

# Listen!

Have you heard about Peps? Peps is a new scientific preparation put up into tablet or pastille form, which provides an entirely new and effective treatment for coughs, colds and lung and throat troubles.

There is no connection between the lungs and the stomach.

Suppose something were wrong with your stomach—say indigestion, or ulceration—would you think of taking some medicine which went not to your stomach, but to your lungs? Certainly not!

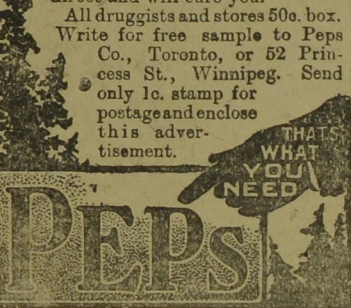
Why then, when your lungs and chest are affected, should you dose your stomach—an absolutely separate organ—with medicine? Is it not far better to treat the ailing organ direct?

Peps provides a direct treatment for coughs, colds, bronchitis, and all lung, chest and throat troubles. Peps contains highly medicinal essences and pine extracts condensed into tablet form. You put a Peps on your tongue, and as it slowly dissolves, these volatile essences turn into vapor. You BREATHE the remedy to your sore ailing lungs direct—not swallow it to your stomach, which is not ailing. (See diagram.) The healing fumes, thus breathed down, bathe the delicate, inflamed membranes of your breathing-tubes and pass right on to the tiny passages of the lungs—a course no liquid or solid medicine could possibly take.

Peps fumes are healing and antiseptic. They heal sore tissue and kill disease germs. Peps bring pine-forest fumes to your home, instead of you going to the pine forest!

For that cold, that night cough, that touch of bronchitis, don't dose your stomach! The trouble lies in your lungs. Peps go to the lungs direct and will cure you.

All druggists and stores 50c. box. Write for free sample to Peps Co., Toronto, or 52 Princess St., Winnipeg. Send only 10c. stamp for postage and enclose this advertisement.



## ACQUITTED COOK OF MURDER CHARGE

Edmonton, Alta., Oct. 24—Thomas Gilbert Cook, has been acquitted of the charge of murdering William S. Crawford at Wainwright in May last. The case came to a sudden and dramatic conclusion yesterday as soon as the Crown had rested its case and before any witnesses for the defence had been called.

"You think, my Lord," said the Crown, "that the jury wish for the defence to hear anything further in this case?"

"I think," replied Mr. Justice Ives, "that I am bound to direct the jury to acquit this man of this charge. There has been only a suspicion that he murdered Crawford and that suspicion has been scotched."

His Lordship then instructed the jury to bring in a verdict of "Not Guilty," and the foreman at once arose and pronounced the two words. "Thomas Gilbert Cook," said the judge, addressing the prisoner, "you are discharged from custody. In doing so I may say that while you may have some feeling over the ordeal to which you have been subjected during the past five days, and in fact, for months before that, you will feel also that it has been necessary and that now your position is above all suspicion."

## Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

are not a new and untried remedy—our grandfathers used them. Half a century ago, before Confederation, they were on sale in nearly every drug or general store in the Canada of that day, and were the recognized cure in thousands of homes for Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Rheumatism and Kidney and Liver Troubles. To-day they are just as effective, just as reliable as ever, and nothing better has yet been devised to

Cure Common Ills

## DEVASTATING EFFECT OF AEROPLANE BOMB

Those who have seen the photograph of the narrow path leading through the forest, which is mentioned below, with the demolished ammunition wagons of which nothing but the iron parts remain will find this account which has just been released by the censor, very interesting.

"It already has been mentioned that according to information obtained from the enemy, fifteen Germans were killed by a bomb dropped upon the ammunition wagon of a cavalry column. It was thought at the time that this might have been the work of one of our airmen who reported that he who reported that he had dropped a hand grenade on his convoy and had then got a bird's-eye view of the finest display of fireworks he had ever seen. From corroborative evidence it now appears that this was the case—that this grenade thrown by him probably was the cause of the destruction of a small convoy carrying field gun and howitzer ammunition which now has been found a total wreck. Along the road lie fourteen motor lorries, their iron skeletons twisted and broken. Everything inflammable has been burned, as have the stripped trees—some wit split trunks—on either side of the road. Of the drivers nothing remains except tattered boots and charred scraps of clothing while the ground within radius of fifty yards of the wagons is littered with pieces of iron split brass cartridge cases, which have exploded, and some fixed gun ammunition with live shells.

