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# The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.  
Maritime — Moderate to fresh westerly winds, fair and milder.

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## THE ALLIES CONTINUE TO ACHIEVE SUCCESS

### THE OFFICIAL REPORTS MOST ENCOURAGING

Russians Administer a Crushing Defeat to the Austro-German Forces---Germans Have Withdrawn From Russian Poland---Belgian Troops Have Been Strongly Reinforced---Sea Fight off the Coast of Belgium---General Botha's Troops Put Boer Rebels to Rout

Petrograd, Oct. 28—The following official communication was issued today from general headquarters:

"In the battle which has been in progress for four days south of the Piltza River, in the forests on the line extending from the Bialobrzezi to Glowaczow, Poliezna and Janowice, our troops have inflicted upon the Austro-German forces a severe defeat. Between the Piltza and Glowaczow, the heroic efforts of our troops definitely broke down on October 26 the resistance of the Twentieth Corps and the Reserve Guards Corps of the Germans.

"On the centre, after fighting of an extremely desperate character, we succeeded in establishing a firm foothold on the border of a forest in the region of the villages of Adamoff, Severnoff and Marianoff.

"On the left wing we captured by assault a defensive position established at Poliezna, and enveloped a portion of the Austrian troops near Berzeje.

"On the night of October 27, the enemy's corps fell back in disorder, towards the line between Edlinsk, Radom and Iija. We captured both cannons and prisoners.

"On the right bank of the Piltza, on the front between Iojoff and Novomastasto, the fighting continues with the same desperation.

"In Galicia the battle is raging along the whole front of the River San. We have taken an additional ten officers and five hundred men.

"South of Przenysl our troops are advancing at certain points.

"In East Prussia the enemy has violently bombarded our positions in the operations in the region of Fakalarievo. Repeated attacks have all been repulsed.

"The success which we have won to the south of the Piltza, and the result of which was the retreat of the enemy on the main front, is of the very greatest importance."

#### EVERYWHERE CHECKED.

Washington, Oct. 28—Official despatches made public here tonight by the French embassy reported successes for the Allies all along the line.

"Reports state that everywhere the enemy has received a serious check," said the cablegram.

The text of the despatch follows: "Of the army of the Duke of Wuertemberg and the Crown Prince of Bavaria on a front opposed by one English brigade, 1,600 corpses were found.

"On the heights of the highway of Des Dames, it is estimated that the number of killed and wounded Germans is about two thousand, although ours only reached about one hundred men killed or wounded.

"Other attacks on different parts of our front, particularly at the north and south of the Somme and towards Berry-Au-Bac, were less important.

"Reports state that everywhere the enemy has received serious checks. In the course of the day, as previously reported, the allied troops took a number of prisoners. In the region of the north an unknown number of mitrailleuses and cannon were taken by our troops.

"In Poland the progress of the Russians continue. A very vigorous combat took place in the region of Jorzow-Rawa.

"In the direction of Nowo-Alexandria-Zevolen, the enemy beat a retreat, leaving to the Russians fifty officers, three thousand men, and a number of cannon.

"To the south of Soletz the Russian troops crossed the Vistula, taking eight officers and eight hundred men.

"In the Carpathians, the Austrians were thrown back on the railway near Staromesto-Lurka. In East Prussia, violent German attacks were repulsed."

#### WITHDRAWAL FROM RUSSIAN POLAND.

Berlin, Oct. 28, via Amsterdam and London.—The German and Austrian troops in Poland, according to an official announcement issued in Berlin today, have been forced to withdraw before fresh Russian forces advancing from Ivangorod, Warsaw and Nowogeorgievsk, after having repulsed all former Russian attacks.

The official statement continues: "At first the Russians did not follow and the withdrawal of our troops took place without difficulty. The reserve troops will change their formation according to the situation."

#### BELGIANS REINFORCED.

Amsterdam, Oct. 28, via London—General headquarters at Berlin issued the following official communication this morning:

"The fighting near Nieport and Dixmude is continuing. The Belgians have received considerable reinforcements, but our attacks are being pushed. Sixteen British warships joined in the attack on our right wing, but their bombardment was without success.

"Near Ypres the situation as announced yesterday remains unchanged. West of Lille our attacks are being continued with success.

