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## AUSTRO-GERMAN LOSSES IN GALICIA REPORTED TO BE ENORMOUS; THE ITALIAN FORCES SWEEPING ALL BEFORE THEM

### THE RUSSIAN BEAR DOING GOOD WORK

**Reinforced Army Drives the Austrians Across the Dniester River With Heavy Losses---A Servian Force Marching Across Northern Albania---Heavy Fighting Along the Italian Frontier---More Vessels Sunk by Submarines.**

London, June 11--The American note to Germany, which is considered here as "firm but pacific," divided the interest of the British public today with the successful Russian counter thrust against the Austro-German lines in Galicia. When placards of the evening newspapers announced the receipt of the note there was a general rush for copies, as the text had been anxiously awaited. It arrived too late, however, for comment in the evening editions.

The Russian success naturally has caused gratification and relief, and now military experts expect that there will be a repetition in Galicia of what occurred before Warsaw last winter when the Germans suffered enormous losses in their efforts to break the Russian front on the Bzura and Rawka rivers. As on that occasion, Russia's reinforcements arrived in time to force back a portion of General Von Linsingen's army which had crossed the Dniester river near Zurauna before it could be strengthened and entrenched.

The German and the Austrian official reports make no mention of the fighting in this region, but from an account issued in Petrograd the Austro-Germans must have suffered very heavy losses to have seventeen guns and seven thousand prisoners. In fact, military men express the belief that very few of those who crossed the river could have escaped.

The Russians also claim that further up the Dniester, directly south of Lemberg, they have pressed their opponents back and have taken another two thousand prisoners, while near Mosciska, to the east of Przemyśl, they say the Germans suffered very severely when they attacked the Russian position. In eastern Galicia and in Bukovina the Russians continue to fall back to the Dniester under the Austrian pressure.

#### SEND ARMY TO ALBANIA

Following the example of the Italians, who occupied Alcona, an Albanian port of the straits of Otranto, the Serbians are marching across northern Albania towards the port of Durazzo, while the Montenegrins are making for the port of Alessio, still further north. For some time Albania has been overrun by banit, which it is alleged, were organized by Austrians and Turks to harass Serbia, and, in fact, these bands have more than once invaded Serbian territory. The opinion is generally expressed here that these occupations probably will spell the end of Albanian integrity.

Heavy fighting continues along the Italian frontier, particularly on the Isonzo river where the Austrians are making their most determined effort to stem the Italian advance.

Today's toll exacted by German submarines is five vessels: The British Steamer Strathcarron, the Russian Steamer Dania, the Swedish steamer Otago, the Russian bark Thonassina and the British trawler Intrepid. A British warship was also attacked by a submarine in the Adriatic, but reached port slightly damaged.

#### SERBIANS INVADE ALBANIA.

London, June 8--Serbian troops are reported to have occupied the Albanian town of Elbassan, sixty-four miles southeast of Scutaria, and are said to be marching in the direction of the Adriatic coast.

This information was contained in a private message received at Berlin today from Athens and telegraphed to London by the correspondent at Constantinople.

### ASTOUNDING REVELATIONS IN MANITOBA

Minneapolis, Minn., June 11--Continuing today his story before the royal commission, V. L. Horwood, formerly provincial architect of Manitoba, gave evidence which introduced the names of Sir Rodmond Roblin and Hon. Dr. Montague, former minister of public works. Horwood said Roblin instructed him to recommend letting to Robert Kelly & Sons before new necessary plans were drawn, a steel contract for \$802,650. Sir Rodmond, also, he said, advised him, Horwood, not to worry over the graft investigation. It was only politics and nothing would come of it.

Horwood then testified that Dr. Montague had him destroy all letters in the public works department relating to the Kelly contracts. He further said that Montague wanted him to sign a certain letter which had been prepared for him, but he refused.

