

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements copy must reach office not later than nine a.m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER.
Maritime — Fresh to strong southerly to southwesterly winds, a few light scattered showers but mostly fair and mild.

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FREDERICTON, N. B. SATURDAY NOVEMBER 13 1915

TWO CENTS PER COPY

FIERCE ARTILLERY DUELS REPORTED ON THE WESTERN FRONT; SUBMARINE E-20 HAS BEEN SUNK IN THE DARDANELLES

MR. ASQUITH'S PLEDGE HAS BEEN REAFFIRMED

Great Britain Will Not Sheath the Sword Until Prussian Militarism Has Been Crushed—Sir Edward Grey Answers Questions in the House of Commons—Every Man Must do What He Can—Will Keep Faith With Allies.

London, Nov. 12.—Reaffirmation of a class war is arising and food riots are now springing up in Berlin and other German cities. He says: "It is not the extravagance of the rich, but rather their rigid economy that angers the poor, who complain that well-to-do housewives, though able to afford butter, buy up the stock of margarine, leaving none for the workers."

"A serious riot in Berlin at the end of the past week began in a shop where a wealthy woman was buying margarine. Some soldiers' wives who were in the shop turned on her, saying she was taking the product from their children."

"The woman's hair was torn as were her clothes. Men joined in the row, and within a short time the shop was looted. This was the signal for further looting of margarine. Several shops had their entire stocks stolen before the police could restore order. The sale of margarine is now restricted to towns of more than twenty thousand inhabitants, the authorities assuming that the small towns and villages, being mostly self-supporting, can provide sufficient fats."

The Basle correspondent of The Daily Express reports disorders in Cologne last Saturday. He says that a crowd waited for hours outside of the municipal office to buy fats, got turbulent. The police arrived and threatening, brandished swords. A panic ensued, several women and children being seriously injured.

"GERMANY IS READY."

Berlin, Nov. 12, by wireless to Sayville.—"The Nord Deutch Allgemeine Zeitung recognizes the moderate tone of the speeches recently made in the British House of Lords by Lords Loreburn, Milner and Courtney," says the Overseas News Agency, "but it doubts whether their suggestions looking to a way out of the dilemma will lead to sensible peace proposals, which, as is well known, Germany is always ready to consider."

The agency continues: "The newspaper points out that the speeches of the lords were not answered, while three members of the British cabinet, in the Guildhall, announced a program for an annihilation of the German empire in spite of all political and military failures."

"As long as the leaders of the British nation continues to believe that it is possible to crush and to annihilate Germany, the newspaper concludes, and as long as the English press continues to support this folly with the most objectionable means of action, speeches like those made by Lord Loreburn and Lord Courtney will be lonely voices in a desert."

REPORT SAYS GERMANY SAFE.

Berlin, Nov. 12.—(By wireless to Sayville)—Answering the petition of the Socialist party concerning the question of food prices, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German imperial chancellor, declared that the population of the country could be completely assured that the hopes of the Entente Powers of starving out Germany would be disappointed.

FOOD SHORTAGE.

London, Nov. 12.—The Daily Mail's Rotterdam correspondent asserts that

THE TINPOT SUBMARINES COMES HIGH

Montreal, Nov. 12.—Purchase by Canada in the early days of the war of two submarines from the Seattle Construction & Drydock Company for \$1,500,000, was further investigated by the Davidson War Contracts Commission in Montreal today. H. A. G. Taylor, New York auditor of the Electric Boat Company, was a witness. The Electric Company of the United States was originally commissioned by the Chilean government to build the boats, and sub-let the contract to the Seattle concern, the latter, through its manager, J. Patterson, handing over the sub-sea-ships when the Chilean government, it is alleged, fell behind in payments it contracted to make. The Chilean government contracted to pay \$515,000 for the ships.

Mr. Taylor swore that the Electric Boat Company's western agent, T. S. Bayley, notified its vice-president, E. B. Frost, that Canada was willing to buy the subs, and advised that \$500,000 each could be charged. This figure was ultimately secured from the Seattle Company, whose manager, Mr. Patterson, had sold them to Canada for \$1,125,000. The Electric Boat Company received in cash from the Seattle concern \$978,717.36. The remainder of the money represented a debt of \$131,282.64 owed by the Electric Boat Company to the Seattle concern, and \$40,000 commission retained by Mr. Patterson.

