

and unequivocal exhibition of the colonists' feelings must speak volumes.

FIVE HUNDRED PERSONS DESTROYED BY A WATER SPOUT.—Two enormous waterspouts, accompanied by a hurricane, passed over Sicily, near Marsala, on the 8th inst. Going over Castellamarre, near Stabia, they destroyed half the town, and washed 200 of the inhabitants into the sea, who all perished. Upwards of 500 persons have been destroyed by this terrible visitation, and an immense amount of property, the country being laid waste for miles. The shipping in the harbour suffered severely, many vessels being destroyed, and their crews drowned.

EARTHQUAKE IN THE EAST.—The "Impartial de Smyrne," in its correspondence from Salonica, has melancholy accounts of an earthquake at Berat. We learn that a part of the fortress had been thrown down and 400 soldiers buried in the ruins. About 300 houses, two mosques, and a church suffered considerably, and many are no longer habitable. Among Christians and Mussulmen 800 persons are missing, but it is as yet unknown how many among those have been lost, or how many have sought safety in flight.

SPAIN.—The Queen of Spain has pardoned all the Cuban prisoners.

The *Madrid Gazette* publishes the correspondence between Webster and Calderon, in reference to the Lopez prisoners, and adds that Her Majesty, desirous to give the American President and Government a testimony of friendship, has thought fit by a spontaneous act of her royal clemency, to pardon all the prisoners in the late expedition against Cuba;—that Her Majesty considers it an event of the highest importance for both countries that the negotiations relative to this subject have terminated so satisfactory;—that she fully approves of the conduct of her minister at Washington, and concedes him the grand cross of Charles the 3d.

HUNGARIAN PROTESTANTS ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO.—Baxter having alluded to the efforts which were made in England, in behalf of Hungarian ministers, sold for galley slaves by the Emperor's agents, Mr. Orme, in his "Life and Times," (p. 294,) appends the following note:

"The Hungarian ministers referred to by Baxter, were driven out of their country, or sold for slaves by the Emperor of Austria.—The contest which produced this result was rather for civil than for religious privileges, though the Protestants of Hungary were treated with the utmost barbarity, chiefly on account of their religion. Their churches were seized, their estates and houses sequestered, their persons imprisoned and dragged to public execution. Two hundred of their ministers were at one time in the Spanish galleys, coupled with Turks, Moors and malefactors."

It may be said that Scotch Presbyterians and English Nonconformists, were suffering penalties little less severe, at the same time, under a Protestant government. Granted.—But in the time which has since elapsed that government has learned better lessons of its religion, while the government and religion of Austria remain as intolerant and unrelenting now as then.

ARREST ON A CHARGE OF EMBEZZLEMENT.—A young man, who came passenger in the steamer S. S. Lewis, was arrested on board that vessel yesterday, on a charge of absconding with a large sum of money belonging to a firm in Leeds, England, in whose employ he had been engaged as a clerk. His true name is said to be Edward Raynor, though on board the S. S. Lewis he called himself Edward Dixon. He also had with him a young woman—said to be highly respectable—whom he represented as "Mrs. Dixon;" but it turns out that he has abandoned his true wife, whom he had sworn to "love, cherish and protect," and also his child. The news of Raynor's conduct was received in this city some days ago, and was communicated by letter from the swindled party to Messrs. Milton and Slocomb, merchants, Milk street. The arrest was made by officer Tarlton. The exact amount of Raynor's defalcation is not positively known; but it is believed to be about £1000.—*Boston Paper.*

DECLINATURE OF DR. CREIGHTON,

And a few words about Bishops and Archbishops.