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### ASSAULT CASE IN THE POLICE COURT

City Marshal Roberts Fined Ten Dollars and Costs--Will Appeal The Case

An interesting assault case in which George Parker of St. John, was the complainant and City Marshal Roberts the defendant, was disposed of by Police Magistrate Limerick in the police court today. The case arose out of a rather regrettable incident which occurred at a performance in the Opera House on Monday evening. The complainant attended the performance in company with a lady friend and between acts had occasion to leave the hall. When he returned he found that another party had taken his seat and did not appear inclined to vacate it. Instead of making a scene, Parker dropped quietly into a vacant nearby seat. The people in the vicinity, noticing the cool trick which had been played on the

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## British, French and Russian Troops Getting the Best of the German Hosts---Russians in the East Are Doing Splendid Work---The Enemy Driven Back

Germans get a Severe drubbing in West Flanders---His Majesty's Gallant Indian troops Are Proving Their Mettle---The Rival Armies Supposed to be Taking a Rest After a Period of Strenuous Fighting---The Trouble in South Africa is Beginning to Have a Serious Look---Holland is Prepared to Defend Her Neutrality---Kitchener Wants More Troops.

#### WAR SUMMARY

Reports from the battle front today are of a most cheering nature.

Holland is making preparations to defend her neutrality. It is reported that a contingent of Canadian Soldiers may be sent to South Africa.

Russians claim to have driven the German forces out of East Poland.

French troops are steadily advancing along the river Meuse.

The Germans reported to have lost two thousand men in a night attack in the vicinity of Craonne.

Fighting in West Flanders has been suspended for the present.

Over one and a half million men are drilling in England. Lord Kitchener calls for one hundred thousand more troops.

A report from Halifax states that Col. McAvity will command the New Brunswick force of Second contingent.

German Ammunition park destroyed by Indian troops under the cover of darkness.

French Ambassador reports the allies achieving success all along the line.

Prince Maurice of Battenburg a cousin of King George has been killed in action.

London, Oct. 28—The limit of human endurance has been reached in the battle of West Flanders, and the fighting, which slackened yesterday, came to an almost complete stop today. There may have been some infantry attacks, and these may continue, but despatches from points along the Dutch frontier state that the artillery firing has ceased. Passengers crossing the channel tonight bring the same news.

It was this, doubtless, that led to the report coming from Northern France that the Germans had retired, having given up their attempt to reach the channel ports.

The fact is that the two armies have fought themselves out temporarily, and that the Germans' first effort to break through the allies' lines has failed. Neither side could continue any longer, the men having been without sleep or rest for the ten days that the battle has been in progress, over ground which at best is a morass.

The Germans succeeded last Saturday in getting some men across the Yser canal, and they put more men across Sunday. But the force facing them was too formidable, and now the opposing armies are taking a long needed rest.

There is every evidence, however, that the Germans intend to renew their attempt to force their way through to Dunkirk.

They are bringing up fresh men, and more ammunition and guns, but at the same time are taking the precaution to prepare a second line of defence, should their forward movement again meet with defeat.

The new attempt, it is believed, will be made further inland, for the failure of the first one was largely due to the bombardment that the troops and artillery had to undergo from the

British and French warships off the coast of Belgium.

#### GERMANS FALLING BACK.

London, Oct. 28.—An Evening News despatch dated Northern France, and timed seven o'clock this morning, says:

"It is reported here that the Germans are falling back all along the lines from La Basse to the sea."

#### GERMANS LOSE 2,000.

London, Oct. 28.—The Duke of Wuertemberg's army has lost heavily in the north of France, according to a despatch received by the Exchange Telegraph Company from Paris.

The Germans, the message adds, lost 2,000 in killed and wounded in an ill-fated night attack on Craonne and the regions mentioned in today's French official communication. The French casualties numbered 100.

#### QUIET IN COAST TOWNS.

Amsterdam, Oct. 28 via London.—The correspondent at Sluis of the Telegraph, reports that remarkable quiet prevails along the coast of Belgium. The German garrisons at Bruges, Hyst and Knoeke, he says, are not very numerous.

The German commander at Bruges has published a proclamation ordering all British subjects between the ages of sixteen and sixty to leave Belgium. As the railways are occupied with the transportation of German troops the exodus of the Britishers is progressing slowly.

#### AUSTRIAN WARSHIP DAMAGED.

London, Oct. 28.—A despatch to the

Central News from Rome, says:

"The captain of an Italian steamer which has just arrived at Naples from Trieste reports that during the voyage on the Adriatic he observed an Austrian dreadnought under way for Pola, the Austrian naval base. The Dreadnought had come from Cattaro, where during a recent action one of her 8-inch guns burst, causing a magazine to explode. The vessel was seriously damaged. Her turret was blown up and there were rents in her sides."

#### GERMANS HATE BRITISH.

Brussels, via London, Oct. 28.—Evidence is noted here daily of the extremely bitter feeling of the German soldiers against the British. Wherever the Germans oppose the British the fighting is reported to be incessant.

Between the Germans and the French there is a more cordial feeling. Near Courtrai, the French soldiers in the trenches signalled a message to the opposing German soldiers. "This is our colonel's birthday."

