

TO ADVERTISERS.
To insure prompt change of ads copy must be in this office not later than 8 a. m. on the day they are to appear.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime — Fresh to strong northerly to westerly winds; fair and cold today and on Friday.

VOL. XVI NO. 28

FREDERICTON, N. B., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2 1912

TWO CENTS PER COPY

TOWN OF DARTMOUTH HAS MILLION DOLLAR BLAZE

A Flourishing Nova Scotia Town Suffers Severe Fire Loss --- Mammoth Sugar Refinery in Ruins --- One Man Missing and May have been Burned to Death --- Vast Quantities of Raw and Refined Sugar Destroyed

Halifax, Feb. 1.—The woodside plant of the Acadia Sugar Refining Company located on the Dartmouth side of the harbor was totally destroyed by fire this evening with a loss of considerably over \$1,000,000. The insurance, it is said will cover the loss and there is not a company here but what is interested.

The fire started in a large wooden warehouse on the waterfront, where 10,000 barrels of sugar was stored. This was swept away and with amazing velocity the fire swept to the seven-story brick structure across the railway track, which is the refinery proper. This was soon enveloped by the fire and some of the workmen had difficulty in escaping with their lives. Many of them engaged in the hot rooms got out with practically no clothing and one man, Henneberry who is missing, is reported to have perished.

The steamer Aurora of the Pickford & Black Line had been at the wharf discharging raw sugar for three days. She was pulled out but the sugar she had discharged was burned. Besides the refined sugar destroyed more than 25,000 bags of raw is gone. A number of loaded I.C.R. cars were on the siding but no engine could be secured quick enough to haul them out and they were burned.

At 10 o'clock everything was gone of the splendid plant which is the largest of the two owned by the Acadia Sugar Refining Company, except the boiler house and there was a slight chance of saving that.

The fire departments of Dartmouth and Halifax could do nothing to fight the fire the plant being nearly three miles out of town and isolated.

The company is one of Nova Scotia's most prosperous industries, a considerable portion of the capital stock being held in New Glasgow.

Referring to the destruction of the Woodside refinery, John K. Schofield of Schofield & Beer, agents for the Acadia Sugar Refineries said that night that the Richmond refinery in Halifax had just been closed for a time, but on account of last night's fire it would be reopened. This he said would enable them to supply the wants of the maritime provinces and the west would be the only sufferers, though they would now be looked after from Montreal.

Mr. Schofield last night had a conversation over the long distance telephone with an official of the burned refinery, and he ascertained that the large warehouse which contained a large quantity of refined and raw sugar was also destroyed.—Telegraph.

UNEXPECTED CALL FOR TORPEDO BOATS

London, Feb. 1.—An unexpected call has been made today on all the shipbuilders on the list of constructors, by the British Navy to send tenders for a new fleet of torpedo boat destroyers, of the most up-to-date type. Each of the firms has been invited to tender for three boats. No provision for the construction of these crafts was made in this year's naval estimates, but prominent naval men have for a long time, complained of the lack in the British Navy of fast seagoing torpedo boat destroyers capable of coping with modern cruisers.

PERSONAL

District Engineer C. O. Foss of the National Transcontinental Railway arrived in the city last night. He registered at the Queen.

A SHOCKING DISASTER

British Submarine Boat Goes to the Bottom with all Hands

Accident was the Result of a Collision with a Gunboat—Eleven Men Perished

(Canadian Press.)

Portsmouth, Eng., Feb. 1.—The British submarine "A 3" sank this morning, after a collision with the British gunboat Hazard, off the eastern end of the Isle of Wight. A cruiser is standing by to render assistance.

The "A 3" carried a crew of eleven men, whose fate is not yet definitely known. It is believed, however, that all are lost, and that the vessel is full of water.

British submarines belonging to the "A 3" class have been singularly unfortunate. The "A 5" had six men killed and twelve injured by an explosion at Queenstown on February 16, 1905. The "A 8" sank off Plymouth on June 8, 1905, when fourteen men out of her crew of eighteen lost their lives. The "A 4" sank during the manoeuvres at Portsmouth on November 16, of the same year, but the whole of her crew were rescued with considerable difficulty. The "A 1" had seven of her crew badly injured by an explosion on August 6, 1910.

The commander in charge of the Portsmouth division of the British navy confirms the flooding of the submarine "A 3" and the drowning of the whole of her crew.

(Continued on page five.)

