

"MOOSE HEAD BRAND"

"Skowhegan" Leather Is Used For Our Sporting Boots And Shoe Packs.

This leather is made from South American and Chicago Packer Steer Hides, and anyone in the leather business knows what superior leather can be made from these hides.

Then, these hides are oil-tanned, by a method all our own, under the personal direction of the head of our firm, who is conceded to be one of the foremost experts in the tanning world.

The leather made by this method is known as "Skowhegan" brand, of which we are the sole makers.

"Skowhegan" leather possesses a pliability, toughness and waterproofness that greatly outshines those who have never before worn Palmer's "Moose Head Brand" Sporting Boots and Shoe Packs. It pays big to look for the "Moose Head Brand" and get boots made from this superior leather.

The boot illustrated, No. 495, is one of the many popular lines we manufacture.

Ask your dealer for Palmer's "Moose Head Brand." If he cannot supply you, write us, giving dealer's name.

"Skowhegan" Waterproof Paste should be used by all who want dry feet. The greatest waterproof paste made.

JOHN PALMER CO., Limited, FREDERICTON, N.B.

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 The Finest Goods at the Lowest Prices

A lot of elegant new shapes in millinery at
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Have you a friend you would like to give some little remembrance at Xmas, yet you cannot just decide what to give them. Why not let us print you a box of VISITING CARDS. We can satisfy you both in style and workmanship at the moderate price of 50c. per box of fifty. They make a very useful and acceptable present. Give us your order today.

THE MAIL

sent to an absent friend or relative would also be a very pleasing gift, and would be like a letter from home, giving them all the local news of interest. Two dollars a year will send it by mail to any address in Dominion of Canada.

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THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN IN GREAT BRITAIN

(Toronto Globe)

"The Tory party must always have a bogey. There are savage tribes addicted to devil-worship. The Tory party is one of these tribes. (Laughter.) At the last election the Germans were the bogey. In 1908 it was the Dutchman of South Africa. In 1895 it was the Irish. 1885 it was Joseph Chamberlain. (Loud laughter.) Now, having exhausted the list, they are coming round to the Irishman again. (Laughter.) But he is different from the Irishman of 1895. That Irishman was a midnight assassin, ragged tattered and fierce; but the Irishman of today is a gilt-edged bogey—(laughter)—who is framed in American dollars. Since when have the British aristocracy started despising American dollars? (Loud laughter and cries of ask the Duke of Marlborough?) I see you understand that many a noble house tottering to its fall has had its foundations underpinned and its walls buttressed by a pile of American dollars."

This is part of a speech by Mr. Lloyd-George in East London that called down upon him the anathemas of the Duke of Marlborough whose fallen fortunes were restored by his alliance with the gracious and charitable lady known as the Vanderbilt Duchess. In his direct and unequivocal way the Chancellor of the Exchequer goes to the very core of the political situation.

HUSH! THE BOGEYMAN

The Irishman, framed in American dollars, is the bogeyman of the campaign. He is represented even by Mr. Balfour as an enemy of the British Empire who subscribes to the home rule funds in the hope of destroying his ancient foe. At Nottingham the Conservative leader said:

"I have always believed that, the destinies of this country were best entrusted to great organized parties in the House of Commons. But is either one—I do not care which it is—but is either of the two great parties if the State whose beginnings go back several hundred years are to become the temporary slaves of this section of home rulers then I say that the party system has broken down. We are no longer a self-governing country. We are not governed either by absolute monarchies or even by hereditary peers. We are governed by the log-rolling actions of men who care nothing for your Empire or your country."

"ENEMIES" OF THE EMPIRE

That there are some men who hate Britain and all things British among the supporters of home rule on this side of the Atlantic is true. But they are no longer the controlling forces of the movement. What can Canadians think of the British statesmen who include men like Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Edward Blake, J. J. Foy, Eugene O'Keefe, and many other eminent Canadians whose whole-hearted loyalty to British institutions has never been questioned, among the enemies of Britain who are subscribing money to compass its destruction? The home rule meetings in Toronto, Ottawa and elsewhere in Canada at which Mr. O'Connor spoke were not in any sense sectional. Catholic and Protestant, Liberal and Tory men eminent in finance and the professions and Irish workmen met upon a common level. They hold that the granting of the right of self-government to Ireland would strengthen the Empire instead of destroying it. They believe that Mr. O'Connor was sincere when in closing his speech at Massey Hall he said: "The logical and adequate settlement of this question is not one local Parliament in the British Isles, but four with a great Imperial Parliament, in which all sections are represented to attend to matters of Imperial importance."

