

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach the office not later than nine a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime - Increasing easterly winds, partly fair with about the same temperature, local snow falls.

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U. S. SENATOR GORE DEFENDANT IN SUIT

Oklahoma's "Blind Man Eloquent" Sued by Mrs. Julien R. Bond for \$50,000---Interesting Revelations Promised by Both Sides ---Senator's friends Say That Case has Political Purpose He is Again a Candidate

Oklahoma City, Okla., Jan. 28--When the District Court of Oklahoma County convenes for the February term next week, one of the first cases that will be brought up for trial, according to present expectations, will be the \$50,000 suit filed by Mrs. Julien R. Bond of this city, against United States Senator Thomas P. Gore, Oklahoma's "blind man eloquent." Both sides in the case hint that the trial will develop some sensational features that were not brought to light when the charges against Senator Gore were aired in Washington a year or more ago.

Mrs. Bond, the plaintiff, is thirty-one years old, and is the wife of Julien R. Bond of this city. She is of medium size and rather striking appearance. Her first husband was a dentist, whom she married at eighteen, while he still had another wife. After her first marriage had been annulled she became a teacher of shorthand and was thus employed when she met and married Bond.

In her suit against Senator Gore, the woman asks \$50,000 for alleged damages to her reputation following alleged advances made to her in Washington when she called to see the senator in the interests of her husband's candidacy for the position of internal revenue collector.

Mrs. Bond said that when she first saw Senator Gore in his private office he seized hold of one of her hands and her mesh-bag and that when he seized hold of one of her feet as she sat talking to him she thought it time to go. He told her to see him again, she said. The second time they met in a room at her hotel, she said. At that time he attempted to seize hold of her as she sat on the bed, she testified, and that when her glasses had been broken in trying to avoid him she called for help and left in company with men who came to her assistance.

ALLEGED TO BE PLANT.

Friends of Mr. Gore have not hesitated from the start to declare their belief that the whole affair, as described by the woman in her testimony in Washington, was a "plant" framed up by the political enemies of the blind senator to ruin his public career. Others ascribe the woman's action to a desire for revenge upon Senator Gore because he did not secure for her husband the political appointment he sought.

In view of the fact that Senator Gore is now a candidate for re-election the approaching trial and its outcome are awaited with keen interest in political circles in Oklahoma. Many persons well known in Oklahoma political circles are involved in the case. James Jacobs, formerly chairman of the Democratic central committee of Oklahoma, and who has been prominent in politics for more than twenty years, is one of the chief witnesses against Senator Gore. Another is Kirby Fitzpatrick, land title attorney to the state board of public land commissioners and a brother of the late Congressman Fitzpatrick of Tennessee.

LATE RICHARD STAPLES.

The funeral of the late Richard Staples took place this afternoon at Marysville and was largely attended. The remains were taken to the Methodist Church, where service was conducted by Rev. Thomas Hicks. Interment was made at the Methodist Burying Ground.

Marysville Band at the Arctic Rink tonight.

NO RELIEF FROM TORY PARTY FOR CONSUMER

On Straight Party Vote Government Majority at Ottawa Turned Down Sir Wilfrid's Amendment ---Fight for Free Food Will Continue---Liberals Will Introduce Further Amendment

Ottawa, Jan. 27--By a straight party vote of 108 to 64, a government majority of 44 at a few minutes after midnight in the commons tonight the forces of Conservatism rejected the amendment of Liberalism as proposed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier to add to the address, in reply to the speech from the throne, an expression of regret that the government had failed to give any assurance of prompt or courageous action to remedy the existing economic depression in the country, and meet the steady increase in the high cost of living by fiscal revision.

The week's debate found the parties clearly divided on the main public issue now before the country. The Conservative attitude has been to adhere unequivocally to the policy of high protection, to believe that conditions arising out of the tariff will right themselves, and meanwhile spend the public money with a lavish hand.

On the Liberal side, there has been a demand for relief from unnecessary tariff burdens to producer and consumer alike to meet the known conditions of restricted trade, general unemployment and the difficulty experienced by the masses of the people, in making ends meet. The general lines of cleavage have been laid down in the course of the week's debate.

ANOTHER LIBERAL AMENDMENT
The end of the debate is not yet. One specific remedy at least will be proposed tomorrow by Dr. Neely, who adjourned the debate at the conclusion of the vote early this morning. Further specific remedies when the budget debate is brought will be proposed by the Liberals on later in the session.

At the conclusion of the taking of the vote Dr. Neely announced that he had a further amendment to propose, whereupon Hon. George E. Foster, who was heading the house in the continued absence of Premier Borden, expressed his surprise that this did not end the matter.

