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The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime—Strong winds and gales, easterly to northerly, cloudy with snow. Stationary or a little lower temperature.

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Indiana Kidnapping Case Still an Unsolved Mystery

Little Catherine Winters Disappeared from Her Home a Year Ago and no Trace of Her Has Yet Been Found--Was an Intelligent Child of Nine Years of Age--Search Has Extended to all Parts of the Continent

Newcastle, Ind., March 7.—On the twentieth day of this month one year will have rolled around since little Catherine Winters disappeared from her home in this city, leaving not the slightest clue to her whereabouts. And although photographs of the missing child have been sent to practically every city of America and also have appeared in newspapers and on moving picture screens from one end of the land to the other, her disappearance is the mystery it was on the day her distracted parents began the search.

Catherine Winters was nine years old at the time of her disappearance and was declared by all who knew her to be an unusually intelligent child for her years. She was the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Winters, well known and respected residents of Newcastle. The child was last seen in the vicinity of her home at about noon on March 20, 1913. At that time she dropped out of sight as mysteriously as if the earth had opened up and swallowed her.

For an entire year Dr. Winters has been engaged in a continuous search for his lost child. He has travelled over a large section of the country and has visited every place whence came reports of anything that resembled a clue to the whereabouts of the little child. Only a week ago he returned to his home here after a fruitless trip to Arkansas, where it was reported that a child resembling Catherine Winters had been found.

A peculiar feature of the case is that neither the parents nor the friends of the family have ever entertained any other than the kidnapping theory as a solution of the mystery. Their firm belief that the child was kidnapped seems to be shared also by the authorities who have investigated the case, despite the fact that a motive as well as evidence of kidnapping appears to be lacking. But those who hold to the kidnapping theory argue that the little girl must either have been kidnapped or killed. And as it is incredible that a child who was known to nearly every person in town could have met death in any manner in broad daylight without leaving a trace of the tragedy, the kidnapping theory seems to offer the only reasonable explanation of the disappearance. On the other hand, there was no apparent motive for kidnapping the

child. While Dr. Winters is possessed of moderate means his wealth is scarcely sufficient to attract a seeker after ransom. Furthermore, there has never been any demand made on him for ransom money since the child disappeared, excepting by persons who sought a little "quick money" and whom it was easily shown by investigation that they had no knowledge of little Catherine's whereabouts or the cause of her disappearance.

The gypsy theory has been refuted by the certain knowledge that no gypsies were in Newcastle or its vicinity last March. A theory at first entertained that the grandmother or other relatives of the child living in Wisconsin might have been concerned in her disappearance likewise was proven absolutely without foundation. Other supposed clues led to Michigan, to Iowa and even to the Pacific Northwest, but nothing came of them. The offer of liberal rewards have brought no result. A special grand jury investigation of the case failed to develop any information of value. State and county authorities and the fraternal orders to which Dr. Winters belongs have lent their aid in the search.

Dr. Winters, despite his long and fruitless search, still appears confident that little Catherine will be found. Others who are closely interested in the mysterious case believe that the missing child is living, but where, or under what circumstances, none can even guess.

NOTABLE KIDNAPPINGS OF THE LAST HALF CENTURY

1874—Charles Ross, Germantown, Pa.; child and kidnapper never discovered.

1882—Walter Saunders, Atchison, Wis.; never heard of again.

1883—Johnnie Navin, Boston; disappeared April 13 and never reappeared.

1894—Sophia Hasenon, Philadelphia; never recovered.

1896—Sadie and Martin Jamieson, Newark; kidnapped on way to school and unfound.

0903—Edward Cudaby, Omaha; kidnapped and returned for ransom.

1909—"Billie" Whitley, Sharon, Pa.; kidnapped and returned for ransom.

1913—Catherine Winters, Newcastle, Ind.; kidnapped and no clue yet found.

RAILWAY ARBITRATION CASES DECIDED BY JUDGE BARRY

Messrs Fred I. Dingee and A. G. Turney Win Out on Appeal and Have a Substantial Increase Made In Their Awards--An Important Judgement

An important decision in two Valley Railway arbitration cases, one which will no doubt establish a precedent, was handed down by His Honor Judge Barry in chambers this morning. Mr. Fred I. Dingee of Upper Gagetown, and Mr. A. G. Turney of this city, who owns a farm at Burton, are the plaintiffs and His Honor's finding was in their favor.

