

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements copy must reach office not later than nine a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime—Moderate to fresh winds, mostly south and west and some showers and local thunderstorms.

VOL. XXI NO. 201

FREDERICTON, N. B. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10 1915

TWO CENTS PER COPY

RUSSIANS STRIKE ANOTHER HEAVY BLOW AT THE AUSTRIANS; CESSATION OF THE TEUTONIC OFFENSIVE IS EXPECTED SOON

STUDENT TEACHERS TO WORK FOR THE CAUSE

How it is Proposed to Especially Interest The Great Army of Educationalists and Their Battalions of Scholars—A Tidal Wave of Enthusiasm Expected to Follow To-night's Great Meeting For Women At the Opera House

A committee of Fredericton citizens waited upon Mr. Michael McDade of St. John, at the Queen Hotel yesterday and asked him if he could not suggest a plan calculated to interest the educationalists of the province in a forward recruiting movement. "I shall be pleased to do so," was his answer.

Later in the day Mr. McDade presented the committee with the following, "dedicated to the Normal School student teachers at present in Fredericton."

"The people of New Brunswick are proud of their stone and steel bridges.

"They have reason to be more proud of their Intellectual Bridges—the scholarly Dr. H. S. Bridges, in charge of the St. John city schools, and the gifted Normal School principal, Dr. H. V. B. Bridges of this city.

"For many years these distinguished brothers have had great influence for good, moulding to a marked degree the lives of many thousands of our people—appealing year after year to the better natures of our future men and women.

"If space permitted I should like to refer to the splendid, systematic, tireless recruiting work of Major Day, himself a noted educationalist, who gave up a position in one of the great educational institutions in the United States to place his services at the disposal of King and country.

"I am not of Major General Sir Sam Hughes' politics but I am an admirer of his organizing genius; if any words of mine could influence Sir Sam Major Day would be put in entire charge of recruiting in New Brunswick.

"The men and women of Fredericton are working most earnestly—from His Lordship Bishop Richardson down—clergymen of all denominations are united—and the workers have the hearty support of the local press and outside leading papers in the cause we all have so much at heart—the cause of Empire, of Canada and the womanhood of the nation.

"The attendance of the ladies of the Normal School at the mass meeting for women tonight is most important.

"If the women's meeting is to be an immense one—the effect on recruiting in York county will be electrical, and the tidal wave of enthusiasm will spread all over the province.

CAN DO MUCH GOOD.

"The lady students could do further good work by writing home telling their people about the great success of the ladies' meeting and advising similar action by the ladies of their home districts.

"Apart from the mass meeting let me suggest to Dr. Bridges and his staff the wisdom of interesting the Normal School in making suggestions as to how—in the opinion of the students—recruiting can be best stimulated. Next to men and money the best asset in this war is brains; the boy or girl, man or woman who can suggest an idea—something that will help the empire in this great struggle—will have done the state some service—second only to the man who goes to the defence of the flag.

"The idea of interesting school inspectors, principals, school teachers and scholars in the advanced grades might be taken up in every section of New Brunswick. I have no doubt that the hearty co-operation of Dr. Carter, the chief superintendent of

education, and Dr. Jones, the chancellor of the University, could be secured in this matter. Right here, in passing, I might refer to the effective recruiting work of School Inspector Brooks.

SOME POINTS TO SUGGEST.

"May I be permitted to suggest to the young ladies and gentlemen of the Normal School that in preparing their idea they keep in mind these cardinal points:

1st, Our duty towards God;
2nd, Our duty to King and country;
3rd, Our duty to our neighbor (the man at the front);
4th, Our duty to ourselves.

"The war is a struggle between two opposing methods. The enemy declares that might is right. The British method stands for justice—for civilization—for Christianity—for the protection for the weak, particularly for womanhood of all nations. Our cause takes its teaching from Calvary. What a sacrifice was there! The women of Canada—of New Brunswick—of Fredericton—of every part of our fair province—love their husbands, their sons and their sweethearts. But remembering that the greatest love is based on the greatest sacrifice—is not that the story of the world's redemption?—they will encourage their menfolk to go to the defence of the flag, and then when the troops come marching home again with glad and gallant tread—they will love their dear ones more than ever and be proud of them for sharing so nobly in the empire's great victory—By the Cross we must conquer."

"The ladies of St. John have nobly answered the bugle call for a more forward movement on the part of the women of the province," said Mr. McDade to a Mail representative today. "The mobilization of the Fredericton ladies tonight promises to be well worthy of the best traditions of the seat of government and educational centre of the province."

HON. MR. HAZEN HERE.

