

UNITED STATES.

DINNER OF THE PRESS TO KOSSUTH.—The Dinner of the public Press of New York, in compliment to Kossuth, took place at the Astor House on Monday evening. Two hundred and fifty gentlemen, mostly connected with the press, sat down to the tables, which were supplied in a style of great luxury. Mr. Wm. C. Bryant, of the Evening Post, presided.—Letters of regret from several gentlemen, including most of the heads of departments at Washington, were read.

The first regular toast was to "Turkey, Great Britain and the United States, the deliverers of Kossuth." To this toast, Mr. George Bancroft responded, and he closed his speech by the toast—"The American Press, it is responsible for the Liberties of all mankind." The Chairman then after a brief complimentary speech, gave the toast—"Louis Kossuth."

M. Kossuth replied at great length, although he complained of severe illness. His speech was miscellaneous in its topics. He commented upon the immense numbers and circulation, and the power of the American Press, and said that beyond the United States there is hardly a practical freedom of the Press any where. He expressed his satisfaction at seeing an immense majority of the American Press, without any interference on his part, come forward for the protection of the cause of Hungary. He alluded to his having commenced his public career in the humble capacity of a journalist, fettered by an arbitrary Austrian censorship. Much of the speech was devoted to the variety of languages in Europe, and particularly in the Austrian dominions. He concluded by inviting the favor of his auditors to the cause of his country, and of oppressed humanity on the continent of Europe, and soliciting their aid in urging the public opinion to the support of the propositions which he had made at the Corporation banquet. When he sat down, the company rose and gave him three cheers. He soon after retired on the plea of illness.

Mr. Charles King, President of Columbia College, addressed the company in an eloquent speech, as did a number of other gentlemen, and many toasts were given. The company broke up between one and two o'clock.

After dinner, about 500 ladies were admitted, and at the time Kossuth commenced his speech there were from 12 to 1600 persons present in the room.

Kossuth has accepted an invitation to deliver an address in the Rev. H. W. Beecher's Church, Brooklyn, on Thursday evening at \$5 a ticket.

The members of the bar have also determined to abandon the project for a dinner and will probably make arrangements for a meeting at Tripler Hall on Friday evening, to be addressed by Kossuth. The admission will be \$5, and the proceeds to go for the relief of Hungary.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE HUNGARIAN FUND.—In addition to the \$1000 given by Mr. Mead, of Cincinnati, and the \$1000 announced by Mr. Draper, \$1000 has been sent in by Mr. J. N. Genin, the latter, and \$100 from Mr. E. M. Paterson, of New Brunswick, N. J.

It is proposed in Philadelphia to give up the idea of having a dinner on the reception of Kossuth there, and to appropriate the money it would cost in aid of Hungary.

M. Kossuth has issued the following address:—
To the people of the United States:

Having come to the conclusion to avail myself, for the cause of my country, of the sympathy which I had reason to believe existed in the heart of the nation, I found it my duty to declare, in the first moments of my arrival, that it is my mission to plead the independence of Hungary and the liberty of the European continent, before the great republic of the United States. My principle in this respect is, that every nation has the sovereign right to dispose of its own domestic affairs, without any foreign interference; that I, therefore, shall not meddle with any domestic concerns of the United States, and that I expect it from all the friends of my cause not to do anything in respect to myself that could throw difficulties in my way, and, while expressing sympathy for the cause, would injure it.

It is with regret that I must feel the necessity of again making that appeal to the public opinion of this country, and particularly to those who profess themselves to be the friends of my cause, to give one proof of their sympathy by avoiding every step which might entangle me into difficulties in respect to that rule which I have adopted; and which I again declare to be my leading principle, viz: not to mix, and not to be mixed up whatever with domestic concerns or party questions.

L. KOSSUTH.

New York, Dec. 12th, 1851.

INFANT BAPTISM.—A writer in the Vermont Chronicle regards the neglect and decline of infant baptism as referable in part, to the unwillingness of parents, especially the mother, to bring their children into the notice and publicity which the act now requires. He thinks if "this divinely appointed ordinance should be administered at the house of the parents, and at as early a day as health and other circumstances will admit," the course would be "more scriptural," and "more consonant with the best feelings." The writer concludes that were infant baptism observed in this latter way, instead of being practiced in the sanctuary, very few Pedobap-

tist parents would neglect it. The suggestion is a novel one, and is evidently intended to quicken the observance of what is fast becoming obsolete.