Examined by John Thompson, K.C., commission counsel, Mr. Taylor said that Patterson's commission amounted to about three and a half per cent. This was not excessive, the usual price being four per cent. He knew of no commission being paid to anybody in Canada in relation to the sale. The debt owed by the Electric Boat Company to the Seattle Company was due for labor and material, and was incurred prior to the sale of the subs to Canada. It was not a connected account.

Replying to questions of Mr. Thompson touching on any options that might have been given on the ships, Mr. Taylor said his firm had no dealings with any man named Newman. Prior to the sale somebody telephoned him from Montreal about them and called on him the next day. No deal was arranged, as the ships had been sold in the meantime. A suit was pending in the United States over the boats. It was brought by former Congressman Jefferson Levy, who contended that the boats were sold to Canada while he had an option on them. He (witness) understood that Levy claimed he had a purchaser for them. The purchaser appeared to be one Gallagher, who was Levy's secretary.

Mr. Taylor said that his company would have lost money had Chile carried out its contract. The price paid by Canada was a little more and a little less than similar ships had been sold for.

TOMORROW'S CHURCH PARADE.

The Protestants of the 36th Field Battery will attend divine service at St. Paul's Presbyterian Church tomorrow morning. The parade will be commanded by Capt. Teed. The Fredericton Brass Band will furnish music. Rev. Dr. W. H. Smith, pastor of St. Paul's is acquainted with the members of the 36th Field Battery having formerly been stationed in Cape Breton.

subject be more interesting? Come and hear him. And then there will be Rev. Dr. Bond of Sackville, a noted speaker, who will have a message for every man and woman with a tinge of patriotic feeling. All three speakers are well known and capable—they have tidings to give of interest to all; let nothing prevent your attendance at their meetings. To make the gathering even more attractive than already described, several musical and other numbers are to be given, including selections by a choir of male voices from among the members of the 36th Battery. Remember the time—Wednesday next at 8.1 p.m.

Paris, Nov. 13—Furious artillery fighting but no infantry encounters are reported on the western war front in official communication today. Furious artillery duels occurred in the Belgian Boesinghe region along the Calonne trench in Artois at Dompierre between Meuse and Moselle rivers and in the Aprumont district.

BRIGHTER IN THE NEAR EAST

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE MAIL.

Saloniki, Nov. 13—French reconnoitering parties succeeded in advancing up the railroad as far as Vardar bridge head near the Babuna Pass. The bridge was destroyed. The books of the Serbian National Bank which had been brought here yesterday were sent to Monastir indicating that the latter place is no longer in danger of capture by the Bulgarians.

RUSSIANS GAINING GROUND

Petrograd, Nov. 13—The Russians continue to gain little by little at all points along the eastern front. The German and Austrian forces have been weakened by the withdrawal of troops for the Serbian campaign and the Russians well supplied with ammunition, are making the most of their opportunity.

BRITISH SUBMARINE SUNK

London, Nov. 13—The British submarine E-20 was sunk at the Dardanelles November 5th said an official report today.

CHURCHILL TO THE FRONT

London, Nov. 13—It is officially announced that Winston Spencer Churchill, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, has resigned from the cabinet and will join the army in France.

Mr. Churchill, in his letter of resignation, explains that he agrees in the formation of a small war council, and appreciates the intention which Premier Asquith expressed to include him among its members. He foresaw the difficulties that the premier would have to face in its composition, he states, and he makes no complaint because the scheme was changed, but with that change his work in the government naturally closed.

He says he could not accept a position of general responsibility for a war policy without any effective share in its guidance and control, and did not feel able, in times like these, to remain in well-paid activity.

SERBIANS HOLDING OUT

The Serbian legation in Paris today made public the following official communication from the Serbian government, dated Nov. 10:

"The Serbian troops have occupied, in good order, defences to the south and east of Kralievo and east of Ivagnitza, and also east of the left bank of the Morava river, where there was desperate fighting on the 10th.