

The Daily Mail

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Farmers of the St. John Valley bear in mind that there is a shortage of ninety million bushels in the potato crop of the United States this year. The duty of 25 cents a bushel will be swept away by the Reciprocity agreement and you who have potatoes to sell will reap the benefit of the great market. Vote for Reciprocity and better times.

CAMORRISTS IN TORONTO

Murderer Under Arrest Tells of Operation of Notorious Society

Members are Ever Ready to Use the Dagger, the Stiletto and the Gun to Obtain Money

(Canadian Press.) Toronto, Ont., Aug. 12.—Further confessions made by Frank Griro, the self-acclaimed murderer of Frank Scaronne or Tarro, as he was first called, have led to the arrest of a number of Italians, and more arrests will be made. If what Griro says is right, Toronto is invested with both the Black Hand and the Camorra, two of the most dangerous black-mailing and vengeance organizations in the world. In his statements to the police Griro said: "There are a gang of Italians in Toronto who form a part of the Camorra of Italy. They live on the fat of the land, do no work and hold their fellow countrymen in constant terror. They form a society with a name that means nothing, hold a fake meeting now and then to lure on their compatriots, but the main object is the obtaining of money with the dagger, the stiletto or the gun, always over the head of the victim. "Many levies were made on me, I gave regularly, but I tired of giving I was arrested and many of the enemies started the story that while in custody I had been an informer to the police. One day a number of the Black Hand came to me and confidentially informed me that a price had been set on my head and that I might expect to be murdered at any time. I had already heard that my enemies were intent on harming me, but on the latter information I had decided to never go about unless I was armed. Every day the fear that somebody would assassinate me grew worse. I had trouble with Tarro many times and every time, he seemed to grow more bold. I finally heard that he had been detailed to put me out of business. "Girro willingly confessed to the shooting and was committed on a charge of murder. A number of stilettoes and knives were found in the place of one Italian arrested.

THE STOCK MARKET

	Open	Noon
Copper, .....	61 1/2	61 1/2
Smelters, .....	69 1/2	68 1/2
Atchison, .....	104	103 1/2
Brooklyn, .....	77	75
C. P. R., .....	237 1/2	237 1/2
Great Northern, .....	124 1/2	124
Northern Pacific, .....	119 1/2	118 1/2
Pennsylvania, .....	1206	1203
Southern Pacific, .....	113 1/2	113
Union, .....	172 1/2	170 1/2
U. S. Steel, .....	72	72 1/2
Iron, com., .....	51 1/2	50 1/2
Detroit, .....	69 1/2	68 1/2
Power, .....	161 1/2	161 1/2
Toronto Rails, .....	157 1/2	157 1/2

CLIFFORD WELCOMED

King's Prize Winner in Montreal En Route to His Home

Tells how he Captured the Blue Ribbon of the Bisley Meet in Competition with Crack Shots

(Canadian Press.) Montreal, Q., Aug. 12.—Private Clifford, of Toronto, winner of the King's Prize and Prince of Wales Trophy at the Bisley Rifle Meet in England, is being entertained today by the local rifle and militia men. He met his wife and mother this morning, these relatives having been hastily despatched to Montreal to keep Private Clifford here until his home city has completed arrangements for the big reception which will be tendered the crack Canadian rifleman who returned home a trifle sooner than expected, and caught the city unprepared. A dozen gold and silver medals and badges, a bag clinking with \$2,000 in golden coin, the huge thick gold King's Medal, a magnificently engraved Ross rifle, several valuable pictures were the trophies brought home by Private Clifford. Modestly declaring that his phenomenal success had been due as much to the excellence of the Ross rifle as to his own ability, the diminutive, ruddy-faced rifleman was loth to talk about the unpleasant incidents on the ranges at Bisley. He admitted, however, that the interference which he met with during the first stage proved almost sufficient to throw him off his form and cause him to lose the match. In the first stage, when he was firing at the 600 yards range, the first of the three, a range officer stood over him all the time with a stop watch, after having first attempted to prevent him from firing in the low position. At one time the range officer caught him by the arm, regardless of the fact that he might have been just in the act of pulling the trigger. In response to Private Clifford's remonstrances, the range officer informed him that he would time his every shot in future, and the fact that he had the knowledge that there was an officer behind his back, with a stop watch in his hand, all the time, without doubt caused him to lose a few points at that range. On another occasion in a quick firing match, an officer with whom he had previous frictions failed to tell him when his preceding competitor had finished firing, with the result that he lost twenty seconds out of the forty-five allowed him for each shot in this event. Private Clifford leaves for Toronto tonight.

