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SO ADVERTISERS  
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When you don't advertise no-  
body knows that you are doing  
business, and it won't be long  
before you'll not know it your-  
self.  
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# The Daily Mail.

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THE WEATHER.  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Maritime-Moderate variable  
winds, fair and warm today and  
on Tuesday.  
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VOL. XV NO. 211

FREDERICTON, N. B., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11 1911

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## A Notice in the Window of the C. P. R. Land Office in Seattle, Wash., States that Reciprocity Will Increase Canadian Lands One Hundred Per Cent. Vote for Atherton and Reciprocity

### STANLEY HEARD CONVINCING SPEECH FOR RECIPROCITY

Frank DeL. Clements Tells why he Broke from Tory Party and Declares for Large Market and Prosperity---Hon. J. K. Fleming Favored Reciprocity and said so---Dr. Atherton at Local Committee Rooms---Other Enthusiastic Meetings Held in the County

The feature of Saturday night's meetings in the Reciprocity campaign in York was the address delivered at Stanley by Mr. Frank deL. Clements New Brunswick's largest shipper of potatoes, who told the large audience there why, although a Conservative, he had decided to vote for Reciprocity. Mr. Clements makes no claim to being a public speaker. He talked to his audience in a conversational way which went home and displayed a knowledge of conditions of growing, shipping and marketing potatoes which compelled everyone who heard him to recognize that he knew whereof he spoke. The audience which heard Mr. Clements and also Mr. R. W. McLellan filled the Agricultural Hall at Stanley. Dr. Moore was chairman. Held as it was in a community that the anti-Reciprocity party claims as a stronghold, the meeting was most significant. Mr. Clements during his address, made the statement that Hon. J. K. Fleming, in the Victoria Hotel, St. John, had, when Reciprocity first became an issue, stated that he was strongly in favor of bringing about better trade relations with the American Republic. The announcement produced a storm of applause, as did also Mr. McLellan's statement that Mr. Stanley Douglas, a well-known Stanley Conservative, had declared for Reciprocity and had refused to put his name on the nomination papers of Mr. O. S. Crockett.

FRANK deL. CLEMENTS.

The first speaker of the evening was Mr. Clements, who made his first appearance on the stump.

Mr. Clements and all his family have always been strong and ardent Conservatives, but recognizing the immense benefits of Reciprocity, he comes out boldly and admits his party's mistake in opposing the agreement and publicly states that he refuses to follow the present Conservative leaders.

His public stand in this respect, together with his wide knowledge of Reciprocity's benefits, has thrown consternation into the ranks of his former political friends in York. He states his absolute knowledge that its beneficial effects are recognized by the Conservative leaders, who, when it was introduced, only regretted that it was a Liberal measure.

Mr. Clements gave to his hearers, many of whom as farmers are vitally interested in Reciprocity, facts which proved conclusively that the potato-grower of New Brunswick, with a fair chance in the American market, can successfully compete with Northern Maine. The speaker pointed out that the Aroostook region was dependent on railways for transportation of products, while the St. John Valley and the country adjacent to it had a broad waterway in the St. John River by which potatoes and other products could be cheaply transported to St. John from which port the American market could be directly reached by water. Mr. Clements' point was loudly applauded.

FLEMING FOR RECIPROCITY.

He raised a storm of applause when he singled out Hon. J. K. Fleming as an instance. He said that at an interview at the Victoria Hotel, St. John, Mr. Fleming had unhesitatingly stated that the measure would mean new life to the province and that it would be suicide to oppose

it. Politics and that alone was responsible for Fleming's present opposition.

Mr. Clements regretted that he had to break with his party but he could not oppose Reciprocity when he knew his party recognized its benefits, and he stated that, in addition to Mr. Fleming, he could and would, if necessary, name three other equally prominent Conservatives now opposing it, who knew and admitted to him its wonderful and far-reaching effects.

Mr. McLellan discussed the general beneficial effects of Reciprocity, particularly as it affected the lumber situation on the Nashwaak.

Again the meeting was surprised at his announcement that Stanley Douglas, a lumberman and mill owner of Stanley, and who also has been a life long Conservative, had refused to sign Mr. Crockett's nomination paper and will support Reciprocity.

AT COMMITTEE ROOMS

At the local committee rooms Saturday night there was another enthusiastic meeting. Dr. Atherton was the first speaker and in a brief address discussed the issues of the campaign. He was followed by Mr. Donald Fraser Jr. and others. The candidate was given a most hearty reception and his speech was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause.