Hon. J. D. Hazen, minister of marine and fisheries, arrived in the city from Ottawa at noon today and is a guest at the Barker. Only the local patronage dispensers knew of his intended visit, consequently there was not a very large or influential delegation on hand to welcome him. The minister's friends are pleased to see him looking so well after his recent illness. The minister came here to confer with Premier Clarke and straighten out some quasi political matters which have been causing him no little anxiety. He met a delegation of patronage dispensers this afternoon and he also saw several old friends and supporters who are not in the inner circle. From the latter he had no difficulty in picking up a few plain truths on the condition of the party here which will likely furnish him with ample food for thought. The minister is returning to St. John by auto this afternoon.

JEWISH NEW YEAR.

The Hebrew residents of Fredericton have been celebrating the Jewish New Year since Wednesday night. The celebration will close this evening. The year in the Hebrew era is now 5676. Rabbi Hainz has conducted services in observation of the festival at the Church Hall which is being used as a synagogue.

AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR MUST QUIT U.S.

Washington, Sept. 9—Ambassador Penfield was instructed by cable yesterday to deliver the following note to the Austrian foreign office:

"Mr. Constantine Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador at Washington has admitted that he proposed to his government plans to instigate strikes in American manufacturing plants engaged on the production of munitions of war. The information reached this government through the copy of a letter of the ambassador to his government. The bearer was an American citizen named Archibald, who was travelling under an American passport. The Ambassador has admitted that he employed Archibald to bear official despatches from him to his government.

"By reason of the admitted purpose and intent of Mr. Dumba to conspire to cripple legitimate industries of the people of the United States, and to interrupt their legitimate trade, and by reason of the flagrant violation of diplomatic propriety in employing an American citizen, protected by an American passport, as a secret bearer of official despatches through the lines of the enemy of Austria-Hungary, the president directs me to inform your excellency that Mr. Dumba is no longer acceptable to the government of the United States as the ambassador of his imperial majesty at Washington.

"Believing that the imperial and royal government will realize that the government of the United States has no alternative but to request the recall of Mr. Dumba, on account of his improper conduct, the government of the United States expressed its deep regret that this course has become necessary, and assures the imperial and royal government that it sincerely desires to continue the cordial and friendly relations which exist between the United States and Austria-Hungary."

In making this announcement, Secretary Lansing explained that it had been delayed in order that the note might reach Vienna before its publication in this country. Ambassador Penfield had not been heard from tonight, but it was assumed that he received the communication some time during the day.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER UNDERGOES OPERATION

Ottawa, Sept. 9—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, leader of the opposition, was operated upon in Water street Hospital this morning by Dr. R. Chevrer, for an ulceration of the lower jaw.

REFUSES TO ACCEPT ANY RESPONSIBILITY

Berlin, via London, Sept. 9—in its note to the United States on the sinking of the White Star liner Arabic, the German government says that "it most deeply regrets that lives were lost through the action of the commander; it particularly expresses this regret to the government of the United States on account of the death of American citizens," and adds:

"The German government is unable, however, to acknowledge any obligation to grant indemnity in the matter, even if the commander should have been mistaken as to the aggressive intentions of the Arabic."

London, Sept. 10—The Russian victory at Tarnopol in Eastern Galicia has been followed by another effective blow at the Austrians at Trembowla 20 miles further south. In the combined actions more than 5000 prisoners have been taken. Russians were unable to follow up the advantage gained at Trembowla owing to the inferiority in artillery and the Austrians were not pushed beyond line of River Seremp.

OFFENSIVE HAS SPENT ITSELF

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

London, Sept. 10—Basing its judgement on reports that the Germans are fortifying themselves strongly in the vicinity of Vilna together with the trend of events on the south wing of the eastern front and the slow progress of the Teutonic centre, the British feeling is that the cessation of the Austro-German offensive in the east may be at hand.

FRONTIER TO BE CLOSED

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

London, Sept. 10—Geneva despatches says that Austria yesterday ordered Swiss frontier closed. apparently order is due to the movement of troops to the Italian front.

REPLY DISAPPOINTING

Washington, Sept. 10—The reply of Germany on the Arabic sinking regarded as disappointing and it is believed that the United States Government will indicate its displeasure in a note in reply.

DUMBA MUST GO

Washington, Sept. 10—Ambassador Penfield at Vienna was instructed by cable tonight to inform the Austro-Hungarian government that Dr. Coustain Dumba no longer is acceptable as an envoy to the United States, and to ask for his recall.

Secretary Lansing formally announced the action. It was the answer of the American government to Dr. Dumba's explanation of his intercepted letter to Vienna outlining plans for handicapping plants in this country making war supplies for the Allies.

RUSSIANS GREAT VICTORY

Petrograd, via London, Sept. 10—An official communication, made public here, announces another big success for the Russians in Eastern Galicia. Following their reported victory at Tarnopol, it is stated that southwest of Trembowla, during the 7th and 8th, the Russians took as prisoners 150 officers and 7,000 men, and that the Teutons retreated hastily toward the River Strypa. The communication adds that the Russian captures since Sept. 3 on the Sereth front total 383 officers and over 17,000 men, and a great quantity of guns.