

ABANDONS WESTERN TOUR

Early Session of Parliament
Board of Works
Sir Wilfrid to Change Plans

Will Tour Ontario For Another Week--
Session Promises to be a Lively One

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier back from his tour of northern Ontario, will spend this week in Ottawa starting out again next week on a tour of the older parts of the province, beginning at Cornwall on Monday.

The "Old Chief" was at his office in the parliament buildings today conferring with some of his lieutenants in regard to party organization, etc.

Sir Wilfrid is greatly impressed with the enthusiastic reception given him and his colleagues at the meetings of last week and was never in better or more confident form.

On Thursday night he will speak here at the annual banquet of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association. Premier Borden and Hon. W.T. White will speak for the government.

Owing to the early calling of parliament, Sir Wilfrid will now be prevented from making his tour of the prairie provinces as originally intended.

MAY TACKLE NAVAL BILL FIRST

The decision of the government to call parliament in November instead of waiting until January as had been contemplated up to last week probably means that the naval question is to be dealt with before Christmas thus giving at least two or three months in the giving of the "immediate and effective aid," which Premier Borden has promised to the mother country.

If as is believed likely, an emergency contribution is to be proposed, the reasons against any avoidable delay, from political, national and imperial standpoints, are manifest. It is probable that the greater part of the time up to Christmas adjournment will be taken up with the discussion of the naval question. It is hoped that the whole matter will be disposed of so far as this session is concerned before the recess.

The early calling of the session is also due to the fact that a long and important legislative agenda is contemplated and unless parliament is to sit well into the summer, a good start must be secured before Christmas.

The list of measures to be dealt with includes the bank act, the trade agreement with the West Indies, the naturalization law, copyright, civil service reorganization, western lands various transportation questions and the highways and tariff commission bills left over from last session.

In addition the government may add to this heavy programme a redistribution bill if it is found that the more urgent matters of legislation can be disposed of in time. Altogether it looks like one of the most important and interesting sessions since confederation.

LABOR IS SCARCE IN SASKATCHEWAN

Moosejaw, Sask., Sept. 24.—The labor situation in Saskatchewan is more acute at the present moment than it has been at any other time during the present season or during any former years. The big demand for men, which it was expected would develop with great energy when the threshing time arrived, has come with a rush and the supply is painfully inadequate. Inquiries for labor at this point have been coming in from north, south, east and west but men are not to be had. One farmer arrived from the north in search for help and said that threshing operations were being seriously delayed because men were not available.

Mr. Frank Appleby of Gibson is visiting friends in Gibson.
Mr. A. H. McCready, editor of the Sackville Post is quite ill with typhoid fever. He had a very severe attack of the same disease several years ago.

CONDEMNS TORY POLICY

President of Cotton Spinners Federation gives out an Interview

Says That Unionist Tariff Reform Proposals Would be Ruinous to England's Cotton Industry

London, Sept. 24.—A. Bonar Law, leader of the opposition in the House of Commons, in replying to a correspondent, emphasizes the fact that the Unionist tariff reform proposals do not include a tax on cotton.

Sir Charles W. Macar, president of the Master Cotton Spinners Federation in an interview on the subject, said:

"Everybody knows that there never was any intention of taxing cotton. Our case for free trade never rested on opposition to a proposed import duty on American cotton. It rests on the fact that Mr. Bonar Law's fiscal policy must add to the cost of building mills, the cost of mill machinery, the cost of spinning, weaving, bleaching, dyeing, printing and finishing cotton fabrics. Add a little bit to the cost of each of these processes and our export trade, which provides eighty per cent. of the industry, is gone. It is idle for the tariff reformers to contend that their policy will not have that effect. How is it that the United States, which grows two-thirds of the world's cotton crop, can only export five per cent. of the world's consumption of cotton cloth, while England, which does not grow a pound of cotton, can export four-fifths?"

To that question there is only one answer. It is difference in the cost of the processes of manufacture in the two countries, a difference caused largely by their respective commercial policies.

