

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements copy must reach this office not later than nine a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime — Strong winds or moderate gales, northward. Colder. Frost at night.

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FREDERICTON, N. B. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3 1914

TWO CENTS PER COPY

TURKEY IS NOT SO KEEN FOR WAR AFTER ALL

OFFICIAL STATEMENTS VERY ENCOURAGING

German Attacks in the North are Losing Their Strength--The Enemy Has Been Repulsed in Eastern Prussia--German Troops Have Evacuated the Left Bank of the Yser--Heavy Losses Inflicted by the British Naval Guns

Paris, Nov. 2--The following official communication was issued by the French war office this evening:

"Between the North Sea and the Oise the attacks made today by the Germans have been less violent than those of yesterday.

"In Belgium we have progressed at the south of Dixmude and at the south of Ghelavet, and we have maintained all our other positions.

"In the region of the Aisne a violent German offensive between Braye-en-Lannois and Vailly has completely failed."

RUSSIANS MAKE PROGRESS.

Petrograd, Nov. 2--The following report from the general staff of the Russian commander-in-chief was made public tonight:

"On the front in Eastern Prussia our troops have repulsed German attacks directed against Vladizlavoff, driven the enemy from the eastern edge of the Rominten forest and advanced to the north of Lake Ralgorod.

"Beyond the Vistula our troops continue the offensive, without being opposed. Only in the region of Opatow the Austrians attempted to resist us with considerable forces. They were repulsed. Beyond the Opatow river the Austrians hold a fortified position.

"In Galicia, on the San river, our troops entered the village of Nisko, where fierce fighting took place.

ALLIED SUCCESS.

Hayre, via London, Nov. 2--The following Belgian official report was issued at 1.30 this afternoon:

"On the Yser front the enemy has shown no activity. Their bombardment has been feeble. Several shells apparently intended for the railway station struck the town of Furnes.

"German troops appear largely to have evacuated the left bank of the Yser. Trenches situated some two hundred or three hundred yards from our lines have been found empty.

"This morning a strong column marched from Mannekenvere towards St. Pierre Capelle, where large forces already are assembled. The flooding of the country proceeds, but the bridges and pontoons carried across the Yser by the enemy are still in position.

"Prisoners from the Third German Army Corps report that mixed units of every description make up the forces fighting on the Yser. The men complain of the difficulty of fighting in the marshy land and of the losses inflicted on them by the artillery of the Allies, especially by the British naval guns. Between Dixmude and Bixchoote the Allies' offensive is slowly progressing.

"The arrival of the German emperor which, it is announced, is expected shortly in South Flanders, shows that the principal effort of the enemy is being directed between Ypres and the River Ys.

"The Allies' troops yesterday and today broke the efforts of their assailants.

"The Russians have cut off the German line of retreat towards the Posen. The enemy is falling back towards the southwest and the left wing of his rear guard is now at Lodz. Many prisoners, much material and an aviation park have been captured."

TURKO-RUSSIAN FIGHT.

Vienna, Nov. 2, via Amsterdam to London, Nov. 3--The following official announcement was made public here today:

"On the Russian-Turkish frontier, near Treizond, battle has commenced between Russian and Turkish troops.

"The battles in Russian Poland continue. On the river San the Russians have suffered heavy losses, especially near Rosjadow. We captured four hundred prisoners and three machine guns.

"South of the Starv-Sambor line we also captured four hundred prisoners. We have progressed here and northeast of Turka."

MORE MEN ENLISTED IN THE HOME GUARD

The number of those who have enrolled for service in the Fredericton Home Guard now amounts to 150. A meeting for organization purposes is to be held in the Y.M.C.A. Hall on Thursday evening. Following is a list of those to enroll since the names were last published:

Moses Mitchell, Harry W. Wilson, W. Feney, Steve B. Brown, Ernest Horneastle R. B. VanDine, Karl A. Walker, Dr. W. H. Irvine, Dr. W. J. Irvine, Walter Irvine Jr., Fred D. Kirkpatrick, Gordon Cummings, J. R. Smith, Fred P. Robinson, Dr. O. E. Morehouse, W. S. Tompkins, E. H. Allen, Rev. Charles D. Schofield, Rev. A. E. Fenwick, Daniel Elliott, David J. Stockford, J. S. Armstrong, R. B. Hanson, Dugald McCalhaine Jr., John Toner, Charles D. Richards A. R. Wetmore, T. Carleton Allen, Ernest A. McKay, Peter Hughes, H. C. Rutter, Alfred Wright, Arthur Crowley, Chester E. Sharp.

