

THE TARIFF AND THE FARMERS' AND DAIRY-MEN ASSOCIATION

(New York Evening Post)

The trade agreement with Canada should set our farmers to do some thinking about the effects of high tariff duties on their business. They were ready to believe it when they were told that, because other countries cannot send us their farm products without paying heavy duties, therefore our farmers are "protected." Manufacturers and politicians have presumed on the gullibility of the farmers. That they have done so with so much success is one of the curious facts of our tariff history. Perhaps farmers are a bit slow to look into a complicated system that oppresses them. As a class, they gain nothing from the tariff; on the contrary, they suffer a huge economic loss every year from its operation. To see clearly how this loss comes about requires a little study, a little open-mindedness, a little patience. For, unfortunately, the working of economic laws is always more or less complicated. Are our farmers willing to use their brains on this question of the effects of the tariff on their industry?

If they study the case, they will surely discover that, in the first place, our tariff does not and cannot raise the price of our agricultural staples. These are constantly exported; they have to find markets abroad, and must accept the prices that result from competition with similar products from Canada, Argentina, Russia, and all other farming countries. The prices of wheat in Liverpool is surely not "protected" by our tariff. And as the price of wheat as sold at home, for consumption here, cannot even equal the Liverpool figure, it is clear as day that our tariff duty on wheat has never added a cent to the price of wheat in the United States. And what is true of wheat is true of all other farm products that enter into our export trade. If our duties exclude some Canadian wheat, barley, meat, etc., the only effect is to increase Canada's export of those articles to Europe, where our products have to meet their competition, and submit to the resulting price. And, we repeat, this European price governs the price here. So, clearly, if our farmers will consider they cannot fail to see what an empty favor the tariff on farm products offers them.

But this is far from being the whole case; it is only one side of it—the side of no gain. Now for the loss. First, the obvious loss to our farmers from having to pay high prices for most of the things they buy for their own consumption. The prices of nearly all manufactured articles, whether imported or made at home, are enhanced by the tariff. When the farmer buys any of the thousand and one articles needed for himself and his family, he pays prices made higher by the tariff than they would be without it. That is what the tariff on manufacturers is for. The tariff on farm products is meant to bamboozle the farmers. But the tariff on manufacturers is a very different matter. The prices of our manufacturers are not fixed in free competition with all the world. The tariff wall comes between.

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THE MELOTTE CREAM SEPARATOR

We have been selling the Melotte for twelve years and every one that we have sold is still in good running order no other separator will scum any closer or turn any easier than the Melotte and none will require so little in the way of repairs. Ask your neighbor about the Melotte. It is the machine that will give you lasting satisfaction.

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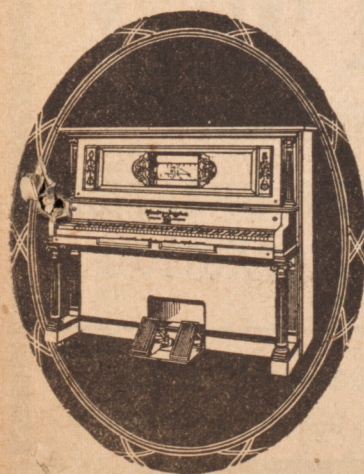
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Special Sale of Pianos



We are offering a very large stock of Pianos at Special Low Price for the month of December. Call and see them and prices.

The Gerhard Heintzman, Bell, Gourley and Heintzman & Co.

McMURRAY & CO.

(Continued from page five)

TRURO AND GUELPH. The old government he admitted, had inaugurated a good system for the assistance of agricultural students, and the present government was following that system. With suitable education the farmers of New Brunswick would be equal to any in the world.

County vice-presidents' reports were presented. They were as follows:

GLOUCESTER COUNTY

The season for seeding was favorable but the haying season was poor. Fruit and potatoes had a poor yield. Grains had a fair yield. There had been several importations of pure bred stock. A county "farmer's day" had been inaugurated and would be made an annual event. One new agricultural society had been formed.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY

First agricultural society in province at Bayside organized in 1819, had been reorganized. Several importations of pure bred cattle had been made. General crops had been good. Excellent county exhibition had been held at St. Stephen. Seed oats had been reported and records of yield would be kept.

