

stood at £86,339,300 stg., and to meet this the Revenue is estimated at £63,339,000. It is thought that much party discord will arise from the manner of securing the necessary loan, as it involves a great principle of finance.

One Week Later from Europe.

St. John, May 7, 1855.
(By Telegraph to the News Room.)
Asia from Liverpool, Saturday 28th April, arrived at Halifax on Monday May 7th, at 9.40 P. M. Atlantic sailed 23rd; Herman 25th. Union arrived at Southampton on the 25th.

Latest.—Nothing from the Crimea later than the 19th. British and Russians 22d. French expedition postponed, they say until 10th or 15th.

VIENNA CONFERENCE.—Herman took out news of total failure of Vienna Conference. Since then there has been a supplementary meeting on the "four points" without result. The plenipotentiaries assembled on Monday the 23d and signed protocol of the 12th or last conference. The meeting, it was agreed, should not be considered as a thirteenth conference. A meeting of plenipotentiaries of the four powers was held on Thursday the 26th at the request of Prince Gortschakoff, when some further inadmissible propositions were made by the Russian plenipotentiaries, and rejected on the part of France, England, and Turkey. Lord John Russell had left; previous to leaving Vienna he had a private interview of two hours with Count Buelow. Broun de L'Nuy's departure is postponed for a few days to discuss matters with Austrian Government. One report says that he had left for Sebastopol. Bombardment continued. The general tone of opinion in England is that the war must continue for a lengthened period. The policy of the Czar Alexander is spoken of by the London Times "as a new and more audacious policy," and is so regarded throughout Europe. It is difficult to form an estimate of the recent progress of the siege. Comparison of various accounts produce impressions that the fire of the allies are superior to the city, but the city returns the fire steadily. The Independence of Brussels has received from Vienna alleged despatch from the Crimea that the allies have suspended the bombardment, not stated on what day the fire ceased, but the Independence believes that the date of despatch is posterior to that of last official intelligence, viz: to April 22d, detail says, "Morning, 14th—Bombardment and cannonade had continued day and night since day break of the 9th, each of 500 guns firing 120 rounds daily. Evening—Fire not much reduced, although Mamelon is silenced, and some of the Round Tower guns dismounted, yet Redan and Garden batteries still keep up a heavy fire—no sign of immediate assault. During night of 14th French destroyed Russian Rifle ambuscade in front of Malakoff Tower. A terrible battle between Russian sortie and French ranged during the night perhaps the most sanguinary since Inkermann.—April 14th, despatch to French Government says, fire of French batteries maintains its superiority. French have taken the Russian ambuscades in front of the Malakoff Tower and have added them to the French lines have crowned a ravine which runs along the fortifications of the city, where Russians formerly kept their reserves, have also sprung a mine before the Flagstaff battery at a distance of 50 metres, thereby opening a new parallel which has been successfully joined to the others. From 12th to 14th the French loss was only 300. Situation of affairs was considered satisfactory by the French. April 19th.—French minister of war learns that besiegers were still advancing and were consolidating their position. On the night of the 18th Russians made a strong sortie but were promptly repulsed. Prince Gortschakoff's account of same date says, the besiegers fire on 16th, 17th and 18th was less violent—our batteries replied successfully. On the night of 18th one of our batteries made a sortie to destroy enemies' most advanced works, our object was fully attained. Moreover the loss of the garrison the past few days has been less. Latest is also from Gortschakoff, up to 22nd, and states that after 12 days bombardment the allies fire had become weak and caused little damage. Telegraph is now complete from London to Crimea except five miles between Bucharra and Kerschuk but British government keep exclusive use of it. Dukes Michael and Nicholas have again set out for Crimea. Menschikoff is not dead.—Petersburg Journal publishes imperial rescript expressing Emperor's satisfaction, hoping Menschikoff's health will soon be restored, and bestowing on him and his descendants a palace at St. Petersburg.

Mahomet Ali, Sultan's brother-in-law was arrested and sent to Sinope on a charge of being troublesome.

BALTIC.—The blockade of Liban is announced from 17th, and of all ports to the entrance of Riga from 19th April.

BRITAIN.—In Parliament much energetic questioning of ministers had taken place on various subjects respecting the war. The scope of all the questions being to hasten action. Sir Geo. Gray stated that authority was given to Governors of American provinces to enlist men for regular army, not for foreign legion inasmuch as all colonists were British subjects.