THE EFFECTS OF PUSEYITE TEACHING.—A woman who had been frequently visited by Puseyite clergymen, the majority of whom we hesitate not to designate disseminators of spiritual darkness, was ultimately reduced to the following state of heathen blindness:—During the visit of a dissenting minister, who expressed, in the course of conversation, his doubt of her having experienced regeneration, she immediately left the room, presently re-appearing with the certificate of her baptism, she triumphantly exclaimed, "That'll show you whether I hav'n't been born again."

RESERVED RIGHTS.—The Boston Traveler in commenting on the Maine Liquor Law, says—"A mistake prevails in regard to the law in one particular. It does not authorize the seizure of liquor in private houses, or wherever it may be found; but only where it has been, or obviously is intended to be sold, so that the inalienable right of getting drunk in one's own house is fully reserved."

SEWING MACHINES.—The New York Democrat says there are now in that city no less than fifty sewing machines driven by steam-power, which turn out an enormous number of pants each day, besides fine coats and other articles of apparel. One girl, with the aid of machinery, can turn out as much work as six girls can with needles used by hand. The profits of this machine are enormous; but it is the capitalist who owns the machine, and who realizes the gain.

TELEGRAPHS IN THE UNITED STATES.—The Commonwealth states that there are already in the United States and Canada more than 12,000 miles of wire, involving a capital of \$3,000,000. To work these lines costs annually 720 tons of zinc, worth \$57,000, more than a million pounds of nitric acid, worth \$117,800, and \$27,000 worth of mercury, besides a considerable value in sulphuric acid, &c. On the line from Pittsburg to Cincinnati alone, there were transmitted in the year 1850, 364,559 paid despatches, and the revenue received was \$73,278.

Homeopathic Students.—There are about one hundred students in attendance upon the lectures of the Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College.

The Cunard Steam Navigation Company have settled the claim of the owners and crew of the schr. Florence, Capt. Higgins, which was run down and sunk by the steamer Europa, by the payment of the sum of five thousand dollars.

The types for President Fillmore's message were set up in fifty minutes in the N. Y. Tribune office, and it was published in 72 minutes after the copy was received.

The Trade with the British Provinces from the United States is stated by a writer in the Boston Courier to be of greater magnitude than that with any nation, except Great Britain and France,—a fact which, he adds, should convince every reflecting mind, of the vast importance to the whole country, and more especially to the people of New-England and New York, of placing the intercourse between the United States and the British Colonies on the most free, economical and permanent footing.

GERMAN EMIGRATION TO AMERICA.—The Imperial Gazette of Austria regards the emigration of Germans to America, now taking place, as a great evil. It states the number that emigrate annually at 80,000; and considering that, at present, persons possessed of capital are frequently found among them, it thinks that several millions thus go out of the country every year.

TRADE WITH ENGLAND.—Great Britain and the United States interchange in a year produce worth about \$200,000,000. The exports from Great Britain are nearly one-fifth the value of British exports.

It is said that the quantity of square timber and sawed lumber shipped to the United States from Canada, equals the total exports of white pine from Quebec to England.

The following is the population of the different Parishes in the County of Kent:—

	1851.	1840.	Increase.
Richibucto,	3020	2088	932
Wellington,	2514	1452	1062
Weldford,	1816	1130	686
Dundas,	1929	1163	766
Carleton,	2032	1644	388
Harcourt,	42	—	42
	11,352	7477	3876
Population in 1840,			7477
" 1851,			11,353
Increase,			3876
or about 52 per cent.			

The Miramichi Gleaner, in reference to the appointment of the Hon. David Wark, of Kent County, to a seat in the Legislative Council, says—"The Government could not have made a selection which gives more general satisfaction to the people in that County."

CENSUS of the County of Charlotte for the	1840	and 1851
St. Andrews,	3682	4011
St. George,	2422	2936
St. Stephen,	3405	2928
St. Patrick,	2013	2263
St. James,	1155	1746
St. David,	1609	1681
Penfield,	1043	1256
West Isles,	1128	1253
Grand Manan,	1003	1176
Campobello,	718	862
	18,178	20,112
Increase in 11 years		1934

We learn that the Rev. James Belcher has resigned the pastorate of the Baptist Church and Society in Ellsworth, and intends to seek some field of labor in a climate more favorable to his health.