Dr. Atherton prefaced his address by stating why he had entered the campaign as a candidate. During his lifetime he had been rather an independent "mugwump" (laughter) That was the class however that usually decided the elections.

When the action of the opposition in the late Dominion House of Commons had forced on an election the great issue of which was Reciprocity with the United States he decided when the opportunity offered for him to be a candidate to accept the nomination and to enter the fight for reciprocity. (Applause)

He had all his life advocated better trade relations with the republic and for years both political parties had attempted to bring about that state of affairs. When the time was ripe and the United States people sought the change the Conservative party had opposed the measure which was to bring about Reciprocity merely because it was advocated by a Liberal government (applause) New Brunswick stood to gain largely by Reciprocity probably more than any other province. Was there not something wrong when the New Brunswick farmer went across the line and dug potatoes for the Yankee. Give the farmer the market that he should have and he would be growing his own potatoes and not digging those of an alien. (Cheers)

DONALD FRASER JR.

Mr. Donald Fraser Jr. was also heard. Mr. Fraser dealt with Reciprocity from the viewpoint of the lumberman and the farmer. He could not understand why anyone should oppose Reciprocity for it would undoubtedly mean increased trade for New Brunswick. The farmer would have a greatly increased market with resulting profit increase. Of lumber of various kinds the same would be true. Amid laughter Mr. Fraser told of the visit to Plaster Rock in the constituency of Victoria-Madawaska of Hon. H. F. McLeod, Solicitor General, and the remarkable and amusing statement that he had made with regard to Reciprocity and the injury he claimed such a measure would do the province.

(Continued on page five)

### RECIPROCITY WAVE SWEEPING CANADA

Government will be Returned to Power by an Increased Majority---Big Gains will be Made in Rural Ontario---Bourassa and the Nationalists Making Little Headway in Quebec with Their Un-British Campaign---Prairie Provinces are Practically Solid for Reciprocity---Tory Candidate Quits the Fight

Ottawa, Sept. 10--The government will be returned with an increased majority is the opinion of the best informed judges of the political situation. It is the belief of men in Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa in both parties.

Reports from constituencies all over Canada indicate the Conservatives' attempt to stampede the electors with the annexation bogey is failing utterly and that a great majority of electors have made up their minds to vote for reciprocity and increased prosperity.

The tour of Sir Wilfrid through the Maritime Provinces and Ontario has opened the eyes of Conservative leaders to the way in which the case of the government has taken hold of the people.

In rural Ontario, Conservative candidates are realizing that they are facing defeat and are sending frantic appeals for help to headquarters. Sharp, in North Ontario; Currie, in Simcoe; Henderson, in Halton; Lalor, in Haldimand; Boyce, in Algoma; Gordon, in Nipissing, and Stewart, in Hamilton, practically admit defeat to their friends.

The two Ottawa seats are safe for the government, and Hon. Charles Murphy will have a walkover in Russell, as will Emmanuel Devlin in Wright.

McMartin, the New York Cobalt millionaire, who is making a spectacular financial fight in Glenora against J. Angus McMillan, is finding that the Scottish electors are going to vote for reciprocity.

ONTARIO WILL DO BETTER

The chances are that the Liberals will get forty-five Ontario seats. They now have only thirty-six.

In Quebec the Nationalist representation of eleven is almost certain

to be slightly reduced. Bourassa has been steadily beaten back. He has had to practically drop his campaign against the navy, as he has found that the farmers refuse to believe that it will lead to conscription. He has been forced to come out against reciprocity which is popular throughout Quebec, except among a limited number of Montreal millionaires.

Reports from the west indicate that the prairie provinces are practically solid for reciprocity. The Manitoba government's political machine is finding itself up against a sentiment in favor of access to the American market, which is too powerful for it to handle.

Even in British Columbia, where McBride is entrenched with a political machine, which has been regarded as perfect, the government seems likely to carry four of the seven seats.

Reports which reach here from the maritime provinces indicate a great government success in the far east.

TORIES AFRAID TO WAGER

It is significant that no wagers are being made by the Conservatives on their chance of success, even offers by Liberals to bet that Laurier will come back with a majority of thirty fail to tempt them.

It is understood that Rodolphe Forget, M. P., who is running as Conservative for two seats in Quebec and boasts that Laurier will be turned out, has placed a large sum with a betting commissioner in Toronto to place at odds upon the return of the government.

In border constituencies of Ontario Conservative candidates, such as Wilcox, admit openly the government will be returned and reciprocity carried. They therefore appeal to Conservatives to vote for reciprocity and sentiments and vote for them as in the last election.

