

The Daily Mail

Published every afternoon (except Sunday) at 613 Queen Street, Fredericton, by THE MAIL PRINTING COMPANY.

Telephone No. 17

Fredericton, N. B., February 8, 1915

A GERMAN LIAR

The latest number of the "Kölnische Zeitung," a German newspaper, devotes two columns of its front page to an article from its American correspondent's descriptive of the experience of a German-American. The correspondent is convinced that if the enemies of Germany in the United States only knew that his sympathies were with the land of his birth he would be in the greatest danger. As a matter of fact, he says, German-Americans are not sure of their lives against the bigotry and fanaticism of friends of the Allies.

He alleges that it is "the entire scum of Europe which has collected together in the city from which I write"—Rochester, N. Y.—that these people have no moral worth and are incapable of appreciating moral values.

Among these people one notices a foaming anger against our noble Fatherland," he declares. He asserts that the struggle to maintain the German cause is the struggle of light against darkness. He is simply astonished that the wrath against Germany has not broken out long ago. So terrible, he says, is the hatred of Americans against persons sympathizing with Germany that Germans have been driven in despair to commit suicide.

The hypocrisy of the people is found "most repulsive" by this correspondent. On Sundays, he remarks, they pray for peace and on Monday they begin manufacturing dum-dum bullets by the million and send them to England and France. Night and day their factories are at work making guns, rifles, knives and barbed wire. All "with the object of bringing about a speedy peace," by which, of course, is understood a speedy defeat of the Germans.

The position of the German or the Austrian in Canada, is of course, even worse than in the United States. The Canadian mob, he says, has slaughtered Germans in the streets for no other reason than that they are Germans. The article is followed by an editorial note, as follows:

"The picture given in this letter is certainly true and teaches us that we cannot rely very much on any revolution of opinion in our favor."

ON THE SIDE

In the great game of international bridge America holds the trump.

The State Department appears to be caught on the Werner Horn of a dilemma.

Let us be thankful that they are knitting socks. They might be crocheting doilies.

Iceland also has gone "dry." But think of a sweetening six months' summer day!

Van Horn is a mystery, but one thing is clear enough: He is not much of a dynamiter.

If a man has plenty of energy and is willing to make a nuisance of himself he will eventually be known as a "live wire."

Fannie Farmer, cookbook author, left an estate of \$167,000. The way to the world's pocket is through its stomach.

NO ALUM



The Marquis of Londonderry, one of the foremost leaders in the Ulster movement, died on Monday of an attack of pneumonia. He was one of the largest land owners in Great Britain.

Sir Francois Langelier, Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, died yesterday. He was a gifted statesman and was a member of the Supreme Court before being called to the gubernatorial chair.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

(Continued from Page One.)

factionalism.

"Germany has yet to learn," exclaimed the Liberal leader, "that there is a greater factor than force, that the basis of freedom is more durable than the basis of blood and iron."

So from every part of the empire units had been coming and crowding for a share in the sacrifice and service which they were privileged to render. "This spectacle," said he, "is the hope and joy of those who believe in a system of government under which men live,—aye, and die,—for king and empire, a system laid down by the joint action of king and people."

SUPPORT WAR POLICY.

Turning to the speech from the throne, Sir Wilfrid referred to the request for an additional war vote of \$100,000,000.

"Let me say at once, as I said last autumn, that those of us who represent His Majesty's loyal opposition propose to support the government in its war policy," he declared amid cheering. "We have conceived it to be our high duty to do or say nothing to embarrass the action of those who, for the time being, have the confidence of the people and the responsibility of government. On the contrary, we propose to do everything in our power to facilitate their accomplishment of a heavy task. We are prepared to continue to do our part, whatever it may be, in the same spirit in which we undertook it last August. Thus, as we conceive it, we shall best serve our country and our empire."

Sir Wilfrid maintained, however, that the people of Canada were entitled to a full statement of all public expenditures placed at the disposal of the government for war purposes last August. There have, doubtless, been mistakes made and errors of judgment, he said, "with these I am not disposed to be critical. It would be more than one could expect of human nature that such should not have occurred. With nothing of that kind have I criticism or concern."

FRAUDS MUST BE BARED.