Mr. JOHN GRAY, formerly a preacher of the Wesleyan Methodist denomination, was set apart as a Baptist minister on the 2d inst., at Enfield, Tompkins county, N. Y., and installed pastor of the church at that place.

A Sermon will be preached on the Evening of January 1st, in the Chapel in Germain street, after which a Collection will be taken up for the Poor. Services at 6 o'clock.

NOTICE.—The Governors of Acadia College will meet at the house of Rev. Samuel Robinson, on Monday next, at half-past 3 o'clock, P. M. Per order of the Chairman.
December 26, 1851.

The Quarterly Meeting of the York County Total Abstinence Convention will be held at the Baptist Church in King's Clear, on New Year's Day, commencing at 2 o'clock, P. M.—The friends of Temperance are requested to attend, and a punctual attendance of Delegates is requested.
Dec. 16, 1851. Z. J. CURRY, Sec'y.

NOTICE.
THE NEW BAPTIST CHAPEL recently erected at River Herbert, will be opened for Divine Worship on Sunday, the 11th of January. Ministering and other Brethren are respectfully invited to give their attendance.
JOB SEAMAN.
Minutiae, Dec. 18, 1851.

RICH GOODS.—The latest fashionable London and Paris Vestings, for Fall and Winter wear, are now exhibited in the magnificent windows of J. Garrett & Co, Merchant Tailors; they even surpass in design the Exhibition Vests, so much admired. Wiggins' Brick Building, opposite H. Chubb & Co, Prince William Street.

MARRIED.
On Tuesday morning, by the Rev. Richard Knight, Superintendent of the Wesleyan Missions, Mr. Martin Black, of Dorchester, to Elizabeth Ann, eldest daughter of Mr. Wm. N. Venn, of this city.
On Thursday evening, 18th inst., by the Rev. Samuel Robinson, Mr. Robert K. Allan, of Allandale, Parish of Simonds, to Anne, third daughter of Mr. John Smith, of this City.
In Portland, Sabbath evening last, by Rev. E. D. Verr, Mr. William Mosher to Miss Eleanor Black, both of St. Martins.
On the 18th inst., by the Rev. R. Cooney, M. A., Mr. Samuel Adams, to Mrs. Elizabeth M. Jordan, widow of the late Mr. William Jordan, of the Parish of Portland.
At Simonds, on the 17th inst., by the Rev. J. W. Disbrow, Mr. William McCausland, to Miss Mary Harvey.
At Burton, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. Donald Buss, Mr. James S. White, to Sarah Isabel, eldest daughter of Charles Hazen, Esq.
At Sackville on the 11th inst., at his father's residence, by the Rev. D. Crandal, Mr. Jacob Steves, of Shediac, to Miss Cynthia, eldest daughter of Mr. Thomas Ayer.
At Harvey, by the Rev. E. N. Harris, Mr. John C. Tingley, of Hopewell, to Miss Lydia, daughter of Deacon William Fillmore, of Harvey.
On the 27th October, by Elder Elias Kierstead, Mr. Harvey Kierstead to Miss Phoebe A. Kierstead, both of the parish of Studholm. On the 13th November, by the same Mr. Harvey Patten to Miss Catharine Hawks. On the same day, by the same, Mr. John Reece to Miss Ann McLean, all of the Parish of Wat.borough. On the 24th ult., by the same, Mr. George McLean, s. n. of John McLean, Esquire, to Miss Ann McLean, daughter of Mr. Allen McLean. On the same day, by the same, Mr. Robert Caldwell to Miss Ann Murray, all of the parish of Waterborough.
On the 11th inst., by Elder Elias Kierstead, Mr. Henry Bradshaw to Miss Jane Bradshaw, both of the Parish of St. Martins.