CLARANCE W. GRACE PASSED AWAY YESTERDAY

The sympathy of the community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. William Grace in their sad bereavement through the death of their son, Clarence W., which occurred yesterday afternoon at 1.30 o'clock after a brief illness. The deceased was aged thirteen years. He had been in delicate health and on Saturday, while playing, fell and broke a hip which had been hurt some years ago. The injury caused the boy much pain and until his death he was unconscious part of the time. The sorrowing parents survive, also two sisters and a brother, Jennie, Helen and Walter. The funeral will take place Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock, Rev. J. E. Wilson conducting the service. Interment will be made at the Rural cemetery.

DAMAGE TO CROPS IS VERY GREAT

Montreal, Sept. 24.—Rain has already fallen in this locality for sixteen days during this month, a condition of things which has never been equalled before, as far as the records show. The damage done is very great, many farmers losing their entire crops of vegetables and late cereals which the poor summer had made impossible for them to get in before. The country along the St. Lawrence and St. Francis Rivers is flooded to a depth of several feet. Prices for produce are also going up in the markets here. This morning the look gate on theachine Canal at Cote St. Paul broke under the great pressure of water and it is estimated by the harbor commissioners that 13,000,000 bushels of grain on their way to Montreal will be held back for several days while the gate is being repaired.

HAINING—DOUGLAS

Mr. Charles Haining of this city and Miss Edith Douglass daughter of Mr. John Douglass of Stanley were united in marriage at St. Paul's Manse by Rev. Dr. W. H. Smith this morning. They left by C.P.R. on a wedding trip which will include St. John and other cities. They will make their home in Fredericton.

NOTED GERMAN DIPLOMAT EXPIRES QUITE SUDDENLY

Baron Adolf Marschall Von Bieberstein Ambassador to England Succumbs after a Brief Illness, While on a Visit to His Old Home—Had Occupied London Post Since Last May—His Death may Result in Postponement of Anglo-German Negotiations

Badenweiler, Baden, Germany, Sept. 24.—Germany's most powerful and brilliant diplomat Baron Adolf Marschall Von Bieberstein died here today after a short illness.

The Baron who had occupied the position of German Ambassador in London, only since May, this year had come here to take course of Alkaliing water treatment and was in comparatively good health, until a week ago. Then he suddenly fell ill, and rapidly became worse, until he died today.

The Baron had suffered from an attack of influenza earlier in the year, and his death is attributed to the after effects of that malady, and to his strenuous work in London since his appointment to the embassy there. The Baron who was native of Baden, often visited the old home. He was nearly 70 years old, having been born at Neuhausen on Oct. 12, 1842.

Berlin, Sept. 21.—The name of the German Ambassador at Washington Count Joanne Enrich Von Bernstorff has been mentioned unofficially in diplomatic circles as the successor of the late Baron Marshall Von Bieberstein, as German Ambassador in London. Count Von Bernstorff is reported to be an ardent advocate of good Anglo-German relations.

It has been rumored for some days that Baron Von Bieberstein contemplated retiring from the diplomatic service on account of ill health. It is stated that he was suffering from kidney and liver ailments. His death which resulted from paralysis of the heart was utterly unexpected here

and will, it is thought defer the negotiations for the Anglo-German understanding which he was said to have believed possible. His recent sojourn in London is believed to have strengthened his views in this direction. Baron Marshall Von Bieberstein was regarded as one of the most accomplished diplomats not only in Germany but throughout the world. Since the death of Bismark he has been considered as Germany's "strong man." The Baron in fact stepped in the shoes of Bismark when he left office in 1890, becoming on April 1st of that year, secretary of state for foreign affairs. During his time of office he conducted the negotiations with many foreign powers for commercial treaties which have been in force ever since with some few modifications. In 1894 he became Prussian Minister of State and three years later the Emperor recognizing his abilities as a statesman appointed him ambassador to Turkey. He remained at Constantinople over fourteen years, but was often called to Berlin to confer with the Emperor. These conferences were not only in regard to Turkish affairs, however, but also in connection with Germany's general foreign policy. It was often hinted that the Baron practically controlled the Emperor's entire foreign policy. He was strongly in favor of the extension of Germany's dominions in all parts of the world. His views were also well received at the German Court that he was often mentioned for the Imperial chancellorship.

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT PASSED AWAY SUDDENLY

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 24.—Sir Richard Cartwright is dead. He died in the General Hospital shortly after eleven o'clock this morning. He took a bad turn during the night and although he rallied during the early hours of the morning he began to sink steadily and passed away very suddenly. A consultation of doctors at ten o'clock decided that the aged knight could not survive the day.

