

NOTES TO ADVERTISERS.
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The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime — Easterly winds, with rain or sleet.

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ZAINAIS CONSENTS TO REORGANIZE THE GREEK CABINET; THE CAPTURE OF NISH IS OFFICIALLY REPORTED AT BERLIN

SITUATION IN GREECE IS MUCH COMPLICATED

Premier Zaimis Has Declined to Continue in Power at the Request of King Constantine--Council of Ministers Has Been Called to Discuss the Situation--Sharp Difference of Opinion in the Cabinet Concerning the War.

London, Nov. 5--Another twenty-four hours have complicated, rather than clarified, the situation in Greece, the attitude of the king of which country is causing the Entente Powers much concern.

Apparently, determined that M. Zaimis shall remain in the office of premier, King Constantine today urged him to retain the premiership. According to Athens despatches, however, M. Zaimis declined to acquiesce in the king's desire, whereupon the king called a council of ministers, the deliberations of which may or may not determine whether Greece is to align herself against Bulgaria, or persist in her attitude of "benevolent neutrality," which means that though the allied troops may cross her soil, her armies shall not aid them in driving the Bulgarians from Serbia.

COUNCIL OF MINISTERS.

London, Nov. 5--King Constantine's request to M. Zaimis, who had resigned of Greece has again offered the premiership on the defeat of his ministry in the chamber of deputies, according to a Reuters despatch from Athens.

M. Zaimis refused to accept the offer, and a council of ministers was called, the despatch adds.

M. Zaimis' refusal to retain the post, the correspondent states, was on the ground that although he had provisionally accepted the premiership to ease the situation, he was determined, as he had previously declared, to abstain from taking an active part in international politics.

More interesting details come from Athens today regarding the dramatic scene in the chamber when M. Venizelos was reproached with opposing the king's wishes.

"I would have preferred to omit the name of the king in this discussion, but since you ask this question I will answer it as I should. Under the constitutional regime the king can have no responsibility."

Ex-Premier Venizelos said, however, that he did not mean to throw upon the king responsibility for the present situation in Greece. He blamed those who had failed to advise his majesty as they ought and said the crown could not refuse to recognize the vote of confidence accorded by the chamber of deputies to the preceding cabinet.

M. Gounaris, minister of the interior, interrupting, said he thought the policy of M. Venizelos would lead the country to ruin and to take a position against the Central Powers which would be disastrous for Greece and Serbia.

When Gounaris had concluded M. Theodoris, minister of communication addressed the House. He examined the foreign policy of M. Venizelos and asserted that the latter last February would have led the Greek fleet and the army to complete ruin.

The developments which had followed justified the opinion, the minister contended, that armed neutrality had saved Greece from catastrophe and that if the country had not maintained neutrality it would have been lost without saving Serbia.

Resuming his speech M. Venizelos defended his policy of last February and discussed the benefits which Greece must have realized if her neutrality had not been maintained. Continuing he said:

"Your policy has rendered our national idea impossible and in so doing has voluntarily a German political group we are exposed to the danger of

aiding Bulgarian aspirations and the growth of Turkish power. Why not take part today in a war which tomorrow will be inevitable?"

M. Venizelos terminated his address in urging the government not to let pass an occasion which is presented to the people only once in a thousand years. His speech was frequently applauded.

ITALY HAS CABINET CRISIS.

Rome, Nov. 5, via Paris--The reports that Italy will take a hand in the conflict in the Balkans by landing an expedition in Albania received no confirmation in official quarters here. The negative attitude of officials leads to the strong conclusion that no Albanian expedition is intended.

Sharp differences of opinion have developed in the cabinet concerning the war. These differences have not reached the extent of a crisis but have brought about a conflict in views, leading to an exciting incident.

One of the ministers at a recent meeting of the cabinet, is said to have expressed the view that Italy's best interests would be served by assisting a movement toward the restoration of peace. This caused an angry protest and charges were made against the good faith of the minister suggesting peace. Epithets were exchanged and one of the ministers, overcome by indignation, threw a book at his colleague, whose suggestion had caused the strife.

The incident is declared to have been largely of a personal nature and the cabinet and country are united, with this exception, maintaining the present policy.

TO INTERCEPT SERBIANS.

A new movement to cut off the retreat of the Serbian army is reported by the Overseas News Agency. The Austrians are said to have begun an attack along the western border of Montenegro, in which country the Serbian forces are expected to seek refuge. These attacks are being made, the news agency says, to the east of Trebinje, in Herzegovina, about forty miles south of Cattaro.

LT.-COL. MCKEE BACK FROM DARDANELLES

London, Nov. 5--Lieut. Col. McKee of Montreal, commanding No. One Stationary Hospital at Lemnos, where he has been in charge for four months, after serving seven months in France, is now in London on prolonged sick leave in consequence of an attack of dysentery. Dr. McKee says the complaint is prevalent to a certain extent among the troops in the Dardanelles. He expects to return after he has recovered.

