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# The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER  
Maritime — Fresh westerly  
winds, figr. Thursday, wester-  
ly winds, fair, not much change  
in temperature.

VOL. XV NO. 44

FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1911

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## LADIES ATTEND BOXING MATCH

Many of the Fair Sex Saw Langford Put It All Over Bill Lang

Another White Man's Hope Was Discarded Into the Pugilistic Scrap Heap.

London, Feb. 22.—Another "White man's hope" is discarded into the pugilistic scrap heap, and the next battle for the heavy weight championship of the world will be fought between two negroes. This is the result of the defeat of Bill Lang of Australia by Sam Langford, the Nova Scotia "Tar Baby" here last night.

Though Lang lost for fouling in the sixth round, even his most ardent friends could offer no reason for demanding another battle today. The negro so far outclassed the white that the latter was practically down and out when the referee ended the battle.

Hugh McIntosh, who promoted last night's battle, will now proceed with his efforts to bring Jack Johnson and Langford together.

Many members of the nobility lost heavily on the fight, for they had backed Lang to win.

The most disappointed women in the city today was Lady Constance Richardson, who had sent Lang a Japanese charm and herself attended the battle in the hope of seeing her champion win. She had a seat close to the ringside with half a dozen women friends, but their combined efforts were unable to turn the tide of the battle.

"Disappointed, gracious, yes," said Lady Constance today. "But Mr. Langford is a magnificent boxer. He was too much for Mr. Lang and the blows that he landed were terrible. However, I would have liked to see it a fight to the finish. I was not nervous at all."

"Though Mr. Langford was the better man, I don't believe Mr. Lang fouled purposely. He is not that kind of a man. He was certainly nervous and I feel sorry for him."

## TORONTO RAILWAY STILL LEADS MARKET

New York, Feb. 22.—The Stock Exchange was closed today on account of it being Washington's birthday.

Montreal, Feb. 22.—Toronto Railway was again a feature in the stock trading here today it being the general opinion that it will go on an 8 per cent basis in April.

Quotations from direct private wires of J. M. Robinson & Sons, Bankers, St. John, N. B., Members of Montreal Stock Exchange

### MONTREAL MORNING SALES

Toronto Rails—75 @ 130; 70 @ 129; 25 @ 130; 10 @ 130; 175 @ 130; Royal Bank—1 @ 239; Union Bank—10 @ 251; 8 @ 250; Bank of Montreal—25 @ 253; Montreal Street—10 @ 233; Detroit—50 @ 70; 125 @ 70; 20 @ 70; Dom. Iron Com.—1 @ 58; 25 @ 58; C. P. R.—25 @ 212; 25 @ 212; Porto Rico—225 @ 56; Canadian Pulp—250 @ 46; 325 @ 47; 25 @ 47; Textile Com.—50 @ 68; 125 @ 69; 25 @ 69; Textile Pfd.—10 @ 103; 10 @ 103; Canada Cotton—25 @ 76; Black Lake Asbestos—75 @ 15; Ogilvie's Pfd.—8 @ 123; Crown Reserve—60 @ 271; Bell Telephone—22 @ 145; Shawigan—25 @ 111; 25 @ 111; R. & O.—10 @ 104; 18 @ 104; 508 @ 104; 53 @ 104; 125 @ 103; 45 @ 103; 150 @ 104; Cement Pfd.—2 @ 85; Cement Com.—199 @ 21; Rio—200 @ 108; 25 @ 103; Montreal Coteau—50 @ 146; Penman's Pfd.—500 @ 83

New York, Feb. 22.—No one is held responsible for the disastrous dynamite explosion on Pier 7 of the Central Railroad of New Jersey. A coroner's jury in Jersey City has returned a verdict finding that the explosion resulted from a stump of cigar carelessly thrown away.

## PREMIER OF NOVA SCOTIA HONORED AT HALIFAX

Tendered a Banquet by His Supporters—Graceful Tributes to His Worth as a Public Man Sent by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. W. S. Fielding—Premier Lauds Reciprocity Agreement in an Able Address—Will be Great Boon to the Sister Province.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 21.—No more brilliant banquet was ever held in Halifax than that which the Liberals of Halifax tendered tonight to Hon. George H. Murray, premier of Nova Scotia, and it was one of the largest. The dining room of the Halifax Hotel was fully occupied covers being laid for 230 guests and there were no vacant seats. G. E. Faulkoer, speaker of the house of assembly was in the chair. On his right sat Premier Murray and on his left sat Hon. A. K. McLean.

The following telegram was read from Sir Wilfrid Laurier: "I regret at this session, in which we are now engaged, it is impossible for me to take my place with the friends and admirers of Mr. Murray, who propose this evening to honor him. The man who now is in charge of the destinies of Nova Scotia does not belong to the province alone. He is a national figure and the pride all over the country of the Liberal party who one and all recognize in him a pattern of quiet and patient courage of wise and broad tolerance, and far-seeing statesmanship."