CAMORRIST TRIAL STILL DRAGS ALONG

The Scene has been Shifted from Viterbo to Bay-noli--Court Held Sitting in Restaurant and Attended Picnic

(Canadian Press.)

Naples, Feb. 2.—The famous Camorra trial was transferred yesterday from Viterbo to Bagnoli, where in May 1906, members of the Camorra attended a banquet and decided on the execution of Gennaro Cuocolo, a member of the Camorra, and his wife, who was Marie Cutinelli, a woman whom Cuocolo had reformed. The court, juryman, reporters and the lawyers of both sides paid a visit to a small restaurant, which was the scene of the banquet.

An enormous crowd watching the proceedings, the judge went over the dimension of the room carefully to see whether it would hold forty men and the inkeeper testified that he had never served dinners in his establishment to more than ten persons at a time. The lawyers for the Camorrista were jubilant over his testimony and over the general result of the visit, and after the proceedings they invited the judge and the members of the jury to a picnic at Posillipo, a village in the Commune of Naples.

VALEDICTORIAN ELECTED

This morning the Senior Class at the University of New Brunswick elected J. T. Hebert valedictorian and Miss Louise Crocker, Ivy Orator. A committee was also appointed to make arrangements for the baccalaureate sermon.

Nationalists and Flag-Flappers in a Deadlock

The French Wing, Directed by Henri Bourassa Wants Naval Bill Repealed and Separate Schools Established when the Manitoba Boundaries are Extended---Protestant Wing of the Party are Opposed to it---Troublesome Questions Discussed but no Decision was Reached---Toronto Tory Paper Unmercifully Flays Borden, on Ne Temere Bill

Ottawa, Feb. 1.—The Conservatives had another caucus this morning at which the discussion of the Manitoba school question and the navy was continued.

The French Nationalist wing, directed by Mr. Bourassa, insists that the naval bill shall be repealed before the close of the session, and that when the Manitoba boundaries are extended the Roman Catholics shall be given separate schools in the added district.

The government had not yet consented to either of these proposals and they are bitterly opposed by the Protestant wing of the Conservative party especially from Ontario.

A TORY DEADLOCK

(St. John Globe)

Ottawa, Feb. 1.—There was another Conservative caucus this morning. It is almost without precedent for a government party to have caucuses on two successive days and the fact that the supporters of the administration, after being in conference for two hours yesterday had to be called together again today, is recorded as most significant. It is known that both the navy and school question in Manitoba were under discussion and that no agreement was reached on either question.

There is a growing feeling among the friends of the government that there is too much administration by commissions, caucuses and crisis, and that unless something is done to bring the extreme wings of the party together Mr. Borden is in for serious trouble.

The Nationalists, last night, were the guests of H. B. Ames and Judge Doherty at a dinner in the parliamentary restaurant, and it was agreed that there would be no hard feelings over the failure of the twenty-two

French members to have the Montreal harbor board dismissed. However, the Nationalists state that there has to be a show-down on both the navy and the Manitoba schools and unless they are brought up by the opposition they will bring them before the house.

The government does not want either question brought forward and at the caucus this morning an effort was made to persuade the Nationalists that for this session at least they should take no action. The government pointed out that to repeal the naval bill without providing a substitute of some sort would look bad.

It is understood that Col. Sam Hughes wants to have a ten million dollar contribution given the motherland for the purchase of a Dreadnought, but that this suggestion does not find favor with Mr. Monk, who would prefer having the naval contribution made in the form of additional land defences on the coasts of Canada.

The two questions, it is understood will be dealt with at a subsequent Conservative caucus.

BORDEN FLAYED

(Toronto Telegram, Tory)

No leader in the wars of Canadian politics has ever abased himself and his government at the feet of a dominant church without attempting to robe the process of abasement in a holy and heroic presence of statesmanship.

There was no heroic quality and no originality in the judicial pose of Rt. Hon. R. L. Borden when he shirked the Ne Temere issue. The Borden pose is an exact reproduction of the judicial pose of Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Sir Charles Tupper when they tried to carry the fire and sword of

pro-clerical legislation into Manitoba in 1896; of the pose of Sir Wilfrid Laurier when he carried the fire and sword of pro-clerical legislation into Alberta and Saskatchewan in 1905. The tactics of Rt. Hon. R. L. Borden in the presence of the Ne Temere issue and tactics that invite greater disasters than such tactics ever avert. The Borden tactics have already set the Conservative party's feet in the way that has led to disaster in the past. These tactics might have led to disaster on Tuesday morning if the bungling leadership of Laurier had not illustrated the hopelessness of pulling Borden down in order to build Laurier up.