The Germans passed the word along the trenches and replied: "We won't shoot much today; let the colonel enjoy the day."

The Germans at Liege, Namur and Antwerp are busily engaged in restoring the fortifications and repairing guns spiked by the Belgians. A considerable number of Germans have been killed at Liege while testing the guns.

#### GERMANS LOST GROUND.

This cessation of heavy fighting seems to have extended along the line as far as Arras, and the result of it all is that the Germans, while they have suffered heavy losses and have inflicted similar punishment on the Allies, are farther away from the

French coast than they were at the beginning of the battle.

The small forces which have been left to hold the line from the Oise to the Meuse while the greater battle is proceeding have been engaged in night attacks at different points, the advantage sometimes going to the one and sometimes to the other. It is said that in one of these night attacks near Craonne the Germans lost two thousand men.

Along the Meuse the French are advancing slowly between Apremont and St. Mihiel in their effort to cut off the Germans who are holding the latter place.

The German official report issued forced to withdraw in Poland, in the today says that the Germans were face of Russian reinforcements. This is the first mention from this source of the battle in that region since the German advance on Warsaw was frustrated by the arrival of a large number of fresh Russian troops.

The Russians claim to be making progress against the Austrians, who advanced through Galicia and attacked their left wing, and on the East Prussian frontier they also say that they have repulsed the German offensive from that quarter. The Russians having had plenty of time, are bringing up immense numbers of men, and therefore are able to take the defensive or the offensive on the long front reaching from the Baltic to the Carpathians.

#### FIGHTING IN AFRICA

The greater part of Africa has been drawn into the conflict. It is reported that the Germans have invaded Angola, one of Portugal's African possessions.

(Continued on page five.)

## CITIZENS WHO ARE READY TO SERVE AS HOME GUARD

Following is a list of citizens who at the solicitation of Mr. A. D. Thomas have volunteered to form a home guard.

We, the undersigned, desire to form a Company of Home Guards for the City of Fredericton—William Cruikshank, J. Herbert Maxwell, W. A. E. Lounson, Harry A. Morison, A. E. well, W. W. McCormack, George Cly-Eardley, Walter R. Clarke, John Hip-nick, John Harvey, Edward J. Lounsbury, Arthur R. Hawks, Fred Barnes, Alf. H. Waterhouse, Charles D. Ross, C. H. Edgcombe, Oscar Harris, F. B. Lister, John D. Chase, W. H. Day, Eben M. Staples, Richard A. Malloy, Bayard C. Simmons, Geo. G. Haviland, F. H. Hazlett, A. T. Delong, George G. Parker, Fred P. Hatt, F. Nohitt, C. M. Rutter, H. A. B. Culligan, H. P. Leger, F. J. Walsh, J. B. Dickson, Archie Williams, Jos. W. McCandless, A. Brehner, Wm. Kesselo L. M. Sherwood, K. G. Christie, J. G. Boyd, Jr., C. H. Hobbirk, G. B. Baird, W. H. McKenzie, E. O. Brewer, Robert P. Allan, A. Otty Cruikshank, A. R. Slipp, D. Crowe, A. A. Shute, Wm. Bidlake, C. F. McGivney, F. L.

Morgan, John Neill, James Stickle, D. B. Greene, Thos. L. Kane, H. E. Harrison, Walter P. Fenety, John McAdam, F. D. Dunn, E. A. Belmont, P. G. Downing, D. A. Campbell, C. D. Lee Babbitt, C. W. Harrison, R. O. Murray, T. S. Wilkinson, J. F. Timmins, Harry Lynch, G. Green, F. H. Peters, Chas. A. Burchill, W. L. Jennings, J. C. Hazehurst, James E. Rodgers, J. T. Gregory, Thomas Smith, J. A. Reid, Geo. W. Brown, J. D. Palmer, K. C. Clarke, W. E. Burden, D. McDonald, Martin C. Horncastle, Arthur C. Porter, Fred T. Allen, George M. Dennison, Geo. Walker, M. Brewer, Charles FitzRandolph, H. R. Babbitt, E. A. Steeves, F. Wayland Porter, H. F. Hatfield, R. M. Currie, F. H. Everitt, S. B. Ebbett, John E. Carten, Clifford S. Creed, James B. Adams, R. B. Wallace, E. Eldon Merrithew, Walter Raymond, Ivan McKnight, Wellesly T. Hamilton, A. C. Smith, Stanley Rogers, Samuel Ward, George H. Clark, Gordon R. Foster, Lee A. Kilburn, Ernest Horncastle, Dr. W. J. Irvine, Dr. W. H. Irvine, R. B. Vandine, Carl Walker and Walter Irvine, Jr.