

THE DAILY MAIL

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FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1915.

SIR WILFRID'S STAND

"I affirm it with all my power that it is the duty of Canada to give to Great Britain in this war all the assistance that is in the power of Canada. My confidence in the present Government at Ottawa does not come from the soles of my boots, but at the outbreak of the war I considered it my duty to support it in its war policy. I have supported it in that policy ever since and I will support it again. The reason is that this war is a contest between German institutions and British institutions. British institutions mean freedom. German institutions mean despotism. That is why we Canadians have such a vital interest in this war."—Sir Wilfred Laurier at Sherbrooke.

NO PEACE IN SIGHT

American newspapers are poking a good deal of fun at Mr. Henry Ford, the automobile magnate, who has chartered a special steamer and is planning an expedition to Europe for the purpose of making an effort to put a stop to the war. Mr. Ford is an excellent business man and manufacturer of a good automobile for the price, but he is not a statesman nor an arbiter of human destinies. It is very difficult to conceive what he and his party expect to accomplish by their proposed trans-Atlantic trip. So far as the allied nations are concerned, there will be no thought of peace until Prussian militarism is guzzled and beaten to the ground. The Entente Powers each and every one, have entered into a solemn agreement to this effect and will rigidly adhere to it. With them it is not a war of conquest or aggrandizement, and they have not given of their best blood and treasure for the mere sake of fighting. Great Britain, Russia, France, Italy, Belgium and Serbia are today fighting to preserve the very foundation of civilization, the sacredness of treaties, the protection of the weak from the strong and unscrupulous aggressor and the right of little nations to exist, even though their territory may be coveted by greedy neighbors who are stronger than they.

This great war has been in progress now for sixteen months and the Prussian or German empire, in that period, has been guilty of every crime in the calendar; it has violated every canon of international law and every code of honor. The Middle Ages can furnish no parallel for the atrocious deeds of horror committed under the guise of Prussian militarism. This monster must be crushed and its claws cut off if Europe is ever again to enjoy the blessing of peace. The allied nations realize that a peace patched up at the present time, no matter on what terms, would only mean a renewal of Prussian aggression and another war just as soon as Germany had recovered from the effects of this one. All of the peace talk heard in Europe at the present time emanates from German and Austrian sources. Those countries are feeling the iron grip that holds them on every side. They are slowly bleeding to death and becoming weaker every day, while the Allies are gaining in strength every hour in the day. There are no faint hearts among the allied nations; they are not crying out for peace and not one of them would for a moment, listen to peace talk, until the rehabilitation of Belgium, France and Serbia becomes an accomplished fact and the bully of Europe has been throttled and rendered hors de combat.

A MILITARY TOURIST

The New York Herald, in an editorial dealing with recent events in connection with the war, pays this tribute to Lord Kitchener:

"And more than ever towers the gigantic figure of Lord Kitchener, whom a small section of the London

press was seeking to make a scapegoat. He was with the King of Italy at the front Sunday. He was in Paris yesterday meeting the splendid Joffre and the other fighting men. The great machinery of an international council of war is beginning to grind. Cause and effect can be seen. Few who read the news that twenty million bushels of wheat had been commandeered in Canada attached the importance to it which it deserved. The wheat is destined first for Italian ports. What does it mean? Simply one step taken by Kitchener for providing food for the great Balkan army of the Entente allies.

"In this way effect can be traced back to cause in many happenings. The great international staff is working smoothly—a thing which has sprung into being for the welding of constantly growing resources, whether it be shoes or food or guns or rifles for Russia's new army of six million men and bringing them to bear in behalf of a lasting peace.

"Lord Kitchener, the embodiment of war, is the greatest tourist in the cause of peace the world has ever produced."

CHARLOTTE SCHOOL

(Continued from page eight.) plumbing at this school in accordance with instructions issued by the Board of Health last night. Until the plumbing inspector reports that the apparatus is in satisfactory condition the school will remain closed by order of the Board of Health.

Three dwellings in St. John street, owned by Mr. Joseph O'Leary of Hurley's Brook, York county, which were complained of by the School Board as being in an unsanitary condition and a menace to public health, were examined today by a plumber with a view toward installing modern plumbing and connecting with the sewerage system. The owner is in the city today. The examination resulted in the statement that two of the dwellings can be severed at once, but that the other cannot be attended to until next spring as there is no cellar wall beneath it and it is situated over the course of a dry brook. The Board of Health has given Mr. O'Leary fifteen days in which to do this work. In this matter the School Board seems to have scored one on the Board of Health.

DELEGATION HEARD.

At last night's meeting of the Board of Health a delegation of citizens was heard. They asked that the Board refuse permission to have the Charlotte Street School opened until the plumbing should be put in a condition satisfactory to the Board. Among those in the delegation were: His Lordship Bishop Richardson, Very Rev. Dean Neales, A. R. Slipp, M. P. P.; Mayor Mitchell, Postmaster L. H. Bliss, Dr. F. Barbour, Ald. J. A. Reid, Ald. J. M. Lemont, Dr. C. C. Jones, Wm. Cruikshank, G. A. Taylor, G. N. C. Hawkins.

After the delegation withdrew, the Board passed the following resolution: Resolved, That a proper and systematic plumbing test be at once applied at the Charlotte Street School by the city plumbing inspector and if the said plumbing in said school be found in a leaky or unsatisfactory condition that this Board insist that the sessions of said school shall not be resumed until a certificate be furnished by the said inspector, that any repairs required have been completed to his satisfaction and the plumbing in said building is in a sanitary condition.

LETTER FROM G. Y. DIBBLEE.