MR. FIELDING'S TRIBUTE  
Hon. W. S. Fielding wired as follows:

"I would like to have been able to go to Halifax to be present at the banquet given to Hon. G. H. Murray but pressure of affairs here has made it impossible for me to go. Let me join our Halifax friends most heartily in the tribute they are paying to the premier. No honor they can do him is too great. He has for an exceptionally long period given Nova Scotia the blessings of good government, in intelligent, progressive legislation and faithful administration thus establishing a record which I am sure is appreciated by my fellow Nova Scotians of all shades of political opinion. With his thousands of friends in all parts of the dominion I rejoice in his restoration to health and wish him many many years of success in his good work."

The following was from Sir Frederick Borden:

"I am glad the Liberals of Nova Scotia are honoring Premier Murray by a banquet, for there is nothing too good for him. As one of the Liberals of Nova Scotia I desire to join in wishing the premier long life and prosperity."

There were telegrams also from John Howard, agent general of Nova Scotia at London, E. M. MacDonald, M. P., the Baddock Liberal Club and from Iona (C.B.).

Appropriate replies were sent to the telegrams from the ministers.

Hon. Mr. Murray was given a great ovation, the company cheering and singing alternately. His speech comprised a broad review of the record of the Liberal party during the fifteen years of his premiership. He devoted some attention to the road policy endorsing the forward policy some time ago announced by Attorney General MacLean, placing him-

## BISHOP OF OTTAWA HAS BEEN ENTHRONED

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 22.—The enthronement of Mgr. Charles Hughes Gauthier, formerly Archbishop of Kingston, as the new spiritual of Ottawa archdiocese, took place at the basilica last night. He received four addresses of welcome, one the much-debated address from the French laity. Three archbishops took part in the celebration of the benediction of the blessed sacrament, Mgr. Bruchessi of Montreal, Mgr. McCarthy of Halifax and Mgr. Howley of Newfoundland. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. Chas. Murphy, Sir Elzer Taschereau, Hon. Chas. Macell, Sir Richard Scott and others were present.

Mr. J. F. MacDonald of Hamilton is registered at the Queen.

self on record as favoring assistance to the steel shipbuilding industry of Canada and in favor of a Canadian-built Canadian navy.

### RECIPROCITY A BOON TO NOVA SCOTIA.

Alluding to reciprocity, Mr. Murray dwelt almost solely on its effect on the fishing industry. He said: "Probably one-third of the population of our population longed for free coast. Towns, villages and fishing hamlets by the score dot the shore line."

"What has handicapped this splendid portion of our population, in the struggle for prosperity? Our geographical position is supreme and no class of fishermen in the world are more intelligent."

"The vessels of the neighboring Republic are largely manned by them as commanders and crews. For a quarter of a century this great portion of our population longed for free market with the nation to the south. Now that great wish has been satisfied, and hope is filling the heart of every man who follows the sea for a livelihood. I do not wish to be over-enthusiastic here tonight, but I will say this, I believe no man today can foresee what a free market for fish will bring to the population of our seaboard."

### THREE-FOLD INCREASE.

"I see no reason today why the fishing fleet of Nova Scotia should not increase threefold. I see no reason why we should not become the principal fish producers of this continent."

"And yet there are men in this province who would expect the honest toiler of the deep to listen to some befuddled arguments about endangering the British flag, or injuring the railroads that run east and west. They would even ask him to besmirch his sacred ballot by condemning a policy that means so much to him and to the generations to follow him. Does anybody say that because the Nova Scotia fisherman feels his fish to an American at better prices, that his loyalty is being impugned?"

"Whatever our views may be upon other political issues, surely we can all agree upon this. When anyone expects the fisherman who produces results by his own unaided efforts to refuse the privilege of selling in the nearest market; I say, when any man expects that fishermen to defeat by his ballot the realization of his long-sought hopes, he offers an insult to the fisherman's intelligence, or else he believes that the fisherman is willing to stultify his conscience for party expediency. I believe however, that the lesson of life has been too well learned by our fisherfolk for either result to follow."

Attorney General Maclean was also one of the chief speakers, responding to the toast, Nova Scotia.

## NINE WERE INJURED BY BOMB EXPLOSION

New York, Feb. 22.—The ninth black hand bomb explosion in New York within a week occurred today in a block of houses on East Sixty-Second Street. The bomb, equipped with a fast burning fuse, was thrown from the roof of a five story tenement down an airshaft, exploding in the air between the second and third floors. Nine persons were injured, none seriously.

London, Feb. 22.—The following appears in the "Era" Elmore, in loving memory of my dear friend Belle, who was cruelly murdered, and wickedly slandered one year ago. A pure woman, a devoted friend and a faithful wife. "Vengeance is Mine" saith the Lord, "I will repay."—Ivy.

