Tenders for a Markers' Shelter, Frederickton Rifle Range," and addressed to the Secretary of the Militia Council, Headquarters, Ottawa, will be received by that officer until noon, the 26th day of June, 1910, for the construction of a concrete wall at the Markers' Shelter, Frederickton Rifle Range. Plans and specifications may be seen, and full information obtained at the Office of the Officer Commanding Maritime Provinces Command, Halifax, N. S., the District Officer Commanding Military District No. 8, St. John N. B., and the Director of Engineer Services, Headquarters, Ottawa.

Tenders must be made on the form supplied by the Department, and accompanied by an accepted cheque on a Canadian Chartered Bank for 10 p. c. of the amount of the tender, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence, which amount will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract, in accordance with the tender. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

EUGENE FISET,  
Colonel, Deputy Minister  
Department of Militia and Defence,  
Ottawa, June 9, 1910  
H. Q., 19-26-13.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

AMUSEMENTS

Bijou TO-DAY

Miss Dorothy May  
Comedienne  
Mr. Ed. Griffin  
Soloist  
Superior change of Pictures  
Daily Matinee 5 and 10c.

The Gem Theatre  
Features for This Evening.

The Samaritans Courtship  
A Love Story.

Simone or the Poisoned Flowers

The Greenborns

The Hunch-back Fidler  
PIANO & DRUMS  
Admission - - 5 and 10c

GUIDE FOR TRAVELLERS

INTERCOLONIAL DEPARTURES.

No. 303—Mixed for Loggieville, 5.45  
No. 317—Suburban for Gibson and Marysville, 6.15.  
No. 321—Suburban for Gibson and Marysville, 11.15.  
No. 323—Suburban for Gibson and Marysville, 16.20.  
No. 301—Express for Loggieville, Chatham, Campbellton, Quebec, Montreal, etc., 18.30.  
No. 327—Suburban for Gibson and Marysville, 18.40.  
No. 329—Suburban for Gibson and Marysville, 21.20.

ARRIVALS.

No. 306—Suburban from Marysville 8.15.  
No. 302—Express from Loggieville, Chatham Junction, 13.20.  
No. 308—Suburban from Marysville 13.30.  
No. 304—Mixed from Loggieville and Chatham Junction, 18.50.  
No. 310—Suburban from Marysville 19.15.  
No. 316—Suburban from Marysville 21.55.

CANADIAN PACIFIC DEPARTURES.

6.20 a. m.—Express for St. John, Portland, Boston, Woodstock, etc.  
7.30 a. m.—Mixed for Woodstock and points North. Leaves St. Marys at 8.10.  
9.45 a. m.—Express for St. John and points east.  
4.25 p. m.—Mixed for Woodstock, via Gibson branch on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.  
5.45 p. m.—Express for Montreal, and Boston, Woodstock, St. Stephen, etc.  
9.00 p. m.—Express for St. John and points east.

ARRIVALS.

9.10 a. m.—Express from St. John and points east.  
11.40 a. m.—Mixed from Woodstock via Gibson branch, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.  
11.50 a. m.—Express from Montreal Boston, etc.  
7.50 p. m.—Express from St. John and points east.  
9.10 p. m.—Mixed from Woodstock and points North.  
10.40 p. m.—Express from Boston, Portland, Woodstock, St. Stephen, etc.

McMURRAY & CO.

## PIANOS

We are making a decided change in our piano business and will offer during the month of June, the Greatest Bargains in Pianos ever offered in this City.

Our Pianos are the

:: BELL, GOURLEY and HEINTZMAN ::

They will be sold at Special Low Prices for Cash or Easy Payments, for the month of June only.

Call and see our Stock or write us for Prices and Terms.

We employ no agent.

McMURRAY & CO.

At McCluskey's

Fresh Lobsters  
Fresh Salmon  
Fresh Shad  
Cucumbers  
Cabbage  
Lettuce  
Rhubarb  
Pineapples  
Bannanas  
Oranges  
Lemons

Ring up - - Phone 365-11

JOHN G. ADAMS  
THE LEADING UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR  
QUEEN ST. NEXT QUEEN HOTEL

WAGNER DICKERSON & CO.  
BANKERS AND BROKERS  
Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange

Special Department for the Purchase and Sale of odd lots Listed and Unlisted Securities

25 Broad Street - - New York

MURPHY'S BAKERY

Delicious Turnovers, Raspberry and Strawberry Filling, (Pure Fruit). Pound Cake, Sultan Cake, Fruit Cake, Best Bread and Rolls in City.

Mail and telephone orders will receive prompt attention.

W. J. MURPHY  
Phone 365-21 95 Regent St.

Here is a Chance  
Anybody presenting this ad. at my store within the next few days, will be given a 25c Driving Whip for 12c.

A. B. KITCHEN  
QUEEN STREET  
The Cheapest Harness Store in the City.

J. A. MacADAM  
UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR  
Regent St., - - Fredericton  
Orders Promptly Attended to  
Residence Telephone 117-21

R. W. McLellan  
McLELLAN & HUGHES  
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS  
Money to Loan at Low Rates R.E. Security

Deal Ends and Slab Lengths 16 in.

MAY BE HAD FROM  
R. T. BAIRD  
Telephone 413

STAPLES PHARMACY  
York Street  
ALONZO STAPLES Prop.



McMURRAY & CO.

At McCluskey's

Fresh Lobsters  
Fresh Salmon  
Fresh Shad  
Cucumbers  
Cabbage  
Lettuce  
Rhubarb  
Pineapples  
Bannanas  
Oranges  
Lemons

Ring up - - Phone 365-11

JOHN G. ADAMS  
THE LEADING UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR  
QUEEN ST. NEXT QUEEN HOTEL

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