The last number of the *Churchman* contains a letter from Rev. Dr. Creighton, who, a few months since, was elected Bishop of the Episcopal Church in Eastern New-York, declining to accept the office. This leaves the diocese in the same position that it has occupied for several years past. We may expect a recurrence of the exciting scenes that have marked the Church assemblies for several years past. These scenes have been a poor commentary upon the blessings of unity which a Church enjoys from a uniform liturgy and a

prelatical form of government.—*N. Y. Recorder.*

DEATH OF PROFESSOR STUART.—We are pained to announce the death of this distinguished scholar and servant of Christ, which occurred on Sunday last, the 4th inst. Professor Stuart was in the 72d year of his age. He had been connected with the Andover Theological Seminary since 1808, and was the father of biblical philology in this country. His contributions to biblical literature have been numerous, and many of them of great value. His death will be universally lamented. The Rev. Dr. Curtis, of South Carolina, called upon him on Friday. He spoke with difficulty, but remarked that "this was probably the beginning of the end." How soon the end came!—*Pur. Recorder.*

BANGOR LUMBER MARKET.—The following figures from the books of the Surveyor General's Office, (for which we are obliged to that officer) show the amount of Lumber surveyed for the year 1851, as follows.—*Bangor Mercury.*

Green Pine	115,176,783 feet.
Dry "	28,409,417 "
Spruce,	47,567,682 "
Hemlock, Hardwood, &c.	10,851,948 "
Total for 1851,	202,005,830 "
Total Survey for 1850.	203,754,201 "

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.—A copy of the treaty of friendship, commerce, and navigation between Great Britain and the Sandwich Islands, signed at Honolulu, on the 10th July last, has just been received. It is one of entire reciprocal freedom, with the exception, as regards navigation, of the coasting trade of the respective countries. British whalers are to enjoy the privilege lately conceded also to those of the United States, of entering certain ports, in addition to Honolulu and Labaina, and are to be allowed to trade to the amount of 200 dollars, without the payment of duties of any kind. They may also, upon paying the ordinary import or export duties, trade to the further extent of 1,000 dollars, before becoming liable to port charges. A provision is inserted for the surrender of naval or military deserters, which, in consequence of the proximity to California, is not without importance; and there is also a clause for the residence of a British packet agent, in case there should at any time be established British mail packets touching at a port of the islands. The ratification of the treaty is to take place by the 10th of May next.

EDUCATION IN THIS PROVINCE IN 1851.—Dr. Ryerson, the General Superintendent of Education, has published the following statements of the condition of the schools in 1850:—During that year there were £88,478 paid to teachers, and £14,189 10s. for erection and repairs of school houses. The number of scholars has increased nearly 15,000—the whole number 151,891—which, however, leaves nearly 100,000 children in the province who never enter the door of a school-house. Of the 8,956 schools only 2,097 are in the habitual use of the bible; and in 3052 religious instruction of an unsectarian character is given. During the year 3,476 teachers have been in employ, of whom 794 only are females—291 had been trained at Normal Schools—858 are Presbyterians—903 Methodists—759 Episcopal—390 Catholic—253 Baptists—and 73 Congregationalists. The average of their remuneration was from \$120 to \$240 for the males, and from \$80 to \$160 for females.—*Canada Paper.*

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE,

FREDERICTON, Jan. 12, Evening.

An Address in answer to the Speech has passed. Amendments were proposed to the 5th and 6th clauses, relative to railroads.

Mr. Needham objected to the sixth, as binding the house to open railroads, connecting the Provinces.

Mr. Johnston objected to the fifth, as binding the house to any Bill, for removing difficulties in the way of the Facility Bills, and wished both roads in one boat—proposed an amendment which was lost.

Mr. Hanington thought the intention was to squeeze out the Portland line, and wished a decided expression of opinion—he proposed an amendment to the fifth, to the effect, that the completion of the Portland line would add largely to the prosperity of the Province.

The Attorney General thought it unnecessary to repeat what the house had already declared by Bills, last year, and as a Bill would now be introduced to make the necessary amendments.

Mr. Partelow said the house had expressed its opinion last year.

The amendment was lost without a division. Mr. Beardsley proposed that the sixth clause be expunged.

Mr. English seconded, he did not believe any railroad would pay.

The Attorney General had previously inserted words, that the house rejoiced. His Excellency believed railroads would be beneficial—the intention was, that the address should be non-committal—there was no pledge implied—the house was bound to nothing.

Several members thought the house not bound by the paragraph.