## THE BIBLE TERCENTENARY

His Majesty The King Will Receive Religious Deputation on March 21

Important Event Will Be Celebrated by Religious Bodies all Over the English Speaking World.

(Canadian Press.)

London, Feb. 22.—King George has fixed Tuesday March 21 as the date on which he will receive a deputation in connection with the 300th anniversary of the publication of the authorized version of the Bible. The Rev. A. Taylor, secretary of the Bible Society said the other day that the deputation would not represent only the British and Foreign Bible Society but would be representative of the civic and religious life of the country. The reception of the deputation and presentation of a specially prepared bible will take place probably at Buckingham Palace.

"There is growing interest in the tercentenary celebration," continued Mr. Taylor, "and all the religious denominations in this country as well as in Canada and the States are arranging demonstrations. Following the reception of the deputation by the King, sermons will be preached on the bible in a large majority of the churches and chapels on Sunday March 26, and the celebration will culminate in a national gathering at the Royal Albert Hall on Wednesday March 29."

## SUFFRAGETTES CAPTURED STATE CAPITAL

(Canadian Press.)

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 22.—With "votes for women" as the slogan on one side and "Down with equal suffrage" on the other, suffragists and women who are opposed to the ballot for their sex, captured the state capital. Most of them came from New York, the "Antis" arriving on a special train. The suffragists were here for the purpose of trying to have a bill reported that gives them equal rights with the men. It is the same measure that was defeated last year.

Through the invasion yesterday this was the big day with the joint judiciary committees holding a hearing on the Newcombe-Speilburg bill which amends the constitution by striking out the word "male" where applied to voting.

## WELL KNOWN WRITER DEAD IN ENGLAND

New York, Feb. 22.—Private cable despatch from London received here today announces the death of Mrs. Granville Alden Ellis, better known in literary circles under her non-deplume Max Elliott. She died on Monday night at her country home on the Isle of Wight, to which she had been removed a few weeks ago from her London home, suffering from a complication of diseases. Mrs. Ellis was 51 years old.

## THE IRISH MEMBERS AND THE CORONATION

London, Feb. 22.—After four hours deliberation yesterday the Irish party decided not to take part in the coronation festivities. It issued an explanatory statement, evidently designed to disarm possible resentment on the part of English sympathizers with home rule while maintaining in Ireland the appearance of uncompromising anti-Britainism. The statement expresses devotion and loyalty to the King and assurance of generous hospitality of his forthcoming visit to Ireland.

Mr. Hercule Barre of Montreal arrived in the city last evening.

## DEFENDED PULP AND PAPER CLAUSE OF THE AGREEMENT

John Norris, Representing the American Publisher's Association Made Out a Strong Case Before the Finance Committee of U. S. Senate—Says International Paper Company is Using Its Funds to Speculate in Wood Lands—Trying to Starve Market.

(Canadian Press.)

Washington, Feb. 22.—The pulp and paper clause of the agreement were defended before the Finance Committee of the Senate today by John Norris, chairman of the paper committee of the American Newspaper Publishers Association.

He elaborated the arguments which he presented in the same behalf before the Ways and Means Committee of the House, declaring that he speaks for daily newspapers, "which pay \$55,000,000 per annum for their print paper; \$6,000,000 more than they would pay if normal conditions were permitted." He dwelt specially upon the following points:

The increase of \$2.50 per ton in the price of print paper by paper makers since the enactment of the Payne-Aldrich tariff, notwithstanding the reduction of \$2.25 per ton in the duty the increase of price from \$32 to \$34 per ton since 32 mills were merged into the International Paper Co., the alleged effort of paper makers "to starve the market" and increase prices; the complete dependence upon Canada for pulp wood to keep the American paper mills going, the inaccurate character of information supplied to senators about the supply of pulp wood in various parts of the United States; the somewhat higher labor cost in Canada of making a ton of print paper; the ability of American mills to make paper cheaper than Canada; the failure of bulldozing methods to obtain pulp wood from Canada, and the effective application of the paper clause in the pending agreement to the serious situation now confronting American paper users.

Mr. Norris submits an extensive array of exhibits in support of his arguments. These include much that he brought before the Ways and Means Committee recently, and also important material he submitted to the Congressional Committee in 1908. Reiterating his former assertions that tariff coddling had enervated among paper makers until now they converted into paper only 67 per cent. of the wood reaching the mill, Mr. Norris said:

"Put the American paper makers in a position to get their pulp wood readily and you start them upon conditions which will enable them to capture the markets of the world and to realize that dream which the organizers of the International Paper Company avowed their purpose to accomplish."

"Instead of using its resources to develop its machinery and improve its plant, the International Paper Company has used its funds to speculate in wood lands, so that today it controls between 6,000 and 7,000 square miles of timber tracts and is flirting with the provincial government of Quebec about the location of paper plants in that section."