RESTIGOUCHE COUNTY

Much attention had been given to the raising of small fruits and poultry. A good market for the latter had been discovered in Montreal. It had been found that wheat of good quality could be raised. Flour mills were needed however. The building of the International Railway had opened up a large tract of new land suitable for farming. The town of Campbellton was being rebuilt with the result that an improved local market is promised.

SUNBURY COUNTY

Hay, wheat and buckwheat had produced good yield, there were no opportunities for having wheat ground in the county however. More agricultural societies were needed. Sheep were few in number on account of the destruction wrought by dogs. More attention was being given to fruit raising with result that Sunbury apples had taken prizes at both St. John and London horticultural exhibitions.

CARLETON COUNTY

The hay crop was heavy but prices were low. Oats were the same. Wheat rusted considerably. The yield of potatoes varied. The crop was not up to the average. The market had been good. The general conditions were not promising. There should be more stock-raising and less selling of products of the farm. Prospects for sheep-raising were good. The dog nuisance was the main drawback. Pork-raising could be greatly extended and should pay well. Two exhibitions at Centreville and Woodstock had been held. The stock exhibit was good. The same was true of poultry. Seed-raising was receiving more attention. Cheese-making and butter-making had fallen off to a marked extent.

Doctor Told Her She Did Not Have a Pint of Good Blood in Her Body

Mrs. Dosithe P. Cormer, Middle Saxville, N. B., says:

"In the spring of 1897 I was all run down, and the doctor told me I had not a pint of good blood in my body. I took different remedies from doctors, but they did not seem to do me any good. After having taken a lot of different other kinds of medicine, and they did not seem to benefit me, I was almost in despair and did not know what to do until my husband met a lady and told her about my sickness, and she told him to try Burdock Blood Bitters as she had received the greatest benefit from using it. My husband went and bought me a bottle and after having taken it I felt better, so I kept on using one bottle after another until I had taken six in all and then I was strong and well. I am positive that my being alive today is due to the use of Burdock Blood Bitters. One spring since then I was not feeling very well and had a lot of work to do. I thought I would procure a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters and after I had taken two I was able to do a lot of hard work all the summer, and I never felt better in my life. In the winter of 1906 I had pneumonia, and it left me with a severe pain in the left side. Every morning when I would get out of bed I had to sit down for a while it was so painful. After I had used Burdock Blood Bitters the pain disappeared completely. It has also cured me of bleeding piles. I have received so much benefit from Burdock Blood Bitters that you may publish this as it may help others as it has me."

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MADAWASKA COUNTY.

Crops were good and prices high. Farmers were neglecting their farms to go into bark-cutting and pulp-wood cutting. Fires had done great damage. They were due to carelessness. Roads were in poor condition, with government efforts at supervision entirely disregarded. Improvement in this regard was urgently needed.

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

Farmers did not farm and there was a marked disinclination to clear good land because it was difficult. Not enough time was put on the farms, and too much spent in wage-earning and in trips to the West. The building of the National Transcontinental and mining development had attracted men from farms. A tendency to get back to the farm had been observed however. Improvement in seed selection and in importation of pure-bred stock was also noticeable. Dairy breeds of cattle were the most popular. One problem to solve was the source of feed. The latter should be grown in New Brunswick.

YORK COUNTY.

Mr. W. H. Moore of Scotch Lake, presented the report for York county. He gave a brief sketch of the geographical features of the county. Dairying and small fruit raising flourished near Fredericton and mixed farming farther from that city which furnished a very important market. Keswick Valley was noted for potatoes and turnips. Queensbury was considered good sheep country. Harvey and surrounding districts had good local markets. Stanley was also a good farming country. Long hauls to market was the principal drawback to the farmers who grew potatoes and turnips. More attention should be turned to seed-selection, drainage and fertilization. Beef cattle was being imported from Ontario for fattening. Bear Island Agricultural Society had decided to hold a standing-grain competition. More pure-bred stock should be imported. Marked improvement in poultry had been noticed. There was room for improvement in swine-raising however, also in sheep-raising.