ROBUCK'S COMMITTEE continued. Duke of Newcastle had been examined, evidence tended to exculpate himself. Notices are given of motion for Decree of Nullity and to invite a Congress to establish a uniform decimal system throughout the world. Some notice is excited by report that American squadron is to make demonstration against Cuba. It is admitted that war between United States and Spain would much complicate present European politics.

FRANCE.—It is reported, but doubtful, that Napoleon will command allied armies, it is announced officially that his departure is postponed for short time. Late minister Bugeo has been buried at expense of the State.—Gen. Forbes is appointed Commandant Oram, Algiers.

CLIPPER Great Republic is taken by French government for troops.

BELGIUM.—New Ministry has declared intention to adhere to principles of Free Trade. Marshal Santa Cruz Folvian—Envoy has taken leave of king.

SPAIN.—Some advantages are granted to foreign import trade, and Consular forms are simplified.

ITALY.—Difficulty has arisen between Sardinia and Naples respecting a suite at law.

stigmatic of Napoleon. Consulate of Genoa is withdrawn. Sardinian ministry has resigned, cause not known. Gen. Duraudo undertakes forming a new government. Cressus from Genoa for Crimea with Sardinian troops was burned—passengers saved.

RUSSIA & AUSTRIA.—Berlin correspondence says it hardly admits of doubt that an approximation of views has recently taken place between the Russian and Austrian Governments which bodes no good to the cause of the western powers. Baron Hess with whole staff would go to Galacia, 2d May, but probably only to review army, he is reported to have stated Austrian army under no circumstances could be ready to take the field before August.

INDIA AND CHINA.—Overland mail telegraphed. Shanghai war, 9th. Bombay, April 3d, Persia openly avows adhesion to Russia, trade in India dull, money scarce. Chinese insurgents have evacuated Shanghai and Canton. Russian frigate Diana lost near Japan. Living age wrecked on the Brahmas. Ratification of American treaty with Japan concluded at Simoda.

MARKETS.

Feb. 21.—LIVERPOOL COTTON.—Brown, Shipley & Co., and other circulars, report extensive business during the whole week, particularly during the last two days—prices 16th to 8th dearer than last week.

LIVERPOOL BREAD STUFFS.—Market excited particularly for Indian Corn, which had advanced 3s, and quoted, white 45s 6d to 46s, mixed 46s 6d, yellow 46s 6d to 47s.—buyers resisted further advance and market closed firm. Flour 1s 6d to 2s, dearer, with healthy business. American in small compass and held. Western canal, new, 38s to 30s, old, 41s to 42s 6d, Baltimore and Philadelphia, 42s to 44s. Ohio, 43s to 45s. Wheat in active demand, rose 6d to 8d, white wheat 11s 9d to 12s 4d, red 10s 6d to 11s 6d, closing steady.

Consols closed 88½ to 88½.

Freights from Liverpool to United States without change.

AUSTRALIA.

INTENSE HEAT IN AUSTRALIA.—Messrs. Joseph Stilling & Co., of Adelaide, South Australia, in their circular for the overland mail, say—"During the last seven days the continuance of hot weather has been unparalleled since the establishment of this colony; in this period the thermometer has constantly ranged night and day, in the shade, from 80 to 120 degrees, according to situation; and from 130 to 150 degrees in the sun. Many cases of sunstroke have occurred in the neighborhood, death being the result in some instances. Apples are also being exhibited as having been roasted on the trees from the fierce rays of the sun as perfectly as though they had been in a furnace."

UNITED STATES.

DESTRUCTIVE CONFLAGRATION IN BOSTON!—Our city was visited on Friday afternoon by one of the most destructive fires that has occurred for a long time. The scene was Battery and Lincoln's wharves, and the destruction of property immense, being estimated at half a million of dollars. The alarm of fire was given at about 2½ o'clock, and on repairing to the spot, the firemen found the flames spreading with great rapidity, the wind at the time blowing hard from the northwest.