SILENCE NOT A VIRTUE

With tariff reform out of the way and the Conservative fighting ground in Britain narrowed down to an argument that the Lords' veto should not be abolished because a strong second Chamber is required to prevent the Commons from becoming slaves of Redmond and his Britain-hating American allies, it is difficult to see how Canadian Conservatives can much longer submit in silence to being thus traduced. A few words of decided protest from men like Ontario's Attorney-General would perhaps prevent the campaign on Britain from degenerating into an organized assault on the reputation for loyalty of Irishmen in the overseas Dominions.

IS BONAR LAW AN INSURGENT?

The first cabled reports of Mr. Bonar Law's speech at Manchester indicated that he had given a referendum pledge on tariff reform in practically the same words as that of Mr. Balfour. Yesterday Mr. Law was reported to have said that he did not propose to "eat his words" and that if the Conservatives carried the country by an adequate majority they would be bound to enact tar-

iff reform measure. It begins to look as if the Morning Post, in condemning the referendum idea spoke for the extreme protectionist wing who will force that issue to the front and keep it there should Mr. Balfour suffer defeat on the referendum policy. The signs of a new cleavage in the party are multiplying. Within five years there will be a faction quite ready to Federalize the Government of the United Kingdom and grant home rule by that means if in return they can secure the votes of the Irish farmers for protection.

ONE DOSE USUALLY CURES INDIGESTION OR A BAD STOMACH

Every family here ought to keep some Diapiesin in the house, as any one of you may have an attack of indigestion or stomach trouble at any time, day or night.

This harmless preparation will digest anything you eat and overcome a distressed, out-of-order stomach five minutes afterwards.

If your meals don't tempt you, or what little you do eat seems to fill you, or lays like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn that is a sign of indigestion.

Ask your Pharmacist for a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin, and take a little just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, Nausea, Debilitating Headaches, Dizziness or intestinal griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapiesin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it prevents fermentation and takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't out of order.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery at any drug store, waiting for you.

These large 50-cent cases contain more than sufficient to cure almost any chronic case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion or any other Stomach trouble.—8

BURTT'S CORNER

Dec. 3.—The weather has been quite wet for the past few days and the roads are in bad condition.

Mr. Cook and Mr. Brown, evangelists, are holding meetings in Lawrence's hall at Burt's Corner.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Haines spent two weeks visiting friends.

Miss Ruth Yerxa of Mouth Keswick spent a day with Miss Myrtle Lawrence at Burt's Corner last week.

The members of the Disciple Church of Burt's Corner, are making preparations for a Christmas concert.

Mrs. Edward Jones is on the sick list. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Miss Minnie Burt of Fredericton, is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Harry Allen of Burt's Corner.

Mr. Ralph McDonald had the misfortune to sprain his ankle quite recently while in the employ of the C. P. R.

Miss Nellie Shepherd, who has been spending a few days in Fredericton, returned home today.

Mrs. J. Weaver, of Burt's Corner, has been visiting her brother, Mr. Moses Haines, of Cardigan, for the past week.

SOUR STOMACH

Is An Almost Certain Sign of Acute Indigestion

If you occasionally have a taste of sour food in your mouth, it surely shows that the food you are eating is not being digested, but instead, is fermenting and giving out poisonous gases.

Belching of gas is a common symptom at such times, and also that lump of lead feeling, as if your stomach was carrying a much greater load than it could stand.

If you want prompt relief and permanent cure, go to A. J. Ryan's and get a large tin box of Mi-o-na tablets for 50 cents.

A. J. Ryan knows that Mi-o-na is highly recommended scientific remedy, and that is why he is ready to return your money if it fails to cure acid stomach, belching of gas, dizziness, biliousness, sick headache, foul breath and all stomach troubles.

HYOMEI
 (PRONOUNCED HIGH-O-ME)
 CURES CATARRH, ASTHMA, Bronchitis, Croup, Coughs and Colds, or money back. Sold and guaranteed by

A. J. RYAN.

THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY

(Continued from page two)

park-like aspect until the approach to the Eye Hills is heralded by the rough character of the country in places, although the land north and south a few miles away is very rich and level, the railway, however, seeking the direct south, although more difficult in its transcontinental course, leaving the branch lines to penetrate the more productive territory.