PERSONAL

Mrs. C. Fred Chestnut and daughters have returned from their vacation trip. Mrs. Chestnut's mother and sister, Mrs. Hogg, and Mrs. Smith and children of Westmount, Montreal, are here visiting Mrs. Chestnut. Mr. W. T. H. Fenety returned from St. John last night. He reports that his son, Jack, lately operated upon for appendicitis, is doing nicely.

ALL SIGNS POINT TO A LIBERAL VICTORY

From Ocean to Ocean the People are Crying Out for Reciprocity--Hon. George P. Graham Speaks Enthusiastically of the Outlook in Ontario--Statement of Comparative Cost of Prices of Food Products Issued by the Department of Labor--Loggie Will Win Hands Down in Northumberland

Montreal, Aug. 11.—That Sir Wilfrid Laurier, far from having finished his work, and having lived out his allotted span of activity, as stated at a Conservative meeting last night is the liveliest man in the government, is the opinion of the Hon. Geo. P. Graham, who is at the Windsor Hotel. "Laurier finished?" exclaimed Mr. Graham. "Why, he's the greatest live wire among us."

"I have never had as encouraging reports from any other campaign in which I have taken part, and I have been in many," said the minister of railways and canals.

He went on, pointing out that if the elections were left to a straight question of trade, without reference to party politics, he felt confident that 75 per cent. of the Ontario votes in the coming elections would be for reciprocity.

"Because," he explained, "both parties have been educated along that line."

BRITISH-BORN STRONGEST FOR RECIPROCITY.

Speaking of the situation, as it is seen in Ontario, Mr. Graham said that the Conservatives have kept away from debates on the real issue of the campaign on its merits.

"They have endeavored to trade on the loyalty of Ontario," he said, "and to make people believe that to sell goods to the United States will interfere with our cordial relations with the mother land. This is the chief point on which they dwell, and it is a fact that they hope to gain their point by making appeals to the British born."

And Mr. Graham proceeded to explain that the men in western Canada, who were English radicals who insist that Canadians ought to be able to sell wheat in the best market they can get.

"Their whole education and instinct," he said, "is against taxation on food."

Mr. Graham was out west with Sir Wilfrid and stated that it was quite safe to say that, with one or two exceptions, the men who presented this trade policy, were men who declared themselves Gladstonian Liberals.

"The bulk of the Americans in the west are accustomed to high tariff and don't care so much," he said, "but the man from the old land feels hampered by trade restrictions. It is safe to say that the British-born are the ones who are the more responsible for wanting to let down the bars."

WILL DO BETTER IN ONTARIO.

With regard to the results of the elections, Mr. Graham prophesied that Ontario Liberals would come out of the elections with more Liberals than the province has now.

"In my own riding," he said, "I can think of at least a dozen Conservatives whom I have met in the streets and who have told me that

they intend to vote, not for the Liberal government, but for reciprocity."

Commenting upon the situation in Winnipeg, he mentioned the fact that he had just received a private despatch from a man there who is not of an optimistic nature, but who stated that the Liberal prospects were brighter in Manitoba than they had been for years, and the Liberals were all in the best possible spirits.

LOGGIE'S SURE THING

Chatham, Aug. 11.—W. S. Loggie, M. P., returned yesterday after a trip up river to important parts of his constituency, lying above Newcastle. He found the people all eager to hear about reciprocity. It was the one outstanding feature that thoroughly interested all.



HON. GEORGE P. GRAHAM.

At Redbank he had a meeting Tuesday evening which was declared by those present to have been the best he ever held in that section. Many Conservatives were at the meeting as well as Liberals and when the main portion of his address was finished they asked many questions as to the scope and provisions of the reciprocity agreement. These Mr. Loggie answered, and the full personal explanation of the act was so satisfactory to them that more than one Conservative voiced his conviction that reciprocity would undoubtedly benefit the maritime provinces and Northumberland in particular.

From present indications Mr. Loggie will poll even a greater vote up river than in the last election. Wednesday evening Mr. Loggie spoke at an open-air meeting at North Renous where he again found the sentiment favorable to reciprocity. On Monday evening he will speak in Centre Napuan.

IMPORTANT STATISTICS

Ottawa, Aug. 11.—One of the most illuminative contributions to the literature dealing with the economic aspect of the reciprocity agreement has just been issued by the labor department, and has been mailed today to every newspaper office in Canada.