"But if there have been more than mistakes, more than errors of judgment; if, indeed, there have been frauds, grievous frauds, against our troops, frauds that have caused brave men much suffering and loss and ill-health, then I think the government should fearlessly expose them. I was startled to hear that such frauds had been committed; frauds so gross and so criminal that the minister of militia had stated publicly four times, at four different places, that if he knew the man who had supplied the boots to certain of the troops, that man deserved to be shot."

"The honor of the minister and the good name of Canada are at stake. Is it a time for hesitancy? I understand the government has appointed a committee of three of its own members to investigate, and that the minister of militia himself, not even satisfied with this, has instituted an enquiry on his own account. All that can be done should be done and the fullest light thrown on all the circumstances."

"I do not speak today in a carping spirit. I feel no political capital. In times of peace I am a party man but I should despise myself if political considerations governed my course at this time. It must be the aim of every one of us, government and opposition, to do everything that can be done and do it well. If such has not been the case let us know it now; let information be given in abundance, and let everything possible be done to make the remedy effectual."

Sir Wilfrid concluded with a patriotic appeal to all Canadians to do their full part in service and sacrifice. It was their privilege and duty to render these to the motherland.

PREMIER BORDEN.

After associating himself with Sir Wilfrid Laurier's graceful tribute to the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Sir Robert Borden referred to the speeches just made by the mover and seconder of the address as an exemplification of the principles upon which the British empire was founded. He spoke of the patriotism and loyal devotion of citizens of Canadian birth but German origin, and stated that those others of German or Austrian birth who had come to Canada as immigrants at this country's invitation, had also borne themselves worthily and well.

Sir Robert expressed himself as of much the same opinion as Sir Wilfrid Laurier in what he said in regard to imperial affairs. He would be the last

ALMOST FAINTED IN THE STREET

In Daily Fear Of Death—Until "Fruit-a-tives" Brought Relief.

CHATHAM, ONT., April 3rd, 1913

"Some two years ago, I was a great sufferer from indigestion. One day my eye caught a billboard of 'Fruit-a-tives' and I said to myself 'if Fruit-a-tives will build me up like that, it is good enough for me'. I bought some. After taking these wonderful tablets for only three weeks, I found myself wonderfully improved. In a short time longer, I cured myself entirely. My case was no light one, either. Gas would often form in my stomach and I was in daily fear that it would get around my heart and kill me. 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only remedy for indigestion!"

C. T. HILL.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

to advocate any system which would deprive the self-governing colonies of Britain of the control of their own affairs and he did not think that he had in the past gone beyond what Sir Wilfrid himself had said eighteen years ago:

"You who hold the reins of power in the United Kingdom, if you desire our aid, call us to your councils."

The premier agreed that it was the undoubted right of the House to secure the fullest information in regard to war expenditures, so that mistakes, if any had been made, would not be repeated.

Speaking in regard to the boots furnished the first contingent, he stated that these had all been ordered in the earliest stages of the war, on specifications prepared by the militia department years ago, and which had been the authorized specifications ever since. If time had permitted, it might have been advisable to adopt a stouter type. And yet, there was great difference of opinion. It had been stated that even the British service boots had not been found suitable for Canadians in the South African campaign and it had been urged that the French army boot was a better type. He might state that a committee which had been working on this matter had now settled on a pattern. He had no information to the effect that there had been any illness at Salisbury Plain due to the types of boots used, though it was true that the weather conditions there were such as to defy any type of shoe to withstand.

Sir Robert made special mention of Hon. Dr. Beland, noting that recent communications received from England warranted the hope that he would be released from his political confinement in Belgium as a prisoner of war.

Sir Robert Borden's peroration was as follows:

"When the spirit of Canada was searched by the thrill of the first great call to defend our empire, we were conscious of an influence and an emotion infinitely more commanding and compelling than that of the material interests which had so closely absorbed our attention. Wherever the peril was most truly realized there the response to the call was most clearly manifest."

"We happily have been spared the tempest of death and fire and destruction which has devastated Belgium, but we have seen, and we shall still see, our best and bravest go forth to battle in a righteous cause, for which some shall yield up their lives. With the searching of spirit which has come to us in these solemn days, we have seen and felt the soul of the nation profoundly moved, stirred as never before in all our history."