It appears to be all over but casting the ballots, and ratifying the pact.

NEWFOUNDLAND WANTS IT, TOO

Word has reached Ottawa that as soon as Canada ratifies reciprocity a movement will be launched in Newfoundland for union with the Dominion.

Newfoundland has several times, without success, sought better trading terms with the United States. This bargain made by Canada which will give free entry of fish to the United States has aroused great interest in Newfoundland and a desire to share with Canada in the advantages of the great American market. It is felt by the party which is now forming in Newfoundland that this can be easier done through union with Canada than by direct negotiations with the United States.

The ratification of reciprocity by Canada, it is understood on good authority, is likely to be shortly followed by the arrival of commissioners from Newfoundland to discuss terms of union.

TORY QUITS CONTEST

Winnipeg, Sept. 9--Following the retirement of M. J. Howell, the Conservative candidate in Battleford, where the Liberals had a majority of over 1,100 last election, F. A. Morrison, the Conservative candidate in Victoria (Alberta) announces that, while criticizing the present reciprocity pact, he is in favor of reciprocity with the States.

A. D. Chisholm, president of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, in a public statement, says he is strong for reciprocity, and says Sir Wilfrid Laurier will win. He says there are twenty-two sure Liberal seats in the west out of thirty-five.

MASS MEETING.

Hon. Wm. Pugsley, Minister of Public Works, and Dr. A. B. Atherton, Reciprocity candidate in York, will address a mass meeting at the Opera House tomorrow night at eight o'clock.

### SIR WM. VANHORNE'S VISIT TO ST. JOHN

(Special to The Mail.)

St. John, Sept. 11--Sir William VanHorne, C.P.R. magnate, who is to be the big noise at a Tory meeting at Queens Kink, arrived here at noon today, in his private car, Saskatchewan, accompanied by Hon. J. K. Fleming, Speaker Clarke and some lesser lights. When asked in regard to Reciprocity, Sir William said: "I will do all I can to defeat the d--- thing."

Asked if he intended to speak in any other place in the province, he replied that he was in the hands of the campaign committee.

### MOTOR BOAT BURNED AT NEWCASTLE WHARF

(Special to The Mail.)

Newcastle, Sept. 11--A motor yacht belonging to James A. Rundle, lumberman, was burned to the water's edge at her wharf here this morning. The loss is about fifteen hundred dollars. A man named McCulla was quite badly burned.

### VICTORY IN AIR SAYS LAURIER

The Premier Addresses Great Meetings at Stratford and London, Ont.

Quotes Sir James Whitney as Saying that Annexation Talk of the Tories is all Nonsense

Stratford, Ont., Sept. 9.--"Sir James Whitney spoke at North Bay last night," said Sir Wilfrid Laurier yesterday afternoon, addressing the great gathering of ten thousand enthusiastic people in Victoria Park. "Notwithstanding the fact," said Sir Wilfrid, "that Sir James spoke from an anti-Reciprocity platform and in opposition to the agreement, he stated frankly and fairly that this talk of the loyalty of the Canadian being affected and that there was danger of their being reduced and annexed, was sheer nonsense. Canadians were of better stuff than that and their loyalty to their motherland cannot be bought. Sir Jas. Whitney is right in that. He represents the situation just as it is. He is in accord with Sir John Macdonald, Sir George Cartier and the great Conservatives of the past, who were not affected in their efforts to obtain Reciprocity by any nonsense--not only nonsense, but insult to the Canadian people." (Prolonged cheers) The premier dealt with outspoken emphasis with the Conservative-Nationalist alliance.

"You are told," he said "that the influence of Laurier in Quebec is on the wane; that a gentleman named Bourassa is waging war upon him with his compatriots. There is a measure of truth in this. Mr. Bourassa is the head of a school of so-called Nationalism, which is doing its best to destroy Laurier and every time the declaration is made that the influence of Laurier, on account of the activity of Mr. Bourassa and his school, is on the wane there is a shout of joy from the Tory organizers and Tory politicians."

The premier charged the anti-Reciprocity Conservatives with an unworthy alliance with the Bourassa school in the present contest.

Stratford's welcome to the premier, who was accompanied by George P. Graham and Hon. Mackenzie King was a warm one.

GREAT RECEPTION AT LONDON.