The fire broke out in the storehouse occupied by Nathan Matthews, filled with cotton and other merchandise. The flames extended to an unoccupied block of buildings on the People's Ferry avenue; thence to the People's Ferry depot; thence to a pile of saltpetre which lay at the foot of Lincoln's wharf, and they were finally stayed at the north side of Union wharf, at about 6 o'clock. The buildings consumed on Battery wharf were as follows: 12 storehouses on the lower end, and about 13 at the upper end. These storehouses were occupied by Nathan Matthews, Homer & Co., Wm. Dwight, Goddard & Pickard, Pierce & Bacon, Far & Farwells, Clark & Baker, and various other parties.—The stores were filled with cotton, pork, hams, beef, &c. The ship Pharsalia, partly loaded with cotton and tobacco, was burned to the water's edge. The schooner Oregon, of Saco, loaded with cotton, was also destroyed.

The People's Ferry depot, together with the row of fine new buildings on the avenue, and a large quantity of merchandise on the ground, were destroyed.

On Lincoln's wharf, the junk shop of Alex. McKenna, with its contents, was consumed. The office of the wharfinger, Mr. Nichols, and a storehouse were destroyed. Noah Lincoln's wood and coal yard, containing over a hundred cords of wood and a large quantity of coal, was destroyed, as was also a building filled with bark. Cleveland & Nason's blacksmith shop a total loss. Noah Lincoln's stable a total loss. Chase, tin plate worker, building and stock total loss. Delano, shipwright and caulker, building and stock total loss. The paint shop of Messrs. Edward A. Vose & Co., and the office of the harbor police were on fire several times, but they were only slightly damaged.

Vessels at Lincoln's wharf—sch. Robert Stone, of Nova Scotia, loaded with merchandise, badly damaged; sch. Moses Eddy, of Wisconsin, do.; ship Diana, of Boston, do., and cargo of cotton spined; ship Boston, damaged slightly, and hauled into the stream; the ship Gen. Berry took fire, cut away foremast and bowsprit, and escaped after some loss; schooner Thomas M. Mayhew, of New York, mainmast burned and otherwise damaged; and other vessels suffered more or less damage.

Several boats, including those of the Harbor Police, were burned.

We are sorry to record the loss of engines Washington No. 2, of Chelsea, Melville, No. 6, and Relief No. 7, of this city, all of which were destroyed by the fire, in spite of the exertions of the firemen. There were but few persons injured, although many narrowly escaped.—Watchman and Reflector.

CALIFORNIA.—The steamer George Law, which arrived at New York on Tuesday, last week, brings California dates to the 21st of March. She had 372 passengers and nearly eight hundred thousand dollars on freight, besides what was in the hands of passengers.—Business was very dull, money very scarce, and the market glutted with eastern goods.

From Australia, by the same arrival, accounts are even more discouraging. The

merchants were failing in great numbers.—The miners were comparatively quiet, but were far from reconciled to government movements.

A tremendous gale swept over the southern portion of Michigan on Tuesday, of last week. Its like has not been known in twenty-four years, involving a destruction of property around and near Adrian of over \$50,000.

The largest clock, it is said, that ever was constructed, has recently been finished by Mr. Dent for the new House of the English Parliament. The dials are 22 feet in diameter; the point of the minute hand will therefore move nearly 14 inches every minute.—The pendulum is 15 feet long.

SLAVE-CATCHER REWARDED.—Asa O. Butman of Boston, so prominent in catching Anthony Burns, and who was afterwards driven out of Worcester, and still later dismissed from an appointment to serve for a single day as policeman at the Governor's inauguration, has been appointed by the president, an inspector in the Boston custom house; salary \$1095 a year.—Lowell Courier.

Neal Dow, in his opening address to the City Council of Portland, says that he shall not again be a candidate for Mayor—that he will employ all the power the law puts into his hands for the suppressing of liquor selling, and if he succeeds in his wishes it will be the happiest day of his life to leave the city free from so great an evil.

A murder was committed under the madness of jealousy, at Cambridge, Ind., recently. A Mr. Steer had been paying his addresses to a young "grass widow," and it was rumored that they were to be married. The husband living in the neighborhood, hearing of the affair, enlisted the services of a friend and they attacked Steer, beat in his skull with an ax, and to conceal the deed, cut the body in pieces and packed it in a barrel.

THE CHICAGO MEETINGS.—Fare Reduced.—The fare to the Chicago Meetings is reduced to two-thirds the regular passenger fare. The Committee appointed by the American Bible Union are happy to announce this gratifying intelligence; and we doubt not many will now attend the Anniversaries, who would otherwise have been prevented.

