

On the first resolution,—for the amendment,—Messrs. Street, Partelow, Rankin, Williston, Montgomery, McPhelim, Porter, Robinson, Thompson, and Stiles. On the second resolution—for the amendment—Messrs. Street, Rankin, Partelow, Reed, Gordon, Earle Williston, Botsford, Rice, Stiles, Taylor, Beardsley, McPhelim, Robinson, Porter, Montgomery, Hayward, Barberte, Gilbert, Crane—21. On the third resolution no amendment was offered. Against this resolution were—Messrs. Partelow, Rankin, Street, Montgomery, Thompson, Porter, Robinson, Taylor. On the fourth resolution—for the amendment—the same as on the second. This amendment states it to be the duty of Government, after receiving the report of the Committee, to bring down a bill for the reduction of such salaries as may be consistent with the Public Service, and that the Dispatches were an undue interference and infringement on the rights ceded to the people of this Province. On the fifth resolution, the division for the amendment was the same. On the sixth—the same. Mr. Fitzgerald did not vote—Mr. Scoullar was in the chair.

## MONDAY EVENING April 21st.

The House was in Supply nearly all day.—The sum of £4000 was voted for the collection and protection of the Fisheries. Considerable discussion took place; and finally the usual grants to the Tidewaiters were passed. The grants recommended by the Agricultural Committee were also passed.

The Fredericton Corporation Bill came down from the Council to-day slightly amended.

The Intercolonial Bill for a direct reciprocal trade only with the North American Colonies was rejected on the third reading. Mr. Street declared his opinion, as Attorney General, that the old Bill and the old proclamation still remained in force. The division was, for the Bill, 16; against it 21. All those parties who were compelled to pay duties on Nova Scotia Cattle, &c., will be entitled to recover the same.—N.B. News.

## TUESDAY, April 22d, 3 1/2 P. M.

The Hon. Mr. Partelow's Bill passed this morning, reviving two expired Acts for the payment of the Presidents and the Members of both Houses, and to be in operation four years. The Bill was sustained by 17 against 10.

The House afterwards went into Committee of Supply. A warm discussion took place on the grant for repairing Public Buildings. The grant was sustained by a division of 20 to 7. Several Members went for tearing down Government House, and erecting a smaller building. The House is still in Supply, discussing the proposition for a drawback to the Officers of Her Majesty's Troops on Wines and Liquors consumed by them.

## April 24th.

The House proceeded to business much earlier than usual.

Mr. Hannington proposed a Resolution that Mr. Baillie refund £1298 paid him in excess up to 1847, and all amounts since unpaid.

Mr. Ritchie thought that this was useless, explained the conduct of the former Committee, and said their report was made up without proper information; he wished to proceed by Bill to reduce the salary.

The Attorney General proposed as an amendment, that the Law Officers be directed to institute proceedings for the recovery of the amount.

Messrs. Taylor, McPherson, Fitzgerald and others, spoke.

It was the general opinion that it would be no use to sue, for the money could not be got.

The amendment was lost and the resolution carried by a large majority.

Mr. Hannington next proposed a resolution that the Offices of Surveyor General and Postmaster General should be made political, and that these officers should hold seats in the Executive as soon as the change could be conveniently carried out.

Mr. Barbarie said they had too many Generals in the House already, he wanted no more of them, there had been no peace since they got them there, the object was to make offices political and then attack the Generals in flank and rear, and open the offices to others.

Mr. Hannington said, he had pledged himself to take no office, and would not; therefore this would not apply to him; thought for this reason he was the fittest person to propose the resolution.

Mr. Fitzgerald proposed that the Treasurer should be added.

Mr. Robinson seconded—amendment lost.

The resolution was supported by the members of Government, and carried by a large majority.

Boston, April 18.—Great Gale.—The Gale which has been raging in this vicinity, with more or less severity for three days past, has now abated in violence, though the wind still blows hard from the eastward, accompanied with rain.

Many of the wharves and several of the lower streets of the city were covered with water, the cellars flooded, and large quantities of goods destroyed or injured. Houses were unroofed, chimneys and cupolas blown down, trees uprooted, &c.

It is wholly impossible at present to form any correct estimate of the amount of the whole or individual damage. It is sufficient to say, that the whole loss cannot, according to the opinion of many merchants, be less than \$1,000,000.

All the Railroads, Bridges, &c., have sustained injury.

The St. John's Episcopal Church in East Boston was blown to the ground and broken into a thousand pieces. In its fall it stove the end and knocked off two chimneys of a house near by. The church stood in a position which exposed it to the power of the wind.

