

## GERMAN SUBMARINES REPORTED IN THE MEDITERRANEAN; THE ENEMY TRYING TO HALT THE FRENCH OFFENSIVE AT ARRAS

### RUSSIANS HAVE LOST GALICIAN CAPITAL

Vienna Correspondents Admit That the Russians Fought a Brilliant Rear Guard Action and Retreated in Good Order--The News of the Fall of Lemberg Created No Surprise in England--Russians Had Held Fortress Since Sept. 3

London, June 23--The Russians have lost Lemberg. They occupied the Galician capital Sept. 3 last, only six weeks after Austria has declared war against Serbia, and held it continuously until Tuesday, when the combined Austro-German forces compelled them to retreat from the city, which is only about sixty miles due west from the nearest point of the Russian frontier.

Whether the fall of Lemberg means that the Russian army operating north of it, in southeast Galicia, is effectively cut off from the army to the north, stretching across Poland to the Baltic cannot yet be said. The newspapers of both Vienna and Berlin say this is the case and that the Russians have received a blow from which they cannot recover.

If the stroke proves as crushing as the Teutons predict, its effect, military observers say here, soon should be felt in the transfer of vast German forces to the west, where for days, they have been hard pressed by the French.

Up to 10.30 o'clock tonight Petrograd had not conceded the fall of Lemberg. Previous despatches from the Russian capital, however, related details of what purported to be the systematic withdrawal of the Russians from the town, and if these details should prove correct it is believed in military circles here that when the count is taken of the Austro-German booty it will not be large for, as was the case at Przemyel, the Russians are said to have worked hard to move everything of military value.

Telegrams received from Vienna concerning the capture of Lemberg, and recounting the celebration of the populace in Vienna over the victory, add that the Austrian correspondents with the Teutonic armies pay tribute to the magnificent rear-guard action fought by the Russians, who are declared to have retreated eastward in good order, leaving behind few prisoners and even removing the Russian documents from the city, which, since the Russians occupied it, has been called by them Lwow. One telegram from Vienna says Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph purpose to meet soon in the recaptured Galician capital for "fitting ceremonies to mark the end of Russia's dominance of Galicia."

The news of the fall of Lemberg was known on the continent yesterday, but it did not reach London until late this afternoon, when bulletins arrived almost simultaneously by wireless from Berlin and Vienna, by way of Amsterdam. The British press has been expecting such a development, and there was no more than passing comment on it, though it drove home, according to military observers, the fact how ample must have been the Austro-German ammunition supply to accomplish the feat.

Archduke Frederick of Austria, commander-in-chief of the Austrian forces and General August von Mackensen of the German army, both have been made field marshals of the Prussian army in recognition of their services in the Galician campaign.

On the River Dniester, south of Lemberg, the battle is still raging.

#### IMPORTANT FRENCH GAIN.

Paris, June 23--The following official communication on the operations in the Dardanelles was issued by the war office tonight:

"Yesterday the expeditionary corps in the Orient attacked the Turkish

lines on two-thirds of the front. After an artillery preparation the infantry sallied from the trenches with superb spirit. Our left, in a single bound, carried two lines of the enemy's trenches and these they held, notwithstanding violent and numerous counter-attacks.

"To the right, on more difficult ground, the struggle continued throughout the day on the ruins of the Turkish works which had been razed by the artillery. The enemy, bringing up without cessation fresh troops, had succeeded in retaking the entrenchments when a battalion of the Foreign Legion and a battalion of Zouaves, in a bayonet assault, carried the position in ten minutes.

"This brilliant charge decided the issue and finished for the day the efforts of the Turks to regain the ground lost.

In a counter-offensive on our right this morning the enemy was decimated without having achieved any gain. "Summing up, the day ended with success along the whole line, despite the desperate nature of the struggle. We took some prisoners, among whom were several officers.

"The battleship Saint Louis has effectively bombarded the batteries on the Asiatic side. At our left the British army gave us efficacious support. Everything confirms that the enemy's losses were very heavy. "The important point is that we have occupied the ground which commands the head of the River of Kereves Dore, which the Turks had defended with the utmost determination for several months, using all their resources to hold it."

#### THE TAKING OF LEMBERG.

Vienna, via London, June 23--The following official communication has been issued here tonight:

"Russian war theatre:

"The northwest and west fronts of Lemberg, on the line of Zoolkiew to Mikolaiow, were strongly occupied by Russian defensive forces. Tuesday at five o'clock in the morning, the Vienna Landwehr stormed the Rzezma works, on the road from Janow to Lemberg. From the northwest, at the same time, our troops advanced across the heights east of the Myne-wka rivulet and stormed several bulwarks before Lysacora height.

"During the forenoon, while advancing further in the direction of the town, the remaining works northwest and west of the fronts were captured, after sanguinary fighting. In this fighting the Russian front again was broken and the enemy, who suffered heavy losses, again was forced to retreat.

