

We shall be happy to hear from any of our correspondents in reply to the above questions. In the meantime we take occasion to say that it is our mature and decided conviction that all professors of godliness who give countenance to the traffic in, or use of, intoxicating liquors as a common beverage in any of the above modes described, or in any other way, are, by so doing upholding a system of iniquity ruinous in all its relations and tendencies both for this world and for that which is to come, and consequently acting unworthily of the name by which they are called "Shun," saith God, "the very appearance of evil."

ACADIA COLLEGE.—We are informed in a letter from Bro. Wallace that the Anniversary of this Institution is expected to take place on the 21st of June. Who will go to represent New-Brunswick?

BAPTIST STATE CONVENTION OF MAINE.—We are informed by the "Watchman and Advocate" that this Convention will hold its next Session in Eastport on Tuesday, June the 19th.

WESLEYAN CONFERENCE.—We understand that the Conference of our Methodist brethren in the Saint John District, is to open in this City on Thursday next. Several of the ministers have already arrived. We hope the God of all grace will be present with his servants, to give wisdom in their councils, and divine unction to their administrations!

The following letter received by Bro. Scott from a converted Indian is worth noticing:

HANTSFORD, N. S., May 10th, 1855.

Dear Sir,—I am very glad to send you another letter, for I received yours. I read it with a great deal of interest and pleasure. For it was most interesting answer. I was thankful for the instructions therein expressed, according to my desires, and I have studied the texts which were marked, and I took them to Rev. Mr. Demill to explain them for me. I came here about a week since, I live with our brother, Rev. S. T. Rand. But I cannot tell how long I shall stay with him. But I found good company with him. I would not want a better master in this world. He is such an easy and pleasant man and he wishes to bring others into his own faith, the faith all men should be connected with, before they can be saved, this is my opinion however. For I feel better in my heart when I associate with him. But I hope other brother Indians, God will open the eyes to see themselves in darkness and that they may be delivered from superstitions. Bro. Rev. S. T. Rand and I work hard translating the Scriptures into Micmac. I hope I will see the day when they will have it in their own tongue, then they will see how interesting it is to understand the gospel. I try to learn as much as I can while I stay with Rev. T. S. Rand. BENJAMIN CHRISTMAS.

Rev. Benj. Scott.

ACADIA COLLEGE, N. S., May 21, 1855.

Dear Brother.—You will be gratified to learn that the revival is still progressing amongst us. We have had baptisms on every Sabbath since I last wrote you—thus: Sabbath 6th May, Dr. Cramp baptized 5, " 13th May, Rev. J. Chase " 3, " 20th May, Dr. Cramp " 5. This increases the number baptized and added to the Horton Church during the last two months to sixty-two. Many more are anxiously and patiently seeking salvation. The prospects are encouraging. "The harvest truly is plentiful." The field in all directions is whitening. Father Harding, the aged Pastor, is quite infirm, and is not permitted to enjoy the pleasures of public worship. He rejoices, however, to hear of the prosperity of Zion in the place where he has so long and so faithfully proclaimed the Gospel. Yours, &c. I. W.

Brother Asa Coy, in writing from Fredericton, under date of May 28th, says:—

"Last night I attended a prayer meeting in this city, in an upper room—nearly all except myself were young persons—about one-third were young brothers—some twenty or more present in all. I believe nearly every one present prayed, only one sister remained silent. To me it was an interesting time, such a meeting I never attended before. Our young people here and in Woodstock appear to have but little fear of man. In Carleton County the Lord is doing great things amongst the people. Mr. Todd and some others who preach the Gospel are alive to these things. Our young brother Seely is, I suppose, now with you, his labours in Fredericton have been greatly blessed."

Rev. S. N. Bentley, in writing to the Christian Messenger, under date of the 10th May, says:—

"Within the last two months, the Liverpool church has been much encouraged. The labors of brethren Henry Angell, and W. G. Parker, have been greatly blessed. The night was long and dark; the morning came at length. The quiet, all-powerful energy of God the Spirit has rendered the meetings very solemn, and the work as a whole is of a most pleasing character. On the first Sabbath in April I baptized fifteen; who, together with six previously baptized and six received by letter, received the right hand of fellowship and sat down with us at the table of the Lord. Last Sabbath, twelve by baptism and a few by letter, were welcomed in like manner. Brother Parker is again with us for a few days. We are under great obligations to the church at Nictaux, for so kindly relinquishing his services. Brotherly co-operation is delightful. With great blessings, come solemn trusts. May—He who is, "all and in all" still be our helper."