The regular fare from New York to Chicago and back, by the N. Y. and Erie Railroad, is \$44. The reduced fare to those attending the Anniversaries will be \$29.34cts; thus saving to each Delegate nearly Fifteen Dollars. A proportionate reduction will be made also from the following places, viz:—Great Bend, Binghamton, Owego, Elmira, Corning and Hornellsville.

ORDER OF THE MEETINGS.

American Bible Union, May 9, 10, and probably 12.

Am. Soc. Publication Society—11. Sermon, Hope Mission Convention—14. Board of Missionary Union—15, 16. Am. Soc. Miss. Union—17, 18.

The young ladies of the Illinois Institute at Wheaton, DuPage county recently passed the following resolution, unanimously:

Resolved, That we young ladies of the Illinois Institute, pledge ourselves not to keep company with, or join in the sacred bonds of matrimony, with any young gentleman, who is not in favor of the Maine Liquor Law, or some other prohibitory law.

NOVA SCOTIA.

THE RAILWAY.—We were informed by the Hon. Joseph Howe, as he passed through the city last week on his return from the United States, that the Railway in Nova Scotia is progressing most satisfactorily; that there is no lack of talent, men or funds to prosecute their plans. He says the cost of the road as far as completed will not exceed \$6,500 per mile, and a new contract has recently been effected for a sum not far exceeding \$5,000 per mile. Mr. Howe's impression is that so soon as they reach the alluvial soil the cost will be diminished to \$4,000 a mile, and for that sum the road could be built through the valley of Hants, Kings, and Annapolis, and a fortune be made by the transaction. As far as they have gone they have not been under the necessity of going out of the Province for money. If the independent farmers along the valley as far as Annapolis would take hold heartily of the matter we believe they could put the road through the entire valley without foreign aid. Such a movement would add immensely to the value of their property, and then they would have the satisfaction of owning the road when completed.

The Legislature of Nova Scotia having been dissolved, the politicians are busy canvassing the Country. It is said that Messrs. Eames, Wier, Doyle, and Annapolis are to be nominated on the liberal ticket for the City and County of Halifax; Messrs. Howe and Fulford for the County of Cumberland; and Mr. McLellan for Amherst.

The nomination in every Township and County of the Province is fixed for Tuesday the 15th inst., and the polling will take place on the 22d.

A friend from Annapolis has just informed us that political excitement is running pretty high in the County just now. The candidates in the field are as follows: Members of the late House, viz., Hon. J. W. Johnston for the County, Mr. Thorne for Granville, and Mr. Whitman for Annapolis. These gentlemen are opposed by S. B. Chipman, Esq., of Lawrencetown; W. H. Troop, Esq., of Bridgetown; and Mr. Thomas Banks, Esq., of Nictaux.—An active canvass is going forward, and as a matter of course strong hopes are entertained by all concerned. This is the fourth time that Mr. Chipman has opposed Mr. Johnston.

The Quarterly Prayer Meeting of the MacMae Mission, was held last Wednesday evening at Poplar Grove Church, Rev. Dr. Twining occupied the Chair, and Rev. Dr. Richey was the principal speaker for the evening. A letter of very peculiar interest, from the Mission, Mr. Rand, was read on the occasion.—Presbyterian Witness.

DOMESTIC.

We understand that the Hon. F. P. Robinson has resigned the office of Auditor General, and that the situation has been offered in the most flattering manner to John R. Partelow, Esq., who has consented to accept it. This appointment, we feel assured, will give very general satisfaction throughout the Province, as, in addition to Mr. Partelow's peculiar fitness for the duties of the office, from his unquestioned ability and intimate acquaintance with the details of the business of the Province, his many friends desire to see him provided for in the decline of life, —a consummation which the office now conferred upon him, by being non-political, will certainly effect. In his removal from the Assembly, as one of our Representatives, the people of this City and County will lose a powerful and successful advocate of their interests in the Legislature, and on that account regret will be felt at our being deprived of his able services. We trust some leading men among the constituency will set about the work of securing the return of a suitable successor to Mr. Partelow in the Assembly, and not allow his seat to be filled by an unqualified and unworthy occupant.—Courier.

THE COMMON COUNCIL met on Saturday. There was very little business transacted. The New Mayor was sworn in before his Honour the Recorder. Speeches were made by His Worship the Mayor, ex-Mayor, and Messrs. Foster and Woodward. The two last gentlemen became somewhat warm in discussion, in the midst of which a motion for adjournment was submitted by Ald. Keams, and there being a tie his Worship gave the casting vote in the affirmative, and the Council accordingly adjourned.—Morning News.