Mr. Dingee's case was heard last fall by a board of arbitrators composed of John A. Humble, J. F. VanBuekirk and James Holden. They awarded him the sum of \$589, which, being less than the amount claimed by him, put him in for heavy costs. His counsel appealed the case and it was recently argued before Judge Barry. His Honor found for the plaintiff and increased the award to \$1,063.57, with costs against the defendant company.

Mr. Turney's case was heard by a board of arbitrators composed of Dr. Young, John Connor and Dr. Peake.

They allowed him the sum of \$216, which was considerably less than the amount claimed. Judge Barry allowed the appeal and increased the award to \$706.86.

His Honor's judgment was most exhaustive and he dealt with the different phases of the cases in a very able manner. He devoted considerable attention to the contention of the railway company that the construction of a railway enhanced the value of the land and was therefore, an offset against the claims of the individual land owner for damages. His Honor held that this argument only had weight in cases where the benefits from the railway construction were peculiar to a particular property, whereas any general benefit to the country at large should not be charged against the land of an individual. He also held that where could be no offset in the case of the land, actually taken for railway purposes, as the owner was clearly en-

MANY CATTLE WERE SHIPPED TO THE STATES

Abolition of the American Duty Responsible for Big Increase in Exports from Canada

AN 800 PER CENT INCREASE IN FOUR MONTHS

Ottawa, March 6.—What went up the price of meat in Canada last fall is indicated by a return to parliament showing the way cattle were rushed out of Canada when the Wilson tariff removed the American duty against cattle last autumn.

In the month of October 58,671 cattle were sent from Canada to the United States. During the previous October, when the American duty was in effect, only 5,142 cattle were sent. In the month of November 76,087 Canadian cattle were exported against 6,222 the previous November. By December Canadian cattle were becoming scarcer and only 22,233 could be found to ship against 4,126 in the previous December.

In January Canadian herds were so depleted that only 5,500 could be found by shippers, which was but few more than in January, 1913, when 4,211 were shipped.

During the four months ended January 31, 1914, there were 162,491 Canadian cattle sent to the United States, while during the same time the year before only 20,101 cattle were exported. The increased figures are about eight hundred per cent.

DEATH AT ST. MARY'S.

James McCrea passed away this morning at his home, St. Mary's, after a long illness. He was seventy-eight years of age. A widow and three sons survive, also two brothers. The sons live in Boston, Milltown, N.B., and Calais, Me., respectively. The funeral will take place on Monday at 12.30 p.m. The Rev. Milton Burtt will conduct the service. Interment will be made at Sunny Bank Cemetery.

CHINAMEN WILL HAVE SPEEDY TRIAL

Halifax, March 6.—Two of the Chinamen committed for trial some time ago on the charge of immorality and in which case the evidence of the girl, Smith, still in New Brunswick, was sought, appeared before Judge Wallace today in a select summary trial. The judge setting the cases down for hearing on Wednesday next at 11 o'clock. The two Chinamen, Charlie Wong and Quong Wing Lee, were admitted to bail in \$1,000 each.

NEWS FORECAST FOR COMING WEEK

Washington, D. C., March 7.—A partial eclipse of the moon is to take place Wednesday night and under favorable weather conditions will be visible throughout practically the whole of the United States and Canada.

On Thursday, the Jews of America, in common with their brethren throughout the world, will begin their annual celebration of the Feast of Purim, one of the most important festival days on the Jewish calendar.

A mortgage to secure bonds having a possible maximum of \$60,000,000, is expected to be authorized by the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Ry. when they hold their annual meeting in Philadelphia Tuesday.

It is expected to recover for the same at a proper valuation.

Mr. P. J. Hughes of McLellan and Hughes, argued the case for the land owners, and the St. John and Quince Railway Company was represented by Mr. P. A. Guthrie.