Lady Cartwright and members of the family were at the bedside. His funeral will be private.

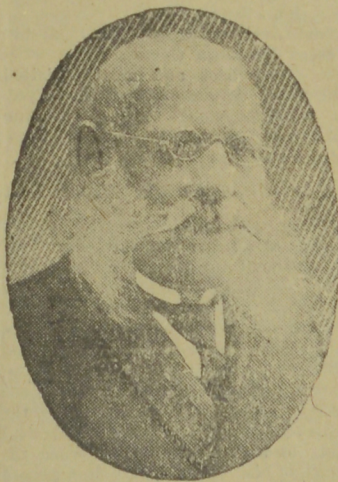
Kingston, Ont., Sept. 24.—Sir Richard Cartwright, who underwent an operation in Kingston General Hospital last Thursday morning for strangulated hernia, took a bad turn during the night and his position was quite serious. His physicians report at nine o'clock this morning that he had rallied but that danger is not passed.

HIS CAREER

The Hon. Sir Richard Cartwright, one of Canada's greatest statesmen, was born in Kingston, Ont., on December 14th, 1835. He was educated in the public schools at that place and at Trinity College, Dublin. He was first elected to Parliament in 1863 for Lennox and Addington and continued to sit for that constituency until 1867.

From Confederation down to 1878 he represented Lennox and was defeated in the general election of that year. He was returned to the House for the County of Huron. At the general election in 1887, he was elected in South Oxford and sat for that constituency until Dec. 1901, when he was called to the Senate.

Sir Richard was originally a Conservative but broke with that party soon after confederation and became a follower of Mr. Alexander MacKenzie. He was appointed finance minister in the government formed by the latter in 1873, holding office until 1878. From 1878 until 1896 he was chief financial critic for the opposi-



SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT.

tion in parliament. The return of the Liberals to power in 1896 Sir Richard took the portfolio of minister of trade and commerce, and held office until the defeat of the government last September. From 1901 until 1911 he was 'government leader of the senate and after the resignation of the ministry became the leader of the opposition. He was created a K. C. M. G. in 1879 and in 1897 he received the grand cross of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. He was appointed a member of the Imperial Privy Council in 1902. As a parliamentarian and debater he had few rivals in Canada.

LAST LADIES' NIGHT

The last Ladies' night of the season will be at the B. & B. Club House tomorrow. Dancing will begin at 8.15 p.m. O'Brien's Orchestra furnishing music. The chaperones will be Mesdames H. G. Chestnut, J. C. Allen, J. Hugh Calder and Alcorn.

CALLS IT A GAME OF BLUFF

Correspondent Says the Ulsterites are Playing to the Galleries

God Fearing Loyalists Only Fight When They are Five to One and the Enemy Unarmed

New York, Sept. 24.—A special cable from London this morning says:—

The Daily Chronicle's special correspondent who is accompanying the Unionist leaders in their anti-Home Rule campaign in Ulster, thus refers to the performance of the "Unionist Irish."

"The performances, of course, are not meant for the benefit of the Irish people. They are organized for the purpose of intimidating the government and misleading the British electorate. Not a single vote in Ulster has been turned or would be turned if the performances went on until Christmas."

"There will be no fighting. Khaki uniforms and dummy rifles have frightened nobody. These God fearing loyalists never fight unless they are at least five to one and the enemy are unarmed. All these threats about resistance all this talk about dying in the last ditch in defence of our liberties are the sheerest bunkum."

"The astute lawyers who are running this movement have not more intention of injuring their finger ends by picking oakum in his majesty's jails than they have of exposing their bodies to the bayonets of his majesty's soldiers."

MAY PUT THE HEN OUT OF BUSINESS

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Dr. Paul Walden of Riga, Russia, predicted here last night that the next great feat of chemistry would be the making of eggs from air. Dr. Walden, who is president elect of the ninth International Congress of Applied Chemistry to be held in St. Petersburg in 1915, further predicted that a variety of nitrogenous foods will be made from the air some day.