It may be truly said, that Liverpool is a field which the Lord hath blessed. In remembrance of that favored spot, we cannot but exclaim in the language of David in his address to Jehovah:—"Let the people praise thee, O God, let all the people praise thee!"

Rev. W. H. Goucher, Pastor of the Church at Hilton, Yarmouth, in writing to the Messenger of the revival in his Church, says:—"The whole number that I have baptized since the New Year is fifty-nine. The prospect in both the churches of my charge is such as encourages me to expect that more among us will soon become obedient to God in his ordinances. Truly in all this, God has shown us that his ear is not heavy that he cannot hear, nor his arm shortened that he cannot save. I desire to be very humble before God, and thankful to Him for His goodness to me and the people for whose souls I watch."

REVIVAL IN PROVIDENCE.—We learn verbally, says the Christian Secretary, that most of the evangelical churches in Providence, R. I., are enjoying a precious revival of religion at this time. About fifty have been added to the Third Baptist church. The First Baptist church, the High street church and others are also enjoying this "season of refreshing from the presence of the Lord." In one of the Congregational churches, about eighty young persons have recently professed a hope in Christ.

THE CLIFTON PARK CHURCH has enjoyed a precious season of refreshing from the presence of the Lord. On Sabbath the 13th inst., the pastor, Rev. John Reynolds, baptized eighteen. The day was fine, and the whole community gathered by the water-side. More are awaiting the ordinance.

Rev. A. T. Spaulding, of Aiken, Barnwell District, S. C., writes us under date of May 5th, that for the last twelve days God has visited his people in that place with saving mercy, and sixty have been converted to God, and added to the church of which he is pastor.

Baptism in the font in Germain street chapel on Sabbath evening last in the presence of a large and solemn assembly.

General Intelligence.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR!

The following is compiled from the "European Times" of the 12th inst.

JOURNAL OF THE SIEGE.

THE RENEWED BOMBARDMENT.

Fourth Division Camp, April 21.—Our firing has now been reduced till further orders to 30 rounds per gun, and the bombardment is nearly suspended, partly from want of fuses, and partly from considerations of a military character which have weight in the councils of our generals. The French still continue to cannonade with energy, and to push on their saps on the extreme right and left of our position with vigour and considerable success; and it has been satisfactorily ascertained that the Russians have a very insignificant force at Tchougoun, though their position is extremely strong, and is immediately connected with that held by the army on the heights between the Belbec and the Tchernaya. We have still two batteries which have not opened fire. There is no such thing to be talked of as taking the field against the army covering Sebastopol. Any operations against that army must be commenced by forcing a series of batteries, of entrenchments, of fortified camps placed on the ridges of ravines or elevated mounds, and in mountain passes. The town itself is as open to us externally as ever it was any time after the 17th of October, but inside the lines of rubbish and ruins created by our guns, amid high houses and in spacious though tortuous streets, the Russians have erected earthworks pierced for guns, which are, no doubt, ready to be put in position at a moment's notice. As to the question of assault, it puzzles better strategists than most of our officers profess to be to say whether it would be advisable or not. Some say we could "go in" tomorrow if the order was given; others that it would be madness, and that, though we might get in, we could not be able to hold our ground, owing to the fire of the ships and of the northern forts. Certain it is that the men would prefer the storm to one night's work in the trenches. In addition to the addition to the advance made by the French, we have pushed forward a sap in face of our right attack, and our parallel is now connected with that of the French, and we have also formed the rifle pit we took into a portion of our advanced work, and have connected it with the parallel.

Tuesday.—The fire in the town last night as supposed to have been caused by the ships' broadsides of shells. The French did their best to keep it alive by constant discharges of shell from their Picket house battery. The firing was very heavy, almost as vigorous, indeed, as that on the second evening of the bombardment, when twenty-three shells were counted twinkling up among the stars as they swept down from the French batteries upon the Russian works. Last night a working party threw up about fifty yards of trench, with good cover in advance of all our works. Captain King, R. E., and six or eight men were wounded by the enemy, and two men were killed. The French have made still greater progress, for, notwithstanding all the efforts of the enemy, they established themselves in the crater formed by the explosion of their mines the other night, and are now in possession of a locus standi within ten yards of the inner trench of the Flagstaff Fort. They accomplished that object with the loss of several men. The Russians exploded a mine which ran close to the gallery of a French mine, but the result is not known.