HAS MADE WAR AGAINST VICE

Anthony Comstock, New York is Seventy Years Old Today

Has Spent the Greater Part of His Life Fighting Organized Vice and Depravity

New York, March 7.—Anthony Comstock, whose activities at the head of the New York Society for the Prevention of Vice, have given him a nation-wide celebrity, celebrated his seventieth birthday anniversary today. It is no exaggeration to say that the name of Anthony Comstock is probably better known than that of any other man in New York. At the same time there exists a wide variance of opinion concerning the man and his work. Many have been heard to declare their opinion that he is a mere notoriety seeker. Others, and among them many persons who do not approve of his methods, are firmly convinced that Mr. Comstock has done more than any other person to crush organized vice and eliminate individual depravity in America's largest city.

An idea of the extent of Comstock's work can be realized when it is known that he has made upwards of five thousand arrests, obtained more than half that number of convictions and destroyed several hundred tons of indecent literature.

It is more than forty years since Comstock first became an active worker in the crusade against vice. One of his first arrests was of a man named Kelly whom he succeeded in convicting on a charge of selling improper pictures. On his way to prison Kelly drew a knife and cut a vicious gash in Comstock's cheek. The scar remains, and that is why Comstock wears the flowing beard.

It was to Comstock's little office in Nassau street that Harry Thaw went for help when he believed that young girls were being imperilled in studios. Other incidents that have brought Mr. Comstock prominently before the public in recent years were his condemnation of Elinor Glyn's "Three Weeks" his confiscation of Joseph Young's ten thousand dollars collection of pictures and his threat to arrest every woman whom he saw wearing sheath gowns.

SCOTCH CONCERT.

By request, the Scotch concert that was held in the Auld Kirk a few weeks ago, will be repeated at Chipman next Wednesday evening. Arrangements having been made with the Fredericton & Grand Lake Railway for reduced fares to all wishing to attend the concert, a large number are expected to go from here.

MR. BOWDER IS BETTER.

A. Bowder, the representative of New Brunswick in London, who was ill for some weeks during the winter, has recovered.

DELEGATES RETURN HOME.

The delegates to the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association left for their homes last night and today, the sessions being completed yesterday. The prizes at the Seed Fair were awarded by S. J. Moore and Robert Newton. Dr. Robert Newton and C. F. Fawcett gave an interesting talk on "Potato Culture." R. P. Gorham spoke on "Potato Diseases." A mid-summer meeting at the Fredericton Experimental Farm is probable.

S. S. HAMPSTEAD IS DISABLED.

The Steamer Hampstead, which is at present tied up alongside of the Steamer Victoria at Cushing's wharf St. John, has sprung a leak. A number of men are engaged, with the aid of a gasoline engine, pumping the water out, and when they have succeeded in doing so the steamer will be either bleached or put on the blocks, where repairs will be made. The Steamer is owned by the Fredericton Steamship Company of Fredericton.

Mr. W. Leonard Palmer of the London Financial News and Mrs. Palmer are here the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Slipp.

BIG DEFICIT IN SIGHT FOR BORDEN GOVERNMENT

Demand of McKenzie & Mann for a Big Loan Finds the Public Treasury Empty ---Deficit Expected to Reach the Twenty Million Dollar Mark---Extravagance rampant in every Department---The Revenue is Dropping off While Expenditure is Increasing

Ottawa, March 6.—The February financial statement for the Dominion issued today by the finance department, shows in a startling manner the accelerated progress of decreasing revenues and increasing expenditures under Hon. W. T. White's administration.

The demand of MacKenzie & Mann for millions via the federal treasury finds the said treasury already emptied by the Borden government's expenditures, with a \$20,000,000 deficit in sight at the end of the fiscal year.

At the present rate the next fiscal year will show very heavy borrowings by the Canadian government on a credit already strained and a tight money market which has already raised the rate of interest payable on the last Dominion loan of \$25,000,000 to nearly four and a half per cent.

YEAR'S DEFICIT \$20,000,000.

Instead of there being a surplus at the end of the present fiscal year, some three weeks hence, of revenue over all expenditure, there is likely to be a deficit of approximately \$20,000,000. Last year's record surplus of revenue over ordinary expenditure, namely, \$56,360,000, will be reduced this year to \$34,000,000 or \$35,000,000 while capital expenditure will be \$20,000,000 more than the surplus.

