

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements copy must reach this office not later than nine a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime—Fresh westerly and north westerly winds. Clearing and cool.

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FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12 1914

TWO CENTS PER COPY

GERMAN TROOPS DRIVEN BACK

THE TRANSFER IN MEXICO

The Federal Troops Evacuate the Capital to Municipal Police

The Constitutionalists are now in Control of Affairs—May be a Counter Revolution

Washington, Aug. 12.—The peaceful transfer of the reins of government at Mexico City from the Carral administration to the Constitutionalists actually began today, according to official advices to the State Department.

The Federal troops evacuated the capital, leaving the city in charge of municipal police who by agreement were to be regarded as neutral. The Federalists withdrew from the city to a nearby point, there to await an announcement of amnesty from Gen. Carranza. Should guarantees be refused officials here do not doubt that a counter-revolution will be set in motion immediately.

With the entry of Constitutionalists into Mexico City, the question of recognition for the new government will concern Washington. There is every reason to believe that recognition will be withheld until there is an election, or political convention at which some expression of the attitude of the people toward the new government can be obtained. Disquieting advices are again coming from reliable sources that Gen. Villa will not march south with his men, as ordered by Carranza, but will remain in the north and demand a convention of representatives of the army as agreed to in the Tlaxcala conference. Should this be refused by Carranza a new revolution in the north would not be surprising to many high officials here.

ESTEEMED LADY HAS PASSED AWAY

Mrs. Luke Stewart, Formerly of St. John, Died This Morning After A Lengthy Illness

Mrs. Mary Everett Stewart, widow of Mr. Luke Stewart, in his day a well known St. John ship broker, passed away at her home on St. John street at four o'clock this morning. She had been in delicate health for nearly a year and the news of her death, although learned of with regret by her friends, did not come as a surprise. The deceased was a daughter of the late Mr. Thomas C. Everett and was a native of St. John. She made her home in that city up to twenty-one years ago when she removed to Fredericton and took up her abode with her brother-in-law, the late Mr. Julius L. Inches, a former secretary of agriculture. Upon the death of Mr. and Mrs. Inches she continued to reside at the homestead, in which she was bequeathed a life interest. Her adopted niece, Miss Cunningham, resided with her.

The late Mrs. Stewart had a large circle of acquaintances and was held in the highest esteem by all. She was a beautiful character, kind, courteous and sympathetic at all times and generous to a fault. She was a devoted member of St. Paul's Presbyterian church and possessed to a marked degree all the qualities of the true Christian lady. Had she lived until Saturday next she would have been eighty-two years of age.

Mrs. Stewart was the last member of her father's family. She had no children and her nearest relatives are her nephews, Messrs. John A. and Stewart L. Morrison of this city, and Thomas Morrison of New York.

The funeral service will be conducted at the house on Friday morning at eight o'clock by Rev. Dr. Smith.

Attempted to Take the French Position Outside of Muelhausen and Were Routed—Other Activities Between German and French Soldiers in French Territory is Reported

Mobilization of the British Territorial Forces Has Been Completed—German Cruisers Reported to Have Taken Refuge in the Dardenelles—Report That Forts at Liege Have Been Taken Denied—German Submarine Said to Have Been Sunk by British Cruiser Birmingham in the North Sea

(By direct private wire to J. M. Robinson & Son, Bankers and Brokers.)

PARIS, VIA LONDON, AUG. 12.—ACCORDING TO LATE ADVICES THE GERMANS MADE A DETERMINED ATTEMPT TO TAKE THE POSITIONS OCCUPIED BY THE FRENCH OUTSIDE MUELHAUSEN, BUT FAILED. THE GERMANS DID NOT RE-ENTER THE TOWN.

THE ACTIONS OF THE FRENCH ARE DECLARED TO HAVE BEEN BRILLIANT AND IT IS CLAIMED THAT THEY REMAIN MASTERS OF NORTHERN ALSACE. THERE HAVE BEEN NUMEROUS MOVEMENTS OF GERMAN TROOPS TOWARDS MORHANGE, TWENTY MILES SOUTHEAST OF METZ AND IN THE REGION OF BLAMONT IN MEURTHE-ET-MOSELLE. AN ATTACK ON ROGERSVILLE AND HABLINVILLE WAS ATTEMPTED BY THE GERMANS, BUT FAILED BECAUSE THE FRENCH WERE SUPPORTED BY CANNON FROM MANONVILLERS.