Ploughing matches would be beneficial and book-keeping should be more general. Agriculturally, York county did not feed itself and much produce was imported. In his own parish there was one experimental orchard that was not doing a great deal of good.

VICTORIA COUNTY.

As a whole the season was good. Potatoes had brought low prices. Seeding was backward. Grain crops were good. Turnips were light. Fruit crops were light. Pure-bred horses were being imported. Cattle and sheep had decreased in number. Hogs had remained about the same.

Better markets and prices were expected. Labor was scarce and highly priced.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Mr. Bliss M. Fawcett, Recording

G. N. R. LINE SOON TO SPAN CANADA

Montreal, Feb. 27.—"We have to get into Montreal, and you may be quite sure that our plans to that end are progressing," said D. B. Hanna, general manager of the Canadian Northern railway system, who passed through Montreal today on his way to Halifax to meet Sir William Mackenzie, on his return from England. "We are already getting stronger in this city than ever. But we are not yet in a position to announce our terminal plans. In a year or two our whole system will be linked up from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and then—well, then you will see what you will see."

Regarding the rumors as to the additions to the Atlantic fleet, and especially the rumors that the Cunard company will enter the St. Lawrence trade under the Royal flag, Mr. Hanna said it was quite true that the company had been seeking to get two other large vessels to supplement the Royal George and the Royal Edward, but these vessels had not yet been secured—unless Sir William had some arrangement to announce on his return.

As to the statement from England that the Cunard liner Campania would sail to Canada this season under the Royal flag, Mr. Hanna said he had already denied this in Toronto, and if Sir William Mackenzie has made such an arrangement he had not heard of it.

Mr. Hanna left for Halifax on the Intercolonial train at midday.

Mr. Donald Innes of the Tobique River and one of the most successful farmers in the province is here to attend the convention.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRESS GOODS AND SILKS

SPRING--Snow on the ground, but spring in the atmosphere

Spring latest and most fashionable wool and silk gownings and suit materials to be seen displayed in our dress goods department, first showings and in a large measure exclusive.

Dress Goods ranging in price from 25c, 35, 50, 75, 85, \$1, \$1.50 up to \$2.50 per yard.

Dress Silks in peau de soie, taffeta, tamaline, Jap, shantung and paisley silks, all colors, ranging in price from 25c, 50, 75, \$1, \$1.50 up to \$2.25 per yard.

A. MURRAY & COMPANY

Secretary, presented his report. The report was optimistic and held out hopes for greater success in the future. Members of the Society were urged to bring up early in this convention any ideas he desired to be discussed. The secretary decried the introduction of potatoes. Dealing with the West, he said the lot of the rancher and homesteader there was not to be compared with that of the farmer of New Brunswick.

STORY OF MINERS' CAPTURE HAS NOT BEEN CONFIRMED

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 28.—The Dominion police have so far received no information from Chicago stating the Pinkerton Detective Agency has recognized as "Bill" Miner the notorious train robber, one of the men arrested at Gaynesville, Ga., for a train robbery which occurred at White Sulphur, Ga.

Chicago hotels refuse to let titled danseuse smoke in public. It's a new role for the Windy city to play the guardian of her country's morals.

Neilson's Chocolates

The Chocolates that are Different

THERE is no such thing as stale Neilson's Chocolates.

They can't get stale, for Neilson's Chocolates—are prepared by a special process which makes this impossible.

They are made right, of the right materials, genuine fruit flavors, pure sugar, rich cream, and the finest chocolate in the world.

Send 80c. for pound box of Neilson's assorted chocolates—if your dealer does not carry them. 33 different packages.

WM. NEILSON LIMITED, TORONTO.
Sold by **W. H. Golden** Fredericton, N. B.