The steeple of the new Baptist Meeting House on Bunker Hill, about 80 feet in height, fell across the street, burying a milk cart, which was passing at the time, in the ruins, killing the driver, Mr. Theodore Lock, and the horse.

Considerable damage was done to property in and about South Boston.

At Chelsea, the sea made a complete breach over the wharves, floating off considerable lumber.

At Salem, the tide rose to a height unprecedented for many years, exceeding that of the storm a few weeks ago, and sweeping the wharves and streets in exposed situations like a deluge.

At Dorchester, the effects of the storm are disastrous beyond all former precedent. From one wharf 200,000 feet of valuable seasoned lumber floated off, and lies broken along the shore.

At Newburyport, the tide rose thirteen inches higher than in the gale of 18th March last, which was the highest tide known for a great many years past. The wharves were all overflowed from one to three and four feet, and large quantities of lumber were floated off.

At Portland, the papers of Wednesday describe the storm as one of the most terrific that has ever visited that city. Considerable damage was done.

The shores of Deer Island are strewn with lumber, &c. Seven vessels are ashore on Marblehead Beach, together with great quantities of lumber, wood, &c., and much other damage in the neighborhood.

A British brig, name unknown, is ashore on the north-east side of Rainsford Island.

All the towns within 150 miles of Boston have suffered more or less by the storm.

Minot's Rock Light carried away—Two lives lost.—We learned yesterday from Cohasset of the destruction by the severe gale, of Minot's Rock Light House and the loss of the two Assistant Keepers. The news was communicated to us by Mr. Bennett, the Keeper of the Light, who arrived in the city yesterday morning, with fragments of the structure. The last time that the Light was seen standing was at about half-past three o'clock Wednesday afternoon. The Light was not seen burning that evening. Early on Thursday morning Mr. Bennett was on the beach, and discovered strewn all around fragments of the building, the lantern, bedding, clothes, one of Mr. B's life buoys, &c. The two assistant keepers, Joseph Wilson, 20 years of age, and Joseph Antonio, (a Portuguese,) aged 25, both true and faithful men, were swept away with the Light House and lost.

M. Bennett was absent from the Light when the sad catastrophe occurred. He had been ordered up to Boston by Collector Greely, to purchase a new boat, and, on his return, Tuesday afternoon, found the sea so high that he could not get out to the light house. To this he is indebted for the preservation of his own life.—The whole height of this building was 75 feet. It was built on piles sunk five feet in the rock, the diameter of which was eight inches at the base, and 4 1/2 at the top. On these piles were nine iron pillars sustaining the keeper's house, the floor of which was 60 feet from the foundation. The breadth of the base of the structure was 25 feet; the keeper's room 14 feet. The keeper's house, resting on the pillars, weighed 30 tons, and was 40 feet from the sea. The event is believed to have occurred about 12 o'clock Wednesday night, and is one of the most melancholy incidents of the storm. The unhappy inmates must have been swept away like weeds by the waves that came rushing in from the ocean.

A Floating Light Ship is to be immediately moored near the scene of the disaster, to supply the want occasioned by the loss of the Light House.

## Is the Sprinkling of Children favourable to Conversion?

It is sometimes asserted by persons who do not believe in the Puseyite doctrine of baptismal regeneration, that God blesses this rite to the subsequent conversion of children. This is quite often urged as an argument in its favor. The following extract from the last report of the Baltimore Sunday-school Superintendents, and Teachers' Association, which we take from the *True Union*, gives statistics that are instructive on this point. It gives the proportion of scholars who are professors of religion to the membership of each denomination represented in the Association.

Denomination	Scholars who attend	Scholars professors of religion.
Prot. Episcopal, 1,012		21
Presbyterian, O. S., 767		4
Presbyterian, N. S., 280		7
Meth. Prot., 335		3
Lutheran, 518		15
German Reformed, 335		16
Meth. Episcopal, 4,420		222
Baptist, 652		67

Total attendance, 8,319 Do. pro. 355

By this table the following facts are exhibited. The professors of religion in each school bear a proportion to the whole number of scholars in each, as follows:—

Protestant Episcopal, 1 in	—	—	18
Presbyterian, O. S., 1 in	—	—	192
Presbyterian, N. S., 1 in	—	—	40
Methodist Protestant, 1 in	—	—	112
Lutheran, 1 in	—	—	34
German Reformed, 1 in	—	—	21
Methodist Episcopal, 1 in	—	—	20
Baptist, 1 in	—	—	10

That is, there are twice as many converted children in the Baptist schools, in proportion to the scholars, as in any of the Pædobaptist schools, and more than ten times as many as in the schools of two denominations here represented.—N. Y. Recorder.

