

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements copy must reach office not later than nine a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime—Variable winds, fair today, local showers during the night or on Saturday.

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FREDERICTON, N. B. FRIDAY NOVEMBER 12 1915

TWO CENTS PER COPY

VENIZELOS MAY TAKE UP THE GAUNTLET THROWN DOWN BY THE KING AND A REVOLUTION IN GREECE MAY FOLLOW

COMPULSORY SERVICE SOON IN GREAT BRITAIN

Young Men, Who Are Medically Fit, Must Come Forward Voluntarily Before November 30—Important Announcement by Lord Derby—Greece May go to the Serbians aid Against the Bulgarians—British Transport Torpedoed.

London, Nov. 11—A strong intimation of compulsion at an early date is contained in a statement tonight by the Earl of Derby, director of recruiting. This statement is made, Lord Derby declares, with the authority of the prime minister. It says:

"If young men, medically fit, and not indispensable in any business of national importance, or any business conducted for the general good of the community do not come forward voluntarily before November 30 the government will, after that date, take the necessary steps to redeem the pledge made on November 2."

On the date referred to, 'Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons that if young men did not come forward voluntarily and enlist, "other and compulsory means would be taken before married men were called upon to fill their engagements to serve."

Lord Derby adds: "Whether a man is indispensable or not to his business will be decided, not by the man or his employer but by competent authorities and tribunals, which are being set up to consider such cases."

"RECRUITING OF MUNITIONS."

London, Nov. 11—The minister of munitions, it is officially announced, has appointed Lord Murray of Elibank to act temporarily in the honorary capacity of director of recruiting for munitions work.

The appointment is made with the purpose of giving executive effect to the policy of the ministry of munition factories and the distribution of skilled and unskilled labor, both male and female, among them.

GREECE MAY FIGHT.

New York, Nov. 11—A news agency despatch from London published here today says:

"Greece may, after all, go to Serbia's aid against the Bulgarians, according to a delayed message received by the Exchange Telegraph Company from Athens today."

"Arrival at Saloniki of large forces of British troops have convinced the Greek government of the Allies determination to fight the Austro-Germans and Bulgarians effectively, and that is given as the reason for this change in the outlook."

"Greece would not at any time have been so unwilling to enter the war, the correspondent says, if it had not feared that the Allies campaign would prove a failure, leaving the whole burden of the Balkan campaign on the Greeks and Serbians. Satisfied that this will not be the case, Greece is looking more favorably on the idea of plunging into the struggle as an ally of the Entente Powers."

"The situation is referred to as still complicated and a source of deep anxiety to the government however."

ELECTION DECEMBER 19?

London, Nov. 12—A despatch to Reuters Telegram Company from Athens says a decree has been issued dissolving the chamber of deputies and that the new elections have been fixed for December 19.

PAPERS SUPPRESSED.

London, Nov. 11—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Amsterdam, says:

A Vienna despatch received here

asserts that the Neue Wiener Journal has been suppressed for one week for criticizing the censorship. Fifty-five Austrian provincial papers have been suppressed within a month for discussing food conditions."

GOING UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

London, Nov. 11—"A message received here from Roosendaal reports that travelers arriving there from Belgium say that the German authorities have decided to place Brussels under martial law, thereby depriving the Belgian civil authorities of their control," says the Exchange Telegraph's Amsterdam correspondent.

The correspondent adds that the reason for the measure is not known.

BRITISH CONFIRM NEWS.

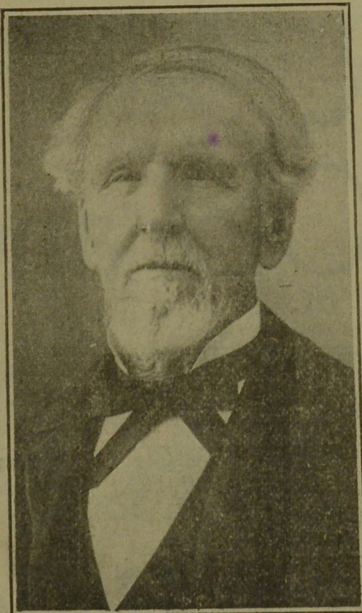
London, Nov. 11—The war office has issued the following announcement:

"On September 2 the transport Southland, for Alexandria, was torpedoed in the Aegean Sea but reached Madros, under her own steam, the same day. As a precautionary measure the troops were transferred to other transports."

"There were some casualties, amounting to nine killed, two slightly injured and twenty-two missing—believed to have been drowned."

A report of the torpedoing of the British transport Southland, which formerly was the Red Star liner Vaterland, was given out by the Overseas News Agency at Berlin on September 9.

A Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that Jutland papers report the capture by British warships of additional German trawlers in the North Sea.



MR. JOHN HODGE, A WELL KNOWN AND ESTEEMED CITIZEN, WHO IS 92 YEARS OLD TODAY.