Wednesday.—Our fire is very much diminished to-day. The Russian fire is also slackened just in proportion as they find our guns do not play upon them. The French batteries have also relaxed a little in their energies. Even were there no considerations connected with the state of the siege and of our supplies of ammunition involved in the diminution of the weight of our bombardment and cannonade, it must be remembered that, unless with constant reliefs, four hour spells at working heavy guns in the heat, dust, and blood of the trenches will wear out the strongest man.

Thursday.—A reconnoitre was made by a strong division of Turkish troops under the command of his Excellency Omar Pacha, assisted by French and English cavalry and artillery, this morning. The particulars of the affair will learn from another hand, but, as there was an English force present, it

may be allowed to give my own version of what took place under my eyes. His Excellency the Pacha, who was attended by his staff, by Behrem Pacha, (Colonel Cannon), and several Turkish officers of rank, had the control of the force. The Turks marched in dense columns, bristling with steel, and the sun-light flashing on the polished barrels of their firelocks and on their bayonets, relieved the sombre hue of the mass, for their dark blue uniforms, but little relieved by facings or gay shoulder straps and cuffs, look quite black when the men are together. The Chasseurs d'Afrique, clad in light powder blue jackets, with white cartridge belts, and in bright red pantaloons, mounted on white Arabs, caught the eye like a bed of flowers scattered over the plain. Nor did the rich verdure, indeed, require any such borrowed beauty, for the soil produces an abundance of wild flowering shrubs and beautiful plants. Dahlias, anemones, sweet-briar, whitethorn, wild parsley, mint, thyme, sage, asparagus, and a hundred other different systems of the vegetable kingdom spring up all over the plain, and as the Turkish infantry moved along, their feet crushed the sweet flowers, and the air was filled with delicate odours, which overcame the sweltering atmosphere around the columns. Rectangular patches of long rank, rich grass, waving high above the more natural green meadow, marked the mounds where the slain of the 25th of October are reposing for ever, and the snoring horse refuses to eat the unwholesome shoots. As the force moved on, evidences of that fatal and glorious day became thick and painful. The skeleton of an English dragoon, said to be one of the Royals, lay still extended on the plain, with tattered bits of red cloth hanging to the bones of his arms. All the buttons had been cut off the jacket. The man must have fallen early in the day, when the heavy cavalry were close up to Canrobert's hill and came under the fire of the Russian artillery. There was also a Russian skeleton close at hand in ghastly companionship. The small bullet-skull, round as a cannon-ball, had been picked bare all save the scalp, which was still covered with gray and locks. Further on, amid fragments of shells and round shot, the body of another Russian seemed starting out of the grave, which scarcely covered his lower extremities. The half-decayed skeletons of artillery and cavalry horses covered with rotting trappings, harness, and saddles, lay as they fell in the agonies of death, or had crumbled away into debris of bone and skin, and leather straps, cloth and buckles. From the numerous graves, the uncovered bones of the tenants had started up through the soil, as if to appeal against the haste with which they had been buried. With the clash of drums and the shrill strains of the fife, with the clamping of bits and the ringing of steel, man and horse swept over the remnants of their fellows in all the pride of life.

Friday.—Last night a very gallant and brilliant little feat of arms, attended, I regret to say, by severe loss, was performed by the 77th Regiment in front of our right attack. In front of the Redan, opposite our right attack, the Russians established some capacious pits, from which they annoyed us considerably, particularly from the two nearest to us on the left hand side. Our advanced battery would have been greatly harassed by this fire if it had not been opened, and it was resolved to take the two pits, to hold that which was found most tenable, and to destroy the other. That service was effected last night. About eight o'clock the party of the 77th, under Lieut. Colonel Egerton, supported by a wing of the 33d, under Lieut. Col. Mundy, moved down the traverse towards the rifle pits. The night was dark and windy, but the Russian sentries perceived the approach of our men, and a brisk fire was at once opened on them by the enemy, to which the troops scarcely replied; for, firing a terrible volley, they rushed upon the enemy with the bayonet, and after a short but desperate struggle, drove them out of the two pits and up the slope behind them. Our men remained in possession of the larger of the pits, under the trying circumstances I have mentioned, without any decided attempt being made to turn them out. The general of the day of the right attack telegraphed to head quarters that our troops had gained the pits, and he received directions in reply, from Major-General Jones, to keep them at all hazards. At two o'clock in the morning a strong column of Russians, certainly double the strength of our men, advanced against the pits, and the combat was renewed. The English troops fought with "the immovable solidity" for which, in the opinion of our allies, they are so celebrated. The enemy charged them with the bayonet, but they were met by conrage more cool and arms more nervous than their own, and by the bayonet they were thrust back again and again, and at its point they were driven up to their batteries once more. It was while setting an example of conspicuous bravery to his men that Colonel Egerton fell bravely wounded.