"If it were possible to reconstruct this incident, if it was in fact brought about as supposed, the grenade from the aeroplane must have detonated on the leading lorry, on one side of the road, and caused the cartridges carried by it to explode. Three vehicles immediately in the rear must then have been set on fire with a similar result. Behind these are groups of four and two vehicles, each so jammed together as to suggest that they must have collided in desperate attempts to stop. On the other side of the road almost level with the leading wagon, are four more vehicles which probably were fired by the explosion of the first.

"If this appalling destruction was due to one hand grenade it is an illustration of the potentialities of a small amount of high explosive detonated in the right spot, while the nature of the place where the disaster occurred—a narrow forest road between high trees—is a testimony to the skill of the airman.

"It is only fair to add that some French newspapers claim this damage to the enemy was caused by the action of a detachment of their Dragoons."

### Railways in Africa

With the completion of a new railroad in western Africa in the near future it will be possible to cross the Dark Continent from the Atlantic to the Indian ocean by rail and the routes.

The Resignation of the Dines. How is it, asks a writer in "The Hill's Magazine," that the Dines go whole lot and appear to be happy? It is for the reason that their life is so entirely hopeless, so utterly absolute in its deprivation, that it compels them to see the uselessness of rebelling against the inevitable. It is the knowledge that moroseness and impatience will only aggravate their misery; it is the fight with themselves, once mastered, that causes them to see the matter in the right light. When that is accomplished a new life is opened up to them, a fresh start is made—as it has to be—the outlook becomes brighter and everything has to be relearned, so that they may get their ends without the use of force. This it is that gives them occupation and brings contentment, but do not imagine that, however they may look or appear, they forget for one minute their affliction or their longing and desire to see. That is ever present and the life is merely patient endurance, with the desire to prove a little burden as possible to their more fortunate fellows.

### Pacific Cattle Tick

A male and a female tick hatched in April may by Oct. 15 give rise to 6,750,000,000 descendants, about half of which, being females, will lay about 1,500 more eggs apiece immediately or the following spring.

Take the cattleman's point of view. A thoroughly, although not exceptionally infested cow may carry several hundred thousand ticks at one time and, during one season, may be infested by four such broods. Now, 150 ticks, after having engorged themselves for three or four days, will weigh about a pound, this representing almost entirely the weight of the blood taken from the host. Thus the helpless beast may actually lose from 20 to 500 pounds of blood in a single season.

Little wonder that thousands of Southern calves never reach maturity that the pitiful spectacle of valuable dairy or beef animals actually starving to death in the midst of rich nutritious pasture is not a nightmare but a terribly frequent reality. World's Work.

## THE ONLY CURE FOR CONSTIPATION

Is "Fruit-a-tives"—That Wonderful Remedy Made From Fruit Juices.

AVON, ONT., MAY 14th, 1913.

"I have used 'Fruit-a-tives' for Indigestion and Constipation with most excellent results, and they continue to be my only medicine. When I first started about six years ago to use them, I took four at a dose but gradually reduced the dose to one tablet at night. Before taking 'Fruit-a-tives', I took salts and other pills but the treatment was too harsh. I thought I might as well suffer from the illness as from these treatments. Finally, I saw 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised with a letter in which some one recommended them very highly, so I tried them, and I have no hesitation in recommending them."

ANNIE E. CORBETT.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

## WAR ECHOES

Gen. Joffre of the French army is a nephew of Mrs. Reid, the mother of Miss Gladys Reid of Baltimore, according to a letter received here from Mrs. Nina Larrey Duryea, who is in Dinard. Mrs. Duryea adds:

"We have learned many homely details of a great man. He is something of a dandy and dotes on bon bons. He is gallant with women and adores his wife. He always takes a nap after lunch and sleeps with a handkerchief over his face. He would rather bear the whole German army single headed than see a child cry. He has beautiful hands and knows it. He usually is silent until after dinner. Then, he is eloquent and delights to tell stories.

"Gen. Joffre believes that America has the greatest future as an empire that the world has ever known."

Berlin society women try to be very attentive to the wounded, and when

## GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC THROUGH SERVICE WINNIPEG TO PRINCE RUPERT

Although our through train service between Winnipeg and Prince Rupert only went into effect on September 2nd, many passengers are availing themselves of that opportunity afforded to inspect the immense new territory thus opened up, not the least interesting of which is the magnificent mountain scenery. The equipment operated on these through train is of the newest and highest class, assuring the utmost comfort for our pioneer passengers.

Trains leaving Winnipeg Monday and Saturday at 6 o'clock in the evening arriving at Prince Rupert Thursday and Tuesday at 6 p.m. in the evening, returning, leaving Prince Rupert Wednesday and Saturday at 10.00 in the morning, arriving at Winnipeg Saturday and Tuesday at 12.50 in the evening.