THE NEW POST OFFICE.

The announcement has been made that the post office staff will move into the new building on Saturday night. Whether it will be this Saturday night or some future Saturday night has not yet been definitely stated.

ARGUED CASE BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT

Mrs. Tappan Adney, of Woodstock, acts as Her Own Lawyer in a Replevin Suit.

The Supreme Court yesterday disposed of the cases on the docket ready for argument and adjourned until Friday, Nov. 19, for common motions and judgments. On the 19th it will be further adjourned until the 23rd.

Yesterday afternoon a lady litigant appeared before the court for the first time in its history and argued a case. It was Mrs. Tappan Adney, a well known musician of Woodstock, and she appeared as defendant in a replevin suit instituted by Amherst Pianos, Limited. The case was tried at Andover before Judge McKeown and a jury and the latter, notwithstanding explicit directions from the judge, returned a verdict for the defendant and awarded her \$300 damages. His Honor entered up a verdict for the plaintiff. Mrs. Adney yesterday moved to set aside the verdict for the plaintiff and to enter a verdict for the defendant or for a new trial. She was armed with a factum, prepared by a lawyer and followed it pretty closely in her address to the court. She spoke for half an hour and was listened to with much interest by the judges and also by a number of new attorneys and other spectators. She told of her relations with the Amherst Piano Company and claimed to have gone much to introduce this make of piano in the Counties of Carleton and Victoria. She claimed to have been badly treated by the company and her only object in appearing in court was to ask for justice. She told the court that she was being "hounded" by certain people who would be better employed in fighting the Germans. She urged the court to enter up a verdict in her favor or grant her a new trial.

Mrs. Adney stated that it was her intention to study law and she intimated that she already had some twenty-five cases in sight. She wanted to know if the court would permit her to practice. There was no reply to the question and she repeated it, whereupon Acting Chief Justice White intimated that it was not the custom of the court to decide questions of this nature right off the bat.

In referring to the opposing counsel, Hon. W. P. Jones, Mrs. Adney did not use the polite legal term, "my learned friend," but referred to him as "this man here" and the court let her by with it.

Hon. Mr. Jones for the plaintiff, opposed the motion for a new trial and told how the defendant had worked on the sympathy of the jury at Andover and had obtained a finding directly opposite to the explicit instructions of the judge.

When he sat down Mrs. Adney arose and replied to several points which he raised. She explained to the court that she had an engagement to play at a patriotic concert in McAdam in the evening which would necessitate her leaving by the 5.50 train. She thanked their honors for the attentive hearing and hoped that they would do her justice.

The acting chief justice announced that the court would reserve judgment.

SHOEPACK FACTORIES RUNNING FULL BLAST

The shoepack factories of the John Palmer Company Limited and the Palmer-McLellan Company Limited, which have not been running at full capacity recently, this morning resumed working at full capacity with all their employees at work.

Both companies have large orders upon which work was commenced today and for some time at least the factories—which are the largest of their kind in Canada—will be running to the limit of their output. Yesterday it was feared that both would be closed down for the winter months.

London, Nov. 12—There is considerable speculation as to the result of the dissolution of chamber of deputies by King Constantine. It is pointed out that though the election date is earlier than anticipated a proper poll cannot be taken with the army mobilized as the soldiers will be unable to vote.

Some talk is heard of Venizelos taking up the gauntlet thrown down by the King and that a revolution may follow. Reports from Athens and Saloniki indicate that the Allied troops in the Balkans are making progress and the Bulgarians are retreating before their attacks.

REPORT IS DOUBTED

London, Nov. 12—London looks with doubt on the report from Bucharest that the Russians have been allowed to land a force near the Bulgarian border in Roumania. No word has been received beyond despatches of last night.

FIGHTING AT LOOS

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.

Paris, Nov. 12—Reports of a spirited bombardment around Loos with both sides taking part have been received. The French Artillery in the Artois section has silenced the German batteries.

DRIVING BACK THE HUNS

London, Nov. 12—Petrograd says that the Russians continue to withstand the attacks of the Germans and have driven the invaders back at several points.

ONLY ONE SURVIVOR

(SPECIAL TO THE MAIL.)

London, Nov. 12—But one survivor who has landed, is accounted for today from the crew of the British steamer Rhineland sunk by a German submarine. The Rhineland was 1,500 tons.

RUSSIANS IN ROUMANIA

London, Nov. 12—A despatch to the Daily Express from Geneva says a message received there from Bucharest states that the Russians have ascended the Danube river and landed a small force of men and guns near Silistria.

Silistria is on the southern bank of the Danube in Roumanian territory some thirty miles east of where the river reaches Bulgarian soil.

German losses from October 10 to November 2, in dead wounded and missing were 78,376, according to figures published by the Courant, which presumes these casualties relate to the Champagne.