Sir Rodmond Roblin, the witness testified, instructed him to recommend a contract for \$802,650 just before the last provincial election. There were no plans for it. The premier asked Horwood to be very careful so that no commission in ten or twenty years could find anything wrong. Just before the last session of the House Hon. Dr. Montague asked witness to get from the public works files all correspondence in connection with the parliament buildings. There was a big batch of it and Horwood had to rewrite indexes and so on in order to destroy the evidence of abstracted letters. Montague told him to destroy all proof of them.

Horwood further testified that the Hon. Mr. Caldwell intimated to him that Kelly was to be allowed to make money out of caissons in connection with the parliament buildings contract, in order to provide a campaign fund for the government--\$50,000 was the sum named at first, and afterwards \$100,000.

Horwood said that on Monday, April 19, the government held a cabinet meeting. He was present and it was suggested he should apply for leave of absence pending the result of the commission. This suggestion he acted upon. He said that the night before he left Winnipeg for Rochester, N.Y., Dr. R. M. Simpson paid him \$10,000 to reimburse him for expenses to which he had been put in keeping Salt a missing witness, away from Winnipeg.

(Continued on page five.)

### OVERSEAS TROOPS MADE FINE APPEARANCE TO-DAY

The march-out of the 2nd Divisional Ammunition Column and the overseas draft of the 28th Field Battery which took place early this morning attracted much attention and many spectators watched the soldier. Lt. Col. W. H. Harrison was in command of the parade. There have been few detachments from any part of Canada which have had an average physique better than the men who were on parade this morning. The relations between the citizens of Fredericton and the soldiers have been excellent since they came to the city, the Ammunition Column early in the winter and the field artillery at a later date. This cordiality was exemplified this morning by the enthusiasm displayed by spectators this morning and the hearty greetings given by the people.

#### GARIBALDIS IN THE FIGHT.

Rome, June 11--General Ricciotti Garibaldi, accompanied by Colonel Peppino Garibaldi and two other sons, today enrolled themselves for army service.

The people greeted them with great enthusiasm as they gained much popularity through their recent experiences in France.

London, June 12--A despatch from Northern France says that the Germans by the use of poisonous gas drove the Belgians from their positions at Dixmude on Wednesday night. The British counter attacked with Belgian reinforcements and the Germans were driven back to a less favorable position than they had held. The fierce fighting continues.

### GERMANS FORCED BACK

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

Petrograd, June 12--The Austro-German army all along the Dniester River is being rolled back under the heavy pressure of the Russians and a thousand teuton prisoners have been taken at Ottynia near Stanislaw. The Russians have evacuated Stanislaw to shorten their line and concentrate for the defence of Lemberg. The German losses in Galicia have been tremendous in the last six weeks.

### FALLS TO ITALIANS

Rome, June 12, via Paris--It is officially announced that the Italians have occupied Gradisca, six miles southwest of Gorizia, in Austria-Hungary.

### CANADIANS IN FRANCE

Ottawa, June 12--The infantry regiments of the second Canadian overseas division are now all in France, according to an announcement of Major General Hughes tonight.

The division is under the command of Major General Sam Steele, of Winnipeg. It is thought that these troops will be some little time at the base before being moved forward to the firing line.

The Canadian Press sent out the following: "Every battalion of the second Canadian division has safely arrived in France. Announcement to this effect was made tonight by Major-General Hughes, minister of militia."

### THE AMERICAN NOTE

London, June 12--The American note was printed in full and given the greatest prominence in the London newspapers today, but was not accompanied by editorial comment in the editions appearing up to 3 o'clock.

The headlines in the newspapers varied in wording, but were similar in tone. Among the captions were "American Stands Firm," "A very Solemn Warning," "Grave Warning to Germany" and "A Grave Appeal."

The note handed by Ambassador Gerard to the German foreign office today is regarded in diplomatic circles as decidedly conciliatory in tone, far more so than the first stories reaching here by cablegram had led the foreign diplomats to expect.

### GERMAN NAVAL VICTORY.

Grimsby, June 12--The British trawler Waago has been torpedoed and sunk in the North Sea by a German submarine. The crew was saved.