Saturday, 10 a. m.—The advanced rifle pit was taken this morning, by the English troops in the right attack, after a feeble resistance from the Russian infantry; but we were exposed to loss from the fire of the guns in the Redan and the 41st Regiment had fifteen men killed and wounded in the fire which the Russians opened upon us yesterday evening. The pit was levelled, filled in with earth, and the men then retired. Our batteries are silent, but the sailors are all in readiness to open fire at a moment's notice; and the artillerymen have the mortars in admirable order, and are prepared to bombard at any time.

THE RECIPROcity TREATY.—It must not be forgotten by shippers to the United States, that all importations by sea from these Provinces, claiming to be exempted from duty under the Treaty, must be accompanied by a consular certificate of origin; and if such certificate is not produced at the time of entry in the United States, the importer will be required to give a bond for its production within ninety days, or else pay foreign duty.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT of the United States has decided, that the word "ashes" in the Treaty, includes both "pot" and "pearl" ashes, and all other ashes of similar character, which will be admitted duty free. It has also been decided, that sawed laths, sawed shingles, sawed railway ties, as also a description of lumber imported from Canada called "shorts," are to be admitted free of duty.—New-Brun.

VISIT OF THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR AND LADY.—His Excellency, with his Lady, Mrs. Manners Sutton and suite is expected to arrive from Fredericton to-day, to spend a few days in this city.

FAST DAY.—His Excellency has issued a proclamation, appointing Thursday the 14th of June, a day of Humiliation and Prayer, to be observed throughout the Province, for imploring Almighty God to grant success to the British arms, and restore to our nation the blessings of peace.

NOVA SCOTIA.

GENERAL ELECTION IN NOVA SCOTIA.—The elections for members of Assembly in the various Counties and Townships where there were opposing candidates, were held on Tuesday the 22d.

For the county of Halifax, Messrs. Esson and Annand, the former members, have been elected; for the township, Messrs. John Tobin and Weir, the former taking the place of L. O. C. Doyle, Esq., who retired.—All liberals. Mr. Wilkins, Provincial Secretary, has been re-elected for Windsor. Mr. Henry, Solicitor General, and Mr. McKinnon, for the county of Sydney, and Mr. Killam for the county of Yarmouth, and Mr. McLearn for the township of Liverpool, and Mr. Locke for Shelburne, have all been returned without opposition.

Dr. Tupper and Mr. Macfarlane have been returned for the County of Cumberland, in the room of Messrs. Howe and Fulton.—Mr. Hyde has defeated the Financial Secretary, Mr. Creelman, for Colchester. Messrs. Johnston, Thorne and Whitman have been re-elected for the county and township of Annapolis, and Mr. Wade for Digby Township. Mr. Churchill has been returned for Falmouth. For Queen's County, Mr. E. B. Davidson has been elected; Ling's county, C. R. Bill, Esq., and Dr. Wm. Webster; Township of Horton, Dr. Brown; Township Cornwallis, Samuel Chipman, Esq.

Some of our cotemporaries have not been a little surprised, that the Hon. Mr. Howe should have lost his election. If we are correctly informed he lost it as a reward for his three hours speech last Session against the PROHIBITORY LIQUOR LAW.

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Baptist Education Society, towards the Debt. In hand, £9 10 0 Gondola Point, by Elder D. Crandal, 1 0 0 £10 10 0 Fredericton, May 26, 1855.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father on the 29th inst., by the Rev. I. E. Bill, Mr. George F. Robinson, of the Parish of Lancaster, to Miss Amelia Maria, daughter of Mr. Charles Dimock, of the Parish of Portland.

