

BEST STORIES OF THE WAR

MESSAGE WAS MIXED

Recently a clergyman friend—in fact a classmate—of Rev. Julius Hulteen of the Swedish Lutheran Church at Campello decided to wed.

He lives in the west, so it is all right to say that Rev. Hulteen and other clergymen who went to school with him, and are now married and most of them with families, never dreamt that he would forsake his career ways and take a wife.

On the day of the ceremony, Mr. Hulteen telegraphed as follows: "Never Too Late to Mend, intensive happiness and extensive prosperity."

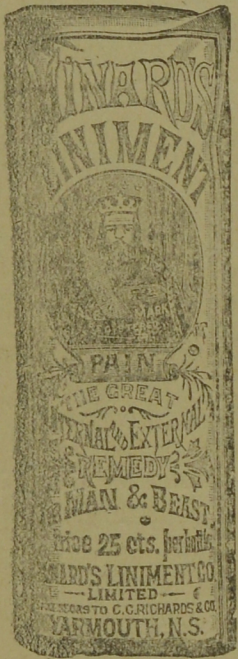
In repeating the message the clerk read, "Never too late to mend. Intensive happiness and extensive prosperity." —Brockton Enterprise.

BEST STORIES OF WAR
SAW WOMEN SHOT

A woman refugee from Framerie, near Mons, told the following story to the relief committee in Paris:

"My husband is with the Belgian army and I was left with my three babies in our cottage. All was quiet until Monday when the Germans came. They sacked and destroyed everything in the house. There remains of our poor village nothing but ruins. I saw one of the soldiers strike one of my neighbors in the breast with his sword. Then he flourished the bloody blade as though proud of the feat. Some women who had hidden in their cellars were shot."

"A woman from Peronne le Bincher started out with one of her neighbors who carried a young baby at her breast. Suddenly the mother perceived that the little one was dead. She could not bear this new shock and lost her reason. When she was helped out of the train on reaching Paris she still held and was crooning over the body of her child."



The Original and Only Genuine

Beware of Imitations Sold on the Merits of Minard's Liniment

FOUGHT SINGING MARSEILLAISE

A correspondent of the London Times at Ostend says:

"I have obtained the following details of the siege of Namur from two Belgian soldiers. They informed me that the Germans attacked the town during a dense fog, and for two days the bombardment never ceased. The open town was reduced to ruins and the carnage among the inhabitants was appalling. The forts of Cognelee and Marchevotte were silenced by heavy German siege guns of 11-inch calibre."

"The 148th French Regiment of the line coming from Givet, proudly marched into the town to the strains of 'The Marseillaise'—this during a murderous hail of projectiles. Alas, they had arrived too late! Namur had become an inferno and at midday the order was given to retreat."

RODE INTO DEATH'S JAWS.

A correspondent describing the fighting before Malines says:

"I could see dark blue masses of Belgian infantry falling back cool as on a winter's morning. Through a mistake, two battalions of carabineers did not receive the orders to retire and were in imminent danger of destruction. To reach them a messenger would have to traverse a mile of open road swept by shrieking shrapnel. A Colonel summoned a gendarme and gave him the orders and he set spurs to his horse and tore down the road in an archaic figure in towering bearskin. It was a ride into the jaws of death."

"He saved his troops but as they fell back the German guns got the range and dropped shell upon shell into the running column. Road and fields were dotted with corpses in Belgian blue."

"At noon the Belgians and Germans were in places only fifty yards apart, and the rattle of musketry sounded like a boy drawing a stick along the palings of a picket fence. The railway embankment from which I viewed the battle was fairly carpeted with corpses of infantrymen killed yesterday. I saw peasants throw twelve into one grave."

TROOPER BROKE GIRL'S JAW.

An old man sitting in a corner on a sack of straw told the following story to a correspondent in Paris:

"People call me Jean Beaulon. I have a little wine shop just across the river from Leige, in the town of Grivegnée. When the mobilization order came, I went to join their regiment. I was announced my two sons, both imbeciles. My daughters—I have two, this one here and another—remained with their old father."