It has three times the wood lands necessary for a perpetual supply of wood to provide its present production. Its representative before a Congressional Committee, figured these lands were worth \$13,492,315, and that the company had made ten million dollars on the appreciated value of its woodland holdings. To strengthen its monopoly of power sites as well as of available timber areas it holds 194,582 horse power of undeveloped water power which is valued at \$9,729,600. It will not develop them itself and no possible competitors can get hold of them."

Cardiff, Wales, Feb. 22.—The Welsh Steel and Tin Plate Manufacturers have decided to protest to President Buxton of the Board of Trade, against the Canadian-United States reciprocity agreement. They believe it will injure the export trade.

Washington, Feb. 21.—By adroit questioning Senator Hale, of Maine, today in opposing the Canadian reciprocity agreement in the hearings given by the senate committee on finance, put into the record statements by witnesses that President Taft, Secretary of State Knox and

TELLS SENATE HOW TO DEFEAT IT

Mr. Jones told the committee that the farmers depend upon the sale to defeat the agreement.

"You know how," he said. Upon Mr. Jones repeating that the senators on the finance committee knew how to kill the agreement, Mr. Hale asked him what he had in mind.

Mr. Jones said that the senators could prevent agreement from coming to a vote if they wanted to.

"Well, the president is pretty determined," said Mr. Hale. "What if we fall down before he does?"

Mr. Jones replied that he had been voting the Republican ticket for years, and served notice that if there was to be a free trade for farmers there would be free trade for everybody else, "and that within two years." Raising his voice to a high pitch he said:

(Continued on page four.)

## ALL RED LINE BILL PASSED

Was Dealt With by Private Bills Committee of the House

Company's Steamers Will Cross The Atlantic in Three and Half Days.

(Special To The Mail.)

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—In the Private Bills Committee of the House this morning the "All Red Line Steamship Company's" bill was considered. It asked for the incorporation of a company to operate on the Atlantic between Halifax and Great Britain, and on the Pacific between Vancouver and Australia and New Zealand. The bill will be favorably reported upon by the committee. The company has a capital stock of one million dollars and will be known as the "Imperial Steamship Company," a previous charter having been granted under the name of the "All Red Line."

The terminus in Great Britain will be at Black Sod Bay in Ireland. The company will build twenty-five knot steamers for the Atlantic and twenty knot steamers will be used on the Pacific.

The list of incorporators include: Vickers, Son and Maxim, Sir Thomas Pender, Sir Thomas Trowbridge, Swan Hunter and the North British Locomotive Company of Glasgow.

The Public Accounts Committee this morning heard further explanation on the dredging work at Dalhousie. Mr. Robert Loggie, of A. & R. Loggie, was on the stand. He said that his concern had done some dredging there last year and were given no orders to stop the work.

THINKS AMERICANS WERE FOOL-ED

Replying to questions, Mr. Gardner said that he did not think that the Americans who were a party to the negotiations, either the President, Secretary Knox or Commercial Agent Pepper, knew of the Canadian bounty and the subsidized warehouses when they made the agreement.

"If I had been negotiating such an agreement as this, I think I should have done just as the President did," said Mr. Gardner, in reply to another question.

"That, is keep the facts secret," said Mr. Hale.

Mr. Gardner replied with a shrug of his shoulders. He added that because of the discovery that Canada had given preferential treatment to France under the maximum and minimum provision of the tariff law, the president "would be compelled to apply the maximum rates to Canada but he knew that the people of this country would not stand it. As a result the president sent commissioners to Canada who demanded a reciprocal trade agreement and the inevitable happened."

Senator Root spoke briefly in regard to the change made in the pulp wood and paper provision of the McCall bill to carry out the provisions of the agreement. This change was from the form in which it was originally introduced. He suggested to the committee that they restore the original language so as to remove every possible doubt that any restrictions by any of the provinces of Canada would prevent pulp wood and paper from coming in free until such restrictions were removed.

George W. Wheelwright of Boston, and Hugh J. Chisholm of New York, spoke on the same subject.

## ST. JOHN LADY DIES AT LYNN

(Special to the Mail)

St. John, Feb. 22.—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. George Blewett sympathize with them in the death of their only daughter, Mrs. John Reed, who passed away at her home at Lynn, Mass. this morning.

## LABORER KILLED FELLOW WORKMAN

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 22.—John Beech and M. Preitka, two C.P.R. laborers, fell out at work and Beech killed Preitka with a blow from an axe. Their enraged fellow workmen pursued the murderer to the woods, where he is now at bay armed with a rifle.

Chicago, Feb. 22.—Arthur Hoffman, centre fielder of the National League Chicago Club, yesterday announced his retirement from professional baseball and refused to sign a contract for 1911.