

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements copy must reach this office not later than nine a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime—Moderate to fresh winds, mostly south and south-east, fair at first, becoming showery at night.

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FREDERICTON, N. B. TUESDAY, APRIL 6 1915

TWO CENTS PER COPY

AUSTRIANS FLEEING FROM CARPATHIANS; GERMANS ARE SENDING REINFORCEMENTS; ANOTHER BRITISH STEAMER TORPEDOED

GREAT OVATION FOR FRANK B. CARVELL, M. P.

Tendered a Unanimous Nomination by the Liberals of the United Counties of Carleton and Victoria---Convention Largely and Wildly enthusiastic---Two Meetings Had to be Held in the Evening to Accommodate the crowd---Hot Shot For Flemming.

Andover, N.B., April 5—Amid scenes of the greatest enthusiasm, with an attendance of Liberals so large that the spacious public hall could not accommodate them, Frank B. Carvell, M.P. for Carleton county, was selected this afternoon as the candidate of the united counties of Carleton-Victoria for the next federal election.

Every section of the two counties was well represented. The special trains from Woodstock, Grand Falls and Plaster Rock were all crowded to the limit. There were no free tickets. Every man paid his own way. Liberalism never gained greater impetus in any part of New Brunswick than was given it in Andover today.

The orators of the day, apart from the candidate, Dr. Michael Clark of Red Deer, the famous free trade apostle of Western Canada, and Ernest La Pointe, the eloquent French-Canadian from Quebec, made a great impression upon the cheering, enthusiastic audiences. One hall would not hold all the people, and arrangements were made for an overflow meeting in the evening in the Court House. The arrangements of the committee were well considered and there was no confusion with the large number present.

EXECUTIVE CHOSEN.

When the meeting was called to order by Chairman Niles, he asked first that an executive committee be appointed, a representative from each parish, which was done.

The chairman then called for an expression of opinion as to whether the nomination should be recommended by the committee or made in open convention and it was unanimously voted to have the candidate nominated in open convention.

CARVELL UNANIMOUS CHOICE.

Henry McCain of Florenceville, stepped to the front of the platform and having received a rousing reception, nominated F. B. Carvell as the candidate.

"He is the best we have in Carleton county," said the veteran Liberal, "and we feel sure that he will be acceptable to Victoria."

James Burgess of Grand Falls, seconded the nomination in a short, forcible speech.

"No man has served New Brunswick no man has served Canada better than F. B. Carvell," he declared, amid deafening cheers.

Then for a time the cheers and the shouting were such that the chairman's words in tendering the nomination could not be heard and when Mr. Carvell stepped to the front such an outburst of enthusiasm few candidates are privileged to witness followed. If there was any doubt in the minds of men in Carleton-Victoria as to the loyal affection and regard in which Frank Carvell is held by his supporters and friends, it must have been dispelled by the great and magnificent reception he received.

Mr. Carvell's speech of acceptance was full of facts and was interrupted by applause so frequently that there was almost a continuous ovation.

After expressing his great thanks to the people for their attendance, their wonderful reception of him and for his nomination, he, in a very few words, paid some attention to his opponents. Because of the part he had played in the Dugal investigation his opponents said many unkind things of him.

They had good reason, too. He wanted them to understand, however, that he did not hold the whole Conservative party responsible for what had occurred. There were many honest Conservatives in Carleton and Victoria, men whom he thought wanted to do right but what would be said of them if they elected the man who had been so discredited.

It was just a year ago today that Mr. Dugal had stood up in the legislature and preferred charges that had resulted in James K. Flemming's resigning from the premiership and the legislature.

CHEERS FOR DUGAL.

As he spoke Mr. Carvell pointed to Mr. Dugal who had just arrived upon the platform.

"Let Dugal stand up until we cheer him," came from the rear of the hall, and when Mr. Dugal complied, the house rang again with repeated cheers "Did he prove those charges?" asked Mr. Carvell.

"Yes, he did," came from all parts of the hall.

"The proof of it," continued Mr. Carvell, "is that Mr. Dugal is still a member of the house and Mr. Flemming is not. More than that, Mr. Flemming had to resign his premiership."

They might as well face the situation, the Conservatives have nominated Mr. Flemming for this constituency and while he did not propose to run the campaign upon Flemming's sins, though they were many, yet they would have to deal with the situation as it was put up to them.