A leader who has been given the support of seventy-three out of Ontario's eighty-six members of parliament is credited with heroism when he disappoints the just and reasonable expectations of the people who supplied him with a small but sufficient majority irrespective of Quebec.

There is no heroism in Mr. Borden's tactics. These tactics are the result of calculation or miscalculation to the effect that:

"The people who oppose the Ne Temere decree can be fooled and the church that upholds the Ne Temere decree can't be fooled."

Canadians may be temporarily or permanently deprived of their rights by pro-clerical leaders at Ottawa. Such Canadians must also be deprived of their senses before they can recognize the noble outlines of moral heroism or political courage in the figure of the Borden government. That government represents itself as a skulker into the nearest law court with an issue which should be kept in parliament until settled by legislation, instead of being shirked by litigation.

MAY OVERTHROW THE PORTUGUESE REPUBLIC

Supreme Effort will be Made by the Monarchists During February to Regain Power---Spain Behind Movement

London, Feb. 2.—The News asserts that a supreme effort has been arranged for the month of February, to overthrow the Portuguese republic. The coup is to be made over the northern and eastern Spanish frontiers, with the intention of a dash towards the capital. Large sums of money have been spent in the past few months for this purpose.

It is recalled that the Spanish authorities some time ago allowed the Portuguese royalists bands under command of General Contero, to use Spanish territory as a base for their incursions into North Portugal. The Portuguese government, on its side, according to this story has been almost openly organizing a republican movement in Spain. This movement which has for its object, the uniting of Spring and Portugal in a single Iberian Republic, has met with considerable success. The immediate pending struggle in Portugal, is therefore, likely to involve Spain as it is to restore the Portuguese monarchy.

PERSONAL

Mr. R. Carr Harris of Ottawa was at the Queen yesterday. Mr. Alex Allire of Montreal is in the city. Mr. F. A. London of Montreal is at the Queen. Mr. L. C. Dalzell of St. John arrived in the city this morning.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH OF STATE WITNESS

Fort Worth, Texas, Feb. 2.—Edward Throckmorton, principal state witness in the trial of J. E. Sned, charged with the murder of Captain A. G. Boyce, died about midnight. "Anna, I've been doped," he said, addressing his wife just before he died. Throckmorton, son of a former governor of Texas, became suddenly and mysteriously ill Tuesday night. He had been seen that day in company with two strangers here said to have been detectives, connected with the case.

CANDLEMAS DAY AT ROME

Rome, Feb. 2.—In accordance with an ancient tradition all the heads of religious orders of Roman Basilicas and Colleges today presented the Pope with most beautiful candles made purposely for the occasion, the feast of the Purification, usually known as Candlemas.

TO RACE FOR WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP

Edinburgh, Feb. 2.—Much interest is manifested in the three-cornered race for the world's championship between Longboat, Kolehmainen and Holmar, which is to be run tomorrow over the Powderhall course. The race is to be a fifteen-mile event, the winner to receive the stakes amounting to \$125 a side and a gold medal emblematic of the world's championship.

THE WRIT AT LAST

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 2.—The South Renfrew Dominion bye-election will be held on February 15. The date was formally announced with the issuing of the writ today.

MALVERSATIONISTS WON OUT IN MONTREAL CIVIC BATTLE

N.B. ESTIMATES CUT DOWN

Expenditure on St. John River Wharves Curtailed by the Govt.

Hazen Looking for a Site in St. John for Government Steamers--N. B. Estimates Passed

Ottawa, Feb. 1.—Parliament discussed the grain bill during the afternoon, and the parcel post through the evening. The postmaster-general said Canada's population was so small and the area was so large that a parcel post on the English basis would swamp the department under deficits.

He stated that he was determined to force the American monopolies to give Canada a cheaper cable service for both press and business messages.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson said he had been informed that newspapers could no longer obtain transportation from Montreal, but had to apply to Ottawa. This involved a delay which was awkward. The papers would like to have old conditions restored.

Mr. Monk promised to call the attention of the minister of railways to the matter.

NEW BRUNSWICK ESTIMATES CUT.