The girl he motioned to was a bright-eyed girl of about 16, but only her eyes were visible, as the rest of her face was swathed in bandages. He continued:

"You see her poor dear face? Well, a German was the cause of that. When they came they demanded wine, which I gave them, and one man tried to insult her. When she resented this he struck her and broke her jaw."

CANADIAN ANNUAL EXHIBITION, TORONTO

August 29-Sept. 14

SPECIAL FARES VIA CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

The greatest annual event of its kind will again no doubt attract hundreds of thousands of visitors and every effort has been made to place the 1914 Exhibition on the top rung of the ladder of success.

Some of this year's special features announced are, exhibits by the Government and the various Provinces, Paintings by English, Scottish, American and Canadian artists. America's Greatest Live Stock Show, Manufacturers' Display, a dozen vaudeville shows packed in a single hour motor boat races, dozen band concerts every day. Dog and cat shows, Boy Scout Review by the Governor General, the Duke of Connaught, New Giant Midway, Grand Stand Spectacle of Babylon with a thousand performers in picturesque costumes against a background of Oriental gorgeousness.

The Government Railways are offering reduced fares on various dates. Fare and on, third, Aug. 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and Sept. 2. Single fare Sept. 1, 7, 9 and 10, and special excursions fare Sept. 1, 4 and 8 to Toronto and return, when the rate will be \$18.00 from Moncton, St. John, and Campbellton, \$23.60 from Halifax, \$23.55 from Sydney and proportionate fares from all stations in the Maritime Provinces. All tickets are good for return leaving Toronto, Sept. 15, 1914. Passengers via the Government lines have the choice of two trains, the Maritime Express and the Ocean Limited, the latter connecting at Montreal with the famous Grand Trunk day express "International Limited," leaving Montreal at 9.00 a. m., and arriving Toronto at 4.30 p. m., and the Maritime Express with the night trains for Toronto. Sins. Sept. 1.

COLLARS and HARNEYS
MADE TO ORDER AND REPAIREDDAY BROTHERS
QUEEN STREET

NEXT BELOW MAIL OFFICE.

"My other daughter becoming very tired after a time," he went on, "sat down by the roadside while this girl and I went ahead to try to find some means of conveyance. A little further on we came upon a riderless horse, and after great difficulty we both succeeded in mounting and went back to find my daughter. We had not been gone more than half an hour, but when we returned she was no longer there."

HEAT OF SUN IS SLOWLY LESSENING

With the Passing of Old "Sol's" Warmth Humanity Will Cease to Live

The sun is a mass of blazing heat gases 1,300,000 times larger than the earth. Its temperature varies between 8,000 and 12,000 degrees. However vast its heat may be, it can be no exception to the common law of matter. Every day it loses some of its heat and is gradually growing colder. A moment will come inevitably when its radiation will grow weaker, and after that will cease altogether. That will mean death for us in cold and darkness.

There is nothing surprising in this deduction. Millions of extinct suns, which were once like our luminary are known to exist in the heavens. Every star is born and lives to die. The problem is to fix the date of its extinction.

In the opinion of many scientists, the American astronomer who has threatened us with death in 5,000,000 years has added nothing new to this subject, which scientists have discussed with good arguments for some 50 years.

The first question we must ask is, where did the sun obtain the heat with which it maintains our life in a manner so constant? Without doubt we can observe in the sun certain variations of heat. Our winters and summers are not exactly alike, but these variations are comparatively small. They are subject to a periodic flux, which brings back nearly the same condition after a certain lapse of time. The climate of the earth has not changed within historic times. Before long we shall experience exceptionally severe winters and torrid summers. What colossal source of power keeps up the sun in this manner? With what mysterious substances is this enormous furnace fed?