On the division for expunging—yeas,—English, Beardsley, Lewis, Earle, Cutler, Gilbert, Needham, Fitzgerald, Hatheway, and Chapman. Against, 25, lost.

Messrs. Johnson, Barbarie, Partelow, and Gordon, spoke in favor of the inter-Colonial line.—Messrs. Needham and Harding, against.

Mr. Hanington preferred the European and North American.

The Speaker thought the people preferred it. Mr. Botsford thought the people preferred that the Government should undertake the work.

Mr. Cutler said, what the Province had already offered was sufficient.

Mr. Hatheway said no line would pay, but consented that the Province should give what it could repay.

Mr. Wilmot said that the people required railroads, but how they were to be undertaken was another question. Others spoke of the non-committal nature of the address, but there was no amendment carried.—House adjourned.

In the Council, Mr. Botsford asked if Government were prepared to bring down a Government measure for Railways.

Mr. Chandler replied that a Bill had been prepared, but that in consequence of a recent despatch from the Colonial office the plan would be suspended.

FREDERICTON, 13th Jan., One o'clock.

In the House the morning work has been unimportant. Several Petitions were presented and a few Bills read. The question of supplying Stationery was brought up—the Clerk was directed to order it.—A proposal that a copy of the *Royal Gazette* be sent to every Magistrate was referred to a Committee to report upon, there was much discussion or rather conversation all round the House on these subjects.

A Bill to extend the Act to prevent trespasses on Crown Lands, and a Bill to legalize the Woodstock Lock-up House passed in Committee.

Mr. Barbarie introduced a Bill to alter the mode of assigning lumbering berths—these with a few other trifling matters formed the proceedings of the day.

FREDERICTON, 14th Jan.—2 1-2 o'clock.

Some petitions were presented. In reply to a question from Mr. Botsford, Mr. Partelow stated that Government had not yet prepared measures respecting mining leases. In reply to Mr. Williston, he said they were not prepared to give information respecting the Auditor General. In reply to Mr. Cutler, Mr. Wilmot stated the subject of granting lands along the Railway lines was under the consideration of the Council. Another talk about the Debates. The Despatches will be laid on the table to-morrow. The Address in reply to the Speech has been presented, and the Governor's reply communicated: the house soon after adjourned.

NOTICE.

A PROTRACTED MEETING will be held with the 1st Baptist Church, Grand Lake, commencing on the First Saturday in February, at 2 o'clock.—Ministers and other friends are invited to attend. ELIAS KIERSTEAD.
January 12, 1852.

MARRIED

On Friday, the 9th inst., by the Rev. Samuel Robinson, Mr. Thomas Sieritt, to Miss Eliza Jane, second daughter of Mr. John Hamilton, of the Parish of Greenwich.

At Springfield, on Wednesday last, by the Rev. E. D. Vory, Rev. James Anstun Smith, Pastor of the 1st Baptist Church, Springfield, to Mrs. Mary Ann Davis, daughter of Mr. Abraham Gutter, of Springfield.

At Carleton, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. W. T. Cardy, Mr. William Erb, of Kingston, King's Co., to Miss Mary Shaw, of the City of St. John.

At Sackville, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. John Francis Pastor of the Baptist Church, Amherst, N. S., Mr. Moncton Bunker, to Mrs. Lydia Welling, of Sackville.

At Hopewell, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. E. F. Fosbury, Mr. Rufus Wright, to Mary, fourth daughter of Mr. James Colkin, all of Hopewell.

On the 8th instant by the Rev. W. Smithson at the residence of the Bride's Father, Mr. George S. Milligan, B.A., to Margaret Amelia, eldest daughter of Moses Barpe, of Burton, County of Sunbury.

DIED.

Monday morning, Margaret wife of Mr. Joseph Daley, aged 26 years, leaving a husband and two children.

On Saturday, at 10 o'clock, Mary Ann, wife of Mr. John Thompson, a native of County Tyrone, Ireland, aged 33 years.

At Hillsborough, County of Albert, on the 16th December last, Sarah Ann, daughter of Mr. John J. O'Neil, aged one year and eight months.