The total revenue of the year, according to the figures of the first eleven months, will be approximately \$163,000,000, or \$6,000,000 less than last year.

The total expenditure on consolidated fund account will be about \$128,000,000 or \$129,000,000, or some \$16,000,000 increase during the year on the ordinary expenses of administration.

Capital expenditure, including railway subsidies, is likely to reach \$55,000,000, or some \$23,000,000 more than last year.

The total expenditure, therefore, for the fiscal year now ending will be approximately \$40,000,000 more than last year, in the face of a revenue decreased by some \$6,000,000. And the revenue is still steadily decreasing at an alarming rate.

These are some of the facts which Hon. W. T. White will have to face when he comes to make his budget speech in the Commons next month.

REVENUE DECREASING FAST.

The statements of receipts and expenditures for February show a fall-

ing off in revenue of \$3,437,750, as compared with February of last year, while expenditures for the ordinary cost of administration increased by \$2,839,745. In other words, the net impairment of surplus during the month, as compared with February of last year, is over \$6,000,000. That is by all odds the worst record of Canadian government finances in decades.

The total revenue for the month was \$6,689,120. The total expenditure on consolidated fund account was \$9,132,762, and the total expenditure on capital account was \$2,764,497.

The net debt of the Dominion increased during the month by \$2,755,931, as compared with a decrease during February of last year of \$5,180,611. At the end of the month the net debt has risen to \$317,169,801.

Customs revenue for the month totalled \$6,656,829, a decrease of \$2,322,861 as compared with February of last year. This shows a falling off in imports of about twenty-five per cent., and there is little expectation that the tide will turn for some months to come.

Practically every department shows a decrease in revenue. The single exception is in the post-office department where receipts for the month increased by \$75,000, only, despite the inauguration of the parcels post system.

For the eleven months of the fiscal year the expenditure on consolidated fund account has been \$102,221,133, an increase of \$13,276,801 over the corresponding period of last year. Expenditure on capital account and on railway subsidies has been \$49,240,651 an increase of \$21,623,286.

SHAUGHNESSY NOT FOR LONDON POST

Montreal, March 6.—An emphatic denial was given by Sir Thomas Shaughnessy today to the reports that he would succeed to the office of high commissioner for Canada at London, England.

"These rumors," said the president of the C.P.R., "are quite baseless and I cannot understand how they got started. Even if my ambition lay in that direction and I was wanted, I feel that the Canadian Pacific will have a lien of my services until I am too old to be of further use."

MINISTERS DEMAND APOLOGY, MAGISTRATE REFUSES IT

The Ministerial Association has demanded from John L. Marsh, Police Magistrate, an apology for his statement that some of the members of that body made false statements from the pulpit on Sunday last when discussing the enforcement of the Canada Temperance Act in Fredericton. A letter from the Ministerial Association to the police magistrate was given to him on Friday. This morning a messenger of the Association waited upon him and asked for a reply. He informed them that he had no reply and would make no apology.

The letter was as follows:—

Fredericton, March 6th, 1914.
John L. Marsh, Esq., M. A.,
Police Magistrate:—
Your Honor,—

In the recent session of the Police Court Thursday, March 5th, instant, morning and afternoon, Your Honor took occasion in connection with the matter of the Barker House raid, to

make references to the clergy of Fredericton in which you said that remarks made in some of the pulpits last Sunday regarding your Scott Act administration were untrue. It is fair to say that after a pause you used the qualifying phrase "if the reporter stated the matter correctly." Yet it is also true that other references of yours regarding ministerials were worthy of exception. In view of your entirely gratuitous reference to us and in particular to statements concerning yourself claimed to be untrue, we emphatically request you to give our secretary a statement in writing of the ministerial references you claim were untrue. We further ask you to have this ready by tomorrow at 10 o'clock when a representative of the Ministerial Association will call for it at your residence. In case of your failing to do this we shall expect an apology for your charge.

Faithfully yours,
CHAS. FLEMINGTON,
Sec'y F'n Ministerial Ass'n.