The physicists, Mayer and Helmholtz, have given the best answers to this question. The sun was originally much larger than it is at present. In obedience to the laws of attraction, gaseous masses contract and become smaller. The laws of physics teach us that under these conditions a gas may recover the heat which radiation causes it to lose and which is distributed in surrounding space. Calculations show that a contraction of 25 fathoms a year in the diameter of the sun would cause its heat to remain constant for thousands of years. The sun has a diameter of 926,964 miles. Even supposing the diminution mentioned occurred, no instrument could reveal the change in its diameter in a period of ten centuries.

Thus, according to the mechanical theory of heat, astronomers who may live in the year 12000 of our era will be able to know what the sun's diameter has diminished about five miles since the beginning of telescopic observation.

In 7,000,000 years the sun will still radiate the same quantity of heat, but its disc will appear to man one-fourth of its present size. From that moment nothing will be able to check the loss of heat which it will undergo through radiation. The average temperature of the earth will show the effect. In our northern countries vegetation will lose a large part of its vitality. The crops will no longer ripen, and the people will press toward the equatorial region. A few million years after that all earthly life will become impossible. The sun will be covered with dark spots, which will gradually grow larger and larger.

Sun Will Lose Light
In a few tens of millions of years after that the sun will have lost its place among the light-giving bodies of the heavens. It will become a black and invisible body, a dangerous derelict of the millions of stars moving through space, but it will still continue its course through space.

From these facts and arguments we may conclude that humanity will still exist for 10,000,000 years, or perhaps 15,000,000 at the utmost. We must, however, remember that accidents may occur to shorten this life. A healthy man may reasonably expect to live to 80, but an automobile may end his career in an hour or a day. So it is with our earth.

If the earth dies in the fulness of time it will die from cold in, say, 10,000,000 or 15,000,000 years from now, but there is a host of other dangers that menace humanity. In the ceaseless journey which the earth makes around the sun at the rate of 90 1-3 miles a second, may it not some day come into collision with the heart of a colossal comet? In such a case humanity may witness a frightful spectacle, a dreadful prelude to universal death. What astronomer can assure us that a collision will not occur within a few years? Barring such an accident, however, the end of the earth from cold must be regarded as fixed.

HOOVER POTATO DIGGERS

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Steel Sides—making machine lighter and stronger
Steel Sprockets—smaller sprockets and agitators are steel.

Steel Pitmans with wood bushings—better than old style wood.

Dust Proof Roller Bearings in nearly all gears and agitators, making a wonderful difference in draft.

Rod or Riddle Elevator.

For years the Hoover has been "The Potato Digger" and the wonderful demand this year proves that it still holds foremost place.

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Remember, we make a specialty of furnishing repair parts promptly.

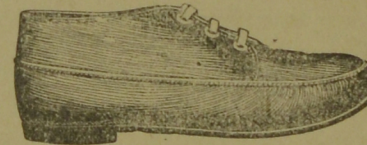
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PERSISTENCY IN ADVERTISING

One stroke of a bell in a thick fog does not give a lasting impression of its location, but when followed by repeated strokes at regular strokes at regular intervals the densest fog, the darkest night can not long conceal its whereabouts. Likewise a single insertion of an advertisement—as compared with regular and systematic ADVERTISING—is in its effect not unlike a sound which, heard but faintly once is lost in space and soon forgot—Printing Art.

TRY AN ADVERTISEMENT IN THE DAILY MAIL

If your Stock of Stationery is getting low Telephone THE MAIL PRINTER

Advertise in the MAIL



Sift it. Then you'll notice its wonderful fineness

That is a point of superiority you will see in Rainbow Flour the moment you begin to use it.

For Rainbow is ground remarkably fine and even. And these qualities certainly help when you prepare the dough.

They enable Rainbow Flour to mix with the milk and yeast more easily and thoroughly than other flours. The bread bakes evenly into the lightest, whitest loaves imaginable.

And remember—everything we print about Rainbow Flour can be quickly proved in your own kitchen.

RAINBOW FLOUR
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At your grocer's. In convenient 8 1/2-lb. and 7-lb. boxes, 7-lb., 14-lb., 24-lb., 49-lb. and 98-lb. bags and in barrels.

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