Mr. Foster intimated that the government did not want to "beat their heads against a stone wall," but would like an assurance from the leader of the opposition as to when the debate would end.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier merely replied that while there was no desire to unduly prolong the discussion, yet no definite date could be fixed as yet for winding up the preliminary general discussion as to the issues of the day.

The amendment which Dr. Neely will move tomorrow is as follows: "The house regrets that in the gracious speech with which your royal highness has met parliament, the said speech gives no indication of any intention on the part of your advisers to take any steps to secure free access to the markets of the United States for the wheat and wheat products of Canada by removing the duty on wheat and wheat products coming into Canada from the United States."

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Ottawa, Jan. 27--At the opening of the House, J. A. M. Aikens, Brandon, reintroduced his bill of last session to amend the Dominion Lands Act. The present act permits the complete alienation from the crown of water power, lands connected with water power, coal, oil, gas and quarry lands. This, said Mr. Aikens, was a detriment to the people and would be prevented by his bill.

H. H. Stevens of Vancouver, introduced a bill to amend the Money Lenders' Act. The bill makes clearer the definition of a money lender, reduces the legal rate of interest from twelve to ten per cent., and makes the provisions of the present act apply to all loans instead of only to loans under five hundred dollars.

Hon. Frank Cochrane introduced a bill to extend the time for completion of the prairie section of the Grand Trunk Pacific and another which gives power to extend by order-in-council from time to time the period in which the National Transcontinental is to be completed.

D. O. Lesperance introduced his much-talked-of bill to repeal the Laurier Naval Act and in response to cries of "Explain" from the Liberal side of the House, would not enter into details.

Hon. H. R. Emmerson again asked Hon. L. P. Pelletier as regards a twelve-hours' alleged delay at Montreal in the delivery of mails to the Eastern Provinces to points beyond Moncton. The postmaster general replied that he was looking into the matter.

PELLETIER RESUMES DEBATE.

Hon. Mr. Pelletier, on resuming the debate on the speech from the throne, referred to Hon. Mr. Lemieux's reference to the inauguration of the spoils system by the present administration stating that the Liberals in 1896 had engaged in a "debauchery of dismissals." Any dismissals made by the present government, continued Mr. Pelletier, had been along the lines of the policy defined by resolutions of the House in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's own regime.

Mr. Pelletier turned to election charges made against the Conservative party as regards MacDonald and Chateaugay, the only crime committed seemed to have been that of telling the truth, according to Mr. Lemieux's own statements. How about South Bruce?

The speaker read from reports of speeches delivered by Reuben Truax, Liberal candidate in that by-election, and from circulars distributed in which it was charged that the minister of militia, in a speech at Vancouver, had asked for support of a Conservative policy of naval contribution to teach Germany a lesson.

"A direct appeal to the German vote as against helping our own Mother Country," the postmaster general said. "In taking the stand we did we were not insulting the German people, we were merely trying to do our duty by our own land."

Hon. Charles Murphy had stated in South Bruce that the last election had been carried on the Ne Temere appealing to Irish Roman Catholics."

F. B. Carvell--"So say we all."

"It is striking below the belt," said Mr. Pelletier.

W. F. MACLEAN FOR FREE WHEAT

W. F. MacLean, Independent Conservative member for South York, congratulated the postmaster general on carrying out plans for the parcels post system. He then pointed out that two principles had been established in Canada--self government and complete independence of the United States in our fiscal legislation.

After declaring approval of the national policy, Mr. MacLean declared that the day has come when Canada should have a national policy for the farmer and he took strong ground in favor of the abolition of the present duty on wheat.

"The price of wheat," he said, "is better, on the average, in the United States and United States railway rates are more advantageous than Canadian rates. Our duty is to abolish the duty and thereby secure free entry for our wheat to the United States market."

Continuing, Mr. MacLean argued that "it is our first duty to come to the relief of the western farmer and give him the benefit of the American market." The opposition of free wheat, he held, came from the Canadian railways and millers, who did not want their present monopoly disturbed. He believed, however, that both the railways and the millers could stand the tariff change which he proposed. As for the railways, he said, the present idea is one of discrimination against the west.

Mr. MacLean said he was "tired of hearing lawyers and ministers of justice tell the House that the question of the capitalization of railways does not interest the people." He vigorously attacked over-capitalization.

"I am largely disposed to agree with the honorable member regarding over-capitalization," commented Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in asking for details concerning one of the South York man's United States references.

Mr. MacLean further attacked the banking bill passed last session. It had placed the interest of the bankers before that of the public.

Marysville Band at the Arctic Rink tonight.

ENTHUSIASM AT LIBERAL CAUCUS

MARKET IS
NOW FEVERISH

Speculation for Rise Is Observable--- Considered to be Good Sign

Early Revival Indicated by Business Conditions---Optimistic Outlook Is General

New York, Jan. 28--Yesterday's Stock Market was more feverish than its immediate predecessors, reflecting with doubt the larger general speculative interest. The recent growth of this interest suggests a more two-sided movement in the future but the presence of speculation for the rise, especially at this stage, can hardly be termed an unfavorable factor.

