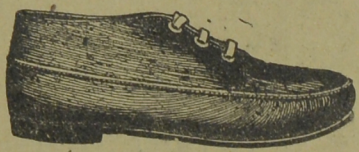
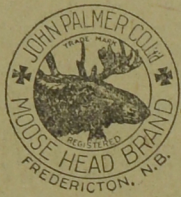


PALMER'S MOOSE HEAD BRAND



Summer Packs or Plow
and Harvest Shoes

No more tired, aching or burning feet. Get a pair of these light weight easy fitting Summer Shoes, made on comfortable right and left lasts, from our **Famous Scowhegan Waterproof Leather**, with waterproofed sole leather outsoles and solid insoles, fit well, wear well, and don't get hard or crack. Though only introduced three years ago they are now in great demand from the Atlantic to the Pacific.



THE GREATEST SUMMER WORKING SHOE YET PRODUCED. Specially adapted for; Farmers, Section Men, Millmen, Laborers, Brick Yardmen, Men on the Booms, in fact all men who work, and want to work in Comfort.

Sold by the leading dealers everywhere. If you are unable to procure them from yours, write us and we will see that they are placed within your reach. Made 4-6 and 9 inches high.

Manufactured Only By

John Palmer Company, Ltd.
FREDERICTON, N. B.

Canada's Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Oil Tanned Footwear.

PALMER-McLELLAN FOOTWEAR

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German casualties in this engagement.

**ALLIES BUYING
FOOTWEAR IN
FREDERICTON**

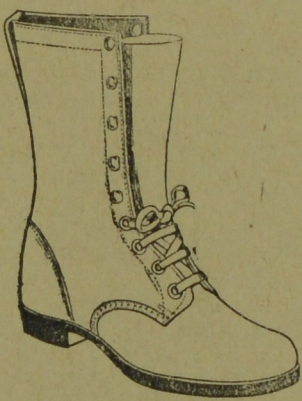
**Palmer McLellan Concern
Have Sent One Shipment
and Booked More.**

Fredericton, April 11.—(Special)—Fredericton is now supplying footwear for the allied armies in Europe. A large consignment of oil-tanned footwear manufactured by the Palmer-McLellan Shoe Company at its factory in this city, was shipped last week from St. John by steamer Metagama. Other shipments are to follow. The Canadian militia department has repeatedly been urged to adopt footwear of this type but so far has not consented.—Daily Telegraph.

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THE WAR

The Most Enduring Working Boot

THAT SKILL CAN MAKE OR
MONEY BUY

WE NOW MANUFACTURE A BOOT FOR EVERY
PURPOSE AT A PRICE FOR EVERY PURSE

PALMER-McLELLAN **FREDERICTON, N. B.**
JOHN PALMER, Manager.

COLDS OR COUGHS

Should Never Be Neglected.

If They Are, Some Serious Lung
Troubles Are Sure To Follow.

**DR. WOOD'S
NORWAY PINE SYRUP**

CURES COUGHS AND COLDS on their first inception, and will thereby prevent you from becoming affected with some serious lung trouble, such as bronchitis, pneumonia or even consumption.

When you ask for "Dr. Wood's" see that you get it as there are many imitations on the market.

"Dr. Wood's" is put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price, 25c and 50c; and manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Mrs. Thomas Bridges, Gorrie, Ont., writes: "I was so bad with a cold I gave up work, and I was in bed four weeks being unable to do anything. I thought the cold was turning to bronchitis, so I changed my medicine to Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I used three bottles, and they completely cured me, and I am as strong as ever. I highly recommend it to all sufferers."

ACTION OF CANADIANS RAPID AND DARING

London, April 26.—The Canadians showed on the Yser Canal the same quality that marked their work at Hill Sixty—the quality of quickness. "First," he says, "their retreat was quick when their left was found to be in the air owing to the necessary withdrawal of other troops. They had no time to attempt to get their 4.7 guns across the water. The guns were unusually far up and the German attack was rapid, and in great force."

BRIDGES FOLLOWED GAS.