At the Andover banquet which they had all heard of (much laughter) Flemming had promised that the first thing he would do, if elected, would be to finish the road from Andover to Grand Falls. Why did he not act when he was premier? The fact was that while the Liberal party was in power Mr. Michaud had had the Dominion subsidy renewed from year to year for the road between Andover and Grand Falls, but as soon as the Conservatives came into power the subsidy was not renewed. It was the party of Mr. Flemming who had turned down the subsidy. Why did he not try and get the subsidy renewed and the road built while he was premier of New Brunswick?

A Voice—"He was too busy filling his own pockets."

Another Voice—"They had all the rake-off they could get and cared nothing about this end."

FLEMMING SCORED.

Then, in brief terms, Mr. Carvell told part of the story of how a million of the money provided by New Brunswick was in the hands of the Prudential Trust Company and the government would not disclose what the securities were in connection with it. He condemned Flemming and his government for ever loaning such a sum of money in such a way. But the Prudential Trust Company was ready to lend A. R. Gould \$350,000, and A. R. Gould was ready to pay James K. Flemming \$100,000 of that sum. Today Gould still owes the trust company that amount of money.

Turning to Dominion affairs Mr. Carvell talked for a short time about the investigations at Ottawa and wound up with a humorous description of Flanders to Austria, presumably to

London, April 6---British steamer Northland, 2,776 tons, was torpedoed this morning in the English Channel by a German submarine. She is the 54th victim since the blockade was inaugurated. The crew were picked up.

Paris April 6---A German submarine has been caught in nets placed off Dover and doomed to capture, says a despatch from Harve. The propellers are enmeshed and the boat will be captured when it rises to the surface.

A GERMAN CANARD

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.)

Tokio, April, 6---Reports emanating from Berlin that war had broke out between China and Japan, were officially denied at the foreign office.

TRAWLER'S CREW LANDS

London, April 6---A report from Blythe today says that 13 members of the Grimsby trawler Alantha landed there today. The vessel was torpedoed by German submarine.

A FRIENDLY SETTLEMENT

London, April 6---The Austrians are reported to be retreating from the region north of Czernowitz after a stubborn fight. It is reported that Serbia and Bulgaria have a friendly settlement of the trouble arising from the invasion of Serbian territory by the Bulgars.

Rome, April 6---The Tribuna publishes a Vienna despatch stating that the Austro-German army which has been opposing the advance of the Russian army in the Carpathians is now in full retreat.

THE FIGHT IN THE CARPATHIANS

London, April 5---The attention of the public for the time being is directed toward the great struggle for the Carpathian passes where the Russians apparently are making very steady progress despite the obstinate resistance offered by the Austrian and German troops.

The Russians are on the Hungarian side of both the Dukla and Lupkow passes, and with the aid of continual reinforcements are gaining on the heights which dominate Uzsok passes, where they captured a great stock of war munitions and provisions.

The Russians also are advancing from Dukla Pass on Bartfeld, which is at the head of the line of railway running south into Hungary, and fighting not far from Mezolaborcz another important railroad head. On Saturday and Sunday they captured in the Carpathians upwards of 3,000 prisoners. They also claim another success in Bukowina and the capture of another thousand prisoners, while the Austrians also assert that they repulsed a Russian force which attempted to cross the Dniester river.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

(Special to The Mail.)

Paris, April 6---A despatch from Geneva says that the German railroads are being occupied fully with the transportation of troops from Flanders to Austria, presumably to

reinforce the Austrian forces on the Carpathians front.

Petrograd, April 6---Four railroads leading into Hungary have been taken by the Russians and troops are being poured into Hungary and pressing back the Austro-German armies.

WILLARD KNOCKED OUT JOHNSON IN 26TH ROUND

Havana, April 5---Jack Johnson, rounds the battle between the two big men was little more than a series of plastic poses of white and lack gladiators.

JOHNSON SAW HIS FINISH

So it was until the 25th round, when Willard got one of his wildly swung windmill right hand smashes to Johnson's heart. This was the beginning of the end. When the round closed, Johnson sent word to his wife that he was all in, and told her to start for home. She was on the way out, and was passing the ring in the 26th round, when a stinging left to the body and a cyclonic right to the jaw caused Johnson to crumple on the floor of the ring, where he lay partly outside the ropes, until the referee counted ten and held up Willard's hand in token of his newly won laurels.

There is much discussion tonight and probably will be for all time, among the followers of the fighting game as to whether Johnson was really knocked out. In the sense of being smashed into unconsciousness, he certainly was not put out. The consensus of opinion is that Johnson expected and knew that there was no possibility of his winning.

Today's fight probably has no parallel in the history of ring battles. For twenty rounds Johnson punched and dunched Willard at will, but his blows grew perceptibly less powerful as the fight progressed, until at last he seemed unable or unwilling to go on. Johnson stopped leading, and for three or four

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