Standard sleepers are operated through between Prince Rupert and Edmonton with dining car service through the day, in addition to the daily train service with highest class equipment between Winnipeg and Edmonton. Ticket rates and further information will be furnished on application to J. H. Corcoran, Traveling Passenger Agent, Moncton, N.B.

one, not knowing what else to do, sponged off a soldier's face he smiled gratefully and said: "Thank you. You are very kind. You are the twenty-eighth lady to wash my face today."

In a French military hospital an artilleryman wounded by a shell was asked if he had any objections to an injured soldier being put in the bed beside him. "Fine," replied the Frenchman. "I have been fighting for six weeks and haven't seen a German yet."

## WOMEN SPIES SHOT: A TERRIBLE TASK

North France, Oct. 20—No lists or even figures are officially disclosed, but the shooting of batches of spies takes place daily in this and other towns of the district, and in these last three days there have been nearly as many women shot as men. It is most hard of the veteran who loathes the task of shooting women, but according to the laws of war, it must be done. They are lined up with men, often young girls or women of refinement, at the zenith of their charm and beauty, and so, according to their lights, they give their lives for their country, and meet their death as bravely as any man. So many spies have been caught in France recently that the possession of papers, apparently in good order, avails a man or woman nothing once an accusation has been made or a suspicion levelled.

It is claimed that no German tongue can ever pronounce certain French words without betraying their Teuton origin. It is failure to pass tests of this kind which condemn. The papers may have been stolen and the signature on the passport learned so that the holder can produce a passable imitation of it at will. Spies even have been caught with their own photographs superimposed upon others on the passports and the official stamp on the photograph counterfeited. I saw a woman challenged in the street yesterday, seized and haled to the gendarmerie. She was well dressed, and the last type which the ordinary home-staying British people would suspect of espionage, apparently a prosperous widow of about thirty, leading a little boy by the hand, but I have heard since that it proved a clear case. She had evaded the war regulation of the local authorities, but strangers must not remain more than twenty-four hours in any town in this part of France without reporting personally to the

## A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY

An eminent scientist, the other day, gave his opinion that the most wonderful discovery of recent years was the discovery of Zam-Buk. Just think! As soon as a single thin layer of Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or a sore, such injury is insured against blood poison! Not one species of microbe has been found that Zam-Buk does not kill!

Then again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a sore, or a cut, or to skin disease, it stops the smarting. That is why children are such friends of Zam-Buk. They care nothing for the science of the thing. All they know is that Zam-Buk stops their pain. Mothers should never forget this.

Again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or to a diseased part, the cells beneath the skin's surface are so stimulated that new healthy tissue is quickly formed. This forming of fresh healthy tissue from below is Zam-Buk's secret of healing. The tissue thus formed is worked up to the surface and literally casts off the diseased tissue above it. This is why Zam-Buk cures are permanent.

Only the other day Mr. Marsh, of 101 Delorimier Ave., Montreal, called upon the Zam-Buk Company and told them that for over twenty-five years he had been a martyr to eczema. His hands were at one time so covered with sores that he had to sleep in gloves. Four years ago Zam-Buk was introduced to him, and in a few months it cured him. To-day, over three years after his cure of a disease he had for twenty-five years—he is still cured, and has had no trace of any return of the eczema!

All druggists sell Zam-Buk at 50c. box, or we will send free trial box if you send this advertisement and a 1c. stamp (to pay return postage). Address Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Betrothal kiss drove a man insane. It's our pleasures that kill.

palace, by changing her lodgings literally every day of the week. Her plan was apparently to take a Folkestone boat as soon as she was ready.

# A TALK TO CANADIANS ABOUT WAR NEWS

THE LITERARY DIGEST is known throughout the United States and Canada as a great illustrated weekly. The idea of each number is to gather up and edit the news of the world for one week—everything printed worth reprinting. THE LITERARY DIGEST receives every important newspaper and illustrated journal published in Europe and its editors reproduce for its readers the news of the war as presented in London, in Paris, in Berlin, in Vienna, in Rome, in Petrograd, in New York, in Washington, and other news distributing centres. It reproduces maps, pictures, documents, speeches, editorials—everything important about the war from all points of view. Canadians will find in THE LITERARY DIGEST the most satisfying war news published in any journal in the world. Has one million readers.

BUY from your NEWS-DEALER: Price 10 Cents. (Published Weekly)

If for any reason your news-dealer does not carry THE LITERARY DIGEST or if you are living distant from a city or town send to the publication office (354 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK) the sum of \$3.85 and your subscription will be entered for one year (52 numbers). The publishers make this guaranty: If at the end of two months you should wish to cancel your subscription a notice to this effect will bring you by return mail the full amount paid (\$3.85)

# The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary) NEW YORK