It is the compendium of comparative prices in Canada and the United States for agricultural, fisheries, lumber and mines products covered by the schedules of the agreement, and to which reference was made some days ago by Hon. Mackenzie King.

It covers 316 pages and is a veritable mine of wealth for political candidates, campaign speakers, editorial writers and all students of the vital point at issue in the discussion of the agreement, namely, as the economic effect reciprocity in natural products will have both on producers and consumers in Canada.

The comparative statistics of market prices at representative points on each side of the border, gathered from reliable daily market reports, cover the past five and a half years, thus giving a true index as to the average prices.

Halifax, St. John and Montreal prices are compared with those of Boston and New York, Toronto with Buffalo and Detroit, and Winnipeg with Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth.

In Duluth it may be stated that the most significant conclusions to be drawn from the voluminous and comprehensive statistics of the report are that prices received by the producers in Canada, affected by the agreement, are on the whole considerably below those received by producers in the United States, while in many instances the prices paid by the consumer in Canada are above those paid in the States.

The first conclusion bears out the argument that the farmer and the fisherman will greatly benefit by reciprocity. The second conclusion bears out the argument that the Canadian consumer is in many cases suffering from undue enhancement of prices by the middleman, a condition of affairs which reciprocity would tend to obviate and which explains the opposition of certain interests to the pact.

Comparative prices for fish indicate the immense benefit which free entry for fish into the American market will confer on the Maritime Provinces.

Halibut at Halifax averaged during the five and a half years 9.12 cts. per pound, as compared with 14.375 cts. per pound at Boston; cod at Halifax averaged 3.62 cts. per pound as compared with 7 cts. at Boston; mackerel at Halifax averaged 14.8 cts. per pound as compared with 33 cts. at Boston.

LAURIER VS BOURASSA.

Ottawa, Aug. 11.—Hon. Rodolphe Pélissier took the oath of office this afternoon, on assuming his new portfolios of marine and fisheries and of naval affairs.

Hon. Mr. Brodeur signed his last official document as minister of the crown this morning, the order in council appointing him to the Supreme Court bench, having been signed this afternoon by his excellency.

Mr. Lemieux leaves for Montreal in the morning and will meet Mr. Bourassa on the public platform at St. Hyacinthe on Sunday, in what promises to be one of the most spectacular meetings of the campaign. It is expected that from 10,000 to 30,000 people will be present.

Dr. Beland, the successor to Mr. Lemieux as postmaster general, will be sworn in before his excellency at Murray Bay on Saturday of next week, after speaking at the premier's meetings in Three Rivers and Quebec on Thursday and Friday.

SHOT GIRL AND THEN KILLED HIMSELF

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Because she would not marry him, August MacDonald, 21 years old, a machinist of this city, shot Ethel Hunt, a young woman of his own age, who is employed in the city, three times last night and then sent two bullets into his own head. He died soon after the shooting, but the young woman is expected to recover. Miss Hunt rejected MacDonald's attentions because he drank and smoked cigarettes.

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. McDonald are spending their vacation in St. John. Mr. Jack Pinder arrived here yesterday from Montreal to spend his vacation.

FALSIFYING FACTS AND FIGURES

(Toronto Globe.)

Already it is made plain that this campaign is to be marked by the most reckless falsification of facts and figures in order if possible to defeat the agreement for larger markets. Indeed so reckless are the campaigners that no serious harm will be done. Their misquotations of market reports are being disproved as soon as made. Discredit is cast on their whole campaign by the exposure of the self-interest of their witnesses. Middlemen in trade, whose operations take toll from the producers at one end and from the consumers at the other, are not disinterested, and their prejudiced statements are subject to heavy discount.

It may be quite true, as The Weekly Sun states, that the farmers are not fooled by these falsehoods about markets and prices. The successful farmer is better informed as to market prices at home and abroad than the whole year round than is the writer of campaign literature. But these arguments against reciprocity are not meant for the intelligent farmer. They are calculated to obscure the issue for the average citizen who is not posted on market matters.