(Lt. Col. McKee is a son of Mr. S. H. McKee of this city, and has been practising his profession in Montreal.)

THE MENED FLAG.

There was much comment this morning on the condition of the flag on the post office flag-pole. Its tattered condition had been remedied in such a manner that a large patch appeared on the flag. Surely a public building can bear a national flag of good appearance.

DENIES REPORT THAT KITCHENER HAS RESIGNED

London, Nov. 5--Official denial was made today of a report that Earl Kitchener, secretary for war, has resigned. The announcement follows:

"During Lord Kitchener's temporary absence on public duty at the war office. There is no truth in the statement that Lord Kitchener has resigned."

Earl Kitchener was in London last week, at the time of General Joffre's visit to England. Since then no report has been received concerning his absence from the war office.

There has been no intimation that he might resign. In fact, the war secretary, according to the general understanding in London, is to be made a member of the small cabinet committee which is to be charged with direction of the war.

The prompt official denial of the report that Earl Kitchener had resigned was welcomed by the public, which has pinned its faith to the man who succeeded, within a year, in turning a purely industrial community into a great war camp.

The official announcement of the field marshal's temporary absence from the war office is in accordance with public expectation. Premier Asquith, who takes charge of the departmental work during Earl Kitchener's absence, had experience in the war office shortly before the outbreak of the war.

The Court Circular said this morning that Earl Kitchener last night had had an audience of the King, who is still confined to his room, as the result of his accident in France.

Premier Asquith was seen entering the war office this morning, and remained a considerable time. Afterwards the permanent secretary of the war office, Sir Reginald H. Brade, with one of Earl Kitchener's secretaries, visited the premier at his official residence in Downing street.

COL. MERSEREAU INSPECTED ARMORY OF 71st YORK REGT.

New Commander of 16th Infantry Brigade--Appointments in 71st Regt.

Lt. Col. G. W. Mersereau of Doaktown, who was recently appointed officer commanding the 16th Infantry Brigade, comprising the 67th, 71st, 73rd and 74th Regiments, in succession to Lt. Col. H. Montgomery-Campbell, now in command of the 6th Overseas Battalion, inspected the armory of the 71st York Regt. here today. Col. Mersereau is making a tour of the district from which his brigade is raised and is inspecting the various armories.

Col. Mersereau has made an offer to the militia department to raise another battalion in New Brunswick for service overseas.

The 71st York Regt. will see a number of changes in the near future. Appointments to service overseas has depleted some of the higher ranks. The staff must be almost entirely reappointed. There are vacancies now for adjutant, chaplain, signalling officer, machine gun officer and quartermaster. Several promotions to the rank of major and captain will also be made. Lt. Col. W. H. Gray, the officer commanding, will announce these shortly.

MORE SNOW.

The weather turned quite cold last night and this afternoon there was a slight flurry of snow.

ANOTHER RECRUIT.

Another recruit was enlisted here this morning for the 104th Battalion. He is Fred Jones, 19, Fredericton. A number of volunteers are undergoing medical examination this afternoon.

London, Nov. 6--Any hope that the Entente Allies may have entertained that the friendly neutrality of Greece might be converted into something more positive in their favor seems to have been dissipated by the latest news from Athens.

It is reported that Zeaimis has consented to reconstruct the cabinet and chamber of deputies will be dissolved.

Additional despatches received today from Serbian sources concerning the victory which the Serbians won over the Bulgarians at Ishvar situated at the entrance to Babuna Pass. British cavalry and French infantry said to have taken part in battle.

London, Nov. 6--The British steamship Woodfield was sunk by a German submarine, the admiralty announced today. Part of the crew has landed and it is believed the rest have been picked up by another boat.

SHOT DOWN A TAUBE

Paris, Nov. 6--There is no material change on the western front. Mine and aeroplane activity is reported. One German taube has been shot down.

HAS NISH FALLEN?

Berlin, Nov. 6--The capture of Nish from the Serbians is officially reported in this city today.

WARSHIPS HELP RUSSIANS

Petrograde, Nov. 6--It is reported that an attack of the invaders west of Kninsk, was beaten back with a thousand dead left on the field. In defence of Riga the Russian troops are now assisted by warships which have been shelling a German positions at Schlok.

THE WAR SUMMARY

London, Nov. 5--The Serbian northern army is being slowly but surely ground down before the combined pressure of the Austro-German and Bulgarian forces. The fate of Nish hangs by a hair, and it is only at the southern end of the battlefield that the Bulgarians are co-operating with any reverses. There, according to reports, the British are co-operating with the French, but, as heretofore, these reports are unofficial, and fragmentary and it cannot be said authoritatively whether the British are in touch with their new enemy.

The Turks continue sporadically activity in the Dardanelles region, as recorded in tonight's British official communication from Gallipoli peninsula. This says the Turks launches attacks against the British right in the Anzac region, but that they did not dent the British line.