London, Ont., Sept. 9.--Between 7,000 and 8,000 people acclaimed "Laurier and Larger Markets" at the great meeting in the Princess rink last night. Over the platform was draped the words "One Leader, One Flag, One Fleet, One Throne." "Victory is in the air," declared the premier amid ringing cheers. "I feel the swing that makes it sure. (Renewed cheers.) I am pretty old at the game. I have travelled over the various provinces more than once, and today I find such an enthusiasm for the cause I represent as I never found before. (Cheers.) Not that I want to boast. In this I am just the exponent of the thought and wishes of the people of Canada. As your representative, I have sought to combat alike the extremist of imperialism and the extremist of nationalism, and stand upon the broad policy of Canadian citizenship."

### WHIRLED TO DEATH IN ST. JOHN MILL

(Special to The Mail.)

St. John, Sept. 11--James McGo- wan, lath sawyer, lost his life in Warner's mill this morning. His clothing caught in a belt and when he was picked up almost every bone in his body was broken. He leaves a wife and three children. An inquest will be held this evening.

### PROHIBITION VOTE TODAY

Electors of Maine Deciding Important Question at the Polls

Church Members Offered up Prayers for the Success of the Cause of Temperance

Portland, Me., Sept. 11--Maine's fame as the pioneer prohibition state of the Union is to be weighed in the balance today. Daylight saw the first of the army of voters who are to decide the question of whether the prohibitory amendment shall be retained in the constitution on their way to their polls, and as the hours passed the stream grew in size. With ideal election day weather, there was every indication that the vote would be unusually large for that section. In the city there was an early vote cast, while in the outlying districts, the voters did not begin to put up an appearance, until well into the forenoon. It is in the rural districts that the prohibition workers depended for the votes with which they expect to keep Maine in the no license column.

Simultaneously with the opening of the polls, this morning, prayer meetings, which were to continue without cessation throughout the day opened in many of the city churches. Each hour the church bells were tolled and many of the church members who were prevented from attending the services offered up prayers for the success of the prohibition cause.

### C. P. R. STOCK HAS SHARP DECLINE

New York, Sept. 11--An eight point slump in C. P. R. was a feature of the stock trading on Saturday. It was due to heavy selling in Berlin. This morning the stock rallied a few points on heavy trading.

(Quotations from direct private wires of J. M. Robinson & Sons, Bankers, St. John, N. B., Members of Montreal Stock Exchange)

Amalgamated...	56 1/2
Atchison...	102 1/2
Smelters...	68 1/2
Brooklyn...	73 1/2
Canadian Pacific...	221 1/2
Great Northern, Pfd...	124 1/2
Northern Pacific...	120 1/2
Pennsylvania...	119 1/2
Reading...	137 1/2
Southern Pacific...	105 1/2
Union Pacific...	161 1/2
U. S. Steel, Com...	68 1/2

MONTREAL MORNING SALES

Bank of Commerce--18 @ 207.
Toronto Ry. Rights--8 @ 7 1/2; 1 @ 7; 2 @ 7; 15 1/2 @ 6 1/2; 16 @ 6 1/2.
New Toronto--6 @ 130; 14 @ 130 1/2.
Toronto Railway--50 @ 131 1/2; 23 @ 131 1/2.
Iron Com.--25 @ 53 1/2; 25 @ 54; 25 @ 53 1/2.
Cement Com.--4 @ 21 1/2.
Cement, Pfd.--10 @ 80 1/2.
C. P. R.--100 @ 221 1/2; 50 @ 221 1/2; 25 @ 221 1/2; 25 @ 221 1/2; 25 @ 220 1/2; 25 @ 220 1/2; 100 @ 220; 100 @ 219 1/2; 50 @ 219 1/2.
Twin City--25 @ 105 1/2.
Iron Com.--25 @ 104.
Bell Telephone--6 @ 148.
Sherwin Williams--50 @ 88 1/2.
Cannons--25 @ 62.
Soo--25 @ 129; 50 @ 128 1/2.
Montreal Street--25 @ 225 1/2.
Power--25 @ 163 1/2; 25 @ 162 1/2.
Illinois--15 @ 90 1/2.
Scotia--25 @ 95.
Ottawa Power--50 @ 141.
Rio--25 @ 113; 75 @ 113; 50 @ 112 1/2.
Shawinigan--195 @ 112.
Winnipeg Street--10 @ 235; 25 @ 236 1/2; 10 @ 237 1/2.
Detroit--130 @ 67 1/2.

Mr. A. R. Crookshank of St. John, engineer for the Dominion Department of Public Works, spent the week-end in the city. Mr. Crookshank has been surveying for wharves in Sunbury and Queens Counties.