A man named Quinn, who drove a light baggage wagon, was killed on Wednesday last, by a barrel of ashes that fell from his cart and struck him.—Freeman.

We learn from the Westmorland Times that a requisition has been presented to Joseph Salter, Esq., requesting him to become a candidate for the office of Mayor of Moncton.

OPENING OF THE RIVER, AND ARRIVAL OF STEAMERS.—Woodstock was favored by the arrival of the steamers Richmond on Monday and the Bonnie Doon on Tuesday last. They returned to Fredericton on the days following their arrival, and have made alternate trips during the week. The Reindeer arrived last evening.—Carleton Sentinel.

Letters and Monies Received.

R. E. Steves, Esq., April 3d, rem. 2nd. Mr. John Ford, 3d, rem. 1st. J. Crandall, Esq., May 1st, rem. James Brewster, Esq., 28th. Rev. H. Eagles, Mr. H. S. Fillmore, 7 sub. Rev. D. Crandall, 7th, rem.

A Bazaar.

Will be held, (D. V.) at Newcastle, Miramichi, to raise funds for the purpose of finishing the Baptist chapel, as early in next July as arrangements can be carried into effect. Those who are disposed to favour the above object will aid in the Mission cause by forwarding their donations in suitable articles, to the following receivers:

Mrs. C. C. Scott, Newcastle.
Miss SARGENT, do.
Miss WINTERBURN, do.
Mrs. BELL, do.
Mrs. PETTINGILL, do.
Mrs. FELLOWS, do.
Mrs. GEO. ROBERTS, do.
Mrs. GEO. DUNHAM, do.
Mrs. SPURDEN, do.
Miss WILBUR, do.
Mrs. PERINOT, do.
Miss E. MACGOWAN, do.

NEWCASTLE BAPTIST CHAPEL.

The collectors who were appointed in the several localities to collect the subscriptions for the above chapel, will confer a favour upon the Mission by forwarding the money to the subscribers, at Newcastle, Miramichi, as soon as possible, and demands against the building are immediately to be met.

April 13, 1855. B. Scott.

SEMINARY.

OF the Baptist Education Society, Fredericton.

REV. CHARLES SPURDEN, Principal.
MR. A. H. MUNRO, Assistant Teacher.
The year is divided into four Terms, of eleven weeks each, which will commence as follows:

First Term, 8th January, 1855.
Second, 26th March.
Third, 23rd July.
Fourth, 8th October.

Under 10 years of age, 10s.
Between 10 and 14, 15s.
Over 14 years of age, 20s.
See adv. by Mr. Munro, 6s. a term.
Board by Mr. J. Gunter, 6s. 6d. a week.—Washing Extra.
Fuel 2s. 6d., each Spring, Winter, and Autumn.
C. SPURDEN, Principal.
January 3rd, 1855.

HYGEANA.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY has recently been made by Dr. Curtis, of this city, in the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, and all the diseases of the lungs. We refer to "Dr. Curtis' Hygeana, or Inhalant Hygeana," a new and powerful remedy, which Dr. Curtis has restored many afflicted ones to perfect health; as an evidence of which, he has innumerable certificates of curing the most chronic Bronchitis, Asthma, and all the diseases of the lungs, and has cured many who had been pronounced incurable by the most celebrated physicians.

It is evident that inhaling, the medicinal properties must come in direct contact with the whole of the aerial cavities of the lungs, and thus escape the many and varied changes produced upon them when introduced into the stomach and subjected to the process of digestion. The Hygeana is for sale at the Druggists throughout the country.—(New York Journal Jan. 14. See advertisement of Medical Inhalant in another column of this paper.)

It is sold by FELLOWS & CO., St. John, and by all Druggists throughout the Province.

VERY IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

Dr. JONES, one of the most celebrated physicians in New York, writes as follows:—
Dr. Curtis—Dear Sir—Having witnessed the excellent effects of your Hygeana, or Inhalant Hygeana, in curing chronic Bronchitis, Asthma, and all the diseases of the lungs, and being much in favor of counter irritation in affections of the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, I can therefore cheerfully recommend your Medicinal Preparation as being the most convenient and effectual mode of applying any thing of the kind I have ever seen. No doubt thousands of persons may be benefited, and many cured, by using your remedies.