The Eye Hills constitute the boundary between the second and third prairie steps and having formed the shores of prehistoric Lake Agassiz in its gradual and second recession naturally present a rough appearance. From a point between Vera and Unity, however, the whole scene changes and the celebrated Tramping Lake district is entered. Stretching to the south one hundred and fifty miles, and to the east forty miles, is a level plain with scarcely a shrub or pond to impede the progress of the traction engine and its breaking plows, which comprises possibly the greatest continuous grain growing area of western provinces. In this district winter and spring wheat, oats, flax and other cereal crops are regular and sure. The four or five feet of black loam of the old lake bottom ensures the greatest fertility to the end of time. The entire district as well as the Goose Lake country further east to Saskatoon is settled almost exclusively by former American farmers.

From Biggar the new branch line to Calgary will be built next year; the line to Battleford and on through the Cut Knife district to Wainwright is already partly constructed.

Biggar is the second divisional point east of Edmonton and is building up rapidly now, that settlers are pouring into the adjacent districts.

At Leney the northern end of the famous Goose Lake district is entered and the section of country through to Saskatoon is one of unbroken fertility and rapid development. The Saskatchewan river bridge over the South Saskatchewan immediately before reaching Saskatoon is another large structure of great solidity. It is 1530 feet long and 71 feet above the river.

SASKATOON A WONDER

The city with a record of the most phenomenal growth in the Empire. In 1903 the population was 113, in 1906, 3,011, and in 1909, 12,100. The very much alive Board of Trade have had much to do with this result, making their opportunity out of the strategic position occupied by Saskatoon as a distributing centre. There are already ninety wholesale and manufacturing firms represented in Saskatoon and in the distribution of farming implements the business from this city is the greatest in America.

This section of the country east of Saskatoon continues to be a record holding cereal producing district—flat and open with no impediment to traction sought by the farmers desiring to accumulate wealth quickly, and enjoy it in the nine months of the year in which little or no work on the wheat farm.

Waterous is a clean, substantial progressive, well kept place less than three years old. Graded macadamized streets and stone sidewalks with handsome stores proclaim a coming city. It is the third divisional point east of Edmonton. It is, however, from that most remarkable body of water known now far and wide as Little Manitou Lake, the healing, that Watrous will be brought into prominence and rapid growth. Already cottages at the lake, 2½ miles away, and excellent numbers of the afflicted. The lake is about fourteen miles long by one-half mile wide, and is a beautiful white water of great density. Sanatoria, a summer school, and other enterprises, are under way ensuring a great and valuable future to this resort.

All of this section of Saskatchewan is open and is very fertile, but its character changes at Quinton to a gently rolling, park country, with numerous lakes, luxuriant grasses, forming an ideal mixed farming country through the Touchwood Hills to Ituna station. It has been christened the Muskoka region of Saskatchewan, and with the continuous panoramic ever changing scenery along the Grand Trunk Pacific the allusion to it as the "Picturesque Prairie Route" is more than justified by comparison. There is no arid or unsightly country along the entire route.

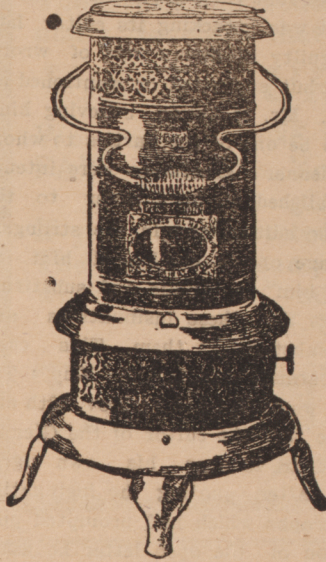
To the north of the line after passing Punichy appear the buildings of the Jesuit Mission, one of the oldest in the West, and the substantial stone buildings as well as those of Fort Mackenzie of the Hudson's Bay Company, also one of the ancient posts, charmingly situated on picturesque lakes, makes a splendid setting for the agricultural country now being opened up. The country flattens out again at Hubbard and so continues through to the Qu'Appelle, all fertile and filling up rapidly.