FIGHTING ALL ALONG THE LINE.

LONDON, AUG. 12.—ANOTHER DESPATCH TO THE EXCHANGE TELEGRAPH COMPANY FROM PARIS SAYS IT IS ANNOUNCED OFFICIALLY THAT ENGAGEMENTS BETWEEN THE FRENCH AND GERMANS HAVE TAKEN PLACE ALONG THE FRANCO-BELGIAN LINE AT LONGWY AND LONGUEON ON FRENCH TERRITORY AND AT VIRTON, ON BELGIAN TERRITORY TO THE SOUTHWEST OF ARLON. GERMAN CAVALRY PATROLS WERE MET ALSO TO THE NORTH OF MONTMÉDY, ON THE FRANCO-BELGIAN FRONTIER.

MONTENEGRINS MOVE.

Vienna, Aug. 12.—(via London)—Five thousand Montenegrins last Saturday advanced against the Austrian frontier posts to the east of the fortified town of Trebinje, Herzegovina. The Austrian losses were one officer and twenty-one men, while the Montenegrins lost two hundred men killed.

The Russians have made strenuous efforts to enter Austria, but have been repulsed. The Austrian frontier troops have carried out successfully several reconnoitering expeditions.

The Reichspost says that Serbian supplies from the new Serbian territory are gradually being cut off, as the surrounding of the Serbians by the Austrians proceeds.

HEAVY FIRING ALONG THE LINE.

London, Aug. 12.—The correspondent of The Daily Telegraph telephones a message from Maastricht that there has been heavy firing along the line between Liege and Longress. The Germans are placing heavy guns before Liege and Hamur. A Rome despatch to The Daily Mail says it is reported that the Montenegrins have occupied Scutari.

BELGIAN ARMY OF FIRST ORDER

New York, Aug. 12.—Granville Fortescue cables from Brussels to The Tribune:

Belgium has pricked the German military bubble. The splendid fighting I saw south of Liege proves the hitherto unconsidered Belgian army to be of the first order. Forty thou-

sand have checked one hundred thousand Germans. If no more is done, this is sufficient to cover the entire army with glory. No fort fell till the morning of August 7, when Fleron Embourg and Boncelles succumbed under severe and accurate artillery fire lasting all night.

The strength of the infantry astonished me. Raw troops behaved like veterans. Three battalions of German operating in the woods west of the River Ourthe were driven back. The scene of the fight was mostly wooded hills. Flashes of rifles and the white light of high explosive shells lit the scene until morning, when the fort of Fleron slackened its fire and the Germans charged the glacis, being driven down with a devastating loss. I counted one hundred and fifty prisoners brought back to the vicinity of Embourg alone. Many were boys of eighteen and nineteen. The most remarkable thing was that the Germans advanced to a solid formation and made a splendid target.

I cannot attempt to estimate the German loss.

It is reported that the German force consisted of the 7th, 9th and 10th corps, equal to one hundred thousand men, under General von Emmich. The enemy dashed into town early in the morning and reached the heart of the city and attacked headquarters. All were killed.

Paris, Aug. 12.—The French troops along the entire front are in contact with the Germans. At Mangiennes, northeast of Verdun, the Germans attacked the French on Monday evening. The French, reinforced by reserves, then took the offensive and repulsed the Germans with considerable loss.

A German battery was destroyed by the French artillery fire, and another was captured, with three Gatling guns and ammunition. The village of Lagarde, in German territory, was taken by the French at the point of the bayonet.

MOVING TOWARDS BELGIUM.

London, Aug. 12.—(Special cable)—Colonel Repington, military expert of The Times, has come to the conclusion that the bulk of the German armies about to operate against the French is northward of Lorraine and that the well organized zone of concentration in the Reichsland has been almost entirely abandoned in favor of an advance through Belgian Ardennes.

GERMANS ENTRENCHED.