You are at liberty to use this in any way you may think proper. Respectfully, yours, &c.
C. JONES, M. D. No. 609 Houston St., New York.
Gentlemen—I have recently had occasion to test your Cherry Syrup and Hygeana Vapor in a case of chronic sore throat, that had refused to yield to other forms of treatment, and the result has satisfied me, that whatever may be the composition of your preparation, it is no imposture, but an excellent remedy. I wish for the sake of the afflicted, that it might be brought to the notice of the public.
Rev. Dr. Cheever writes:—
New York, Nov. 15, 1854.
Dear Sir—I think highly of Dr. Curtis' Hygeana, as a remedy to diseases of the throat and lungs. Having had some opportunity to test its efficacy, I am convinced that it is a most excellent medicine, both the Syrup and the inhalant application to the chest. The Hygeana is for sale at St. John by FELLOWS & CO., Wholesale and Retail. See Advertisement in another column. an. 6—1yr

NOTICE.

Quarterly Meeting at Oak Bay, to commence on the 2nd Friday in May, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Ministers and brethren generally are affectionately invited to attend.
G. F. MILES.

MARRIED.

At Hampton, on the 3d inst., by Rev. D. Crandall, Mr. John McCready, to Miss Augusta C. Bull, both of the Parish of Hamp on.

DIED.

At Jemseg, near Grand Lake, Q. C., on Monday, 23d April, Mrs. Mary Ferris, aged 93 years, leaving 13 children, 115 grand children, and 180 great grand children, in all 368 descendants.

At Queensbury, April 18th, Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Cliff, aged 14 years, this young sister was baptized and united to the MacKenzie Church last September, by the writer, her short pilgrimage was remarkably consistent for one so young; her hope firm to the end.

Died at the Township of Southwold, County of Elgin, on the 17th of April, the 89th year of his age, Nathaniel Vail, Esq., late of New Brunswick, youngest son of Nathaniel Vail, in his life time of four Sovereigns of New Jersey, and youngest brother of the late Sarah Burwell, mother of the late Colonel M. Burwell, of Port Talbot, Lewis Burwell, Esq., of Brantford, and Lieutenant Col. John Burwell, Esq., of Brantford. His remains were committed to the ground in the Church yard, at St. Thomas, by the side of his Sister, from whom the Rebellion in America had separated him 73 years ago. He had lived under four Sovereigns of England, a loyal subject, and a faithful hum in their graves until the morning of the Resurrection, Shall rise in glory renovated, From suffering set for ever free, And be from earth to Heaven translated.
Weekly Spectator, Hamilton, C. W.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN—ARRIVED.

Tuesday—Sch. Isabella, (67) Turnbull, P. E. Island J. G. G. Layton, potatoes, oatmeal, &c. Charlotte, (45) LeBlanc, P. E. Island, do. Wednesday—Steamer Eastern City, Field, Boston L. H. Waterhouse, passengers, &c. Thursday—Brigt. Traid, Wooster, New York 7 L. H. Waterhouse, flour, meal, &c. Friday—Steamer Adelaide, Winchester, Boston L. H. Waterhouse, passengers and merchandise.

CLEARED.

May 1st—Barque Acadian, Powers, Queens-town—John Robertson; Independent Mellon, Dundee—S. Wiggins & Son. 2d—Ship Sunderland, Curry Liverpool. deals—Crane & Co. 3d—Barque Larne; Robertson, Leith—R. Rankin & Co. 4th—Barque Thalia, Boddie, Kingston, (Ire) W. & G. Garvill—Brigt. Atna, Kay, New York—G. Bent.

May 5th—Barque Woodbine, McAllister, Limerick, timber and deals; Cathcart, Stafford, Greenock, deals.

Cid at Boston, 25th ult, bark Palladin, this port. At Savannah, 5th inst, ship Joseph Tarratt, Gray, from Alexandria.

ST. JOHN MARKETS.

Wednesday, May 9th 1855.