At Manawagonish, on Saturday last, after a long and severe illness, Mr. John Brandage, aged 42 years. He remains will be interred on Wednesday, at two o'clock.

At Carleton, on Monday, the 5th inst., in full hope of glorious resurrection, Chloe Jane, third daughter of Mr. Daniel L. Dykeman, aged 24 years, leaving a large circle of friends to mourn her loss.

At Spring Vale, (Maine,) on Sunday, the 21st ult., of Typhus Fever, taken while administering relief to her sick

children. Charlotte, wife of Mr. J. A. Fitzmaurice, formerly of Windsor, N. S., in the 39th year of her age—leaving a husband, six children, and many relatives and friends who will long remember the goodness of her heart and amiable disposition, and lament an irreparable bereavement.

OBITUARY.

Died, on the 25th ult. Mrs. Mary Vanwart, consort of the late Mr. Jacob Vanwart, of Greenwich, King's County, in the ninety-second year of her age. She was born in Westchester, in the State of New York, in the year 1760, and moved to this Province with her husband in the year 1783.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanwart were converted to God under the faithful ministry of the venerable Edward Manning, about 61 years ago, when Mr. Manning made his first visit to the River St. John. Some years after she was baptized by Father Joseph Crandal, and united with the Baptist Church formed in that place. For nearly fifty years her house was a home for the Ministers of Christ when travelling in that part of the Country. She has left behind her in all more than one hundred children, grand children, and great grand children. Few have devoted so many years of constant exemplary Christian attachment to the Church and people of God. Like a ripe shock of corn she was matured for the Church triumphant above. Her end was peace, for it well may be said of her, "She fell asleep." St. John, Jan. 13, 1852.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of the late THOMAS PRINCE, of Moncton, in the County of Westmorland, are requested to tender the same within Three Months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to either of the subscribers.

SARAH PRINCE, Executrix.

JAMES STEADMAN, Executor.

Moncton, Jan. 8, 1852.

NOTICE.—JAMES T. HALL, of the City of Saint John, Clothier, having made an assignment of all his Goods and Chattels for the benefit of all such Creditors as shall execute the Trust Deed within thirty days from this date. All parties are hereby required to execute the said Trust Deed within the required time, in order that they may participate in its benefits. Dated the Thirtieth Day of December, A. D., 1851.

JULIUS L. INCHES,

JOHN W. BEARD,

Dec. 31, 1851.

Trustees.

LONDON HOUSE.

MARKET SQUARE.

December 20th, 1851.

Just received per Steamer 'Asia,' via Halifax:

RICH PLaid BONNET RIBBONS;
SATINS; Gros de NAPS; PERSIANS;
FANCY TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.

T. W. DANIEL.

NEW GOODS.

M. Francis & Coughlan,

No. 13, PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.

BEG leave to return their sincere thanks to their friends and the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on them during the short time they have been in business, and hope, by strict attention, still to merit their future favors.

They have just received per *Faside* from London, part of their FALL SUPPLY, and daily expect a further supply by the "Themis" from Liverpool,

CONSISTING OF

Ladies', Misses', and Children's BOOTS and SHOES, of all descriptions, quality and style.

Also—Gentlemen's SPRING GAITERS, of a superior quality.

ON HAND, of Domestic Manufacture—A large assortment of Gentlemen's Calf, Morocco, and Grain Leather BOOTS; Also, Boys' BOOTS and SHOES.

AN excellent assortment of Gentlemen's and Ladies' RUBBER BOOTS and OVERSHOES; Misses' and Children's do. ON HAND—A quantity of GUTTA PERCHA.—All of which they will sell, Wholesale or Retail, at their usual low prices, for Cash.
October 10th, 1851.

New and beautiful style of Hats.

C. D. EVERETT & SON having received their Autumn style of Blocks, are now prepared to furnish the public with HATS of all qualities of this universally admired fashion.

On hand and constantly making up—Hats and Caps of a variety of styles which we offer at very low rates. A few Drab Union Summer Hats—low crown and very light—having been left on hand, will now be disposed of at greatly reduced prices. Please call and examine at either of our Stores—East side of Market Square or North side of King Street
Sept. 30,