London, Aug. 12.—The Daily Chronicle's military expert attaches the highest importance to the British Press Bureau's announcement that "German troops are reported to be entrenched along the line of the River Aisne."

He comments as follows: "This means that the Germans in force have penetrated for a considerable distance into French territory from the Belgian frontier. This invasion is of far greater importance, from a military point of view, than the French incursion into Alsace. The Germans must have penetrated in the rear of the French lines along the upper reaches of the River Aisne. The mere fact of entrenching suggests the presence of a strong body of infantry."

BERLIN PAPERS CLAIM VICTORY

Berlin, via Copenhagen, to London, Aug. 12.—The Lokal Anzeiger, in an

article dealing with one German victory at Muelhausen, Alsace, says:

"The silence of the western frontier following the brief but swift entry of small forces of French into Altkirch, has been broken by the belated news of our first battle at Muelhausen, the Weissenburg of 1914. But this fight was much more important than was that of Weissenburg in 1870 (when the Germans won their first important battle of the Franco-Prussian war), considering the number of combatants engaged."

"We understand the French had three divisions of about forty-five thousand men. Two divisions belonged to the Seventh Army Corps and also contained a portion of the Benzon Corps, whose members are among the elite of the French army."

BRITISH MOBILIZATION COMPLETE

London, Aug. 11.—The war office information bureau makes the following announcement:

The mobilization of the territorial force is at the point of completion. Some of the units of the force have accepted liability to serve overseas. Volunteers are being asked to follow their example.

Kitchener's army, for which five thousand recruits have been enrolled in the past twelve hours, will consist of six divisions—Scottish, Irish, Northern, Eastern, Western and the Light Brigades.

There is good reason to believe that the German cruisers Breslau and Goeben have taken refuge in the Dardanelles, and will be dealt with according to international usage.

There is good reason to believe that the mass of German troops on the western German frontier are distributed between Thionville (a fortified town in Lorraine, seventeen miles north of Metz), and Liege, and that Lorraine is held comparatively lightly further south.

There is every indication that the Austrians have entered Alsace. It is believed the forts at Liege have not been taken.

According to international custom in time of war, if the Goeben and Breslau have taken refuge in the Dardanelles, they will be compelled to coal within twenty-four hours and put to sea, or else be interned until the end of the war. These two cruisers were reported from Athens as rounding the southern extremity of the Morea, Greece, at full speed this morning. In what direction they were headed was not stated.

STORY OF SUBMARINE ATTACK

Edinburgh, Aug. 12.—The Scotsman today prints the story of an eyewitness of the naval battle between British cruisers and German submarines in which the Submarine U-15 was lost.

The cruiser squadron on Sunday, the story runs, suddenly became aware of the approach of the submarine flotilla. The enemy was submerged, only the periscopes showing above the surface of the water. The attitude of the British in the face of this attack was cool and the enemy was utterly misled when suddenly the cruiser Birmingham steaming at full speed, fired the first shot. This shot was carefully aimed, not at the submerged body of a submarine, but at the thin line of the periscope.

The gunnery was superbly accurate. Thereupon the submarine, now blinded, rushed along under water in imminent danger of self-

destruction from collision from the cruisers above.

The sightless submarine was then forced to come to the surface, whereupon the Birmingham's gunner fired the second shot of the fight. This shot struck the base of the conning tower, and the U-15 sank like a stone.

The remainder of the submarine flotilla fled.

BIG BATTLE EMINENT

Brussels, Aug. 11.—A German offensive movement north of Liege has begun and a big battle is impending. Clashes have occurred at Tongres, Tirlemont, St. Trem, Orzmal and Gussenhoven. French artillery is hurrying through Brussels. German reinforcements are constantly reaching the Meurthe. The Liege forts are still under bombardment.

New York, Aug. 11.—The French war office announced today that French and German forces are engaged along frontier for a distance of twenty miles. The opposing outposts were in contact at Longwy, Languevon and Marville in France and at Virton in Belgium. The German advance is moving toward Stonay where attempt will be made to cross the Meuse river. Fighting at the above points is taken to indicate a German mass movement to force an entrance into France. No details of the invading army's strength is obtainable.