"Nothing more 'stick,' if the word may be used, has been seen than the Germans' first and final success across the canal. That is, on the left bank they brought up behind a cloud of yellow-green smoke that emptied the trenches before them and confused the French attack. A quantity of ready-made bridges, twenty-five feet to thirty feet in length, were rushed on and with great courage, in spite of the destruction of the first lot, they placed reserve bridges in position and finally crossed the canal, occupying the village of Lizerne and several other positions."

"A really great achievement was all this. It was away to the left of the Canadians but it left their position untenable and the 4.7 guns had to be abandoned."

NO SHELTER FOR MEN.

"But Canadian officers and indeed, the men had the Wellington touch, the touch of the man who never lost an English gun which he did not recover. What Wellington did in the Pyrenees the Canadians did on the flattest plains in Europe. Within four hours they turned round and advanced. They endured every sort of difficulty, mental or mechanical. They saw men terribly sick, half blind and weak in the limbs from fumes let loose by the Germans. They had to face the shrapnel, rifle fire and machine gun fire in a country absolutely defenceless. They were wounded by every sort of engine, by bayonet, by gas, by bits of metal of every shape and size, but they charged home against all rules of war as understood in German textbooks."

"Their charge and advance did more than retain one position and recover the lost guns. It enabled the cohesion of the whole allied front to be re-established. The issue of the battle is not yet. There are still German outposts, few and weak, on either side of the canals and rivers, but the allied counter-attacks are regaining lost ground under the Canadians' left."

DEWITT FOSTER, M. P. THROWS UP THE SPONGE

Ottawa, Ont., April 27.—A. DeWitt Foster, M.P. for Kings, N.S., has sent in his resignation as member for parliament.

In the dying days of the session, Sir Robert Borden virtually read Mr. Foster and Mr. W. F. Garland, M.P. for Carleton, Ont., out of the Conservative party.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

Some time ago Jones and Brown met on the street corner and started a conversation. Jones had just bought a new car and soon he was exclaiming on the expense of tires, gasoline, oil and garage.

"That makes me think," smiled Brown. "It cost me just \$100 last year for gasoline."

"Cost you \$100 for gasoline," was the surprised rejoinder of the other. "I didn't know that you had a car." "I haven't," was the prompt rejoinder of Brown. "I loaned the money to a fellow who has."

CANADIANS STOOD FAST AGAINST GREAT ODDS

London, April 26.—The Evening News publishes an interview with "a Canadian who participated in the capture of the guns at Ypres," describing his personal experiences in the action in which, according to Sir John French's report, the Canadians "saved the situation."

"After breaking the line on our left," says the Canadian in the story told to The Evening News, "we received orders to stand by the side of the canal. Then we were ordered to proceed immediately to the north of Ypres. We set off without food or water—with nothing, in fact, except our wet equipment—each man taking four hundred rounds of ammunition."

"We waited at this point until nearly midnight, when two battalions formed up in line by half companies in extended order. We received the signal to break through and charge the enemy, who were about five hundred yards away."

"MOWN DOWN LIKE SHEEP."

"We were at once mown down like a lot of sheep by the enemy's artillery. Some 2,500 of us had to attack a wood where there were some seven thousand Germans. The place was full of Maxims. Before our attack some shells were thrown into the wood."

"We drove them from their trenches in front of the wood and went right through, about five hundred yards to the other side. Then we were surrounded and had to retire to the trenches we had taken. Here we dug ourselves in, remaining until Saturday morning, the enemy shelling us all the time with shrapnel. We filed out Saturday morning to make room for reinforcements."

ENFILADED FROM BOTH SIDES

"In our advance we had been enfiladed by a heavy fire from both sides. In spite of this we moved the Germans down before us and recovered three howitzers which the French had left behind them in the wood. These we blew up, and then recaptured our own 4.7 guns. At this point we surrounded sixty Germans and bayonet forty-five of them. One German officer in front blew out his brains."

"We could not estimate the number of German slain, but we saw their searchlights throughout the night looking for the dead."