"Our troops pursuing the enemy across the heights east and northeast of the town, crossed south of the Lemberg road to Mikolaiow.

"Amid demonstrations of joy by the population, Gen. Boehm-Ermolli entered the town at four o'clock in the afternoon with the troops of the second army.

"Near Zoolkiew and Raw'a-Ruska, the Russians are retreating. Isolated Russian attacks on the Tanew River have been repulsed.

"Last night the enemy began a further retreat between the San and Vistula rivers and in the hilly district of Kielecl Russian Poland, everywhere pursued by the Allies.

"On the Dniester the general situation is unchanged.

"Italian war theatre:

"During the first month of the war the Italians have gained no great

### WARNED ROGERS THAT TROUBLE WAS BREWING

Winnipeg, June 23--Just before adjournment of the Manitoba royal commission this afternoon, counsel read an extract from a telegram sent by Hon. Mr. Coldwell over the G. N. W. to Hon. Robert Rogers on April 1 as follows:

"This thing means more to you than appears on the surface. Would advise you to take measures to protect."

Mr. Coldwell said the message had reference to the parliament building affair.

"It meant," said Mr. Coldwell, "that if the inquiry ended disastrously for the Manitoba Conservative party it would be bad for the Dominion party too."

The commission adjourned at four o'clock this afternoon and tomorrow Mr. Coldwell will again go on the stand.

Winnipeg, June 23--When the royal commission sat this morning Chief Justice Mathers announced that it would not be proper for the present commission to take up the Fullerton charges, in view of the fact that one of the commissioners is mentioned in connection with those charges, as a witness. The commission, he said, would recommend to the attorney general that a new commission be appointed to deal with the matters brought up by Mr. Fullerton.

Chief Justice Mathers added that the attorney general had intimated that he (the chief justice) was, the member of the commission whose evidence might be required in investigating the Fullerton charges.

It is understood the government had anticipated this stand by the present commission, and is taking steps now to have a new body appointed in accordance with Chief Justice Mathers' suggestion.

#### DENIES HORWOOD'S STORY.

Stories told at Minneapolis by V. M. Horwood and William Salt were false, according to declarations made today by Hon. G. R. Coldwell before the royal commission. Mr. Coldwell categorically denied every one of the allegations made against him contained in the evidence of Horwood and Salt. He also repudiated parts of Elliott's evidence which concerned himself.

There was never a time, witness stated, when he talked to Horwood about raising money to keep Salt away. He had never collected money for that purpose, either with the assistance of Hon. J. H. Howden or Dr. Simpson. In former years he did get small sums from Dr. Simpson, with which to settle party debts, but he could not recall getting a cent from him in 1915. Horwood, said Mr. Coldwell, never reported to him that Hook had lost \$1,000 in Omaha; nor did he know where the money came from that Horwood gave Salt.

Examined about Salt's black book, in which he kept figures of the depths of caissons, witness said he had never seen it, until it came before the public accounts committee. He had not discussed with Salt the necessity for getting a complete record of caissons. There had never been a cabinet council meeting at which the absence of Salt was discussed.

Mr. Coldwell said that he had not inquired into the causes of the increased cost of the parliament buildings when it became known that the first estimates were to be increased. The matter was in charge of a minister, he said, adding that if he had gone probing into it he would have soon been sent about his business.

#### HAD NO SUSPICION.

Coldwell said he had no suspicion of wrongdoing when the legislature was last prorogued.

(Continued on page four.)

London, June 24--The Fall of Lemberg is being followed, Berlin says by a general Russian retreat over a wide front.

Rome, June 24--An official statement says that the Austrian attacks at several points have been repulsed and it appears that Austrian reinforcements from Galicia are holding the Italians from further advances.

London, June 24--Tokio reports that seven German submarines have entered the Mediterranean through the Straits of Gibraltar.

### RESUMES PUBLICATION

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

Berlin, June 24--The newspaper 'Tages Zeitung' which was suspended on Monday for its unfriendly utterances concerning the United States was permitted today to resume publication.

### GERMANS SHELLING ARRAS

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

Paris, June 24--In an attempt to halt the French offensive about Arras the Germans have opened a heavy bombardment of that town. Among the victims of the bombardment were some nuns who were killed when shells fell upon an ambulance in which they were succoring the wounded. More than 700 prisoners were taken since June 14 in the region of the Fecht.

### SAILING VESSEL SUNK

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

London, June 24--The Finnish Brigantine Leo, has been sunk by German submarine. The crew was landed at Lerwick, Scotland.

### WAS MISREPORTED

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

Rome, June 24--The Vatican official newspaper organ declares that the recent interview with the Pope in a French paper contains many inaccuracies.

### PIRATES ARE BUSY

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

London, June 24--It is reported that seven fishing vessels have been sunk by a submarine off the coast of Scotland.