NOVA SCOTIA TORIES IN DESPERATE PLIGHT

(Halifax Recorder.)
The Tory organ makes the following announcement:

"The executive of the Liberal-Conservative Association for Halifax, at a meeting yesterday afternoon, decided to call a convention of the party in this city and county for Tuesday, March 21st. It will be held in Masonic Hall at three o'clock in the afternoon. The purpose is to nominate candidates for the Provincial Legislature."

We are lost in amazement. How many candidates do the Tories intend nominating? A year ago, amid much enthusiasm, three gentlemen of eminence or otherwise were selected

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25c and 60c. Sold everywhere.

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Big Specials in Boots and Shoes. Rubbers, &c.

It will pay you to call and see our stock and get our price before purchasing elsewhere

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F. S. WILLIAMS Proprietor

WHITEWEAR

When you are thinking of WHITEWEAR for Daily use, for the Ball Room or for the Bridal Costume, do not fail to look over our immense range of high class and durable garments. We can satisfy the most humble or the most fastidious.

Corset Covers, 19 cts.
Drawers, 25 cts. to \$1.00.
Skirts, 39 cts. to \$3.50.
Night Dresses, 44 cts. to \$3.00.
Princess Slips, \$1.00 to \$3.00.
CHILDREN'S WHITEWEAR in great variety.

We are the WAIST people, you know.

R. L. BLACK - York Street.

NEW GLASGOW, N. S.

WITHOUT A MAYOR

New Glasgow is enjoying a unique situation just at present. It is a town without a chief magistrate. At the recent civic election Graham Fraser was re-elected mayor of the town without opposition. He had departed for the west, where he has large lumber interests some days prior to the election. The council board, anxious to have Mr. Fraser preside over its destinies for the second term, had secured his consent to again serve, saw to it that his nomination papers were filed had him selected and the matter rested until the mayor-elect would return from British Columbia. The several councillors were sworn in, and with James A. Fraser as presiding councillor, have been conducting the town affairs pending the return of the mayor-elect. Town Clerk Roy, however, is one versed in the statutes and learning that the mayor-elect would be absent until April, wrote him that, according to the statutes, he would have to be sworn in within thirty days of the date of election. A few days since he received a telegram from Mr. Fraser saying he could not be home until April and to elect another mayor. The council however, did not ponder long over the matter, as they instructed the town clerk when the time elapsed for installing the mayor to call another election, and they will make as sure as they can that Graham Fraser is again elected, and extend the date for the election sufficiently long to enable him to take his seat any time in April or May, when it is expected he will have arrived back in Nova Scotia.

CITY ELECTIONS

The Election for Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Fredericton for the ensuing year will be held on MONDAY, 13th Day of March next, at the following places, viz.:

DIVISION NO. 1

For all Voters residing or owning property above the centre line of Carleton Street, prolonged, at or near the City Hall in the said City.

DIVISION NO. 2

For all Voters residing or owning property in the remainder of the said City, not included in Division No. 1, at or near the County Court house in the said City.

Polls will be opened at the above named places at nine o'clock, a. m., of the said day of the Election, and will close at the hour of four o'clock p. m., of the same day.

Nominations for the office of Mayor or Aldermen must be filed in the office of the City Clerk, City Hall, at or before four o'clock on MONDAY, the 6th day of MARCH next, and must be signed by at least two qualified Electors, and the signatures attested to under oath.

Forms for Nomination may be procured at the City Clerk's office.

A certificate of the City Treasurer showing that all Rates and Taxes of the Candidate have been paid within the time required by law must be attached to each Nomination Paper.

Dated at the office of the City Clerk, Fredericton, this 22nd day of February, A. D. 1911.

J. W. McCREADY, City Clerk

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED

Wanted—100 views of characteristic New Brunswick scenery, including some of fishing and hunting. Photos must be suitable for photogravure. Please submit samples stating if negatives or films are available to

J. W. McCREADY, City Hall, Fredericton.

PERSONAL

Mr. Fred Ryan left this morning for Woodstock.