BAPTISM IN CHARLES STREET.—The Rev Samuel Beedle, lately an acceptable and respected minister in the Methodist Episcopal church, was baptised in the Charles Street Baptist meeting house, Sabbath before last, in the presence of a large and solemn assembly.

Mr. B. was born at Selby, in Yorkshire, England.

The relation which he gave to the church of his Christian experience, his views of gospel

doctrine and his early exercises in regard to his becoming a minister, was highly satisfactory. He comes among the Baptists with an unblemished reputation—and a character for kindness and discretion. It is believed, that he has left his former religious connections, not from any feelings of personal alienation or dissatisfaction, but from conscientious convictions of duty. It is hoped that he will be received with kindness and confidence by the pastors and churches of the denomination which he has joined.—Ch. Watchman & Reflector.

SOUTH AFRICA MISSIONS.—The London Missionary Society has been a long time actively engaged in carrying forward the missionary work in this vast field for labor. The most recent accounts from the Cape of Good Hope are gratifying, and although they have been impeded by internal wars, yet success attends most of the missionary efforts.

The good Dr. Philip, at the Cape, is now in the 75th year of his age. Although enfeebled by age he is still looked upon as the general head of the mission. He was the first who established the infant school system in Africa. There are now eleven infant schools at Cape Town, giving instruction to twelve hundred children.

The Rev. Mr. Freeman, who has recently made a tour into the interior, says that after he had proceeded beyond the colonial boundaries, he found that the gospel had done much good for the Griquas. On one occasion, at the first missionary station, he had a large congregation of Griquas and Bechuanas; not less, he thinks, than seven hundred, and at the Lord's table he sat down with about four hundred communicants. He held a missionary meeting, and many of the people addressed the audience in the Dutch language. Promises of contributions were made to the amount of about £100, including donations of cattle and sheep.

Mr. Fuller extended his tour to the station of the well known missionary Moffatt, nearly one thousand miles to the north of Cape Town. Mr. Moffatt's chapel, he says, would be no disgrace to the environs of London. He has good congregations and a large number of communicants. He has also a printing press "hard at work." He proceeded still further north until he came to the station of Dr. Livingstone, well known for his discovery of the great Lake Ngami.—N. Y. Com. Adv.

THE TEMPERANCE TELEGRAPH.—We have received a copy of this paper in its new dress, and must say its appearance is very neat. Mr. Burtis will still edit it, and we wish it every success in aiding the cause of Temperance, and compensating the labour and expense bestowed upon it.

Mr. J. S. Colpits is an Agent at Elgin, to receive names and money for us. We thought his name was in the list.

## NOTICE.

THE GOVERNORS of ACADIA COLLEGE for New-Brunswick, will hold a regular Quarterly Meeting for Business, on the first Monday in May, August, February, and November, at 3 o'clock, P. M., in St. John. Due notice will be given of any Special Meeting, by the Secretary.

When convenient for those members residing in other parts of the Province to attend, it is deemed very important that they should be present at all meetings. Per Order.

S. FITCH, Chairman.

St. John, April 25th, 1851.

## NOTICES.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY.—The Annual Meeting of the American and Foreign Bible Society will be held in the Oliver street Baptist Church in the City of New-York, on Friday, May 9th. The Society will meet for business at 9 o'clock, A. M., in the lecture-room; the public services of the anniversary will commence at 10 o'clock, when the Annual Report will be read. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. Morgan J. Rhees of Williamsburg, and the Rev. R. A. Fyle, of Warren, R. I.

A public meeting of the Society will likewise be held in the Rowe-st. Baptist church, (Rev. Dr. Stow's) Boston, on Monday evening, May 12th, at 7 1/2 o'clock, when an abstract of the Annual Report will be read, and addresses will be delivered by the Rev. George B. Ide, D. D., of Philadelphia, and the Rev. Wm. F. Hansell, of Poughkeepsie.

It is expected that other speakers for both

the above-named meetings will be announced hereafter. SEWALL S. CUTTING, Cor. Sec. American and Foreign Bible Rooms, New-York, April 7th, 1851.

## ANNUAL MEETINGS.

The Board of Managers of the American Baptist Missionary Union will hold their 37th annual meeting in the meeting-house of the Bowdoin Square Baptist Church, Boston, on Tuesday, May 13th, 1851, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

M. J. RHEES, Rec. Sec'y.

Williamsburg, Feb. 24th, 1851.

The American Baptist Missionary Union will hold its ensuing annual meeting in the meeting-house of the Bowdoin Square Baptist Church, Boston, Mass., on Thursday the 15th May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The annual sermon will be preached by Rev. Wm. Hague, D. D., of Newark, New-Jersey, or Rev. V. R. Hotchkiss, of New York, his alternate.