Yesterday's statement of steel earnings was somewhat larger than expected. For the month of December the net income shrank to \$4,200,000, one of the lowest monthly totals of record.

These earnings reflect the volume of contracts which existed several months ago and while there is yet no tangible evidence of sentiment in the trade and business circles at large, it would seem to forecast an early revival as has been intimated. The market is now more two-sided and while the trend is still upward, it may be well to exercise discretion in making purchases except on fair set-backs.

(Quotations by J. C. Mackintosh & Co., Bankers and Brokers.)

	Open	Close
Copper	75 1/2	75 1/2
Smelters	69 1/2	70
Brooklyn	91 1/2	91 1/2
C.P.R.	212 1/2	213 1/2
Soo	131 1/2	131 1/2
Northern Pacific	115 1/2	115 1/2
Pennsylvania	114 1/2	114 1/2
Reading	169 1/2	170 1/2
St. Paul	105 1/2	105 1/2
Union Pacific	160 1/2	161 1/2
U.S. Steel	65 1/2	65 1/2
Sales to 11 a.m.	139,200	shares.

ELECTION REFORM RESOLUTION TO COME UP

Ottawa, Jan. 24--Mr. A. K. Maclean, Halifax, has given notice of the following resolution:

"That in the opinion of this House it is desirable to enact more effective provisions to punish bribery and fraud at elections; to insure thorough publicity as to expenditures by political organizations, to prevent the accumulation of campaign funds for corrupt purposes, and to prohibit contributions thereto by corporations, contractors and promoters; to expedite the hearing of election petitions and to prevent collusive arrangements for the withdrawal or compromise thereof; to provide for a thorough investigation of corrupt practices, and, if necessary, to appoint an independent prosecuting officer charged with that duty; to simplify the procedure therefor and to enforce the laws so amended."

"And that a select committee of nine be appointed to inquire into the acts relating to the elections to this House and the prevention of corrupt practice thereat and the procedure and practice upon petitions relating to such elections and to report to the House if any changes are desirable therein."

Mr. Paquet, L'Islet, gives notice that he will move for the appointment of a commission to inquire into all questions affecting immigration into Canada.

Misses Helen and Ruth McManus, of Woodstock, are the guests of Mrs. T. V. Monahan.

Opposition at Ottawa Prepares for Fighting Session---Tariff Revision to Relieve Burden of People will be Strongly Urged---Policy of Free Food and Free Wheat Endorsed---Organization to be Completed

Ottawa, Jan. 27--The first Liberal caucus of the session was held this morning, practically all the Liberal members of both Commons and Senate, now in the capital, attending.

Arrangements were made for an effective organization of the Liberal forces for the sessional work, both in the House and in the committees. Unanimous approval was given by the caucus to the attitude taken by Sir Wilfrid Laurier in regard to the need of courageous and prompt action by the government to revise the tariff with a need to relieving the rapid increased cost of living and of affording wider markets to the agricultural products.

The policy of free food and free wheat was enthusiastically endorsed, and will find expression in an amendment to be moved before the debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne is concluded.

Emphasis was placed by a number of the speakers on the need of vigorous organization work in each constituency in order to take full advantage of the educational work done in public discussion in parliament and of the certain swing of public opinion away from the present reactionary administration.

TANGOED TO HIS DEATH, NINE HOURS TOO MUCH

St. Louis, Jan. 27--After dancing for nearly nine hours, Samuel Green, aged twenty-one, died yesterday morning on a street car. Doctors attending him declared that his heart was affected by the strains of tangoing, which is held responsible for his death. Green went to two dances with his sweetheart. At seven p.m. they went to a re-union and dance at a high school and from there to a tango party, which did not break up until three-thirty. He accompanied the girl home and died a minute after boarding the car for home.

TO TRY WOMAN ON MURDER CHARGE

New Orleans, La., Jan. 27--The selection of a jury to hear the trial of Augusta Agnes Edwards, the young woman stenographer who shot and killed George W. Riel last summer, was begun today. The trial will be a speedy one, it is believed, as few witnesses will be called on either side. Miss Edwards, who is of striking appearance, was formerly a cloak model in a department store in this city. Evidence will be introduced by the defence to show that her reputation was unblemished up to the time she resigned her place in the store to become a stenographer in Riel's office. The girl claims to have been led astray by Riel, who is a married man with grown children. When his attentions ceased, Miss Edwards, unable to gain admission to his office, awaited him on a street in the business section and shot him to death in the view of many persons, whose lives also were imperiled by the bullets as the frenzied girl emptied the chambers of the weapon in rapid succession.