At Pennfield, March 17th, Justus Justason, aged 78 years, was born of Swedish parents in the State of New Jersey, and came to this Province in 1788, as a Loyalist, and in 1801 was married to Susan Chaffey, of Indian Island. Mr. Justason was of a most agreeable manner, was the happy possessor of a sweetness of temper far beyond what is the portion allotted to mankind in general; he lived a moral life, and was much respected by all who had the privilege of being acquainted with him. He died in view of future bliss through the blood and righteousness of the Lord Jesus Christ.

Also, his wife Susan Justason, who only survived him seven weeks and two days. She died May the 7th, in the 30th year of her age. She was converted to God and enabled to believe in Christ under the exercises of brother Samuel Robinson while he laboured in that part of this Province; she was baptized by him on a professed of her faith—was received into the church there, lived a consistent member of the same to her last hour, when she fell asleep in Jesus. Communicated by ELDER HORNIS.

simple and refined, and the results are so gratifying, that it cannot fail to become in New Brunswick, as it already is in France and England, the most fashionable drawing-room accomplishment of the day. It is a useful as well as an amusing occupation, furnishing a means of making ELEGANT PRESENTS, which may be preserved both as tokens of friendship and as proofs of the taste and talent of the giver.

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A Quarterly Meeting is to commence with the Baptist Church on the 2d Saturday in June, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Ministers and brethren generally are respectfully invited to attend. May 27, 1855. SAMUEL BANCROFT, PASTOR.

NOTICE. The New Baptist Chapel recently erected in Monmouth, Dorchester will be opened for Divine Service on Lord's day, the 24th June next, when ministers brethren and other friends are respectfully invited to attend. Signed in behalf of the Church.—N. M. STEVENS.

A Bazaar. Will be held, (D. V.) at Newcastle, Miramichi, to raise funds for the purpose of finishing the Baptist chapel, as early in next July as arrangements can be carried into effect. Those who are disposed to favour the above object will aid in the Mission cause by forwarding their donations in suitable articles, to the following receivers:

- Mrs. C. C. SCOTT, Miss WHERRELL, Mrs. BELL, Mrs. PETTINGILL, Mrs. FELLOWS, Mrs. G. ROBERTS, Mrs. G. DUNHAM, Mrs. SPURDEN, Miss WILBUR, Mrs. PERINSON, Miss E. MACGOWAN, NEWCASTLE BAPTIST CHAPEL.

The collectors who were appointed in the several localities to collect the subscriptions for the above chapel, will confer a favour upon the Mission by forwarding the money to the subscriber, at Newcastle, Miramichi, as soon as possible, as demands against the building are immediately to be met. April 13, 1855. B. SCOTT.

SEMINARY Of the Baptist Education Society, Fredericton. Rev. CHARLES SPURDEN, Principal. Mr. A. H. MUNRO, Assistant Teacher.

The year is divided into four Terms, of eleven weeks each, which will commence as follows: First Term, 1st January, 1855. Second, 26th March. Third, 23rd July. Fourth, 8th October.

Under 10 years of age, 10s. Between 10 and 14, 15s. Over 14 years of age, 20s. Drawing by Mr. Munro, 6s. a term. Board by Mr. J. Gunter, 8s. 6d. a week.—Washing Extra. Fuel 2s. 6d. each Spring, Winter, and Autumn, January 3rd, 1855. C. SPURDEN, Principal.

HYGEANA.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY has recently been made by Dr. Curtis, of this city, in the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, and all the diseases of the lungs. We refer to "Curtis' Hygeana, or Inhalant Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup." With this new method Dr. C. has restored many afflicted ones to perfect health; as an evidence of which, he has innumerable certificates. Speaking of the treatment, a physician remarks:—"It is evident that inhaling of sweetly breathing air, agreeable, healing vapor, the medicinal properties must come in direct contact with the whole of the aerial cavities of the lungs, and thus escape the many and varied changes produced upon them when introduced into the stomach and subjected to the process of digestion. The Hygeana is for sale at the Druggists' throughout the country.—(New York Journal Jan. 14. See advertisement of Medical Institution in another column of this issue.)" Sold by FELLOWS & Co., St. John, and by all Druggists throughout the Province.