So utterly unreliable are the statements made with front-page prominence and the emphasis of black-face type by the organs of the protected interests that not one of them can with safety be accepted. Before the campaign is over it will be abundantly proved that obstructions in the way of the exchange of commodities invariably increase prices to the consumer without a corresponding advantage to the producer. The cost of living is increased for the man in the city, but the increase in price does not go as a reward to the man on the farm. What the farmer wants is an open way to the markets where his products will take their chance against any competition. It cannot be that people in the towns will stand in his way. Both would profit by each being left free to sell or to buy without artificial interference or tariff obstruction. It is the organized selfish interests that try to confuse the issue with false quotations. They did it in the United States and now they are trying to do it in Canada. But they will fail again.

NEWS FORECAST FOR THE COMING WEEK

Washington, D. C., Aug. 12.—President Taft is scheduled to go to Ocean Grove, N. J., Tuesday, to address the Methodist camp meeting there and later in the week he expects to go to Beverly to begin his belated summer vacation.

Admiral Togo, whose visit to the United States is attracting much attention, will remain in New York city until Wednesday, when he will go to Boston. He will remain in Boston two days, visiting the Charlestown navy yard, Harvard University and other places of interest in the vicinity departing Friday evening for Niagara Falls.

The annual month of rifle competitions for the picked shots of all branches of the United States service and the militia organizations of the different States, will begin on the ranges of Camp Perry Monday, with the opening of the twenty-ninth tournament of the National Rifle Association and the ninth matches of the National Board for the promotion of Rifle Practice.

The political calendar of the week calls for several meetings of interest to the leaders of both parties. Kentucky Democrats will assemble in Louisville Tuesday to formulate the platform on which the State ticket will make the fight for election next fall. In Nebraska on the same day the State primaries of all parties will be held for the nomination of candidates for the minor State offices to be filled at the next election.

At Harrisburg there is to be a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee of Pennsylvania to consider proposed changes in the party rules and to carry out the plan for the redistricting of the State. At the same time and place there is to be a meeting of Democratic editors to form a State league. At Columbus, O., an outing is to be held by the Jefferson Club with William J. Bryan as the guest of honor. The club is an "insurgent" Democratic organization and it is understood to be opposed to Governor Harmon of Ohio, for the presidential nomination.

The conventions of the week will include those of the International Typographical Union at San Francisco, The American Press Humorists' Association at Boston, the Irish Catholic Benevolent Union at Toledo the Loyal Order of Moose at Detroit, the American Pharmaceutical Association at Boston, and the National Negro Business League at Little Rock.

PERSONAL

Victoria Co. News.—Dr. A. B. Atherton and Mrs. Atherton, of Fredericton, passed through Perth on Saturday on their way to the Tobique section, where they will fish for trout and salmon.

Mrs. Sterling Johnston, of Montreal, and son, Martin, are visiting Mrs. Johnston's brother, Mr. James Lemont.

TOURISTS SHOPPED IN BATHING TOGS

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 10.—Residents of Belle River have been much shocked recently by the actions of a number of summer resort people camped on the outskirts of the town who insisted on during their morning shopping in Belle River in their bathing costumes. Yesterday the offenders to the number of five were summoned before a local justice of the peace and each paid a fine of \$3.50 and costs and agreed to give no cause for further complaint.

PERSONAL

Miss Minard, of Cambridge (Mass.), who has been spending several weeks here the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Porter, has gone to Nova Scotia to visit friends.

Mrs. Richard Waycott and daughter the Misses Florence and Edith, of New York, are here visiting Mrs. Waycott's sister, Mrs. W. Byron Coulthard.

Mrs. Anderson, wife of Major Anderson, of St. John, has been spending a few days here visiting her father, Mr. Malcolm Ross.

Mrs. James Tibbitts and daughter, Miss Frankie Tibbitts will go to St. John on Monday, where they will visit Premier and Mrs. Hazen.

Mrs. McKenzie and daughter, Miss McKenzie, of Rumford Falls, are spending a few weeks here the guests of Mrs. Maxwell.

Mrs. W. J. Johnson, of New Glasgow, who has been here visiting her sister, Mrs. H. E. Harrison has left for home accompanied by her mother Mrs. Stanger.

THE LUCK HOLDS.

(Montreal Herald.)

The American crop report would seem to indicate that there is going to be a shortage in most of the staples this year.

This means that the Market Basket is still going to be a bit empty, and that to fill it the people in the cities will have to depend, as they thought they would, on Canada.

Just put this alongside the prospect that Canada, on all appearances, is to have the biggest crop in her history.

And then note that Sir Wilfrid said in his election manifesto that he wanted to have the agreement ratified in time to have the farmers get the benefit of the market for this year's crop. No doubt it's the Laurier luck.