New Brunswick estimates were taken up at eleven o'clock in the evening. Hon. Dr. Pugsley and Mr. Turgeon complained because a vote for Bathurst had been dropped from the estimates.

(Continued on page five.)

DRAMATIC SCENE AT TRIAL OF DYNAMITER

Berth Connors Led up and Down in Front of Jury Box by Attorney and Compelled to Show his Teeth

(Canadian Press.)

Los Angeles, Calif., Feb. 2.—Berth Connors, on trial here for conspiracy to dynamite the Hall of Records building, was led up and down in front of the jury box yesterday, by the hand of District Attorney C. Ray Horton pulling his lips away from his teeth, as the teeth of a horse are bared before a sale.

In concluding his arguments, Horton declared dents on fulminating caps introduced as evidence, were the imprints of Connors' teeth, showing where he had clinched the caps to fuses attached in turn to the sticks of dynamite near the building.

As Horton spoke Connors was seen to close his lips firmly. "Look at him," cried the prosecutor, "he does not dare open his mouth; he does not dare show his teeth."

Connors' attorney, Lecompte Lavis, pulled him from his chair and stood him up before the jury box. Horton grasped the prisoner's jaw, pulling the lower lip away from the teeth, calling attention to the fact that Connors' teeth are far apart. When he had finished and released the prisoner, he passed the fulminating caps into the jury box, declaring they bore the traces of the teeth the jurors had just seen.

San Salvador, Republic of Salvador, Feb. 2.—General Manuel Bonilla assumed the presidency of Honduras yesterday.

Ald. Lavallee was Chosen Mayor by a Big Majority over Ald. George Marcil --- Five of the Famous "Twenty-three" Including the Leader, Ald. Giroux, won Aldermanic Seats Despite Strenuous Opposition

Montreal, Feb. 1.—Alderman L. A. Lavallee, advocate, was today elected mayor of Montreal by a large majority over Ald. George Marcil, real estate dealer.

The referendum vote on the abolition of the property qualification for mayor and aldermen, showed a majority of voters in favor of abolition.

This vote, however, can have no effect until the legislature at Quebec passes a bill in accordance with the wishes of the citizens.

In the polling for aldermen, chief interest centred around the wards, ten in number, in which candidates blacklisted by the citizens' association were running. The association had opposed ten candidates, either members of the famous twenty-three of the 1909 council which voted to grant huge contracts to large tenders for the benefit of middlemen, or men who, since their advent to the council have been classed as reactionaries, opposing the reforms in the government of the city instituted in 1910, following the revelations of the royal commission investigation in municipal affairs.

MANY OF "OLD RING" ELECTED

Despite the opposition of the citizens' association, five of the candidates opposed by them were returned, including ex-Ald. Giroux, leader of the "23," whose defeat they secured in the 1910 elections; ex-Ald. Mederic Martin, whose name was prominent in the records of the royal commission, and who also failed to return to the council in 1910; ex-Ald. Seguin, ex-Ald. Lariviere, and ex-Ald. Judge.

A feature of the elections is the return of three more English aldermen to the council than in the last election, those being Stroud, in St. Joseph; McDonald, in Notre Dame De Grace, and Blumenthal in St. Louis. The election of the last named marks a new era in the history of the Jew in Montreal, and his election in St. Louis ward, once the veritable centre of the French quarter, shows how rapidly the Jewish immigrants are becoming a factor in Montreal's civic life.

Ald. Lavallee, the new mayor, has had twelve years experience in civic politics. The chief plank in his platform is the reduction of the city's borrowing power from 15 to 12 per cent of the assessed property value.

The polling was not profitable for the temperance element. They had supported Ald. Marcil for mayor, and in addition to this they lost West ward, where Alderman Carter, who advocated, among other things, the abolition of curtains and screen doors in bars; the abolition of the serving of spirituous liquors at civic functions; and a stricter enforcement of the license law, had to hand his seat to ex-Ald. Fraser, of Fraser Viger & Company.

FOOTBALL RULES MEETING

New York, Feb. 2.—The members of the Intercollegiate Football Rules Committee rounded up at the Holland House this morning, for a two days' meeting. Yale, Harvard, Princeton, Pennsylvania, West Point, Dartmouth, Cornell, Chicago, Minnesota, Vanderbilt, Annapolis and other leading institutions were represented. As there appears to be little opposition to the present game among the members of the committee no radical changes are expected to be made in the rules this year.

"In His Steps," by the Rev. Charles Sheldon may be dramatized.