VERY IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

Dr. JOHNS, one of the most celebrated physicians in New York, writes as follows: "Dr. CURTIS—Dear Sir—Having witnessed the excellent effects of your Hygeana, or Inhalant Hygean Vapor, and Cherry Syrup, in a case of chronic Bronchitis, and being much desirous to test its efficacy, I am convinced that it is a most excellent medicine, both the Syrup and the inhalant application to the chest. Therefore cheerfully recommend your Medicated Apparatus as being the most convenient and effectual mode of applying any thing of the kind I have ever seen. No doubt, thousands of persons may be relieved, and many cured, by using your remedies. You are at liberty to use this in any way you may think proper. Respectfully yours, &c. W. M. D. No. 603 Houston St., New York. Prof. S. CENTER writes as follows: "Gentlemen—I have recently had occasion to test your Cherry Syrup and Hygean Vapor in a case of chronic sore throat, that had refused to yield to other modes of treatment, and the result has satisfied me, that whatever may be the composition of your preparation, it is no imposition, but an excellent remedy. I wish for the sake of the afflicted, that it might be brought into the market, and that it might be sold at a low price. Rev. Dr. Cheever writes:— New York, Nov. 15, 1854. Dear Sir—I think highly of Dr. Curtis' Hygeana, as a remedy to diseases of the throat and lungs. Having had some opportunity to test its efficacy, I am convinced that it is a most excellent medicine, both the Syrup and the inhalant application to the chest. The Hygeana is for sale at St. John by FELLOWS & Co., who also retail. See Advertisement in another column.

ST. JOHN MARKETS.

Wednesday, May 9th 1855. BUTTER, in firkins, per lb. 1s. 4d. to 1s. 6d. Roll, per lb. 1s. 4d. to 1s. 6d. HAY, per ton, 9s to 10s. MEAL, Buckwheat, per cwt 22s. 6d. to 23s. 9d. " " " " " " 18s. 3d. to 18s. 6d. " " " " " " 21s. 3d. to 22s. 6d. MEATS, Beef, per lb., quarter, 6s. to 6d. " " " " " " 4d. to 6d. " " " " " " 4d. to 6d. " " " " " " 4d. to 6d. " " " " " " 4d. to 6d. OATS, per bushel, " " " " " " 5s. 6d. to 6s. POTATOES, per bushel, " " " " " " 5s. 6d. to 6s. FLOUR AND GROCERIES. FLOUR, best Canada, " " " " " " 6s. to 6s. 6d. RYE, per bushel, " " " " " " 41s. 3d. to 42. 6d. INDIAN MEAL, kiln dried, " " " " " " 1s. 1d. to 1s. 2d. MOLASSES, clayed, per gal by hhd 1s. 1d. to 1s. 2d. " Muscovado, " 1s. 4d. to 1s. 6d.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—All persons having any demands against the Estate of the late Isaac WARDEN is hereby notified to present the same within three months, or any person or persons being indebted to the Heirs of the aforesaid Isaac Warden, deceased, are notified to pay the same to the Administrators in three months, otherwise they will be dealt with according to law, dated this 25th day of May, 1855. ISAAC WARDEN, THOMAS WARDEN.

EXTRA IMPORTATIONS! MORRISON & Co., Old Retail Store, No. 3, Prince Wm. Street. Having an usual importation (expressly for our old Retail Store), a beautiful assortment of NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, we are anxious that all our customers should derive an equal benefit from this (our last) importations to this Establishment.

We have marked all our Silks, Shawls, Mantles, Mullins, Barges, Cashmeres, Alma Pliffs, Delaines, Printed Cambrics, Cottons, Parasols, Bonnets, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. &c. at importers prices. We also beg most respectfully to return our sincere thanks to our numerous customers, for the very liberal patronage we have received since our commencement at this Establishment. MORRISON & Co., (Old Retail Store.) N. B.—Remainder of last Summer and Fall Goods will be sold at an awful sacrifice. May 25.

ALL NEW GOODS!—NEW GOODS.—SAMUEL BROWN respectfully informs the public that he has opened a Stock of New Goods, in Pine's Brick Building, South side of King Street, consisting of Silks, Shawls, Ribbons, Mantles, Hosiery and Gloves, Prints, Fancy Dress Goods of all kinds, which will be disposed of cheap for Cash. May 23.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they having lately imported a superior Machine for Carding Wool, are now prepared to execute business to order.—Price of Carding Two-pence—Carding and Oiling, Three-pence. Agents.—Mr. John Smith, St. John, Messrs: Stodden and Belding, Hampton Ferry. Woollet at either of those places will be attended to with prompt attention. W. C. SNOW & Co. Hampton, May 28, 1855.

RECEIVED.—Per brig "Bloomer," from New York, at the North American Clothing Store, Sears,