"I consider it practically certain that at no distant day we will be drawing food supplies from the air," he said. "Prof. Berthsen of Germany, has already succeeded in making the simple compound nitrogen and hydrogen. This shows that we will be able to make more complex compounds. An egg is a complex compound of nitrogen, oxygen, sulphur and hydrogen. The chemical process of the hen will be imitated in the laboratory in the undertaking. Formerly we were able to do very little with the uncombined nitrogen in the atmosphere. Now that we are able to harness it the possibility is wonderful."

PERSONAL

Mr. G. Fred Dayton of Edmundston is at the Barker House.

Mr. William Blake of Woodstock is at the Barker House.

Mr. E. P. VanWart of Sussex is in the city.

Mr. J. E. Urquhart of Toronto is at the Barker House.

Mr. F. Norman Beveridge of Milltown, N.B., is at the Barker House.

Mr. Lester P. Parker of Derby, N. B., was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Offer Trentham of New Glasgow is at the Queen.

Mr. J. E. Burns of Fredericton Junction is at the Queen today.

Rev. John C. Lord of Noveink, N. J., arrived in the city last night registering at the Queen. He will be the guest of Rev. A. Lindsay Skerry of Stanley.

Mr. Ed. Foulds of Toronto is among the commercial men in the city.

Mr. P. H. Rosenberg of Toronto is registered at the Queen.

Mr. E. C. Weyman of St. John was in the city yesterday.

Mr. J. A. Haines of Toronto arrived in the city last night.

Mr. E. L. Palmer of Amherst is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Earle R. Brown of Vancouver arrived in the city last night registering at the Queen.

PREDICTS A BLOCAGE

All Signs Point to a congestion of Grain in the West

Farmers are Likely to See Their Grain Rot in the Fields—Must Open Southern Route

Winnipeg, Sept. 23.—Under the caption, A Grain Block Unavoidable, the Grain Growers' Guide will say tomorrow:

"All signs point to a congestion in the movement of grain this fall, far worse than that of last fall and winter, bad as it was. The exceptional rain fall during the harvest has delayed cutting as well as threshing. The weather last fall was unfavorable and the crop movement was greatly delayed, but the grain at this time last year was moving in treble the volume it is at the present time, and this season's crop is considerably in excess of the 1911 crop."

"During the two weeks ended Sept. 21 there were only 1,298 cars of western spring wheat passed inspection as against 4,482 for the same weeks last year. The continued rain of last week which visited all three provinces delayed threshing still more and the crop movement will probably be from ten days to two weeks later than last year."

"With these facts in hand it is imperative that every effort be put forth to meet these most exceptional conditions. The railways will not be able to handle the grain that is offered them. There is not enough elevator capacity to accommodate the immense quantity of grain that cannot reach the lake front before the close of navigation."

AMERICAN MARKET CLOSED TO THEM

"Since the doors of the southern market are closed and locked the best remedy in sight is to have through railway rates to the south. These through rates to the south were in force for a time last winter and afforded a great deal of relief, but were not put into effect soon enough."

"It is the plain duty of the Dominion government and the three trans-continental railways to make arrangements at once with the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington by which the southern route may be thrown open early."

"The farmers should not be compelled to see their grain rot on the ground because silly sentiment stands in the way of a measure of relief."

"There is no sense in the government and the railway companies entangling farmers into this country by visions of prosperity and then bottling them up and punishing them for doing just what they were expected and supposed to do. The time for action has arrived."

COATICOOK MAN DEAD AT NINETY-EIGHT

Coaticook, Que., Sept. 24.—John Labeur Veau died in his 98th year last night after a week's illness. Deceased was born in Coaticook when only a small section of the country was cleared. His grandfather came from France in 1776 on board one of the ships of General Lafayette, at the time he came to assist the Americans in their war of independence. Three years ago the last 15th of May he celebrated his golden wedding. His widow survives.

KAISER AND SON ARE ESTRANGED

New York, Sept. 24.—A cable to the Tribune from London says:—"Advices from Berlin are to the effect that the estrangement between the Kaiser and the Crown Prince is so complete that his majesty declined to attend the festivities in honor of the Crown Prince's twenty-sixth birthday at Potsdam on Friday last."

Mrs. James Davidson of Gibson who has been sick in Moncton for some time is expected home the latter part of the week.