BUTTER, in firkins, per lb. 1s. 4d. to 1s. 6d. HAY, per ton, 10s. 6d. to 11s. 6d. MEAL, Buckwheat, grey per cwt. 22s. 6d. to 23s. 6d. " " yellow, " 16s. 3d. to 18s. 6d. " " Oat, " 21s. 3d. to 22s. 6d. MEATS, Beef, per lb., quarter, none. " Mutton " " 4s. 6d. to 6d. " Pork " " none. " Hams and Shoulders, " 6s. 4d. to 7d. OATS, per bushel, " none. POTATOES, per bushel, " 5s. 6d. to 6s. FLOUR AND GROCERIES.

FLOUR, best Canada, " 60s. to 61s. 3d. RYE, per bushel, " 41s. 3d. to 42. 6d. INDIAN MEAL, kiln dried, " 39s. MOLASSES, clayed, per gal by hhd. 1s. 1d. to 1s. 2d. " Muscovado, " 1s. 4d. to 1s. 5d.

REMOVED.—Day's Printing Office has been removed to the Corner of Market and Germain Streets, opposite to J. Leavitt's Grocery Store, where all orders will be punctually attended to.
May 9. GEORGE W. DAY.

REMOVED.—The Subscribers have removed from the corner of King and Charlotte Streets, to a store lately occupied by Mr. C. McCart, and five doors South of the Country Market.

ALL PATENT MEDICINES constantly on hand. At the Board of Health to remove Night Soil from the City of St. John and Parish of Portland, between the hours of 8, P. M., and 5, A. M.

Persons requiring the services of the above, will be pleased to apply to the Office of the Board, where a scale of charges can be seen.

Office of the Board of Health, St. John, May 8, 1855. Lin

NOTICE.

Sealed Tenders will be received at Zebulon S. Davis's Store, for the erection of a Baptist Meeting House in Springfield, head of Belleisle, on or before the first day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

TAXES FOR 1855.—The Assessors of Rates and Taxes for the City of Saint John, hereby give notice, that the Assessments for the present Year are now being made up. By the Law regulating the assessment of Rates and Taxes, any person liable to be assessed, may within Thirty Days after publication of this notice, furnish the Assessors with a statement on oath, in writing, of his Real Estate in the City, and of his Personal Estate, and of his Income, specifying therein the value of the Real Estate, and the amount of his Personal Estate and Income—and such person shall be rated accordingly.

The Assessors request that all persons having transferred sold or disposed of, or purchased Real Estate in the City, will give early information thereof, in order that the said respective Properties may be correctly entered on the Assessment Lists.

"For the purposes of Assessment every person carrying on business in the Parish, shall be deemed an inhabitant thereof." (Sec. 19, c. 53, Revised Statutes)

JOHN SEAR, EDWARD KAYE, FRANCIS JORDAN, ASSESSORS Rates and Taxes for City St. John, May 4, 1855.

PATENT MEDICINES.—KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY, Marang Liniment; Houdan's German Bitters; Townsend's Sarsaparilla; Kidder's Horse Liniment; Oxygenated Bitters; together with a general assortment of all the popular Patens Medicines of the day—Just received and for sale by

THOMAS M. REED, No. 1, North Wharf.

BARLOW'S CORNER.—Spring and Summer Goods.—WHITTEKIR & STRONACH will be prepared by first Spring arrivals to furnish their customers and the public with all the new styles and designs, in

Superfine Black and Fancy Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Tweeds, and a variety of new style of Coatings, imported expressly for their custom trade. Also—A splendid assortment of Vestings, from which they will make Garments, to measure, in the best and latest styles, and at very low prices.

To Wholesale Buyers they are confident they can offer inducements not to be found elsewhere, both in variety, style, and cheapness of Goods, comprising an immense Stock of

Coats—In Cloth, Doeskin, Tweed, Russell Cord, Alpaca, and a variety of Summer Materials. Pants—In Black and Fancy Designs, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Satinets, and Summer Cloths of all descriptions.

Vests—In every style and variety of Goods, from 12s. 6d. per doz. upward.

A large stock of Good quality's Patent of other makes of Rubber Clothing, at manufacturer's prices. FURNISHING GOODS—White and Fancy Shirts; Lamb's Wool and Merino Vests and Drawers; Shirts and Drawers, generally, they offer a larger Stock, better variety and style of Clothing than ever heretofore, and having taken advantage of the low price of labor during the winter, they can and will sell at such prices as will defy competition.

April 18.

F. W. CLEAR'S Marble Works Establishment—Union street—2nd House East of the Golden Ball, St. John, N. B.