

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements copy must reach office not later than nine a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.

Maritime — Moderate to fresh southwesterly winds, fair, with stationary or higher temperature.

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FREDERICTON, N. B. MONDAY OCTOBER 12 1915

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LONDON HEARS THAT BULGARIAN ATTACK ON SERBIA HAS BEGUN; RUSSIANS SAID TO HAVE BROKEN ENEMY'S FRONT AT STYPHA

ALLIES ARE MAKING FURTHER PROGRESS

Artillery Actions of a Violent Character Are Reported on Both Sides of Les Eparges---French Batteries Reply Effectively to the Germans---Huns Left 8000 Dead on the Field---General French Inflicts a Severe Reverse on the Enemy.

Paris, Oct. 11---Progress for the allied forces in Artois and Champagne is recorded in the French official communication issued tonight. The communication says:

"We have made very perceptible progress in the wood to the west of the road from Souchez to Angres, in the Souchez Valley, and to the east of the Givenchy wood blockhouse.

"We also have gained ground on the ridges toward Lafosse. We captured about one hundred prisoners from the guard corps.

"In Champagne we have made further progress to the north of Tahure and carried, by a vigorous attack, the whole of the German fortified works to the south of the village on the side of the Lagoutte gully. We captured there 108 prisoners, among them two officers.

"Our cannon have efficaciously counter-attacked the German artillery which is shelling violently our new positions.

"Artillery actions of an especially violent character are reported on both sides at Les Eparges, in the Forest of La Pretre, to the north of Reillon in Lorraine and also in the Vosges, to the south of Steinbach, and in the environs of Thann."

CHECK FOR GERMANS.

Paris, Oct. 11---The only news of the night, according to the French official announcement made this afternoon, is that of fairly severe bombardments on a part of the Germans near La Scarpe, in the Champagne district, and in the region of Souain. The French batteries everywhere replied effectively.

Later information confirmed previous reports that the German counter-attacks of recent days in front of Loos have resulted only in a serious and costly check. The Germans left a number of dead in front of the allied lines, which is estimated at between seven and eight thousand men.

The text of the communication follows:

"There has been reported during the night nothing more than fairly severe bombardments on the part of the artillery of the enemy at a point to the north of La Scarpe and in the Champagne district against positions to the rear of our line, as well as in the region of Souain. Everywhere our batteries made efficient replies.

"Further information confirms previous reports that the violent counter-attacks delivered by the Germans during the past few days against the British and French fronts in front of Loos and to the north of this point, have resulted only in grave and costly check. The principal assault was delivered by an effective force of between three and four divisions, which was completely repulsed and dispersed.

"The number of dead left by the enemy on the ground in front of the lines of the Allies is estimated at a total of between seven and eight thousand men.

A SERIOUS REVERSE.

London, Oct. 11---The official press bureau tonight made public the following official communication from Field Marshal Sir John French, the British commander-in-chief in France:

"Further information shows that the German attack on our front south of the Labassee Canal on the 8th was made in great strength. The main German efforts were directed against the chalk pit north of Hill 70 and be-

THE OFFICIAL REPORTS ARE VERY MEAGRE

London, Oct. 11---While the armies of the central empires continue to advance into Serbia, nothing has yet been made public to indicate anything in the nature of an actual military movement by Bulgaria against Serbia, except a report that an assault is momentarily expected on the railroad connecting Nish with Saloniki.

Roumania is showing increasing alarm on account of the threatened military movement by Bulgaria and the central powers in close proximity to her frontiers, but neither Athens or Bucharest is exhibiting any readiness to depart from their policy of benevolent neutrality toward the Triple Entente powers.

The official reports of the fight along the major fronts were unusually meagre today, the only significant point in any of them being the statement from Berlin that Field Marshal Von Hindenburg on the Dvinsk front had repulsed Russian attacks, which seemingly would indicate that for the first time since the German drive through Poland began the Austro-Germans are making no big offensive at any point along the whole eastern front.

Of the fighting in the west, the French official communication, in reviewing the recent German counter-attack on Loos says the Germans left between seven and eight thousand dead before the positions which they tried in vain to recapture.

The meeting of the British parliament promises to be of unusual importance. The Anglo-French loan of \$500,000,000 secured in the United States will be discussed and ratified, although there probably will be a few dissenters who have been found to oppose every act of the government since the war was declared. The country will await with far greater interest, however, for whatever light Sir Edward Grey may throw on the Balkan development and whether he or Premier Asquith will reveal the cabinet's policy on the vital alternative which confronts it. That alternative is whether Great Britain and France will throw all the forces they can command into the Balkan peninsula for the protection of Serbia and Greece against Teutonic-Bulgarian aggression or will let events there take their course. The military and newspaper critics are agreed that one or the other path must be followed.