CONVICTIONS QUASHED IN CIGARETTE CASE

The York County Court met this morning, pursuant to adjournment, Judge Wilson presiding. The first case taken up was that of George B. Moore vs. J. E. Giles being an action on a promissory note for \$67 claimed to have been given the plaintiff in exchange for horse hire. Both the plaintiff and defendant gave evidence and the case was concluded at noon. His Honor reserved judgement. Mr. J. J. F. Winslow appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. H. Turner of Sussex for the defendant.

At this afternoon's session of the court Judge Wilson handed down his decision in the case of Robert Embleton vs. the King, on the complaint of Chief of Police John H. McCollom. It was an appeal from a conviction made by Magistrate Limerick in the police court for selling cigarettes to a minor, and His Honor ordered the conviction quashed.

The case of J. J. F. Winslow vs. John E. Giles, being another action on a promissory note is being heard this afternoon. Mr. J. Bacon Dickson appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. H. Turner of Sussex, for the defendant.

The Press of Constantinople Declares That if the Entente Powers Desire a Peaceful Settlement It is Possible to Bring It About by Diplomatic Proceedings

The Paris Le Temps says the Rupture Between Turkey and the Triple Entente is not Producing Serious Anxiety--The Allies Have Nothing to fear from a Mussulman Uprising--Latest Attempts of the Germans Will Fail as the Attempts in South Africa Have Failed--The British Admiralty Has Found it Necessary to Close the North Sea to Merchant ships

WAR SUMMARY

Great Britain has closed the North Sea to neutral shipping.

Difference of opinion develops in the Turkish cabinet over the war situation.

The Grand Vizier apologises on behalf of his government for operations of the Turkish fleet, but this will not satisfy the allies.

Demobilization of the Turkish army will be demanded by the allies and they will ask that the fleet be put out of commission until the war is over.

Ambassadors of the entente have withdrawn from Constantinople.

An Anglo-French fleet has arrived in Turkish waters. Martial law proclaimed by Great Britain throughout Egypt.

Bulgaria has ordered the mobilization of her second line of troops.

French and British troops on the battle line outnumber the Germans by half a million men.

General French now has under his command an army of three hundred thousand men.

NOTHING TO FEAR

Paris Nov 3--The Rupture between Turkey and the triple Entente powers does not produce serious anxiety says Le Temps. The paper continues in an editorial comment on the Turkish situation. France, England and Russia the three powers remaining unbreakably united have nothing to fear from a Mussulman uprising upon which Berlin has built great hopes. The latest attempt of the Germans will fail as the attempts in South Africa have failed.

STILL HOPE FOR PEACE

Rome, Nov. 3--A despatch from Constantinople says that the Turkish newspapers maintain that Turkey has not indicated war. The "Ikdam" says that if the Triple Entente Powers still desire peacefully to settle the difficulties the porte will negotiate and that if there has been a Misunderstanding it is still possible to rectify it by diplomatic proceedings.

BIG GUNS AT BOSKUM

Amsterdam, Nov. 3--A despatch from Delzyl says that several of the centimetre guns of the Germans were yesterday conveyed to Boskum, the western port of the east Friesian Islands which protect the Mouth of the Ems River.

The Ems River empties into the North Sea close to the border line between Germany and Holland.