A letter from Mr. George Y. Dibblee, a member of the board, who has been prevented from attending the meetings for some time, was read. In this letter Mr. Dibblee said that he had been following the Charlotte Street School matter in the press. Referring to the resolution of the School Board concerning alleged unsanitary premises in St. John street which were a menace to the public health, Mr. Dibblee characterized the statement as untrue and as made in an attempt to shift the responsibility of conditions at the Charlotte Street School upon the shoulders of the Board of Health. The letter further stated that school buildings were cleaned not more than twice a year and suggested that there be an order by the Board of Health that they be scrubbed once a month while occupied and that the health inspector visit each building twice a month.

Wm. J. A. Murray arrived in the city last night.

Capt. R. M. Robertson, 10th Battalion, is registered at the Queen.

LATE COL. CONNOLLY

HAD NOTABLE CAREER

Minneapolis papers contain accounts of the death on Nov. 13th, and subsequent burial of Col. Alonzo Putnam Connolly, a pioneer of that city, a native of Shemeld, Sunbury County, N.B. Here is a brief biographical sketch written by himself:

"Born October 15, 1836 in Shemeld Sunbury county, N.B., Canada. Left St. John April 20, 1857—arrived at St. Anthony, May 1, 1857—went up to Red River of the North. Helped to lay out Georgetown, Minn. Married to Miss Eugenia Leaming on March 13, 1858, who came to St. Anthony in 1852. She was the first school teacher in Minneapolis. There were born to us George Putnam, Helen Mary, Alonzo Leaming, deceased, Fred Nelson and Ada Putnam. Gray & Connolly published the first daily paper in St. Anthony (now Minneapolis), The St. Anthony Daily Advertiser. I set up the first Minneapolis Directory in 1860. A printer by trade, served on The St. Anthony Express, The Minnesotan, The Pioneer-Press, The Dispatch and the Globe of St. Paul, The Missouri Republican, St. Louis, and the Inter-Ocean (thirteen years) of Chicago. Listed August 1862. Served three years in the Southern and Indian war. In the battles of Birch Coulee, Food Lake, Big Mound, Dead Buffalo Lake, Stoney Lake and Missouri River in the Indian wars. Battle of White River, Helena, Spanish Fort, Fort Blakely and Mobile in the South. Wounded three times. War ended, mustered out. Postmaster for one year. Organized the National Guards in Minnesota in 1870 and 1871. Held many positions in Volunteers and G.A.R."

NEARLY TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND IN KHAKI

Ottawa, Dec. 2—The total number of enlistments in the Canadian overseas forces to date is over 190,000 of whom 115,000 have gone overseas, according to a statement made by General Sir Sam Hughes today. It is expected that the authorized total of 250,000 will be reached shortly.

It is also announced that the third Canadian division at the front will be composed of the following: 8th Infantry Brigade, including the Royal Canadian Regiment, the Princess Patricia's; 42nd of Montreal, 49th of Edmonton, the 8th Mounted Rifles Brigade, including four regiments of mounted rifles, fighting on foot, each of the same establishment as an infantry battalion, the 5th Infantry Brigade, including four battalions not yet selected, divisional troops, consisting of mounted rifles, cyclist company, divisional artillery, engineers, signal company, machine guns brigade, pioneer battalion, field ambulances, motor ambulance workshop, etc.

There will also be corps troops consisting of the Royal Canadian Dragoons and Lord Strathcona's Horse, hitherto in General Seely's cavalry brigade, two engineer fortress companies and signal units.

Besides these there will be special units including four siege artillery batteries, three tunneling companies and a military construction corps.

In addition there will be the line of communication units, including ammunition parks, casualty clearing stations, field batteries and bakeries' depots for medical, transport, remount, pay, postal services, etc.

It is expected that Brigadier General Lord Brooke, who is in command of one of the brigades of the second division, will be given the command of the third division, now about to go to the front. Lord Brooke is well known in Canada, having been twice at Petawawa.

FLOUR ADVANCES

TWENTY CENTS A BARREL

The consumer is beginning to feel the effect of the recent action of the Dominion government in commandeering twenty million bushels of wheat. The government's action has disturbed the wheat markets and sent the price up both at Winnipeg and Chicago. Today an advance of twenty cents a barrel in bread flour is announced. This means that brands such as Five Roses and Unity are now selling at \$7.30 a barrel.

The wheat taken over by the government is stored in elevators at Fort Arbur and Fort William. It is held by wealthy mill owners and grain speculators, who will no doubt be well recompensed from the public treasury. It is safe to say, however that there will be no redress for the consumer. He must pay an increased price for his flour as a result of the government's action.

A Winnipeg despatch dealing with the seizure of wheat, states that friends of the Borden government on the inside were tipped off and made tidy clean up on the deal.

Mr. F. P. Doody of St. John, is here for the week-end.

November 26th

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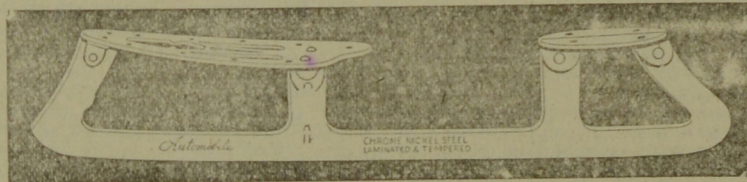
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Beef Steak 15c. lb.
Stewing Beef 5 to 8c. lb.
Pork Roasts 13c. to 15c. lb.
Pork Steak 15c. lb.
Moose Steak 12 to 15c. lb.
Moose Roasts 8 to 12c. lb.
Deer Steak 12 to 15c. lb.
Deer Roasts 10 to 12c. lb.
Pies 15 to 25c. pk.
Potatoes \$2.25 per bbl
Cranberries 10 per qt.
Home Made Pig Pork Sausages per lb. 17c.
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