DIED.
On Wednesday morning, Eliza, wife of the late Thomas T. Hamford, Esq., and daughter of the late Jesse Woodward, Esq.
On Thursday morning, of senile fever, Mary Anne, third daughter of Mr. Daniel Sullivan, Mill-street, aged one year, four months and twenty-one days.
On Saturday morning, aged three years and eight months, James, son of Mr. Joseph Bell, of this City.
In Portland, on Wednesday morning, Mrs. Frances McConnell, aged 70 years, leaving a number of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

On the 19th inst., Mr. James Lloyd, aged 53 years.
At Carleton, on Friday morning, the 19th inst., after a protracted illness, Eliza Irene, wife of Mr. John Maltman, and third daughter of the late Enosh Eaton, of Cornwallis, N. S., in the 25th year of her age, leaving a husband and three children, with a large circle of friends and acquaintances to mourn their loss.
Suddenly at Cornwallis, N. S., on the 8th inst., Mrs. Lucilla Webster, aged 26 years. She was the youngest daughter of Rev. David Harris. Mrs. W. has left the companion of her youth and three little children, with a large circle of friends to mourn her loss.
At Carleton, on Tuesday last, Charlotte Barlow, aged six months, youngest daughter of Mr. Nathaniel Adams.
At Sheffield, on the 15th inst., of brain fever, Archibald H., youngest son of Mr. Robert Milligan, of this City, aged nine years and seven months.
At Simonds, Carleton County, on Saturday morning 6th inst., Mrs. Maria Jane, wife of Mr. George Hiram Raymond, in the 21st year of her age, leaving a husband and a large circle of friends to mourn their loss.
At Charlotte Town, Prince Edward Island, on the 4th inst., Sarah A., aged 13 months, only child of Mr. S. C. Holman, formerly of this City.
At Boston, Dec. 8th, Mr. Jonathan Furnas, aged 65 years, for many years a resident of this City.

TOTAL ABSTINENCE
YORK COUNTY CONVENTION.

A REGULAR Quarterly Meeting of the County Total Abstinence Convention will be held at the Baptist Chapel in Kings-clear, on Thursday, the first day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

A full and punctual attendance of Delegates is requested, as business of importance will be submitted for consideration—the Public are respectfully requested to attend.

A public meeting will be held at 6 o'clock in the evening, when addresses will be delivered by talented and active Temperance men.

JAS. S. BEEK, President.
Fredericton, Dec. 19, 1851.

CARD.
To the Freeholders of the
County of Albert.

GENTLEMEN,—
I AM disposed to offer myself a candidate at the approaching election. It being my first appearance on the political stage, it is necessary that you should know my principles.

I am a protectionist to a certain extent. I would admit at a low rate of duty all necessary articles of consumption which we cannot raise or manufacture; and that our own people might be profitably employed, all raw materials for manufacturing purposes I would admit duty free, as I believe the future prosperity of our country depends in a great degree upon giving encouragement to our industrial classes, whether Mechanics or those engaged in manufactures, agriculture, or the fisheries.

I believe education to be the foundation of a country's advancement; I shall therefore advocate liberal encouragement to common Schools, and give my earnest endeavours to establish a system, founded upon the contribution of all classes, which, by making all bear the burden, will make all anxious to share the benefit.

The question of railways is a subject in which I have ever felt a deep interest, and you may rest assured I shall give every assistance in my power to those measures now under discussion which the resources of the Province will justify; and oppose any plan for their accomplishment which shall involve direct taxation or mar the prosperity of our country.

I believe it to be my duty to look to the public welfare, and when any measures are brought forward by the government which in my opinion will promote the general interest of our Country, I shall support them, when otherwise, I shall unhesitatingly oppose them.

Gentlemen, these are my principles. Should you consider me worthy of your confidence, and by your suffrage support me at the approaching election, if elected to be your representative in the Provincial Legislature, no pains will be spared on my part to promote the general interests of our country. I remain, gentlemen,

Yours very respectfully,
GEORGE JONAH.
Elgin, Albert County, Dec. 15, 1851.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Post Office Act passed at the last Session of the Legislature of this Province, authorizing the transmission by Post, to and from the United Kingdom, of Books, Pamphlets, &c., at reduced rates of Postage, not having received the Royal assent, the Public are hereby cautioned that all Books, Pamphlets, &c. at present forwarded through the Post, to and from the United Kingdom, are liable to full Letter Rates of Postage.

Due notice will be given when the provisions of the Book Post, above referred to, come into operation.

General Post Office,
St. John, 20th Dec., 1851. J. HOWE, P. M. G.

LONDON HOUSE,
MARKET SQUARE.

December 20th, 1851.

Just received per Steamer 'Asia,' via Halifax:

RICH PLaid BONNET RIBBONS;
SATINS; Gros de NAPS; PERSIANS;
FANCY TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.

T. W. DANIEL.