W. H. SHAILER, Rec. Sec'y.

Brookline, March 12, 1851.

## MARRIED.

On the 14th inst., by the Rev. R. Cooney, Mr. Richard Manning, to Miss Margaret Hoyte, both of this City.

On the 16th inst., at the residence of James Kirk, Esq., by the Rev. William Donald, John B. Hamilton, Esq., of New York, to Miss Charlotte Buchanan, of this place.

Last evening, by the Rev. J. Reid Lawson, the Rev. Alexander McLeod Staveland, Pastor of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in this City, to Margaret, second daughter of Mr. Ewen Cameron, of the same place.

At Portland, on Tuesday evening, by Rev. E. D. Very, Mr. Patrick Selvege, of Burton, to Miss Ann Amanda Daley, of the same Parish.

At Moncton, on the 14th inst., by the Rev. D. Crandal, Mr. Ephraim Lodge, of Moncton, to Miss Sarah Jane Carle, of Dorchester.

On the 10th inst., by the Rev. Titus Stone, at the house of the bride's father, Mr. George Freeze, to Miss Almira, eldest daughter of Mr. Wm. McCready, Jr., all of Sussex.

On the 6th of February last, by the Rev. Merritt Keith, of Butterut Ridge, Mr. Merritt Smith, fourth son of Mr. Robert Smith, to Miss Phoebe, second daughter of Mr. Robert Colpits, both of Elgin.

## DIED.

On Wednesday evening, the 16th inst., after a long and severe illness, in the 37th year of her age, Sarah, wife of Capt. William Robinson, of the barque Kingston, and grand-daughter of the late Lawrence Foster, leaving a husband, two children, and a large circle of relatives, to regret the loss of an affectionate wife, mother and friend.

On Saturday morning 20th inst., Ann, widow of the late Thomas Gillespie, in the 45th year of her age.

In Calais, (Maine) on the 10th April, Catherine, wife of Mr. William R. Snow, Editor and Publisher of the *Freemason's Journal*, aged 25 years.

At Otis Place, Boston, on the 26th ult., J. S. Boies, Esquire, in his 30th year.

## PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

## ARRIVED.

Saturday—Steamer Maid of Erin, Belyea, Portland, 32 hours—Thomas Parks, passengers and merchandise.

Sunday—Steamer Admiral Wood, Boston, 2—George Thomas, passengers & merchandise.

## CLEARED.

April 15th—Brigt. Grenada, Robinson, Barbados, fish, peas and lumber—J. & T. Robinson; Schr. Echo, Holder, Portland, salt—Jos. Fairweather.

16th—Barque Irvine, Moore, Bristol, timber and deals—Allison & Spurr.

17th—Brigt. Sarah, Johnston, Fishing Voyage, salt, flour, bread, &c.—R. Rankin & Co.

April 21st—Steamers Admiral, Wood, Boston, and Maid of Erin, Belyea, Portland.

The Elizabeth, Hunter, from this port, arrived at Dublin 23rd March—on the 7th, in wearing ship to clear anchor, struck it and carried away the jib-boom.

Sailed for St. John.—March 23d, Ellergill, Jordan, from Carthagen; 31st, Lisbon, Brinton, from Deal; Fingalton, Craig, from Milford; Rosina, Cleall, from Greenock; Ant, Williams, from Portsmouth; April 2d, Alfred, Graham, from Leith; 4th, Elizabeth Hastings, Vesey, from Liverpool.

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GENTS' French HATS, *Rivets real Paris Manufacture, only 20s., Paris price*;  
40 Dozen Gent's Satin HATS, Spring Style;  
40 do. Men's Paris and Plate HATS;  
80 do. Men's and Youths' Drab, Brown, Green and Gold Sporting HATS;  
40 do. Men's and Youths' Pearl, Tampico, Kossuth, Oriental and Farmer's Hats,  
40 do. Men's and Youths' CLOTH CAPS, every style;  
60 do. Silk and Lawn Glazed CAPS;  
10 do. Silk Plush CAPS, *very nice patterns*;  
10 do. Brussels and Venetian Carpet Bags; Glazed Hats; OIL CLOTH;  
Gents' Furnishing Goods;  
TRUNKS, Valises, and UMBRELLAS.  
With a large assortment of other Goods.

CASH paid for FURS.

April 8.—61. LOCKHART & CO.

## TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

Just received a large supply of the original Dr. S. P. Townsend's SARSAPARILLA, direct from the principal Office, New-York. March 23. FELLOWS & CO.