CLOSING OF NORTH SEA

LONDON, NOV. 3--THE ADMIRALTY STATES OFFICIALLY THAT THE GERMANS HAVE INDISCRIMINATELY MINED THE MAIN TRADE ROUTE FROM AMERICA TO LIVERPOOL AND THE LANES NORTH OF IRELAND. THE ONLY MIC ESCAPED DISASTER BY PURE GOOD LUCK. THE MINES, NONE OF WHICH ARE VISIBLE, CAN NOT HAVE BEEN LAID BY GERMAN WARSHIPS BUT HAVE BEEN STROWN BROADCAST BY MERCHANT VESSELS FLYING NEUTRAL FLAGS. THE ADMIRALTY SAYS THAT THIS PROCEEDURES AND THE USE OF TRAWLERS AND SUPPOSED HOSPITAL SHIPS FOR MINE LAYING ARE ORDINARY FEATURES OF GERMAN NAVAL WARFARE. THEREFORE HAVING REGARD TO THE SAFETY OF PEACEFUL COMMERCE AND THE MAINTENANCE OF TRADE BETWEEN NEUTRAL COUNTRIES THE ADMIRALTY FEELS IT IS NECESSARY TO TAKE EXCEPTIONAL MEASURES AND HEREBY GIVES NOTICE THAT THE WHOLE OF THE NORTH SEA IS CONSIDERED A MILITARY AREA WHERE IN MERCHANT SHIPPING IS EXPOSED TO THE GRAVEST DANGER FROM MINES WHICH IT HAS BEEN NECESSARY TO LAY FROM WARSHIPS WHICH ARE SEARCHING VIGILANTLY NIGHT AND DAY FOR SUSPICIOUS CRAFT.

ALL ROADS BLOCKED

London, Nov. 2--The Germans continue to strike hard blows on the Allies' lines in their endeavor to get through to the channel coast. They thus far have found every road blocked to them, but, apparently disregarding losses, they continue to attack. The floods, the Belgian army and the British fleet having barred their way south along the coast, the Germans are now striking on a line stretching from Ypres, in Belgium, to La Basse, farther south, in France, but seemingly with no more success. The stubbornness of the fighting along this line may be gathered from the fact that the town of Messines, which the Germans now hold, has been taken and retaken no less than four times since last Saturday, each time with enormous losses in killed or wounded.

Attacks also have been made along the entire battlefield as far east as the Vosges region, but, according to the French report, with the Germans having no more success than in the northwest.

ONE LAST ATTEMPT

The belief is growing here, and it also has been expressed by those returning from Belgium, that the Germans are making a last effort to get through to the coast and that if it fails they will fall back to positions which they have prepared in central Belgium.

Although the fighting is continuous on the East Prussian frontier, in Poland and in Galicia there are no important changes in the situation and it is believed none is likely until the Russian armies come up with the Germans, which are retiring from the

Vistula toward the Warthe river. On this river it is considered likely that another big battle will be fought.

The backbone of the rebellion in South Africa seems to be broken. Col Maritz's commando in the northern Cape province has been completely defeated. Several of the raiders and most of their men have been captured. General Beyers is in flight, and General De Wet has opened negotiations for surrender, it is said.

The German cruiser Karlsruhe has added three more British steamers to her list of captured in the Atlantic one of them the Vandyck, being a vessel of about 10,000 tons.

There were reports today of naval activity in the Straits of Dover. A despatch from Dover said a British torpedo boat destroyer was observed to be in action, apparently against a German submarine, is not beyond repair.

PEACE MEMBERS IN CABINET

Washington, Nov. 2--Delayed messages from Ambassador Morgenthau at Constantinople, dated Saturday, received here today say the Turkish ministers of agriculture and interior, through a neutral diplomat, asked the Russian ambassador before his departure, what terms would pacify Russia, and if an apology would be satisfactory.

The Russian ambassador replied that he had instructions to leave Constantinople, but that if all the German officers were dismissed from the Turkish navy and he received further instructions from Petrograd he would return.

SERVIA BREAKS OFF RELATIONS

Constantinople, via Amsterdam to London, Nov. 2--The Servian minister will leave Constantinople tonight or tomorrow.

MARTIAL LAW IN EGYPT

Washington, Nov. 2--Martial law was proclaimed today by Great Britain throughout Egypt. An official notification by the British Charge D'Affaires at Cairo was delivered to American diplomatic agents there.

On orders from London, the commander-in-chief of the British forces took command of the general situation, with orders to suppress all outbreaks.

MADE AN APOLOGY

London, Nov. 2--The Grand Vizier of Turkey has apologized on behalf of his government for the warlike operations of the Turkish fleet under German commanders in the Black Sea, but it was stated authoritatively this evening that the Porte will have to go very much farther than this before the powers of the Triple Entente will agree to resume friendly relations with the Ottoman government.

It was disclosed in a statement issued by the French government this evening that Turkey in reply to a note presented by Great Britain, Russia and France, on Friday last, agreed to recall her fleet from the Black Sea but refused to dismiss the German officers from her ships, and

(Continued on page five.)