"It was certainly the most awful time ever known. They seemed to have enfiladed us completely at the beginning, but we got them on the run. We had the Prussian Guard in front of us and they ran like rabbits."

SHELL RED CROSS STATIONS

"The Germans did not seem to mind where they fired. They were continuously shelling the dressing stations with the Red Cross flags over them."

"They had certainly planned the attack most carefully. A Maxim gun was pointing at the mouth of almost every trench. On Saturday morning some of our men who were completely surrounded were wiped out. We were forty-eight hours without food—some were seventy-two hours. We lost most of our officers and the dressing stations were full of wounded, but it was fine to see

NO TIME TO EAT

Another account of the same fight is given by a member of the Canadian Scottish, who has just been received in hospital with a bullet wound in the arm. "For three quarters of an hour or more we received orders to march through Ypres to St. Julien. We had no packs, no food, no water and no overcoats. We had in our equipment one hundred and fifty rounds of cartridges, and we were served out with bandoliers containing in addition two hundred rounds. Those of us who had not eaten had no time to go back and feed. After we marched to St. Julien we met the 10th Canadians. There we laid down in the field, with orders to extend in half companies. There were about twenty lines of us."

"Before us, about five hundred yards away, were the German trenches, behind which was a little wood, a sort of thickly wooded spinnery. It was our business to take these trenches and clear that wood. The 10th had orders to make an advance, supported by us. At the order we charged."

AN INVISIBLE FOE.

"No German soldier was visible in the trenches or the wood. We charged against an unseen enemy. We did not know what we would find in the trenches or in the wood which lay behind us. We went on, and we were met by a heavy machine gun and rifle fire. The men were mown down line after line, but those who remained standing never faltered. Between us and the trenches there was a wood hedge. Through the hedge our men went at the trenches. It was bullets and bayonets. We turned the Germans out by some quick work, and pushed on through the trenches into the wood, and five hundred yards behind the trenches there were little sandbag forts everywhere defended by little bands of Germans with machine guns and rifles."

RIGHT IN HIS LINE

I wonder what that knockabout comedian does in his leisure hours to amuse himself."

"I am told that he has a high power racing car and runs it himself."

WRONG END UNDER

They say that when an ostrich is surprised he hides his head in the sand.

"I wish to goodness he'd everlastingly hide his tail there," observed the man who had just settled a blood-curdling millinery bill.

UP AGAINST IT

Postoffice Clerk:—You can't mail those coins in a letter. You ought to know that."

Stranger: Well, what am I going to do? You got a sign outside that says "Post No Bills."

A Physician's Opinion

A physician who uses Grape-Nuts in his family was recently asked his opinion of this food. He said:—

"It is a concentrated, palatable, nourishing and healthful food. Sweetened slightly and moistened with good rich cream, Grape-Nuts makes a very toothsome dish."

There's a reason for these excellent qualities in Grape-Nuts. This food is made of whole wheat and barley, thoroughly baked and processed to render it easily and quickly digestible—generally in about one hour.

Grape-Nuts contains all the rich nutriment of the grains, including the phosphorus, iron, sulphur, and other mineral elements so necessary for proper nourishment of body and nerve cells. It's a healthful food, and economical also.

"There's a Reason" for
Grape-Nuts

MADE IN CANADA

—sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ontario.

DR. DeVAN'S FEMALE PILLS Reliable medicine for all Female Complaints. \$5 a box, or three for \$10, at drug stores. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN Restores Vitals; for Nerve and Brain; increases "grey matter"; a Tonic—will build you up. \$5 a box, or two for \$9, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

For Sale by A. J. RYAN, Fredericton the city.

Mr. A. E. O'Leary, chief game warden, is stopping at the Queen.

J. H. Loggie of Regina, is at the Queen.

A. R. Gould of Presque Isle, is a guest at the Barker House.

Roy P. Scovill of Georgetown, is in Fredericton the city.

NEEY LABELS.
Now is the time to order your honey labels. We can supply you with colored stock for \$1.75 a thousand or \$1.25 for five hundred. Send in your orders at once.