Yesterday eleven flights in the air took place, in nine of which our airmen were successful. One hostile aeroplane was driven to the ground inside the enemy's lines and was almost certainly destroyed. This morning an other enemy machine was brought down in our lines. We lost one aeroplane.

PRIVATE HARTLEY FRENCH WOUNDED IN FRANCE

The casualty list published Monday shows Private Hartley French, 26th Battalion, as wounded. Private French belongs to Fredericton. He removed to Boston, where his wife, formerly Miss Annie Harris of this city, now resides. Private French served in the South African War with a Canadian corps and went from Boston to St. John to enlist in the 26th Battalion.

LORD KITCHENER'S ARMY.

Rev. Ralph Sherman has received a letter from his brother, Mr. Laurence S. Sherman, stating that he has enlisted in Kitchener's army in England. Mr. Sherman was for some time manager of the Royal Bank of Canada at Halifax and was later transferred to the London branch as assistant accountant, which position he left to enlist. The letter was written from Headquarters Barracks, Chichester, where Mr. Sherman is serving in the ranks as a private. He expects shortly to be transferred to one of the battalions. He belongs to Fredericton.

CAPT. W. A. MCKEE PROMOTED.

Mr. George A. Leger of Moncton, has received a long letter from Lieut. J. Arthur Leger of the 26th Battalion. The letter is written from the trenches "somewhere in France." In the course of his letter Lieut. Leger writes that he met Capt. W. A. McKee and states that Capt. McKee has been promoted to major. Major McKee some years ago lived in Fredericton, being organist of the Brunswick Street Baptist church.

WATER-SUPPLY NOT IN SATISFACTORY CONDITION

The analysis of the city water supply made by Mr. H. H. Hagerman on Friday, October 8, shows a percentage of efficiency of 78. This is a very low figure. In his remarks on the analysis Mr. Hagerman says:

The results do not indicate a satisfactory condition of the water at the time of sampling. The efficiency of the filters is unusually low thus giving higher count than is desirable in the filtered water. The results of the gas tests show fermentation of both 1 c.c. and 10 c.c. samples and unusual result. Of course these results may be due to some temporary disarrangement of the filtration process and may indicate a poorer condition of the water than the average for that day, but they point to the necessity of constant supervision of the filtration process. As soon as possible I notified the operator of the plant so that I presume the necessary steps have been taken to treat the water more effectively.

Another set of tests will be started immediately.

Lance Corporal J. W. Clarnoy and Private J. Thornton of Valcartier are spending a few days at their homes in Marysville.

Private Vernon Merchant of the 55th Battalion is here from Valcartier to visit his parents.

London, Oct. 12---Bulgaria's attack on Serbia has begun according to an Athens despatch received by the London Times today. The Bulgarians crossed the frontier at Gariboghz near the Servian city of Knaizhevatz. The Serbian legation announced that all attacks have been repulsed thus far.

Petrograd, Oct. 12---The Russians have broken the enemy's front at Stypa and captured two thousand men, sixty officers, four cannon and ten maxims. They are following up the success, it was semi-officially announced today.

GERMAN SHIPS SUNK

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

Copenhagen, Oct. 12---A German collier was sunk on Monday, supposedly by a British submarine in the Kalmar sound off Oland Island, says a telegram from the Karlakskrona, Sweden today. A Swedish timber boat saved the crew. The German ore steamship Germania was shelled later by the same submarine it was believed and so badly damaged it had to be beached. The crew escaped.

ANOTHER JUN CONSPIRACY

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

Rome, Oct. 12---The German and Austrian agents are trying to induce Albanians to attack Serbia according to Bari advices today.

Prince William of Wied, for a short time King of Albania is with the Germans on Servian frontier it was stated.

BULGARS IN ACTION

(SPECIAL TO THE MAIL.)

London, Oct. 12---Two Bulgarian divisions are engaged in an attack on Servians near Kniazhevatz, says an Athens message.

SERVIAN TOWN CAPTURED

(SPECIAL TO THE MAIL.)

Berlin, Oct. 12---The capture by the Austro-Germans of the Serbian Danube River town of Semendria was officially today.

Paris, Oct. 12---There is no important change on the western front.

BELGRADE DEVESTATED

Paris, Oct. 12---Three-quarters of the city of Belgrade has been destroyed by 6,000 Austro-German shells and the fighting continues, according to an Athens despatch to the Matin.

Telephone communication between Belgrade and Nish has been cut.