HERE IS A SHORT SHARP STATEMENT

It Shows That Dodd's Kidney Pills Are No Faith Cure.

PATRICE COTE HAD KIDNEY DISEASE—HE SENT FOR DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS JUST TO TRY THEM—THEY MADE HIM WELL.

Petite Vallee, Gaspé Co., Que., Feb. 8.—(Special)—Patrice Cote, well known here, makes the following statement: "For five months I suffered from Kidney Disease. I sent for two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills to try them. They made me well."

Mr. Cote's experience is similar to that of scores of others in their neighborhood. They had Kidney Disease, they tried Dodd's Kidney Pills and they found health. They have proved for themselves that no matter how far advanced the Kidney Disease is, the cure is the same—Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are no faith cure; neither are they any cure-all. Thousands of sufferers have tried them who had little faith in them. They found the cure just the same.

Dodd's Kidney Pills simply cure the kidneys. To be sure you hear of them curing Rheumatism, Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Gravel and other diseases, but that is because these are all diseases of the kidneys or caused by sick kidneys. The natural way to cure them is to cure the kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the kidneys.

Important Announcement!

Our Annual Linen & Cotton Sale

Commencing **WEDNESDAY, FEB. 3** and Continuing One Month
will be a Sale brimful of interest to our numerous customers.

Having fortunately secured the Agency of the celebrated SHAMROCK LINENS we can now confidently recommend to the public a linen that will give the Best Satisfaction in the Wear, Richness of Appearance and in the Laundering.

SHAMROCK LINENS are made in Belfast, Ireland, and an experience of nearly 100 years has brought them up to a stage of perfection recognized and acknowledged by all.

We quote a few Specially Priced Lines for this Sale

72x72 Table Cloths	\$3.00	15x24 Initial Guest Towels	50c ea.
72x90 " "	3.90	23x40 " "	1.55 pr
72x108 " "	4.50	22 1-2x36 " Pillow Cases	3.00 pr
22 1-2x22 1-2 " "	3.25	22 1-2x36 Embroidered " "	1.98 pr

AMONG THESE LINENS ARE TO BE FOUND DAMASKS BY THE YARD, TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPKINS TO MATCH, HAND EMBROIDERED TOWELS, PILLOW CASES, LUNCHEON SETS, TEA CLOTHS, GUEST TOWELS, ETC.

WE ALLOW ON THESE AND ALL OTHER HOUSEHOLD LINENS, SHEETINGS, PILLOW COTTONS, WHITE QUILTS, BATH TOWELS, TOWELLINGS, TRAY CLOTHS, TOWELS, ETC., DURING THIS SALE

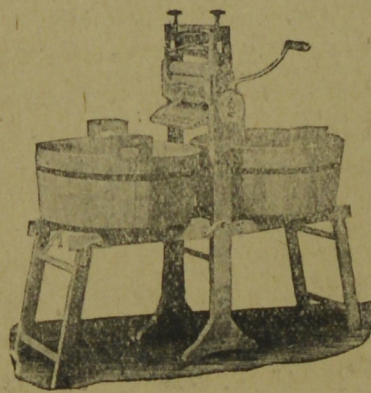
10 Per Cent Discount With Free Hemming.

JOHN J. WEDDALL & SON

SHAMROCK LINENS

PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS

BEST ON EARTH



Anchor Brand Clothes Wringers

Every One Warranted.

Also Galvanized Wash Tubs, Wash Boards, Washing Machines.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS

WHOLESALE The Hardware People RETAIL
Domestic Sanitary and Heating Engineers.

HOT WATER BOTTLES

These are the days in which you find many uses for Hot Water Bottles outside of the sick room.

Better have on hand at all times a good Hot Water Bottle, ours are guaranteed for two years.

HUNT & MacDONALD

SALE OF MEN'S PATENT BOOTS

VALUES FROM \$5.00 to \$6.00
Sale Price \$3.99

SEE OUR LOWER WINDOW

H.S. CAMPBELL SHOEMAN

W. B. Wallace, K.C., of St. John, is at the Queen.

R. D. Inness of Campbellton, is in the city.

J. E. Marshall, construction superintendent of the New Brunswick Telephone Company, is at the Queen.