The war office this afternoon issued an official statement announcing that the French had been compelled to evacuate Muelhausen in Alsace. The army operating against Neu Breisach was driven back by an overpowering German force to the outskirts of Muelhausen where it made another stand. It is believed a great battle is now in progress there. The German main army in the north is reported to be entrenching itself on the river Ourthe, while two divisional cavalry had advanced as far as Longres, north of Liege. These and other indications point to general advance which will be opposed by the allied forces of Belgium, France and Britain.

A Brussels despatch says comparative quiet prevails since the attack on Fort Seraling Sunday night was repulsed with great loss to the Germans. Liege forts still are holding out, and according to the statement from the Belgian war office "can do so indefinitely."

Holland is about to make a peremptory demand on Germany to withdraw troops from the Dutch frontier, says a Brussels despatch which states that the foreign office has been advised the Dutch have already demanded an explanation telling the Kaiser's government the retention of forces on the border be considered a casus belli.

RUSSIAN DEFEAT OF AUSTRIANS

A state of war was declared today in southern provinces of Holland. Two Russian successes from St. Petersburg by general staff declares Russians and Austrian infantry division at Zelotche in Galicia and occupied Radzivilloff on the Russo-Austrian frontier when the latter forced to evacuate.

While the Austro-Servia struggle has been almost lost in the tremendous events which followed its start, despatches today tell of bitter struggles. Since Montenegro came to the aid of Serbia that has been successfully resisting the invasion of Serbian and Montenegrin armies acting in conjunction have occupied a number of Austrian towns in Bosnia to

(Continued on page five)

HIBERNIANS ARE HOPEFUL

Confident that Home Rule Will Soon be An Accomplished Fact

Resolution Passed Commending Work of John E. Redmond, M. P.—Will Conclude Tomorrow

The present prospect is that the provincial convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, now in session here, will not complete its business until noon tomorrow as there is more business than had been expected. Last night visiting delegates were the guests of the members of the local divisions of the A.O.H., who entertained the visitors on the steamer Victoria, which left her wharf at 7.30 and went several miles down river, returning at 10.30. Refreshments were served during the evening. The 1st Regt. Band accompanied the excursion.

IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS.

This morning the committee on resolutions reported to the convention in session at St. Dunstan's Hall. Among the resolutions adopted by the convention was one congratulating John Redmond upon his noble struggle for Home Rule, sympathizing with the National Volunteer Movement and expressing confidence that before the next biennial convention is held an Irish parliament would be established on College Green.

Another resolution which was adopted is to be presented to the national officers, asking for a vote of £1,500 to establish a memorial at Chatham, N.B., to the Irish pilgrims who died from ship-fever and were buried at that place.

PARTRIDGE ISLAND MEMORIAL.

Provincial Secretary W. P. Hayden of Ottawa, reported that every encouragement had been given the provincial officers in their effort to establish a monument at Partridge Island, St. John, N.B., and it is confidently expected that before long a substantial vote will be passed by the national officers to carry the project along.

The Good and Welfare Committee's report contained many valuable suggestions which had a view toward increasing the membership and strengthening the fraternal side of the order.

RECEPTION TONIGHT.

The delegates will attend the reception to be tendered them tonight by the local Hibernians. The order is reported to be in the best condition on record both in membership and finances.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

Reports were received yesterday afternoon from Provincial President E. C. Barry, Provincial Secretary W. P. Hayden, Rev. Father McLaughlin, president of the Scholarship Board, and Treasurer M. H. Haley.

A resolution was passed expressing loyalty of Hibernians of the two provinces to King George and expressing also the hope that victory will come to the British empire in the present struggle in Europe.

LADIES' AUXILIARY.

The Ladies' Auxiliary, A.O.H., opened its sessions yesterday afternoon. Mrs. D. J. Shea, county president, delivered an address of welcome to the visitors, after which Mrs. Elizabeth McCartin of Woodstock, provincial president, took the chair.

This morning reports were received and were referred to committees. The convention of the Ladies' Auxiliary is the most successful on record. Delegates from every jurisdiction are present.

This morning Rev. Father Carney, C. J. Morrissey, A. D. Francis and Thos. Moran addressed the Ladies' Auxiliary, extending the greetings of the brethren.