MELVILLE HAS A HISTORY

Melville is a town with a history of achievement and prospects in its three years of existence. It is the junction point of the branch to Hudson Bay, 58 miles of which is already constructed through Yorkton and of the branch to North Dakota through Regina, most of the 235 miles of which will be ready for operation this year. In anticipation of the inevi-

The Girl Who Lives Alone

whether she attends college or goes to business, needs the Perfection Oil Heater. It will heat a cold, cheerless boarding house or dormitory room and make it livable. It is always a ready help in the many things women do for themselves in their rooms. With the damper top opened it will heat water for tea or cocoa; it will dry the small articles that a woman prefers to wash herself in her own room. It will quickly heat an iron or curling tongs; quickly dry wet shoes or skirts—an ever ready help for the woman who lives alone, dependent on her own resources. The



PERFECTION
 SMOKELESS
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Absolutely smokeless and odorless

is invaluable in its capacity of quickly giving heat. It will burn nine hours with one filling. It is safe, smokeless and odorless; has a cool handle and a damper top.

An indicator shows the amount of oil in the font. The filler-cap is put in like a cork in a bottle, and is attached to the font by a chain. It has an automatic-locking flame spreader, which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back so the wick can be quickly cleaned.

The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, and can be unscrewed in an instant for reworking. Finished in Japan or nickel, strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet light and ornamental.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

The Imperial Oil Company,
 Limited.

THE TORY OPPOSITIONS DEVIOUS COURSE

(Halifax Chronicle)

There is no parallel in the history of Canadian politics for the devious course of the Opposition on the question of naval defence. Never has such a spectacle been presented to the country as the wobbling and foundering of that party since March 29th, 1909, when the House of Commons, by unanimous vote, adopted the resolution favoring the scheme which is now being carried into effect—a resolution—mark you, which Mr. Borden assisted in framing. Never has any party in Canada had such futile and luckless leadership. He has retreated from position after position until he has finally landed in the arms of the group of Nationalist reactionaries, and now appears in the role of "The Vicar Bourassa," to use the apt description of Mr. E. M. MacDonald. He has not only abandoned his principles in going back upon his earnest advocacy of a Canadian Navy but he has driven himself into a position which is utterly un-Canadian. And so the jubilation of the Oppositionists over the Bourassa victory has been short-lived. The Opposition's bravado at the opening of the session has vanished. The Prime Minister who relied upon the justice of his cause is master of the situation. The triumphant note sounded in the Tory telegrams of congratulation to Mr. Monk are hushed. The end of the debate on the Address leaves them helpless and hopeless. Even Mr. Foster with all his cleverness could not save the situation. He was impelled to confess in his distress of mind that "today we are in confusion; today we are in a humiliating position; today we cannot hold up our heads." Nothing could be more truly descriptive of the plight of the Opposition at the end of its third attempt to get together on a definite policy. How prophetic were the words of the veteran Sir Charles Tupper, when he warned Mr. Borden of the "awful responsibility" which would fall upon the party which violated the solemn compact embodied in the resolutions of the House of Commons!

La Canada quotes a Liberal barrister of Quebec as saying: "In 1902 at the Conference of London, Laurier said, 'Today the expenditure which Canada makes for the defence of the country is restricted to the land army; the Canadian Government is disposed to make additional expenditure with a view to the organization of a navy.'" These words were quoted in the House in 1903 and Mr. Bourassa exclaimed the result of the conference is most gratifying and the ministers of Canada have taken their true position.

Further on the 11th of February, 1910, Mr. Bourassa wrote over his own signature in the Devoir:—"It has been a question of a Canadian fleet for the defence of Canada under the authority of the Canadian government, I should have found nothing to be gainsaid in article 17, nor in article 19, nor in the law as a whole. In the Devoir of the 15th of February, 1910, under the same signature of Mr. Henri Bourassa the following words appeared:

"It is a lie that the Nationalists desire that Canada should hold aloof from all the Empire's wars, and Laurier is perfectly aware of the act."

Empire girdles with long streamers have again become the mode. They are usually in silk and satin, though ribbons of these fabrics are also employed.

London, Dec. 3.—Sir Thomas Vesey Strong, the Lord Mayor and the corporation of the City of London, today gave a luncheon at Guild Hall to 750 sailors of the visiting fleet at Gravesend and Weymouth. The blue-jackets arrived by train at Charing Cross, headed by Commander Simms of the Minnesota and the officers of his staff, and accompanied by the band of the Coldstream Guards which were ordered out for the occasion, marched through the streets in the west end of the city to the ancient hall where so many famous guests have been honored.

A scientist announces that people may become energetic by eating raisins. But does anyone yearn to be energetic? ...

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